

Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery

Sugang Xu¹, Subhadeep Sahoo², Noboru Yoshikane³, Sifat Ferdousi², Masaki Shiraiwa¹, Yusuke Hirota¹,
Takehiro Tsuritani³, Massimo Tornatore⁴, Yoshinari Awaji¹, and Biswanath Mukherjee^{2, 5}

¹NICT, Japan, ²UC Davis, USA, ³KDDI Research, Japan,
⁴Politecnico di Milano, Italy, ⁵IBRI, China

UCDAVIS

KDDI
KDDI Research

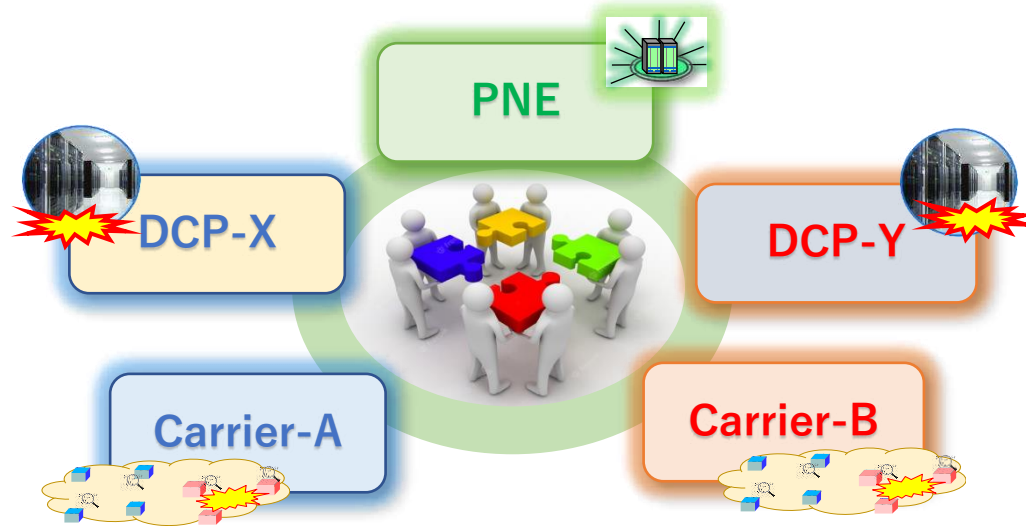


POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863



- Background and motivations
 - In a Network-Cloud ecosystem (ecosystem) achieving resilience requires **cooperation**.

Multi-entity ecosystem



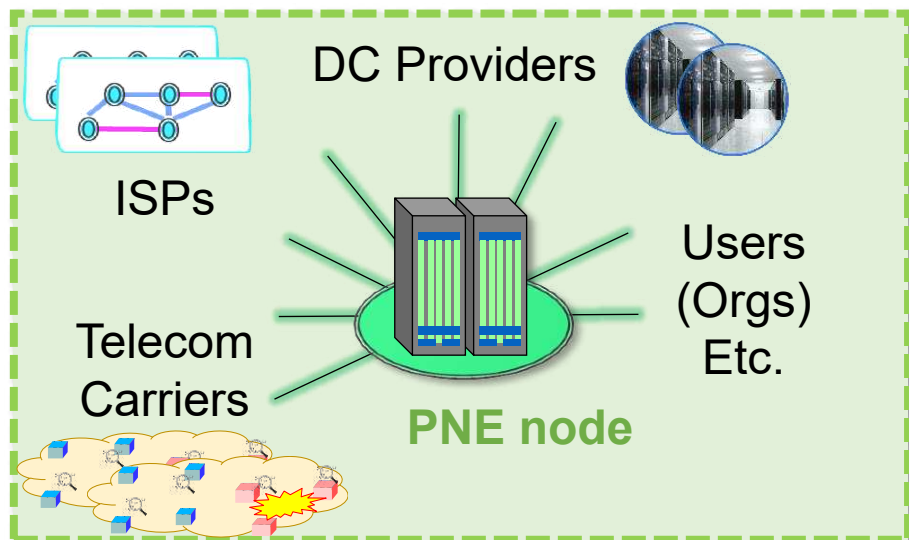
Multi-entity: network-cloud ecosystem is owned by different entities, e.g., Telecom **Carriers** and **Data Center Providers (DCPs)**

A new entity: *Provider neutral exchange (PNE)*, a third-party entity facilitating multi-entity cooperation in ecosystem.

- **Modeling** study of **multi-entity cooperation** for **network-cloud recovery**
- **Platform** study of **multi-entity cooperation** for **network-cloud recovery**
- **Summary**

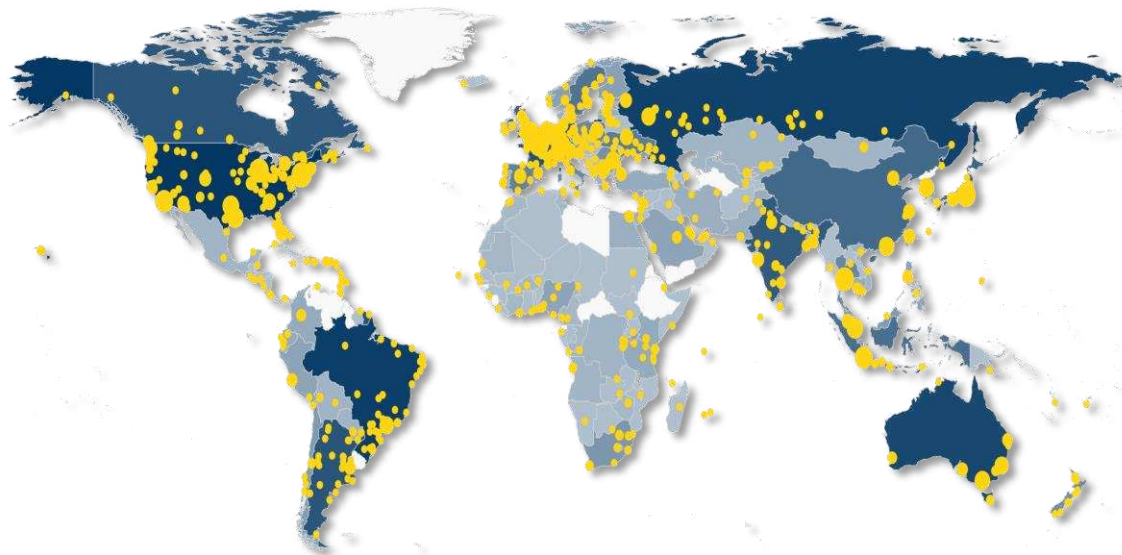
Introduction of Provider Neutral Exchange (PNE)

Provider neutral exchange (PNE)



PNE can be a consortium of distributed co-location centers or Internet exchange points.

Candidate for PNE (e.g., IXPs)



Internet exchange points (IXPs) around the world^{[1]-[3]}

[1] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Internet_exchange_points

[2] <https://www.pch.net/ixp/dir>

[3] <https://www.internetexchangemap.com/#/>

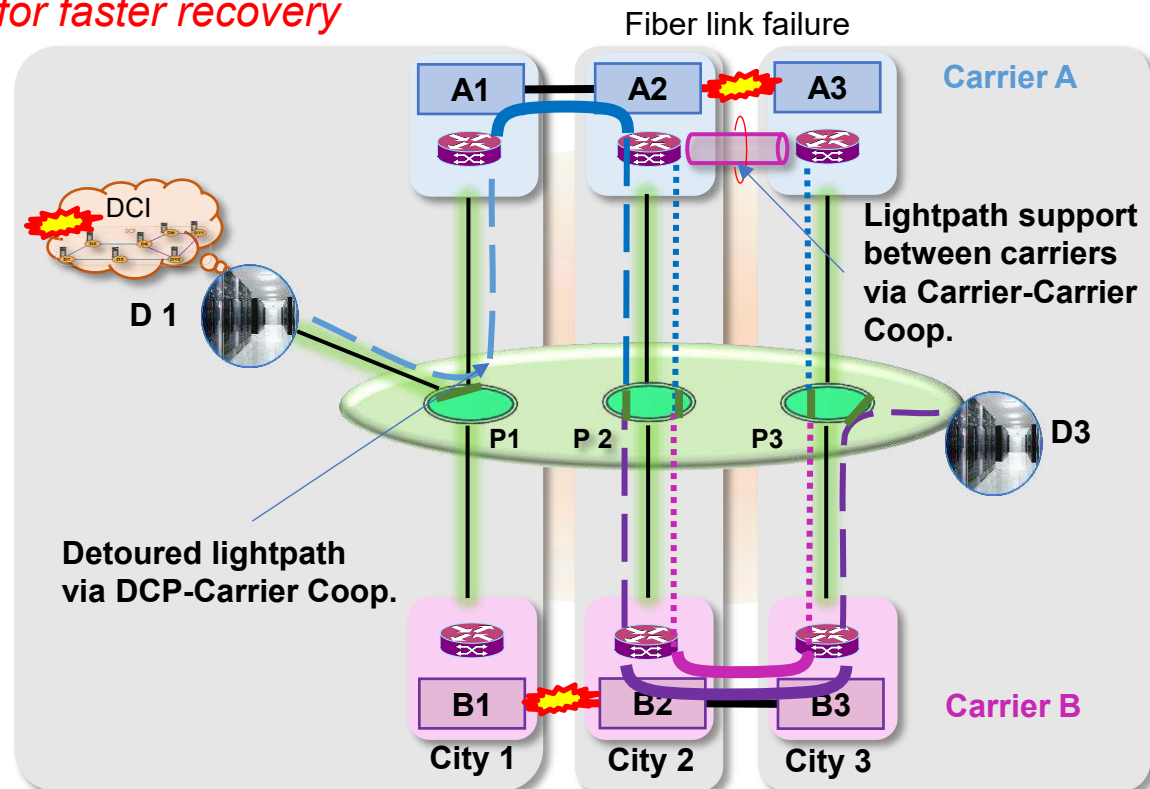
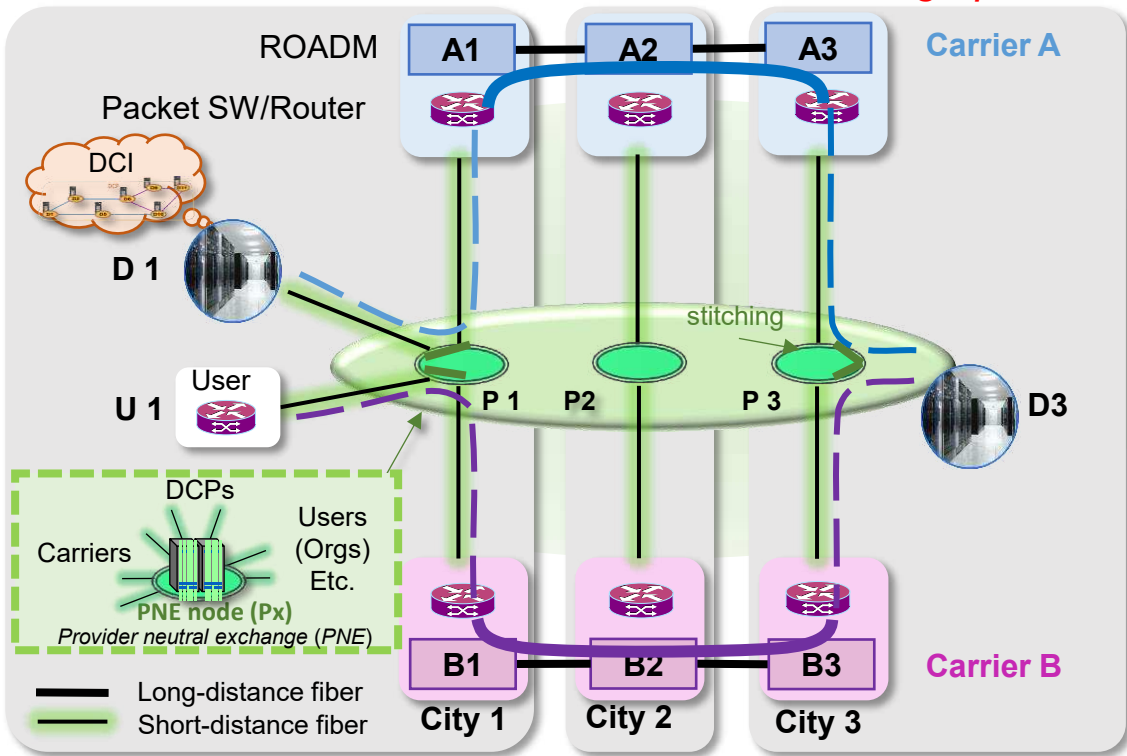
- Traffic exchange points in the network-cloud ecosystem
 - Interconnecting telecom carriers, ISPs, DC providers and users
- Candidates for PNE
 - IXP, colocation center, even DC provider and Telecom carrier

Target Use Cases: Cooperative Resource Allocation in Ecosystem

Business-as-usual Service:
DCI lightpath/Slice service

Failure/Disaster:
Enhanced resilience of ecosystems

We can employ the same DCI lightpath/slice service for faster recovery



Questions:

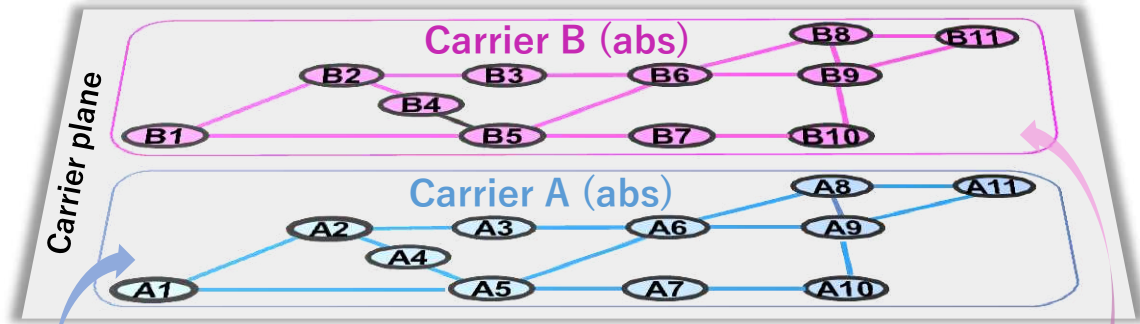
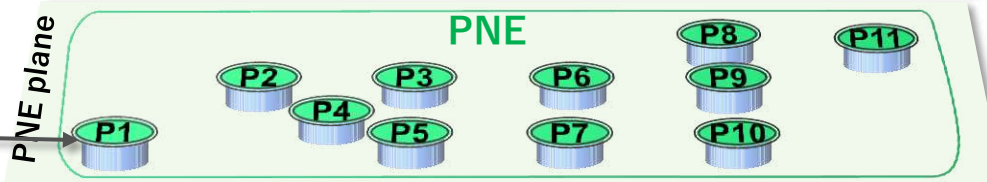
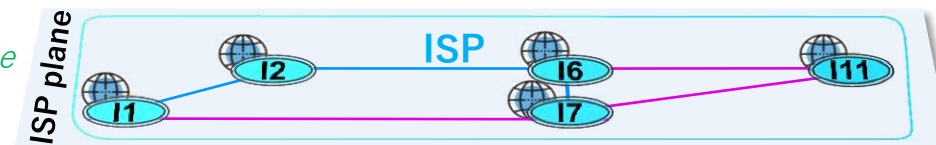
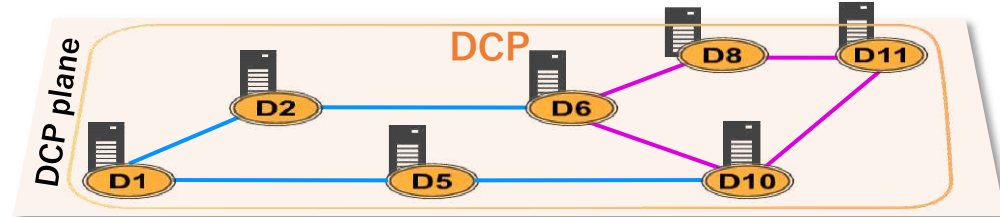
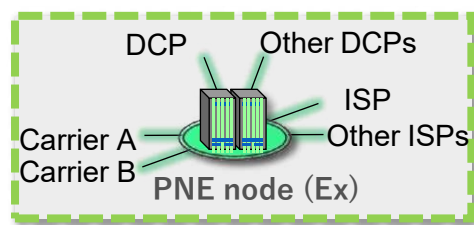
- How to facilitate cooperative resource allocation **without violating confidentiality?**

Modeling Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery

Modeling Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery

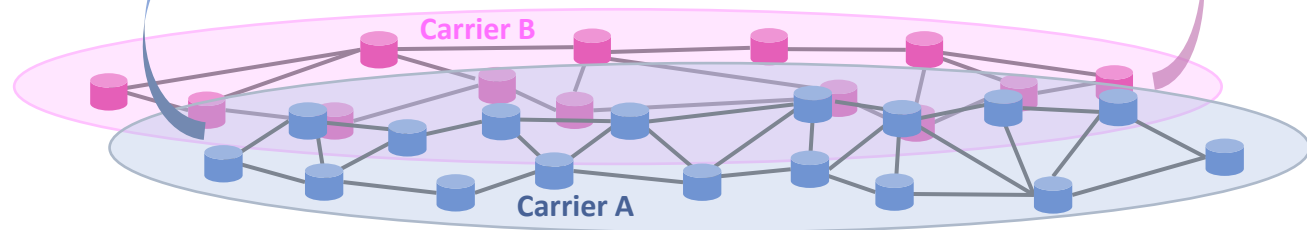
— Connection supported by Carrier A
 — Connection supported by Carrier B

Nodes Ax, Bx, Ix, Dx are connected through Px via short-distance links within close proximity



Abstracted information with limited visibility

Confidential information



Overlapped physical network infrastructures of the carriers

DCP-Carrier-ISP Coop

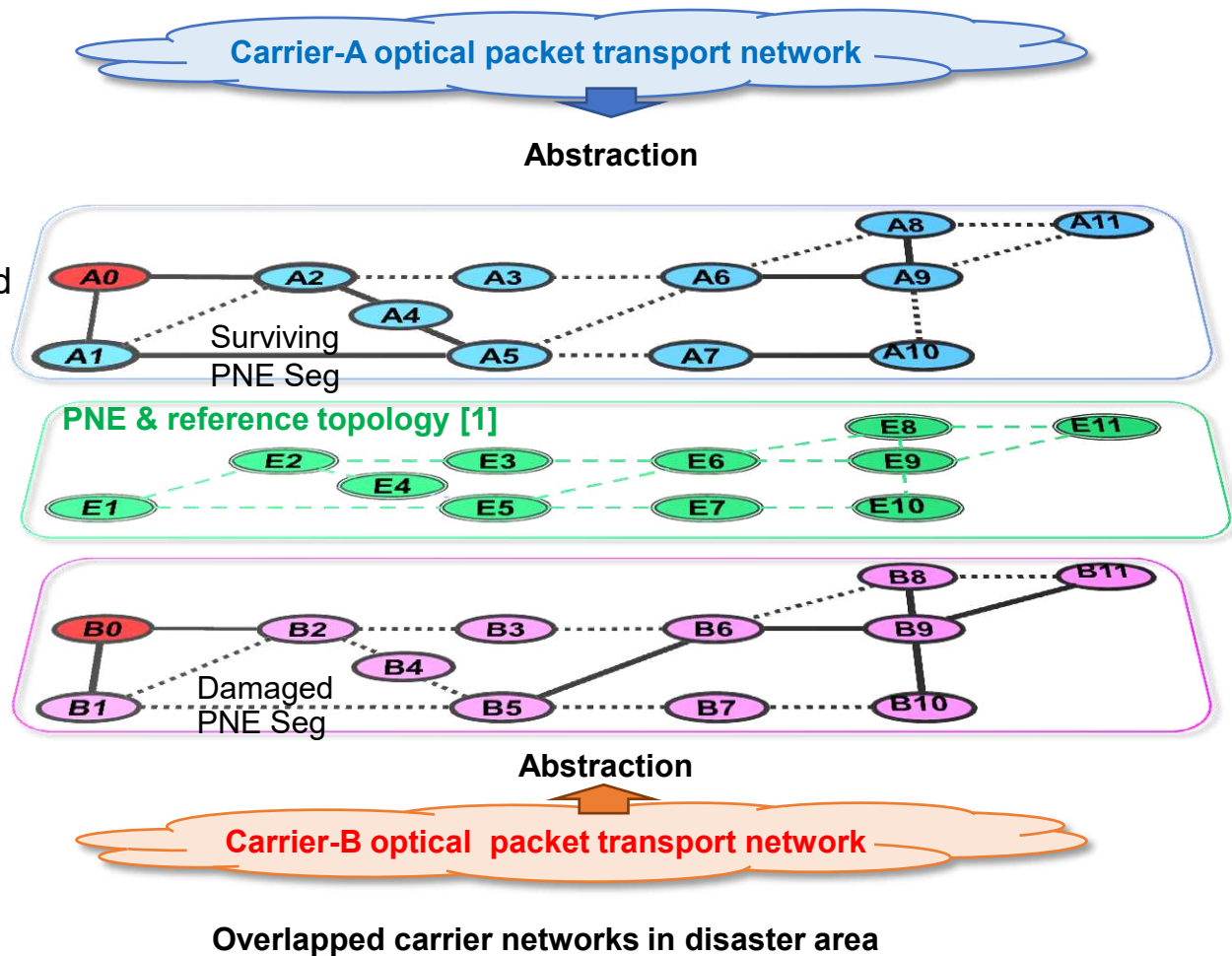
DCP-Carrier Coop

Carrier-Carrier Coop

Evaluations in Disaster Recovery Scenarios

- **Topology:**
 - **Carrier networks**
 - For simplicity, both carrier networks are identical and abstracted to PNE with 11 nodes and 15 links (a subset of Japan photonic network model (JPNM) [1])
- **Damage scenario:**
 - **Damages in carrier networks**
 - *Heavy damage:* 5 survived links in Carriers A and B
 - *Light Damage:* 10 survived links in Carriers A and B
 - *Mixed damage:* 5 survived links in Carrier A and 10 links in Carrier B
 - **Recovery cost level of damaged fibre links**
 - *Low cost level:* [1, 4] units
 - *Medium cost level:* [1, 7] units
 - *High cost level:* [1, 10] units
 - **Strong correlated damage in carrier networks**
 - Carriers' co-located fibre links have a high probability, 0.8, to be failed simultaneously
- **Traffic demands:**
 - *Requests:* Avg. 12 highest priority IP-over-WDM connections
 - *Bandwidth:* Avg. 130 Gbps per connection Req
- **Etc.**
 - **Lightpath capacity** 100 Gbps
 - **Pseudo price of a carrier's lightpath support**
 - 2 units per survived link
 - Extra 50 units dummy price per damaged link in PNE topology

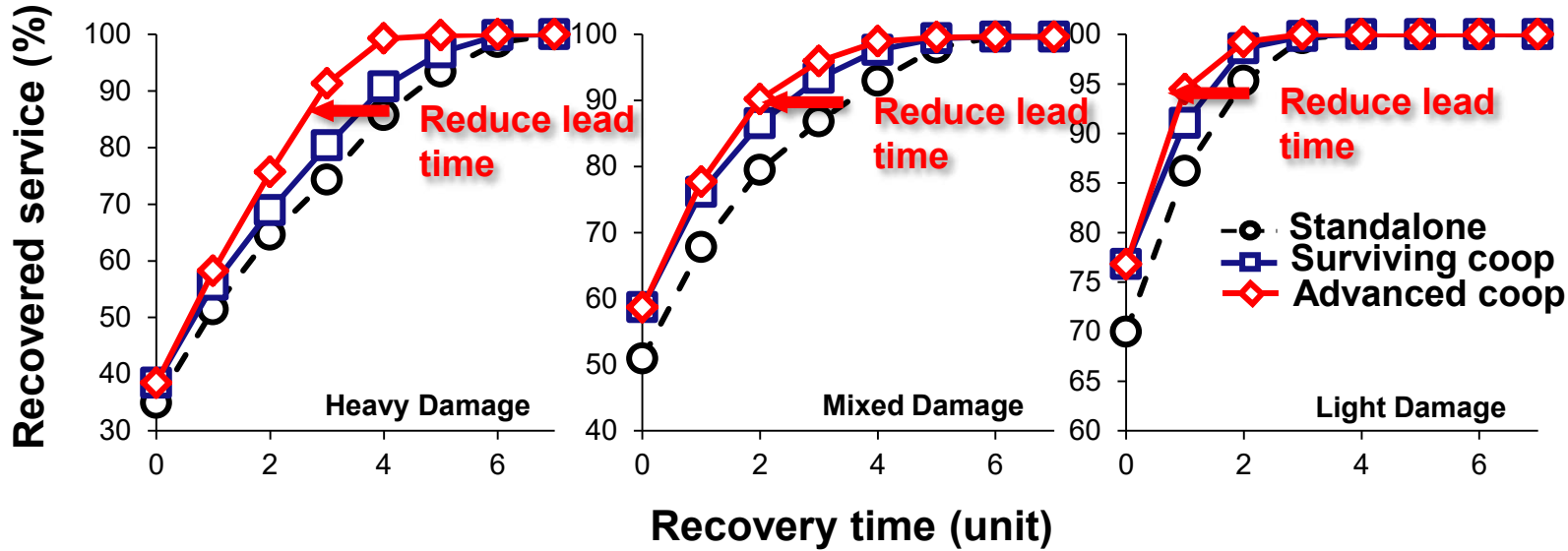
To observe the potential benefits of carrier cooperation
Service restoration time and Carrier recovery cost



[1] T. Sakano et al., IEICE Tech. Rpt. PN2013-01, 2013.

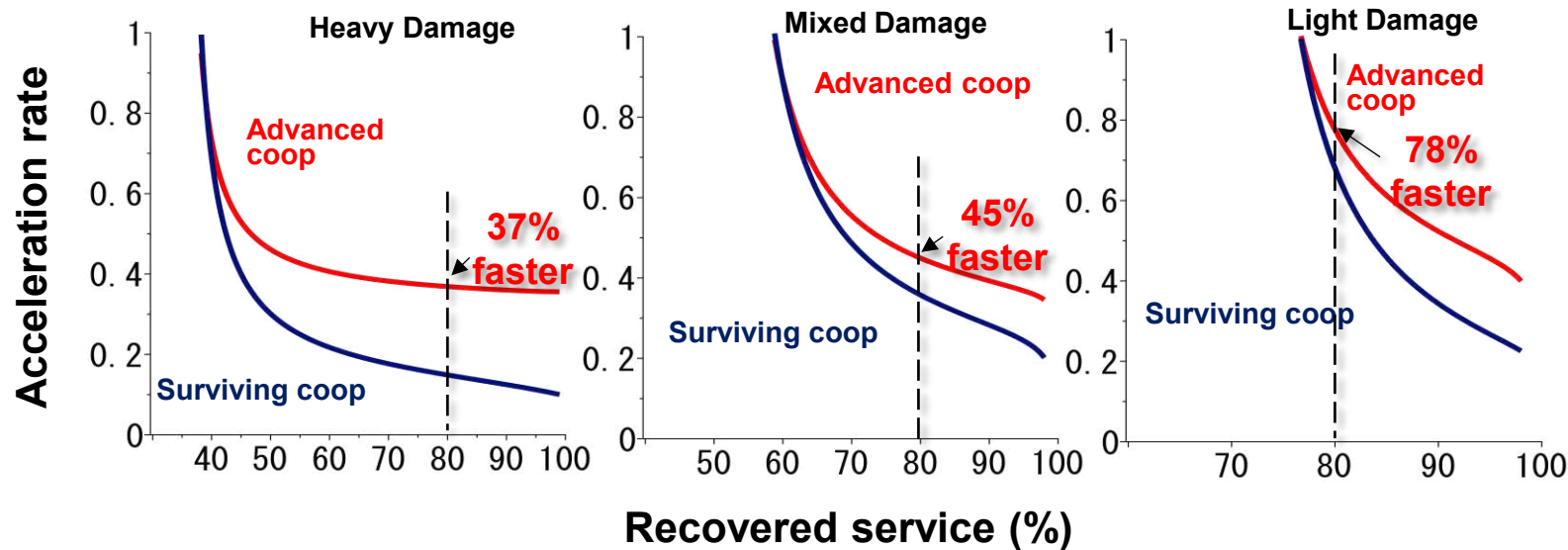
Case Study 1: Carrier-Carrier Cooperative Recovery

Lead Time Reduction



Original data
(lead time reduction)

Examples @ Recovery Cost Level: [1, 10]
 Similar results with recovery cost levels: [1, 4], [1, 7]



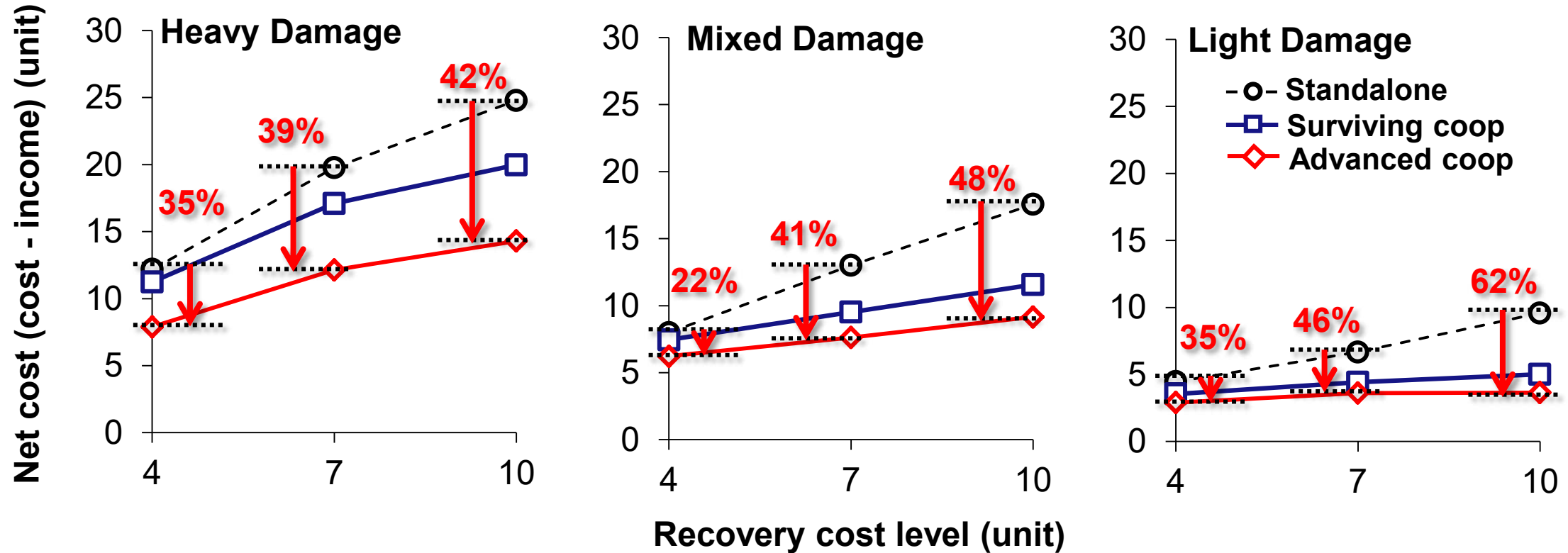
Trends observation
(lead time reduction)

$$\text{Acceleration rate} = \frac{\text{Time in standalone recovery} - \text{Time in cooperative recovery}}{\text{Time in standalone recovery}}$$

S. Xu, et al, ONDM2023 (Best Paper Award)
 S. Xu, et al, JOCN, May 2024.

Case Study 1: Carrier- Carrier Cooperative Recovery

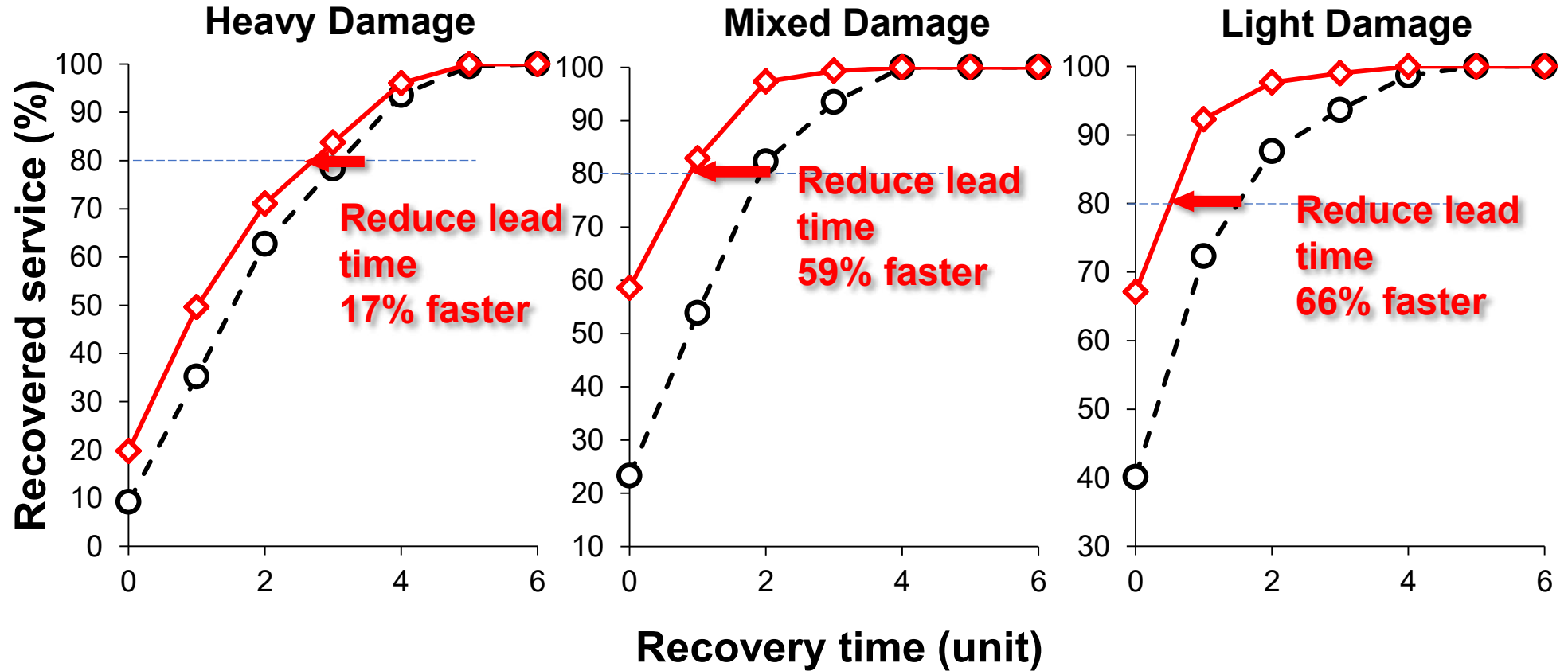
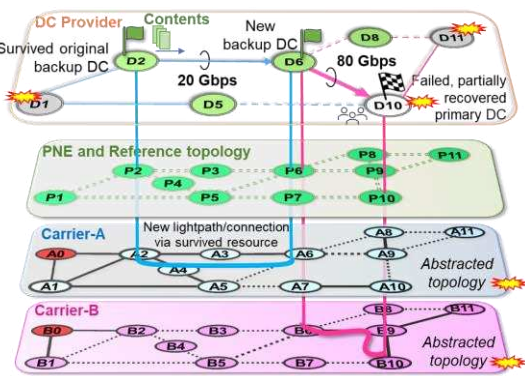
Cost Reduction



For each carrier, **Net cost** = \sum (Recovery cost + Payment for buying *lightpath supports*)
– \sum (Income of offering *lightpath supports*)

Case Study 2: DC provider - Carrier Cooperative Recovery

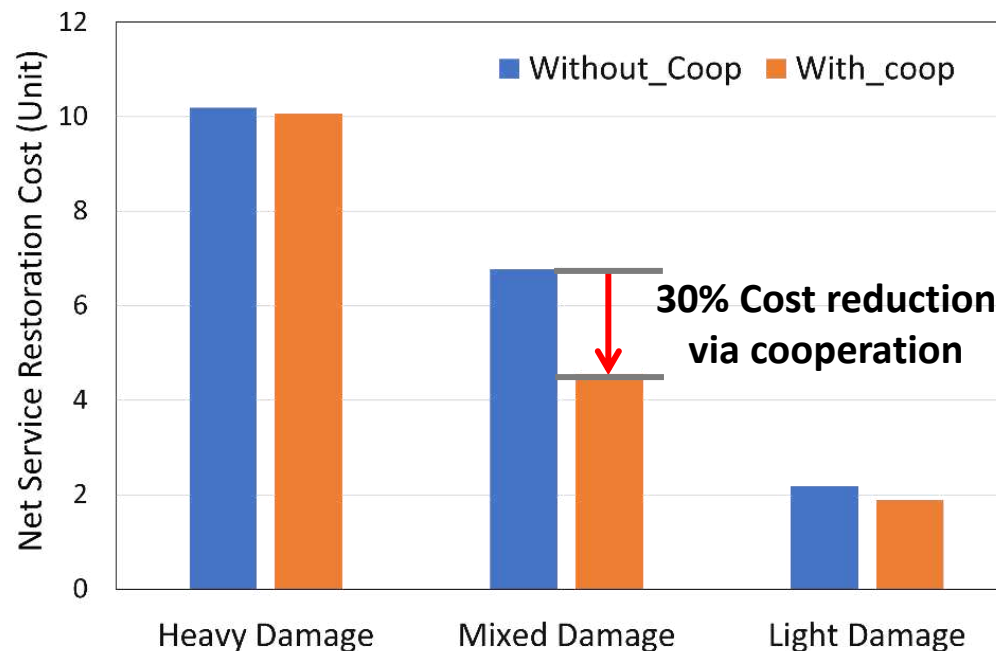
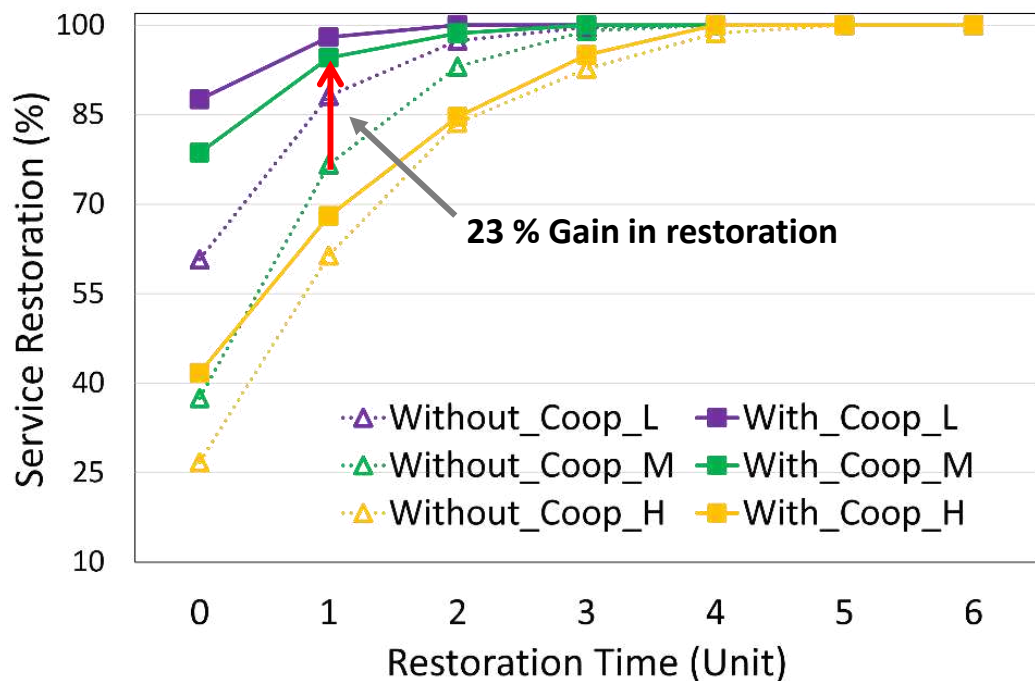
Lead Time Reduction in Cloud Service Restoration



◆ DCP-Carrier coop
-○- Standalone

Case Study 2: DC provider - Carrier Cooperative Recovery

Efficiency and Cost Reduction in Cloud Service Restoration



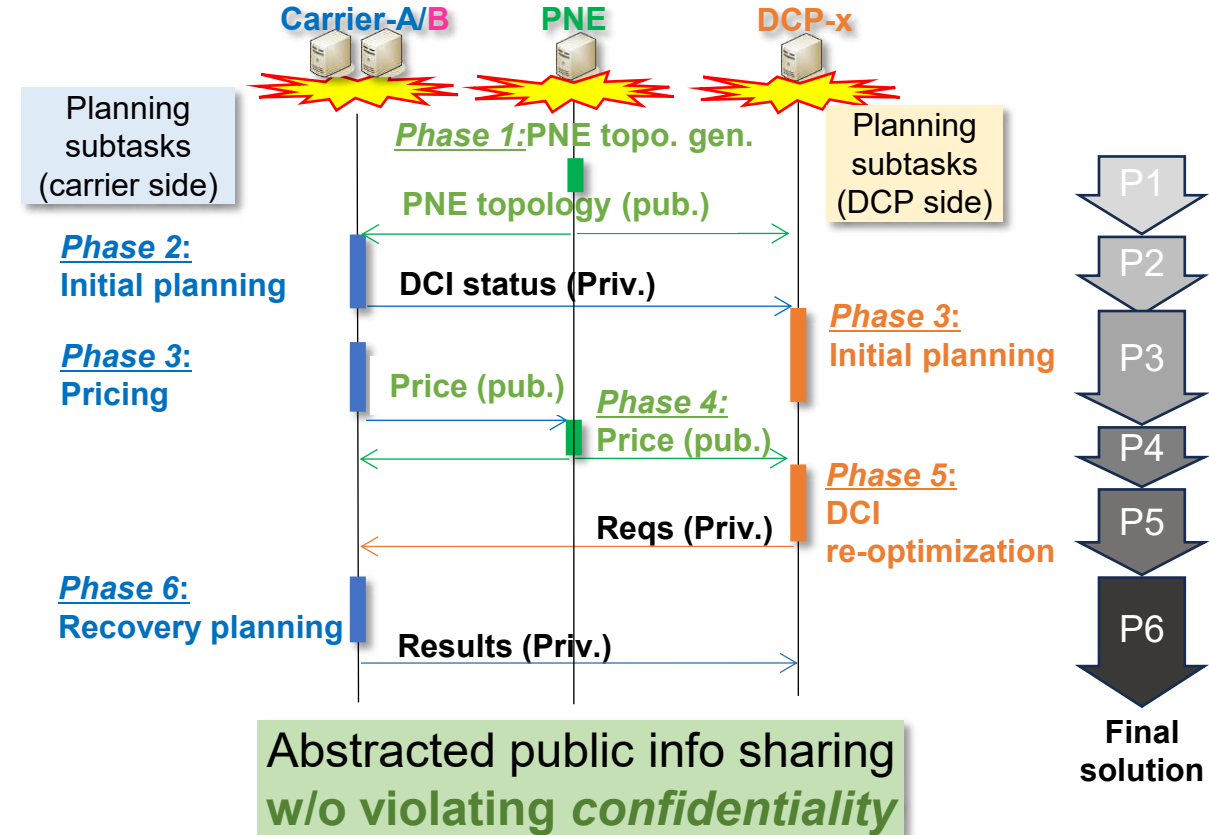
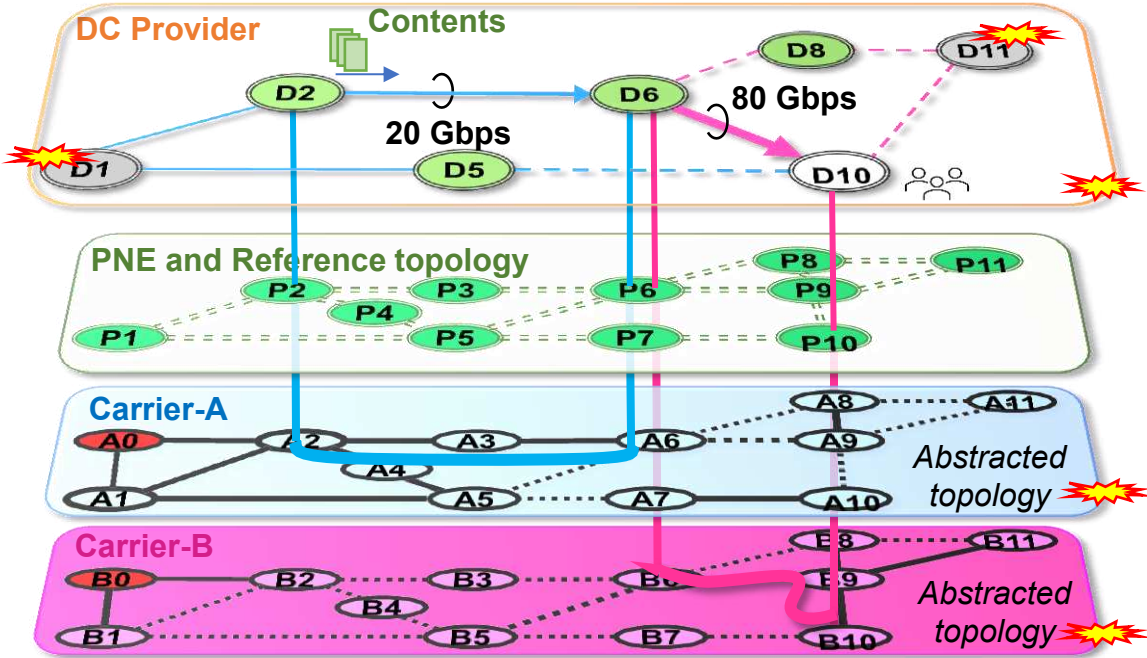
Platform Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery

Cooperative Planning: DCP-Carrier Cooperative Recovery [1][2]

DCP-Carrier cooperative recovery

Cooperative planning

Framework: Progressive cooperative planning (distributed and multilateral optimization)

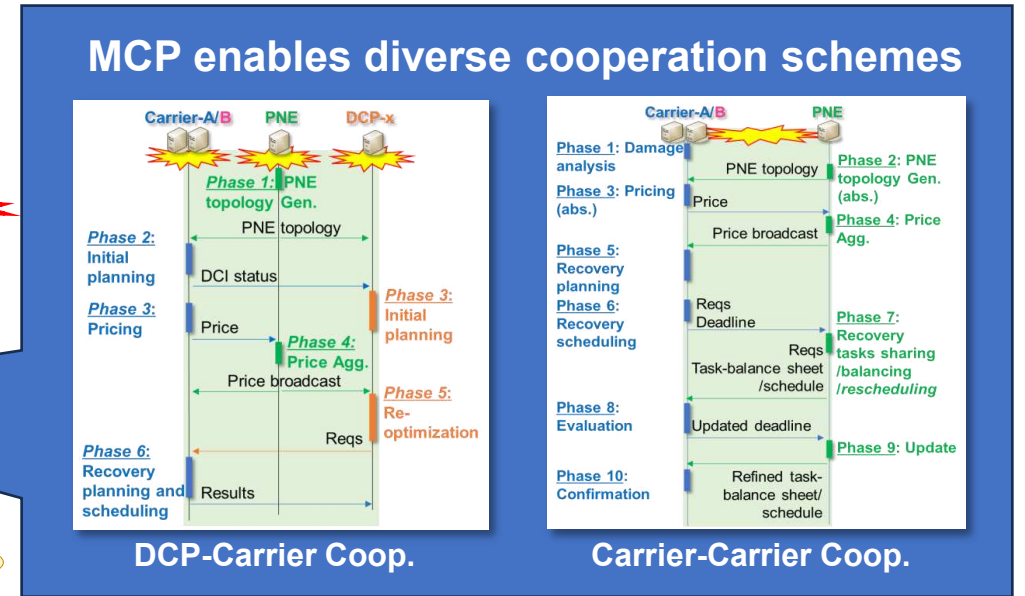
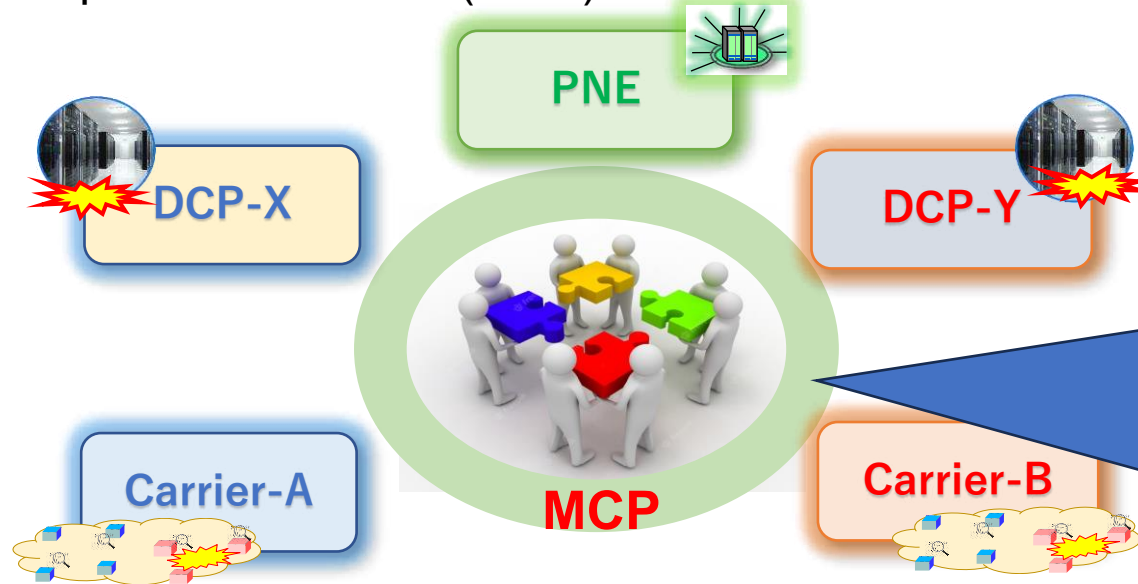


[1] S. Sahoo et al., "Datacenter-carrier cooperation over optical networks during disaster recovery," in Proc. OFC2022, Mar. 2022.

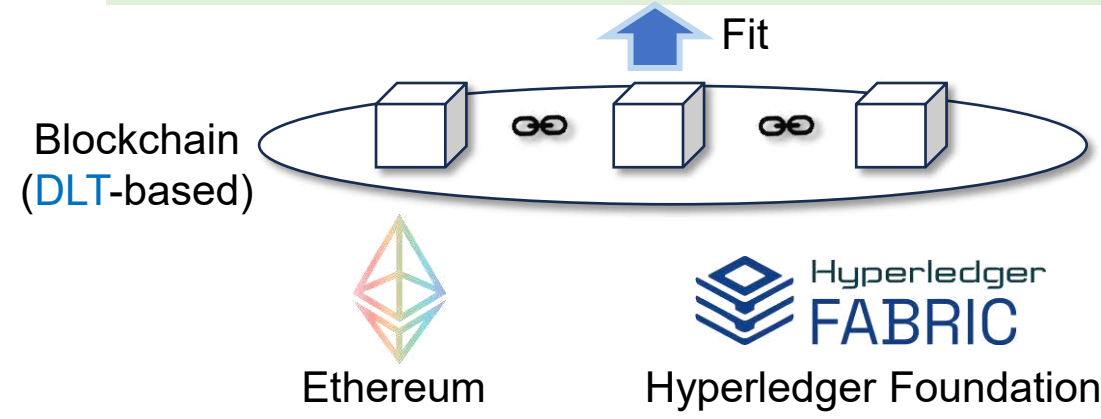
[2] S. Sahoo et al., "Strategic Cooperation among Datacenter Providers and Optical Network Carriers for Disaster Recovery," in Proc. Globecom2022, Dec. 2022.

Motivation: Create a MCP (Tool) to Facilitate Cooperation in Ecosystem

Multi-Entity Cooperation Platform (MCP)



Key requirement: Open/Fair public info sharing in cooperation

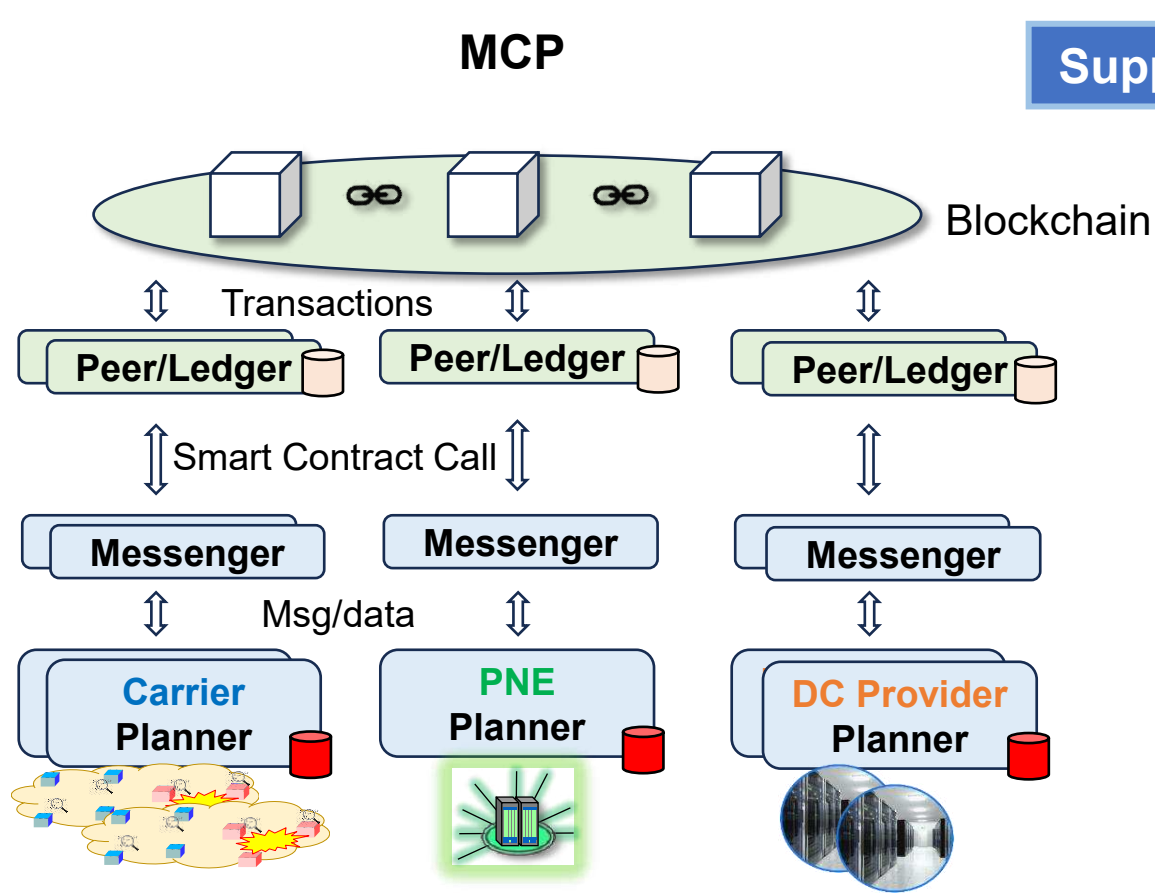


Features of DLT-based Info sharing

- Decentralization
- Tamper-proof
- Privacy protection
- Reliable data sharing
- Etc.

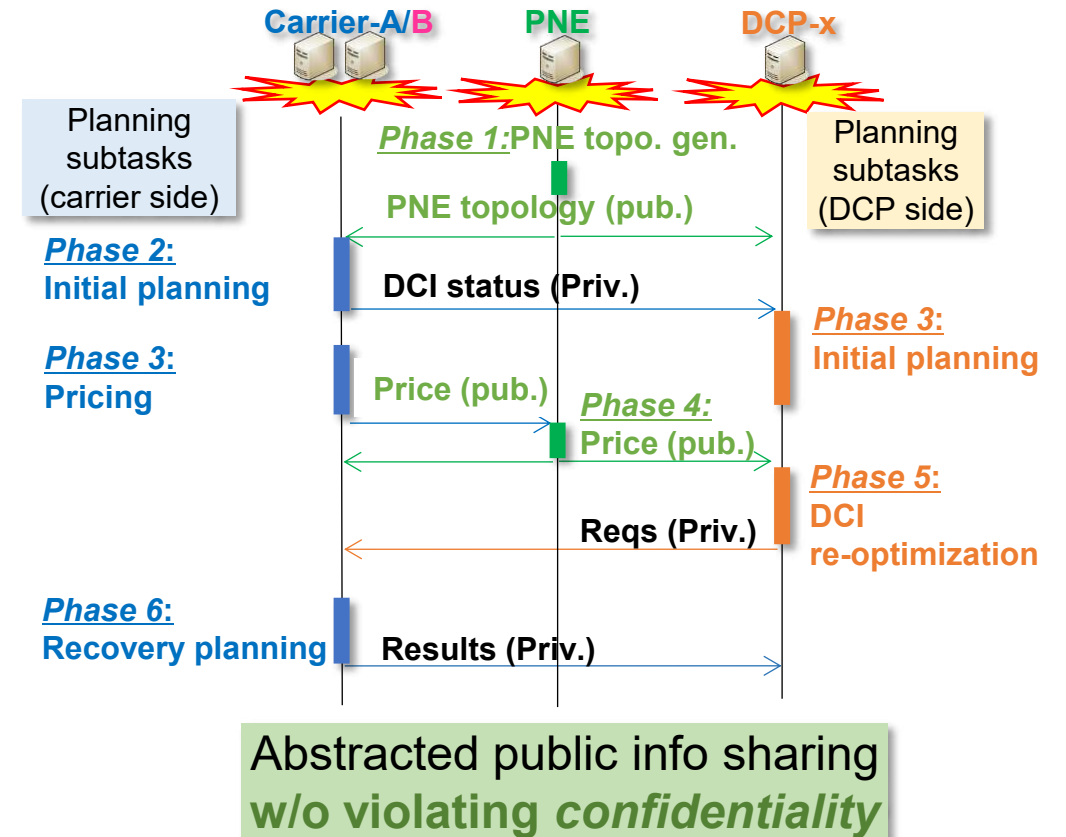
Example of mainstream implementation of **Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT)** supporting non-financial applications

System Structure of MCP for Cooperative Recovery Planning

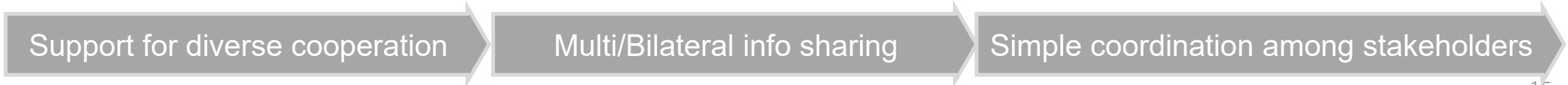


Supports

Cooperative recovery planning

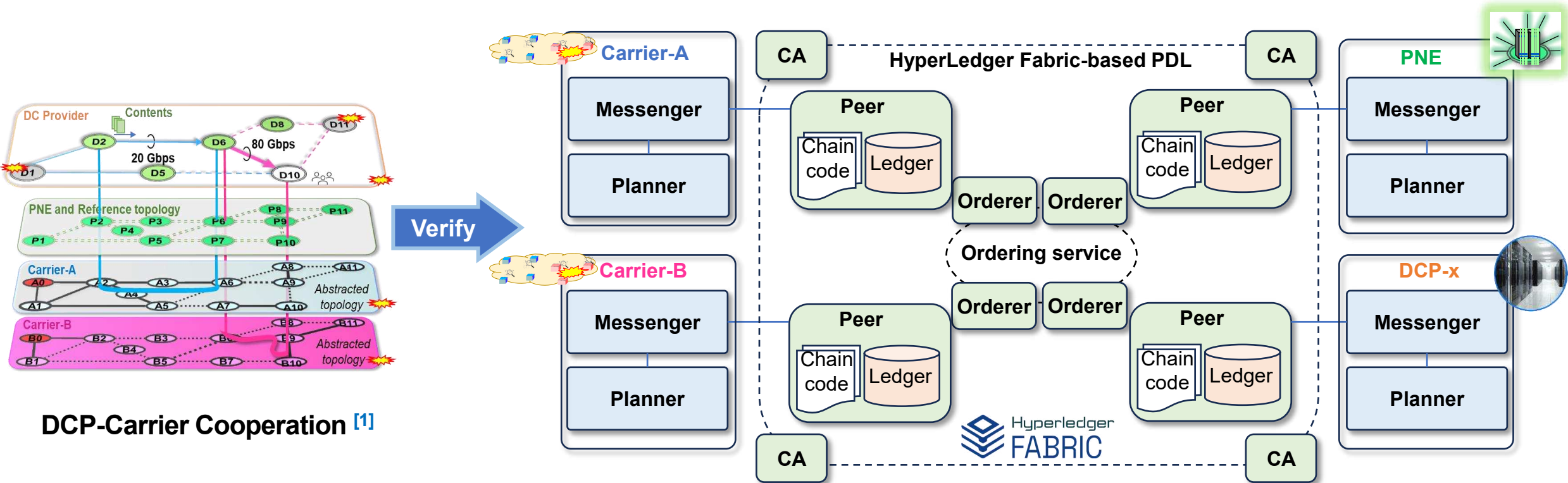


Three Features of MCP



Demonstration with a **MCP** Prototype

Experimental Setup of MCP with HyperLedger Fabric (OSS)



DCP-Carrier Cooperation [1]

Implementation of MCP prototype:

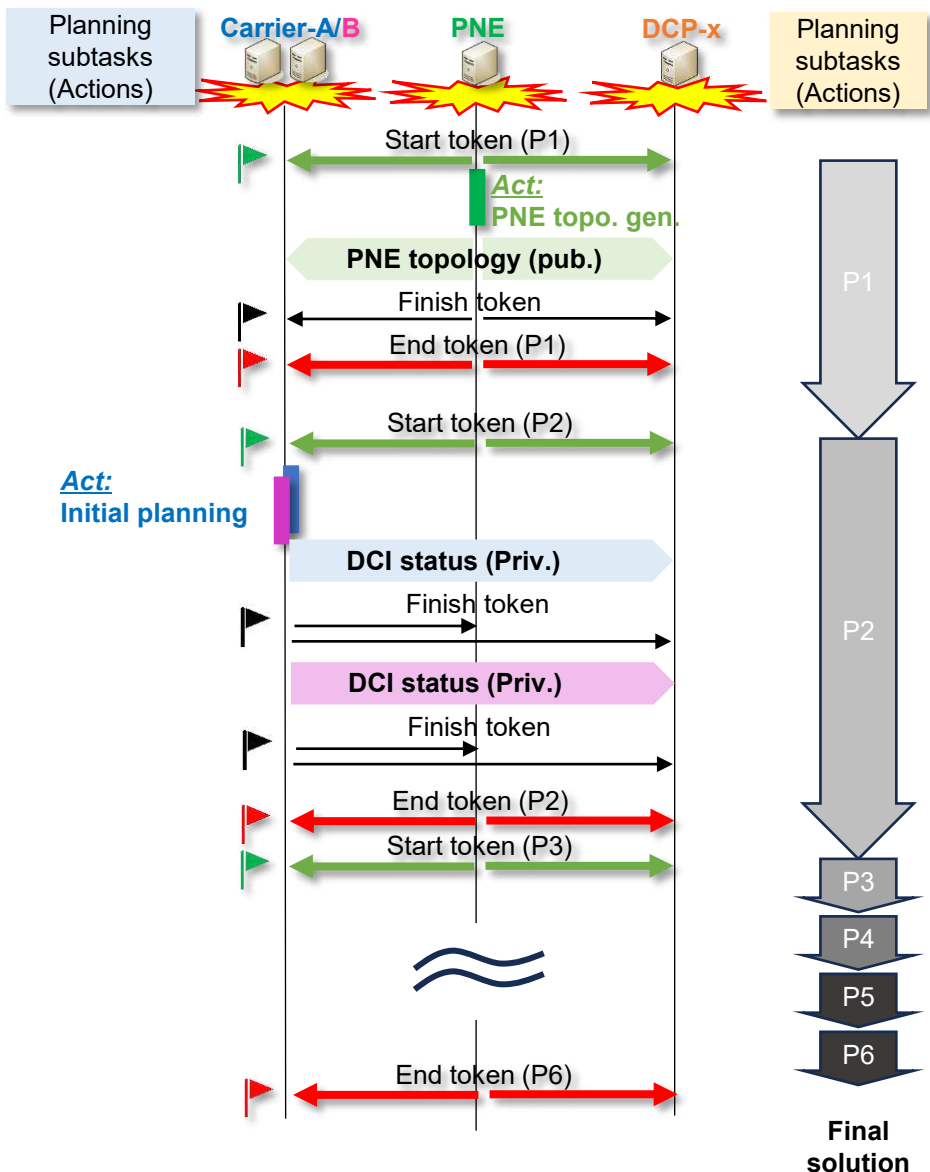
Stakeholders: Carrier-A/B, DCP-x, PNE

State Machine: Pytransitions, a lightweight, object-oriented finite-state machine (OSS)

Block Chain: HyperLedger Fabric (OSS)

[1] S. Sahoo et al., "Datacenter-carrier cooperation over optical networks during disaster recovery," in Proc. OFC2022, Mar. 2022.

Observation on Running Time



A) MCP running time via block chain < 3 min

- Signaling
 - Start token
 - Finish token
 - End token
- Data sharing
 - Public
 - Private

B) Recovery planning time < 15 min

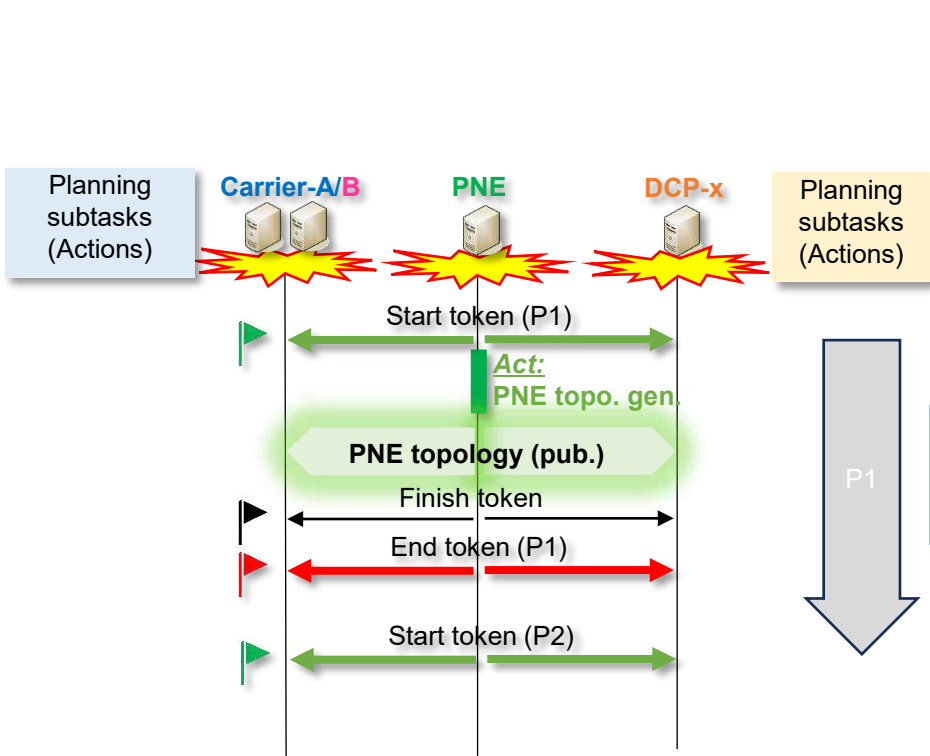
- Carrier-A/B
- DCP-x
- PNE

Time for cooperative planning with MCP: **In the order of minutes**



Time for manually performed recovery tasks in carrier networks:
In the order of hours, days, even months

Behavior of MCP via Block Chain for Open/Fair Public Info Sharing



```

TransactionId: ff8d1431a38d2e32353652e034142ccb92447c91
blockNo: 979
- arg: topology_broadcast_data
- arg: {"type": "topology", "number": 1, "from": "pne", "to": "all"}
- arg:
  {
    "Phase": 1,
    "topology": {
      "uuid": "00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000",
      "node": [
        {
          "uuid": "00000001-0000-0000-0000-000000000000",
          "name": [
            {
              "value-name": "node-id",
              "value": "node1"
            }
          ],
          "node-edge-point": [
  
```

PNE broadcasted reference topology (public info sharing) via DLT system

PNE reference topology shared by PNE in Phase 1

Example: PNE topology sharing in Phase 1 with public <chaincode> from PNE to all stakeholders

Maximum block size: 10MB
Total generated blocks: tens of blocks

TransactionId: ff8d1431a38d2e32353652e034142ccb92447c91
blockNo: 979

Trimmed Carrier-A log

Trimmed Carrier-B log

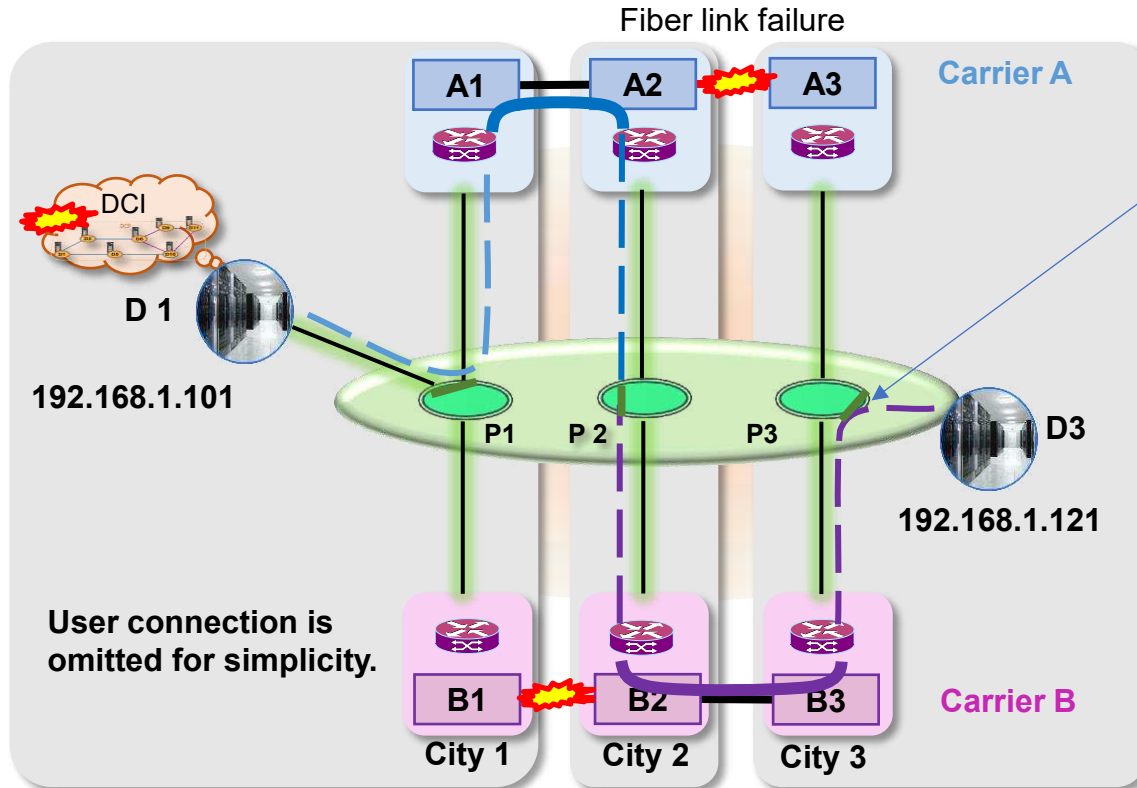
Trimmed DCP-x log

PNE topology info sharing

```

2023-11-13 14:12:48,170 INFO retrun data: {'Phase': 1, 'topology': {'uuid': '00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'name': [{'value-name': 'node-id', 'value': 'node1'}], 'node-edge-point': [{'uuid': '00000001-0000-0000-0000-000000000000'}]}, {'uuid': '00000002-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'name': [{'value-name': 'node-id', 'value': 'node2'}], 'node-edge-point': [{'uuid': '00000002-0001-0000-0000-000000000000'}]}, {'uuid': '00000003-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'name': [{'value-name': 'node-id', 'value': 'node3'}], 'node-edge-point': [{'uuid': '00000003-0002-0000-0000-000000000000'}]}, {'uuid': '00000004-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'name': [{'value-name': 'link-id', 'value': 'link-2to3'}], 'node-edge-point': [{'uuid': '00000002-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'node-edge-point-uuid': '00000002-0002-0000-0000-000000000000', 'node-uuid': '00000003-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'node-edge-po': '00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'name': [{'value name': 'link-id', 'value': 'link-2to3'}], 'node-uuid': '00000003-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'node': '00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000', 'node-uuid': '00000001-0000-0000-0000-000000000000'}]}}
- arg: topology_broadcast_data
  
```

Failure/Disaster: *Enhanced resilience of ecosystems*



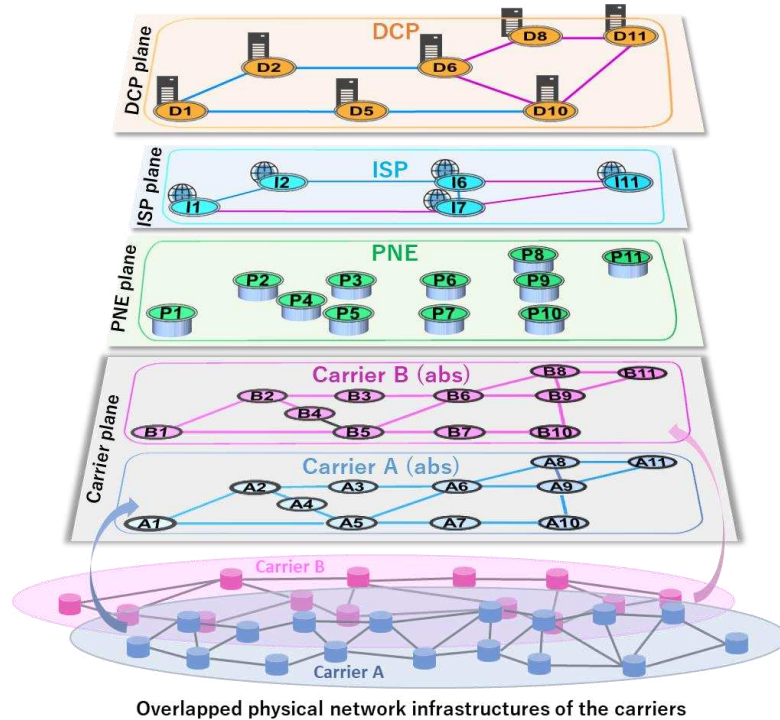
Detoured DCI connection via Carrier-A/B surviving resource by DCP-Carrier Coop.

```
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22237 ttl=64 time=8.51 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22238 ttl=64 time=9.00 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22239 ttl=64 time=8.34 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22240 ttl=64 time=8.16 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22241 ttl=64 time=8.50 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22242 ttl=64 time=7.90 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22243 ttl=64 time=8.24 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22244 ttl=64 time=8.41 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22245 ttl=64 time=8.01 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22246 ttl=64 time=15.1 ms
```

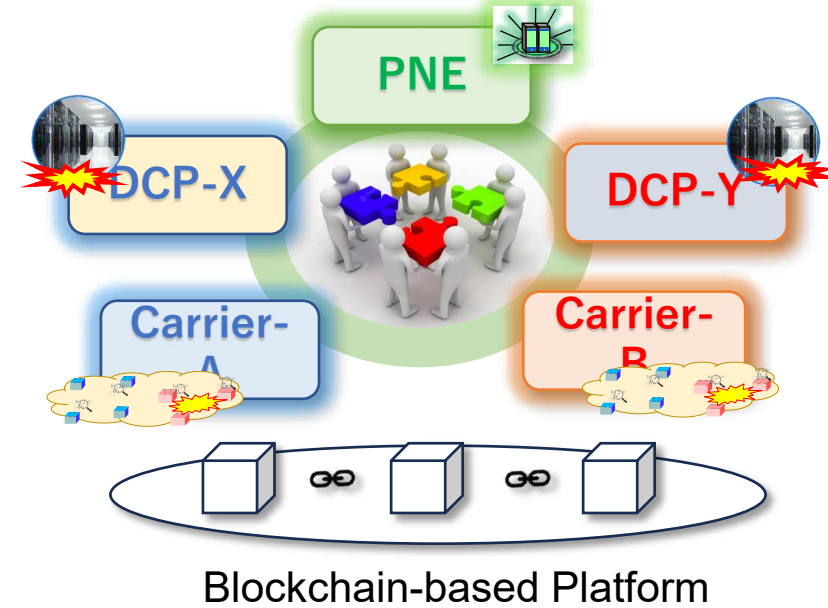

Summary

- Problem of multi-entity cooperation for efficient network-cloud recovery

Modeling study



Platform study



- Modeling study:
 - Revealed the potential of cooperation among different entities to achieve efficient recovery **even with limited visibility!**
- Platform study:
 - Verified a blockchain-based platform (MCP) for supporting the **Open and Fair cooperation** among different entities!

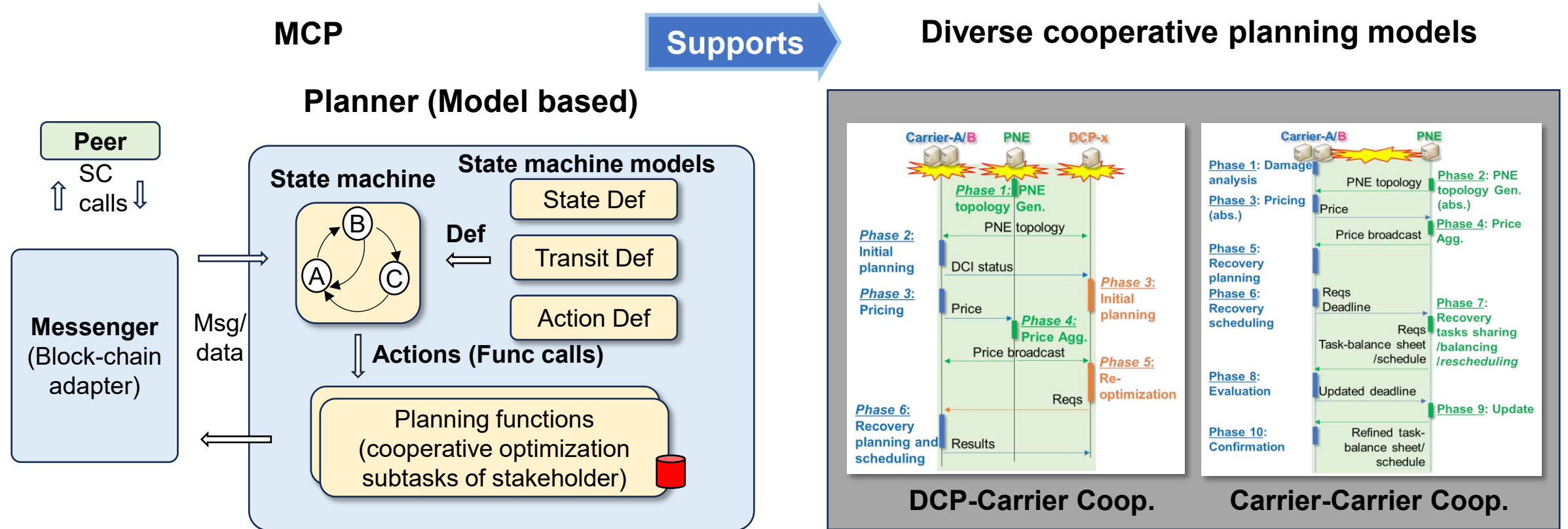
Thank you very much!

Acknowledgements

This work is supported in part by US-Japan JUNO3 project: NSF Grant no. 2210384.

Special thanks to our community for giving us such a great opportunity for sharing our cooperation works!

State-Machine-based Planner and Model-Driven Cooperation



State machine model Def for individual roles

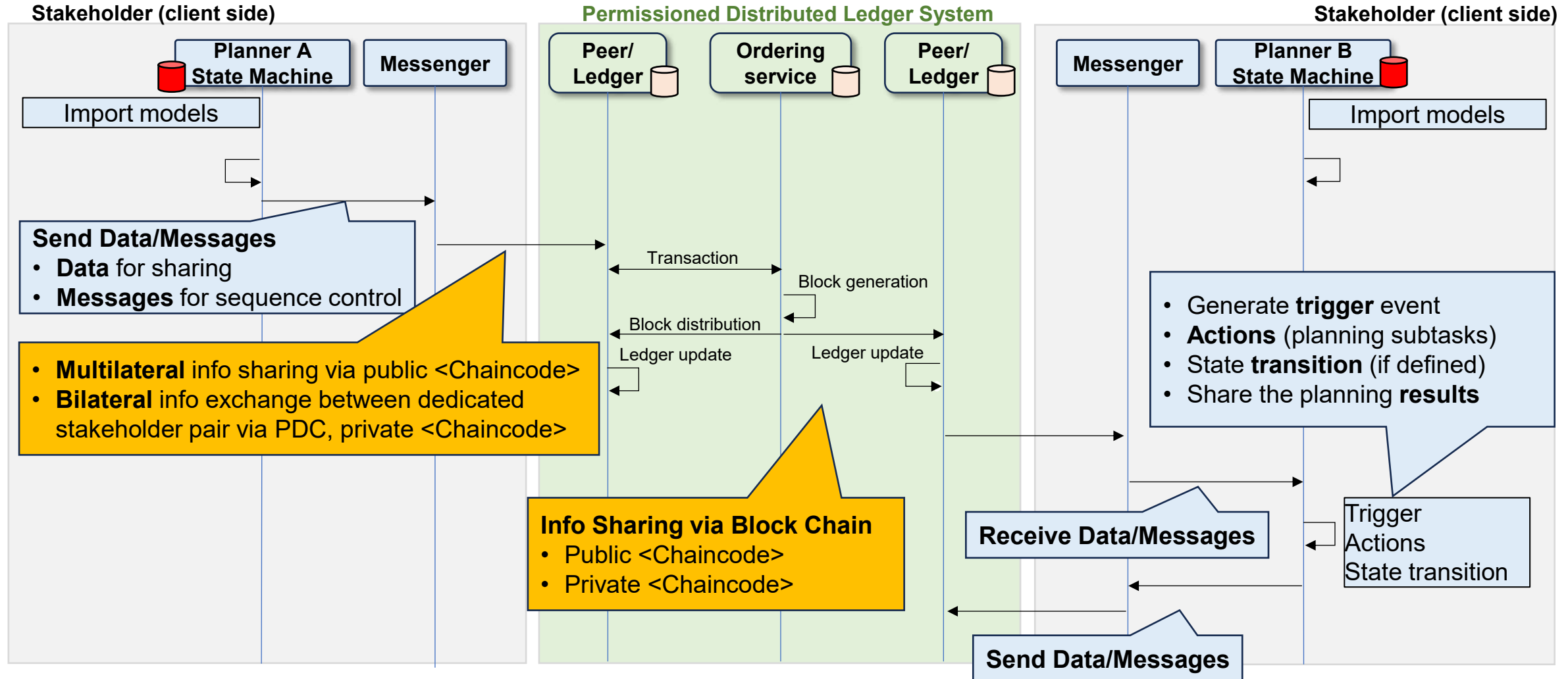
```
{'trigger':'Event', 'source':'Current_State', 'dest':'Next_State', 'Actions': 'Planning Tasks' }
```

Support for diverse cooperation

Multi/Bilateral info sharing

Simple coordination among stakeholders

Multilateral (Public) and Bilateral (Private) Info Sharing/Exchanging via Block Chain



Support for diverse cooperation

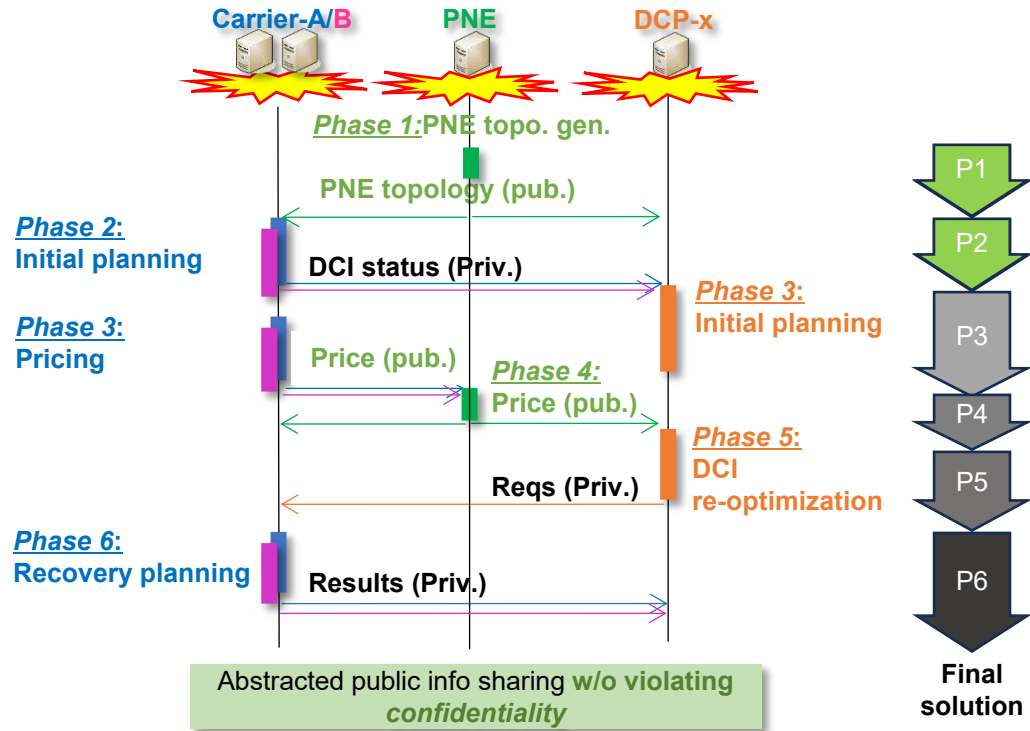
Multi/Bilateral info sharing

Simple coordination among stakeholders

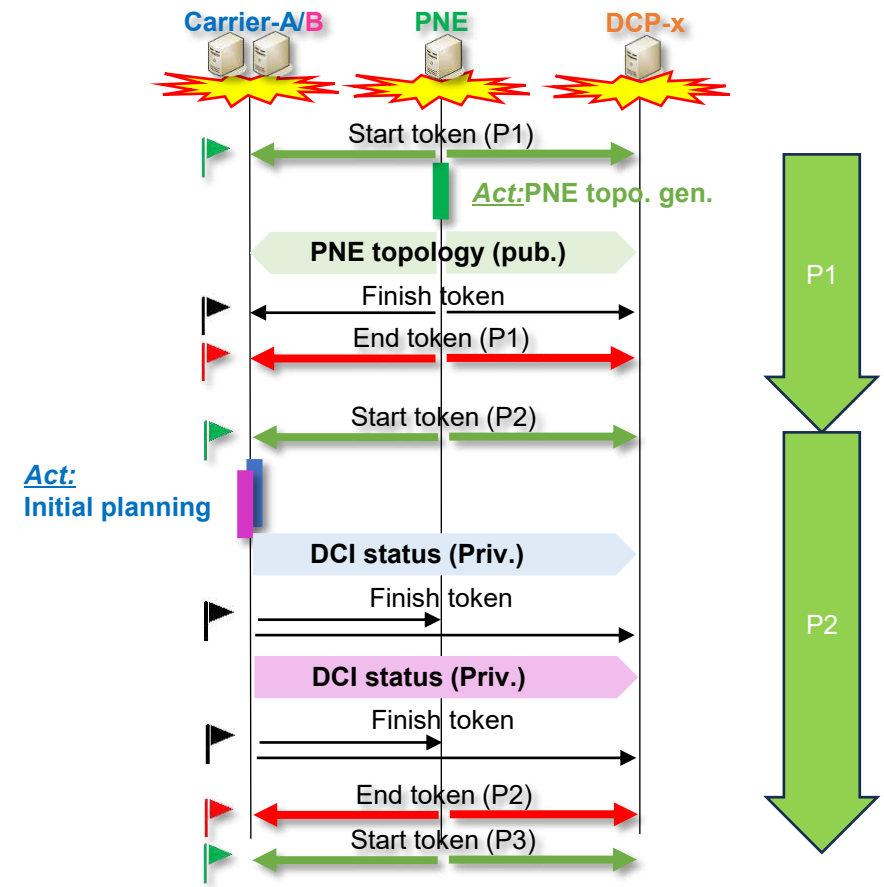
Simple Coordination among Stakeholders for Large-Scale Cooperation

Phase Shift during Cooperative Planning

Need coordination



Token-based Signals Drive State Transition/Action/Info Sharing



Support for diverse cooperation

Multi/Bilateral info sharing

Simple coordination among stakeholders