

Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery

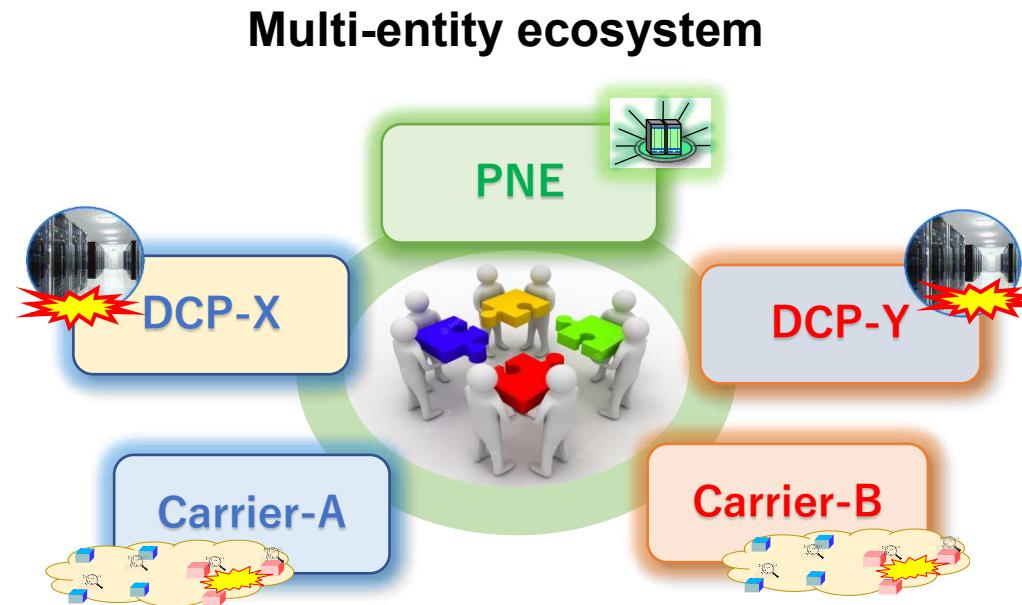
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Outline

- Background and motivations
 - In a Network-Cloud ecosystem (ecosystem) achieving resilience requires **cooperation**.



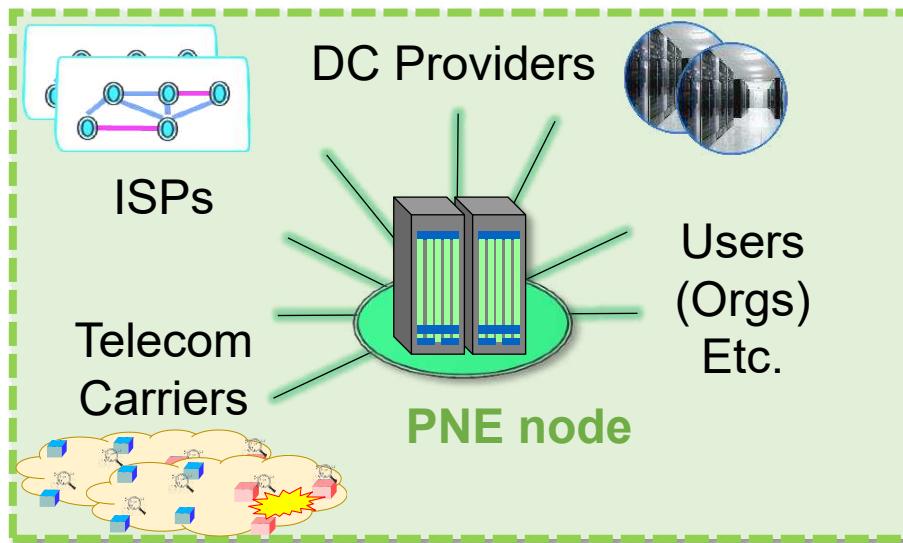
Multi-entity: network-cloud ecosystem is owned by different entities, e.g., Telecom **Carriers** and Data Center Providers (DCPs)

A new entity: *Provider neutral exchange (PNE)*, a third-party entity facilitating multi-entity cooperation in ecosystem.

- **Modeling study of multi-entity cooperation for network-cloud recovery**
- **Platform study of multi-entity cooperation for network-cloud recovery**
- **Summary**

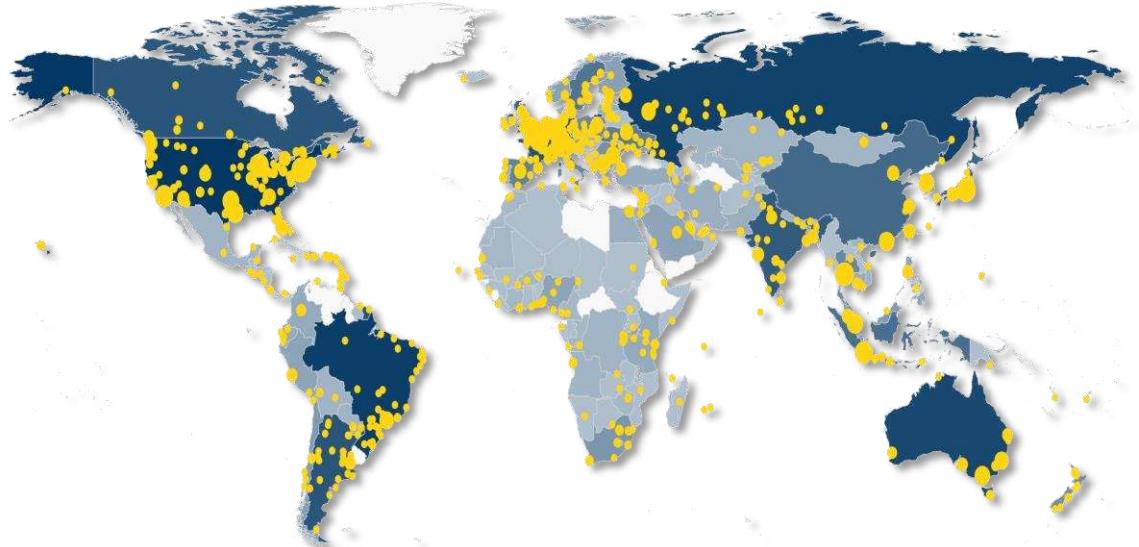
Introduction of Provider Neutral Exchange (PNE)

Provider neutral exchange (PNE)



PNE can be a consortium of distributed co-location centers or Internet exchange points.

Candidate for PNE (e.g., IXPs)



Internet exchange points (IXPs) around the world^{[1]-[3]}

[1] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Internet_exchange_points

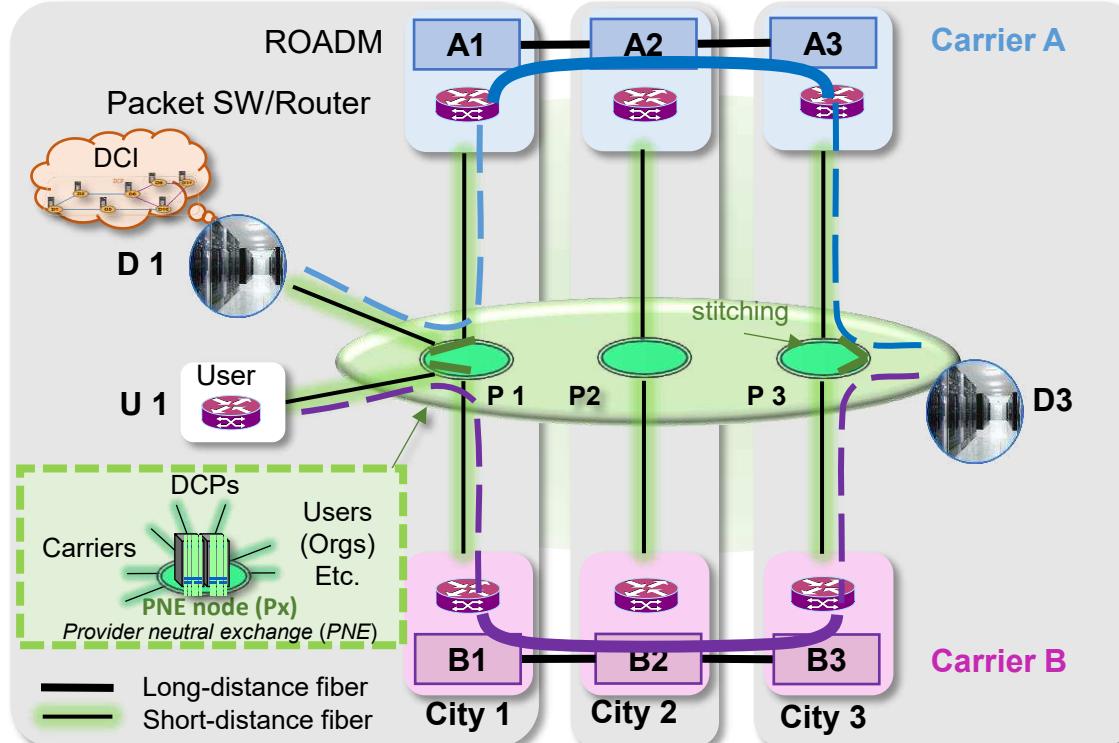
[2] <https://www.pch.net/ixp/dir>

[3] <https://www.internetexchangemap.com/#/>

- Traffic exchange points in the network-cloud ecosystem
 - Interconnecting telecom carriers, ISPs, DC providers and users
- Candidates for PNE
 - IXP, colocation center, even DC provider and Telecom carrier

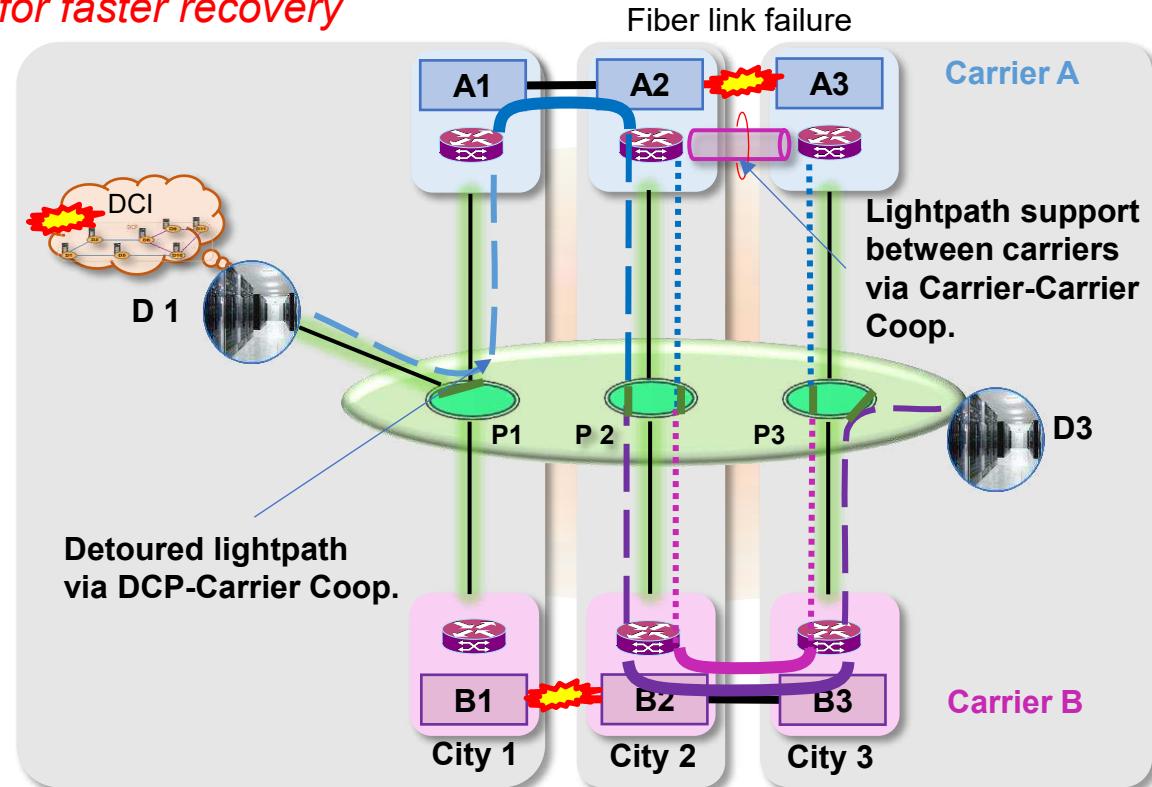
Target Use Cases: Cooperative Resource Allocation in Ecosystem

Business-as-usual Service: DCI lightpath/Slice service



We can employ the same
DCI lightpath/slice service for faster recovery

Failure/Disaster: Enhanced resilience of ecosystems

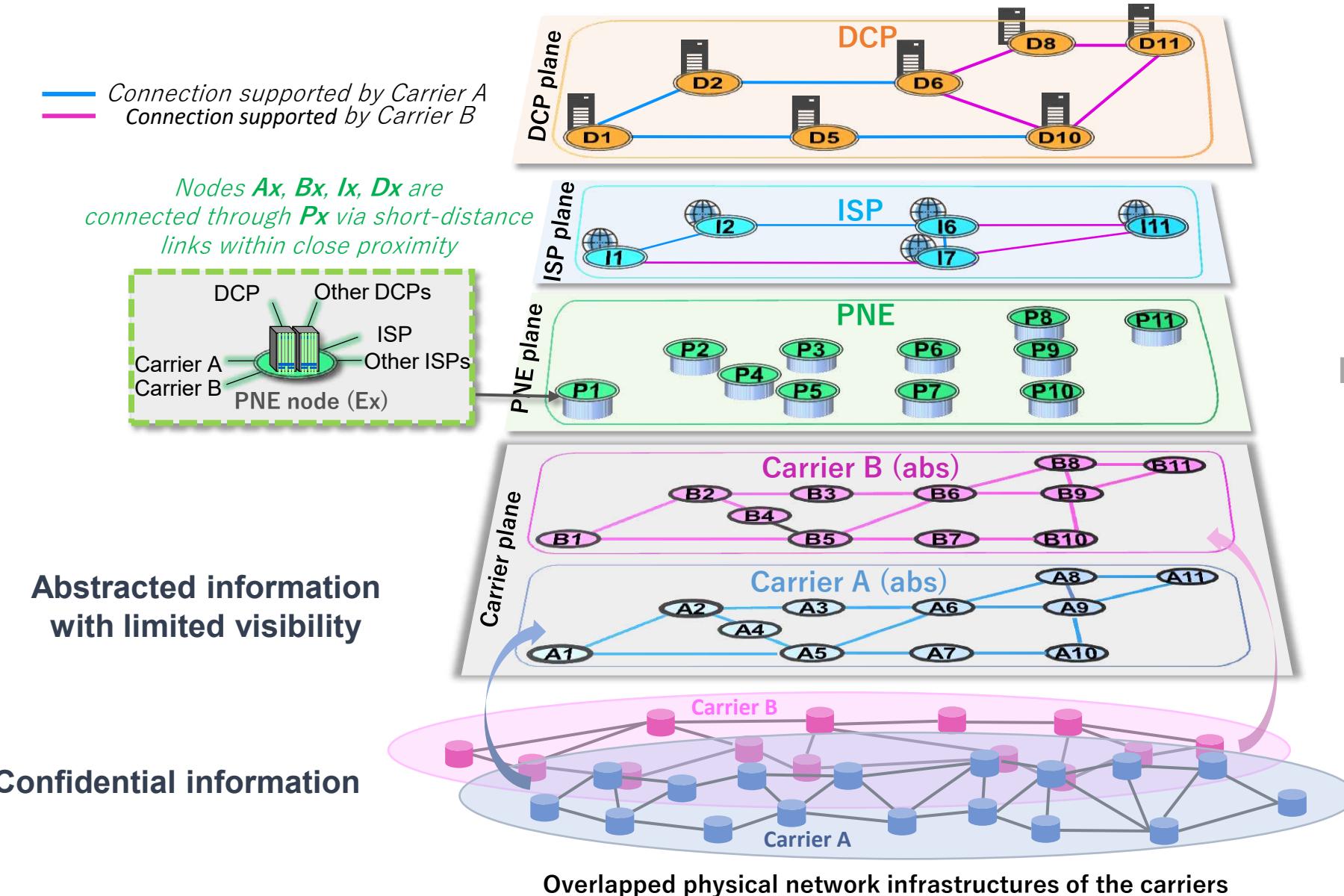


Questions:

- How to facilitate cooperative resource allocation **without violating confidentiality?**

Modeling Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery

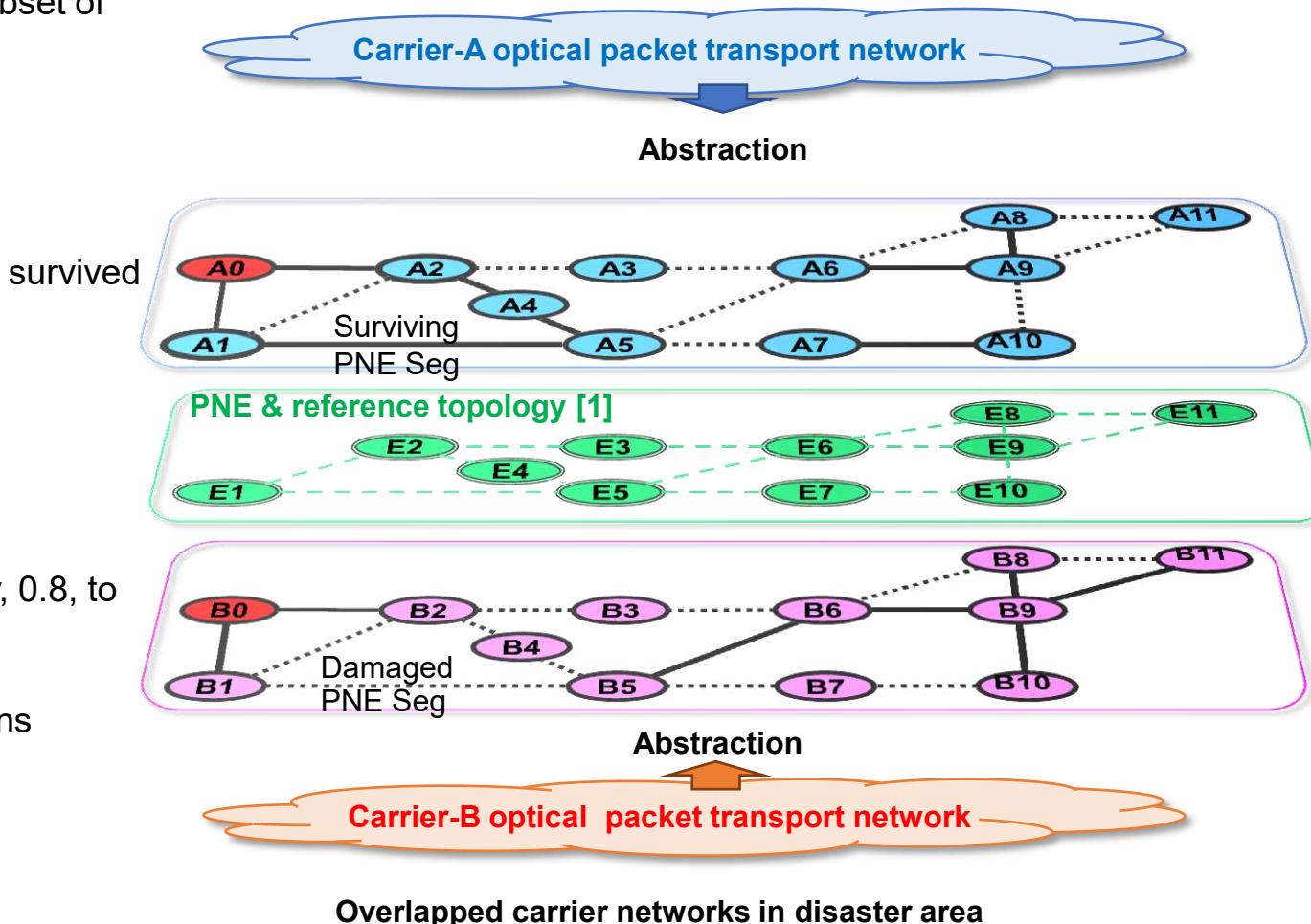
Modeling Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery



Evaluations in Disaster Recovery Scenarios

- **Topology:**
 - **Carrier networks**
 - For simplicity, both carrier networks are identical and abstracted to PNEN with 11 nodes and 15 links (a subset of Japan photonic network model (**JPNM**) [1])
- **Damage scenario:**
 - **Damages in carrier networks**
 - *Heavy damage*: 5 survived links in Carriers A and B
 - *Light Damage*: 10 survived links in Carriers A and B
 - *Mixed damage*: 5 survived links in Carrier A and 10 links in Carrier B
 - **Recovery cost level of damaged fibre links**
 - *Low cost level*: [1, 4] units
 - *Medium cost level*: [1, 7] units
 - *High cost level*: [1, 10] units
 - **Strong correlated damage in carrier networks**
 - Carriers' co-located fibre links have a high probability, 0.8, to be failed simultaneously
- **Traffic demands:**
 - *Requests*: Avg. 12 highest priority IP-over-WDM connections
 - *Bandwidth*: Avg. 130 Gbps per connection Req
- **Etc.**
 - **Lightpath capacity** 100 Gbps
 - **Pseudo price of a carrier's lightpath support**
 - 2 units per survived link
 - Extra 50 units dummy price per damaged link in PNE topology

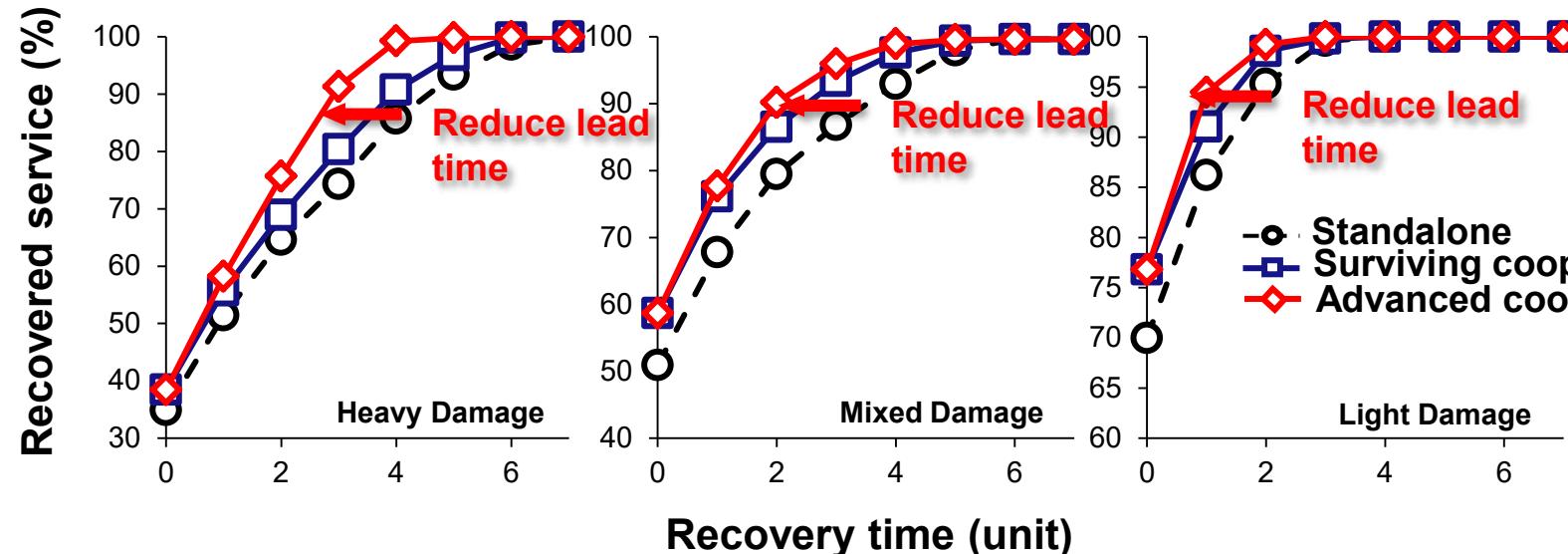
To observe the potential benefits of carrier cooperation
Service restoration time and Carrier recovery cost



[1] T. Sakano et al., IEICE Tech. Rpt. PN2013-01, 2013.

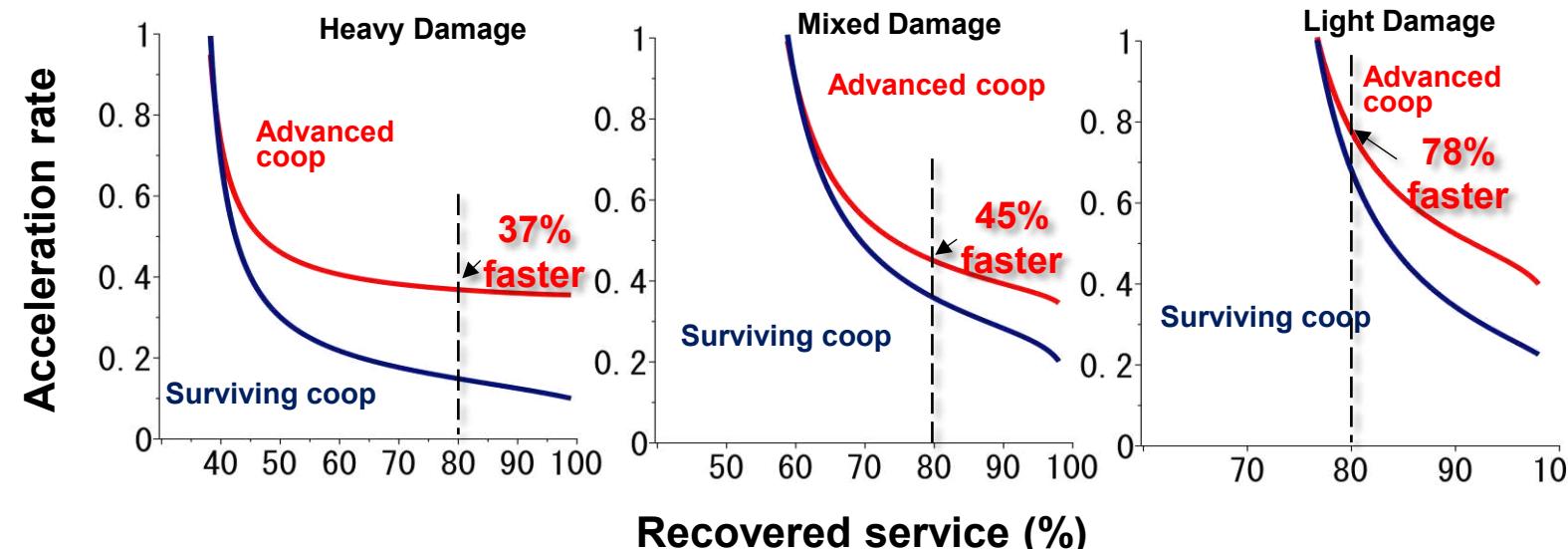
Case Study 1: Carrier- Carrier Cooperative Recovery

Lead Time Reduction



Original data
(lead time reduction)

Examples @ Recovery Cost Level: [1, 10]
Similar results with recovery cost levels: [1, 4], [1, 7]



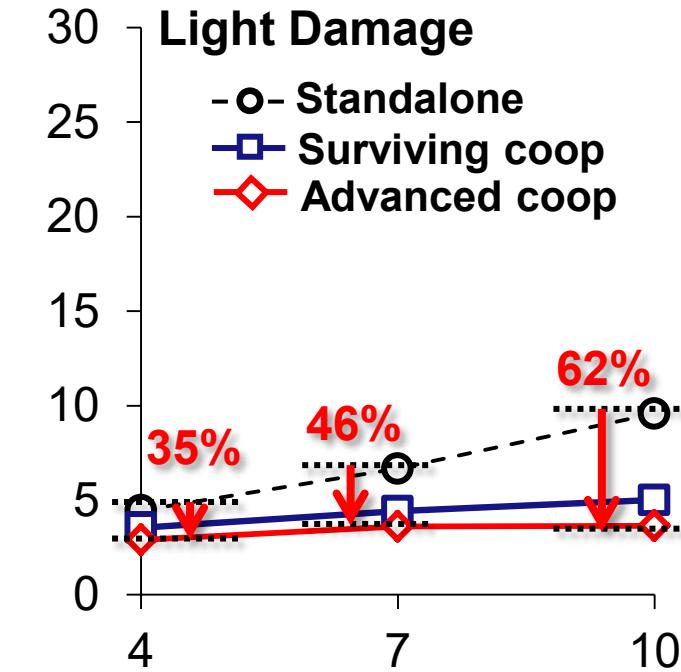
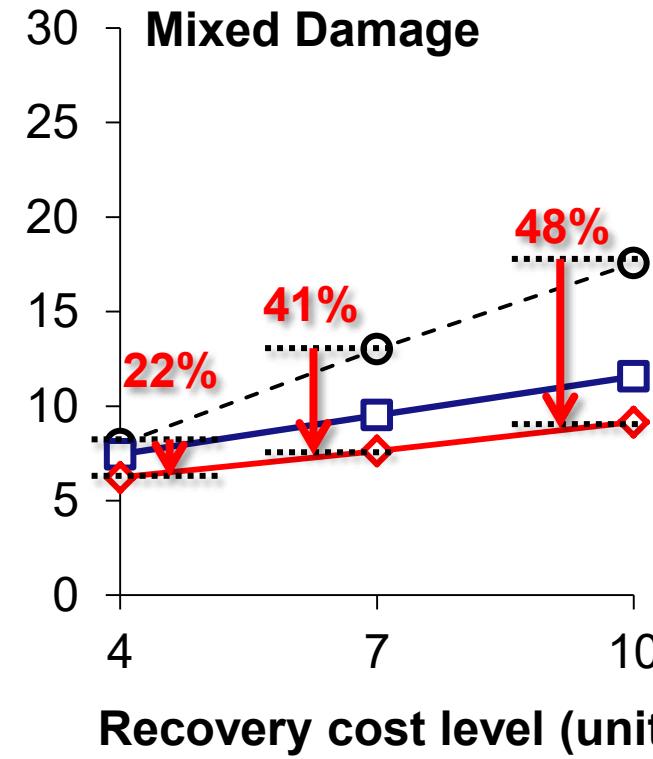
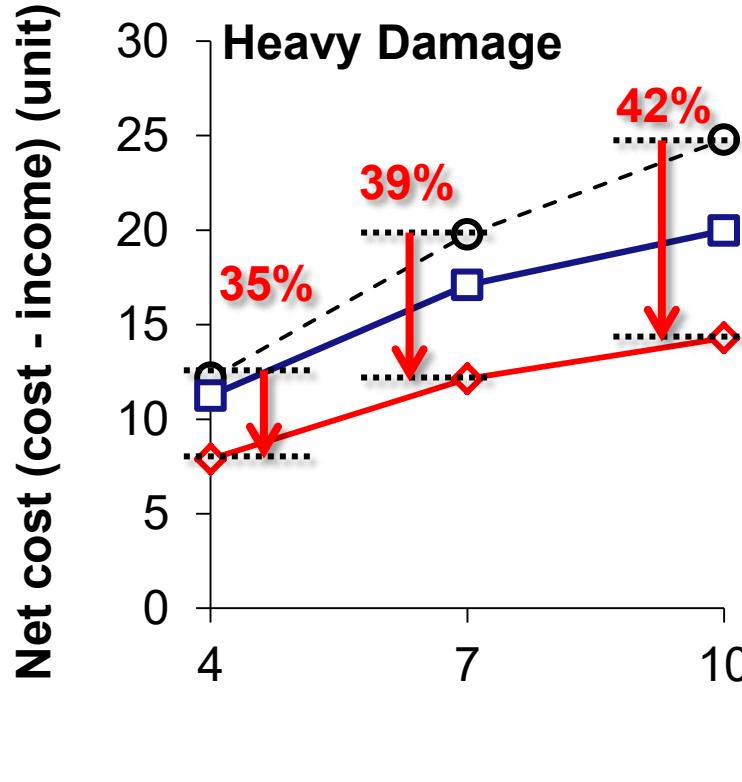
Trends observation
(lead time reduction)

Acceleration rate =

$$\frac{\text{Time in standalone recovery} - \text{Time in cooperative recovery}}{\text{Time in standalone recovery}}$$

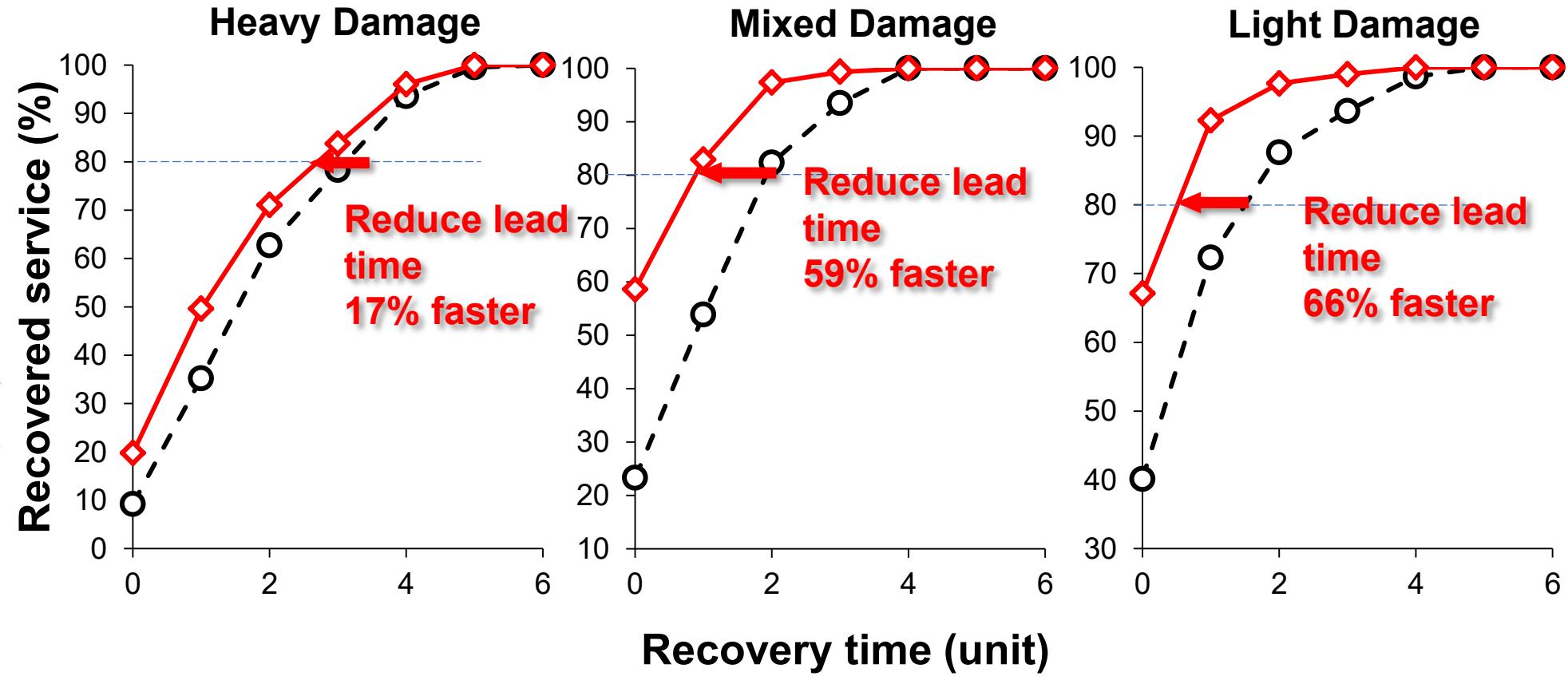
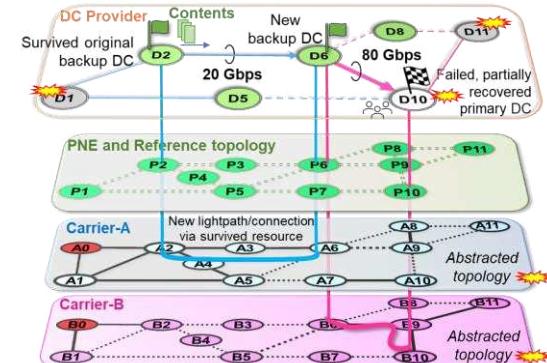
Case Study 1: Carrier- Carrier Cooperative Recovery

Cost Reduction



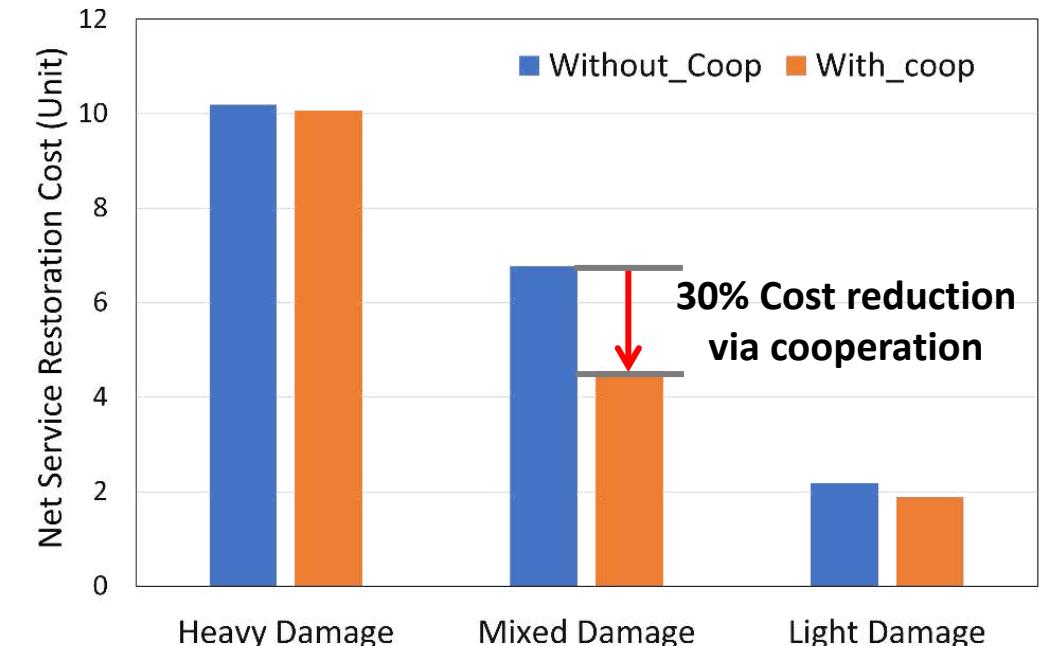
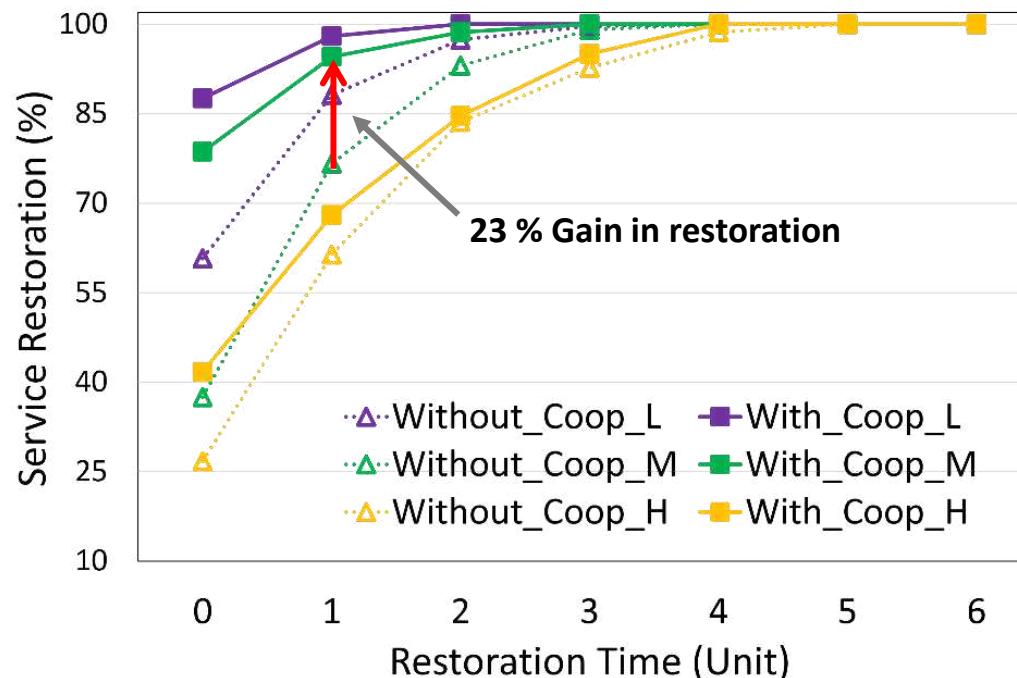
For each carrier, **Net cost** = \sum (Recovery cost + Payment for buying *lightpath supports*)
- \sum (Income of offering *lightpath supports*)

Case Study 2: DC provider - Carrier Cooperative Recovery Lead Time Reduction in Cloud Service Restoration



◆ DCP-Carrier coop
○ Standalone

Case Study 2: DC provider - Carrier Cooperative Recovery Efficiency and Cost Reduction in Cloud Service Restoration



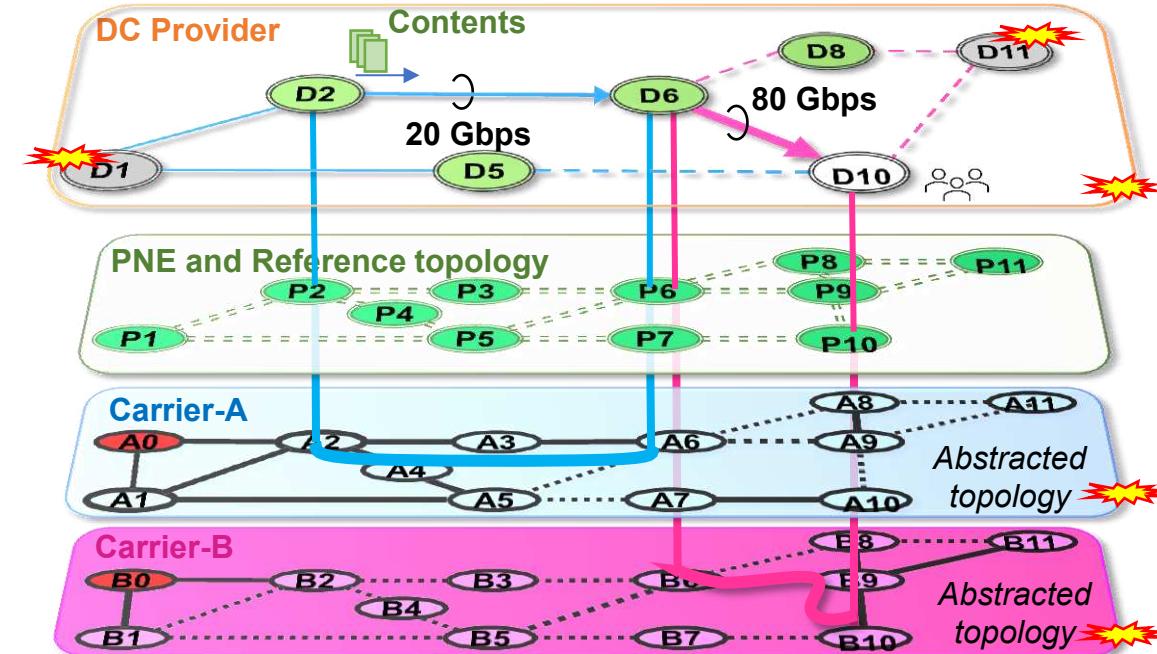
Platform Study of Multi-Entity Cooperation for Network-Cloud Recovery

Cooperative Planning: DCP-Carrier Cooperative Recovery [1][2]

DCP-Carrier cooperative recovery

Cooperative planning

Framework: Progressive cooperative planning
(distributed and multilateral optimization)



Planning subtasks
(carrier side)

Phase 2:
Initial planning

Phase 3:
Pricing

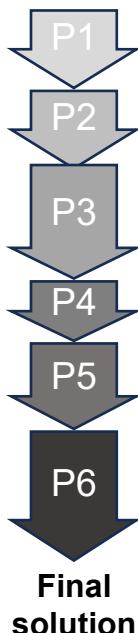
Phase 6:
Recovery planning



Planning subtasks
(DCP side)

Phase 3:
Initial planning

Phase 5:
DCI
re-optimization



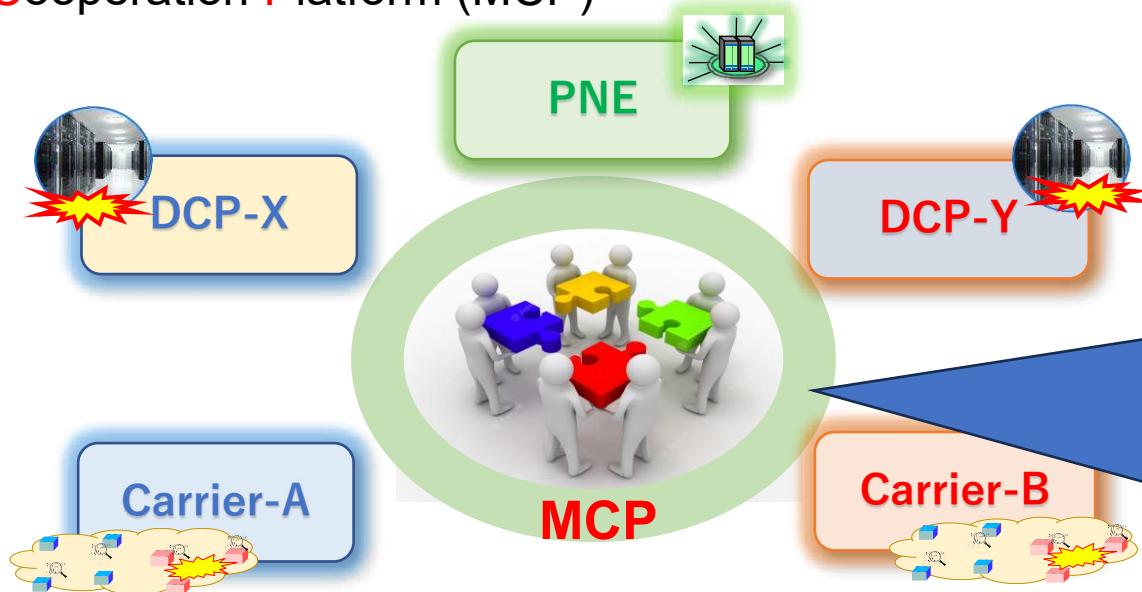
Abstracted public info sharing
w/o violating **confidentiality**

[1] S. Sahoo et al., "Datacenter-carrier cooperation over optical networks during disaster recovery," in Proc. OFC2022, Mar. 2022.

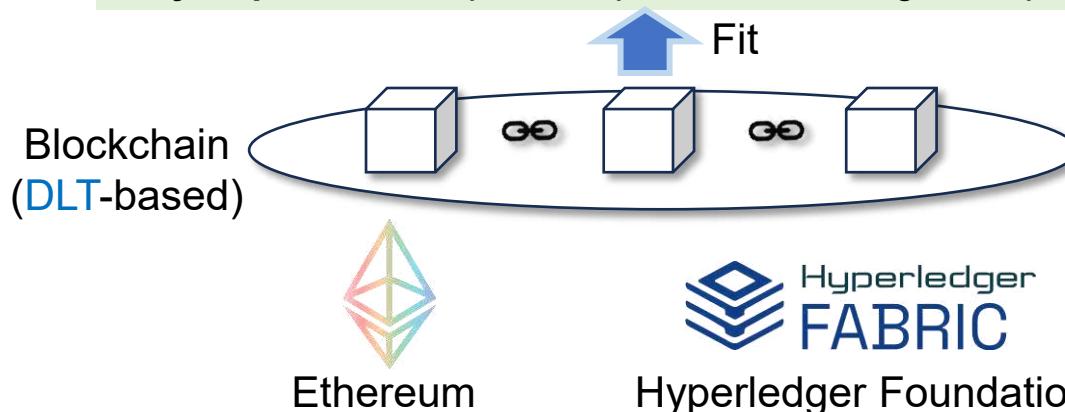
[2] S. Sahoo et al., "Strategic Cooperation among Datacenter Providers and Optical Network Carriers for Disaster Recovery," in Proc. Globecom2022, Dec. 2022.

Motivation: Create a MCP (Tool) to Facilitate Cooperation in Ecosystem

Multi-Entity Cooperation Platform (MCP)

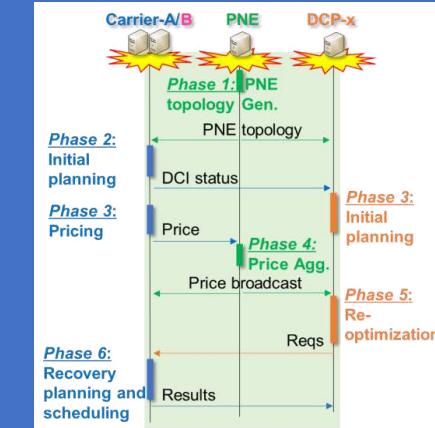


Key requirement: Open/Fair public info sharing in cooperation

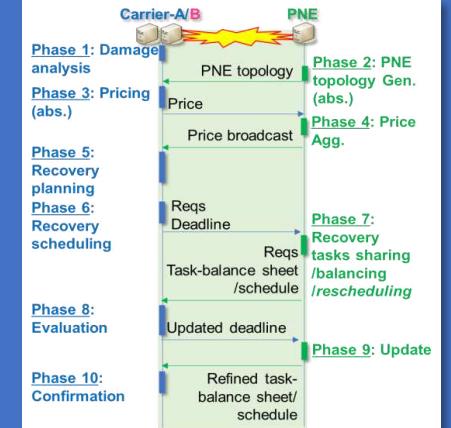


Example of mainstream implementation of **Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT)** supporting non-financial applications

MCP enables diverse cooperation schemes



DCP-Carrier Coop.

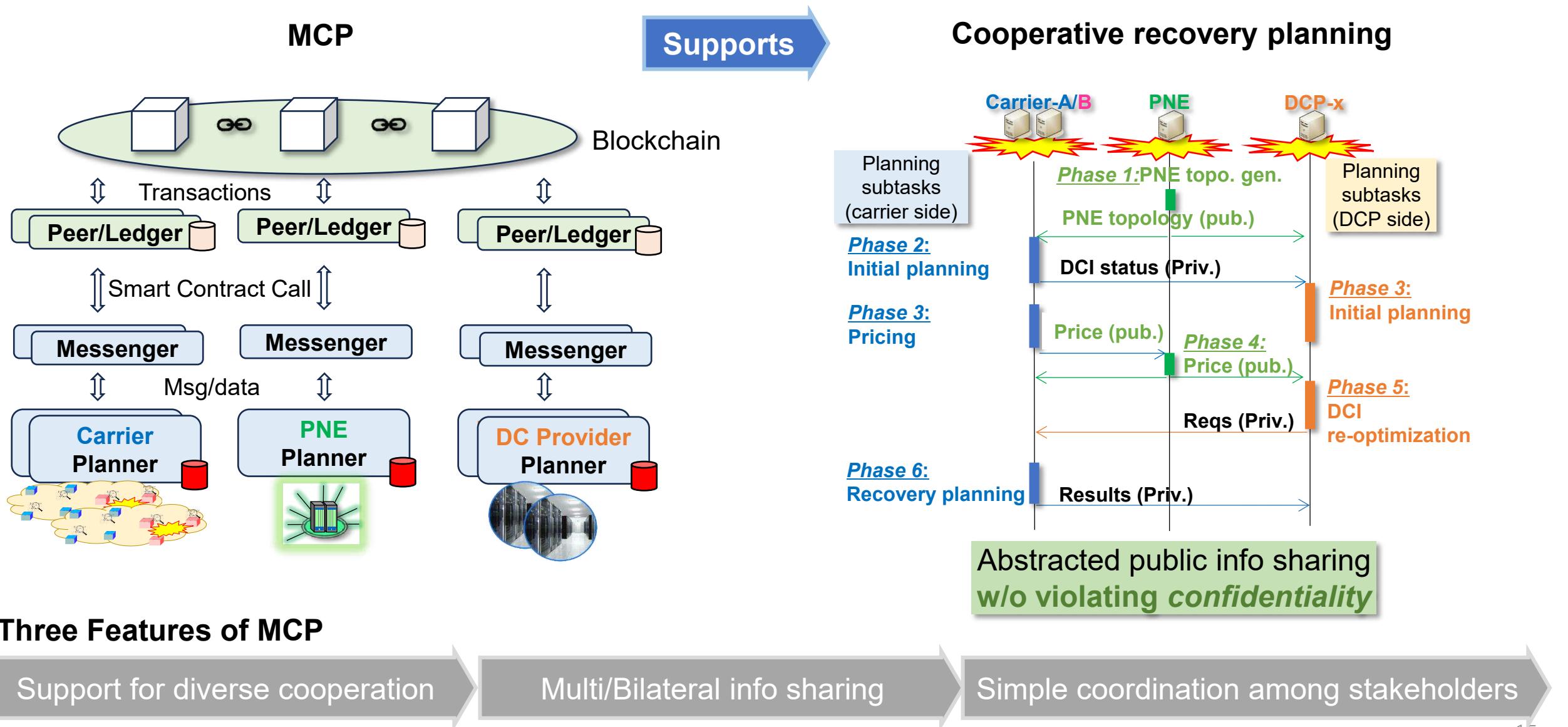


Carrier-Carrier Coop.

Features of DLT-based Info sharing

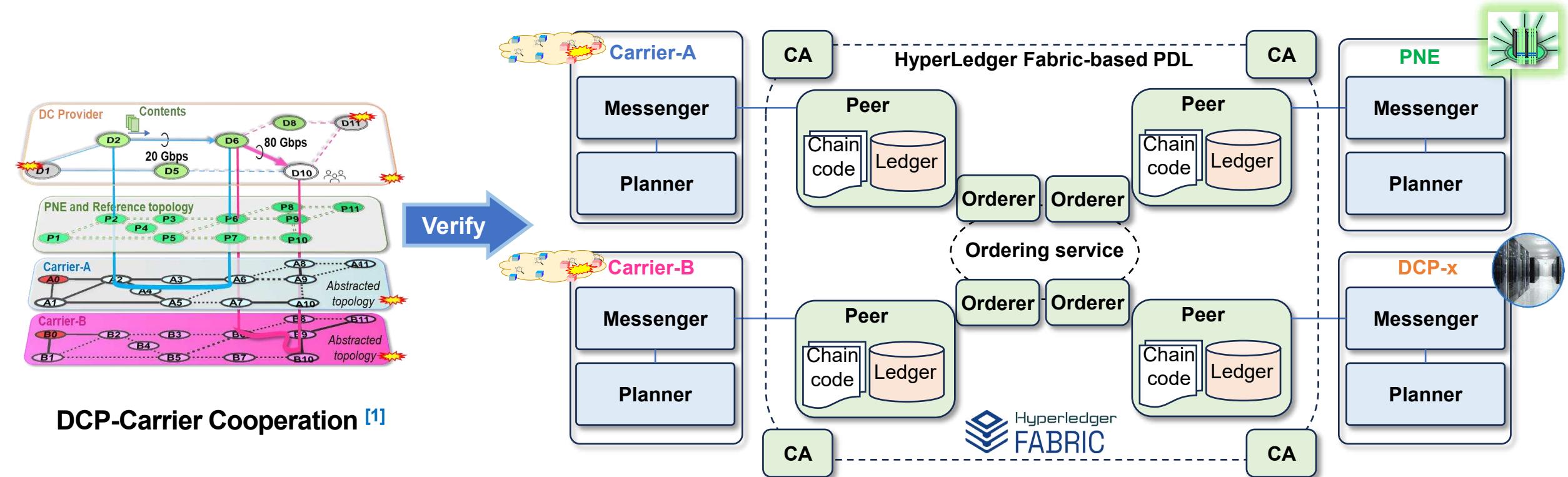
- Decentralization
- Tamper-proof
- Privacy protection
- Reliable data sharing
- Etc.

System Structure of MCP for Cooperative Recovery Planning



Demonstration with a MCP Prototype

Experimental Setup of MCP with HyperLedger Fabric (OSS)



Implementation of MCP prototype:

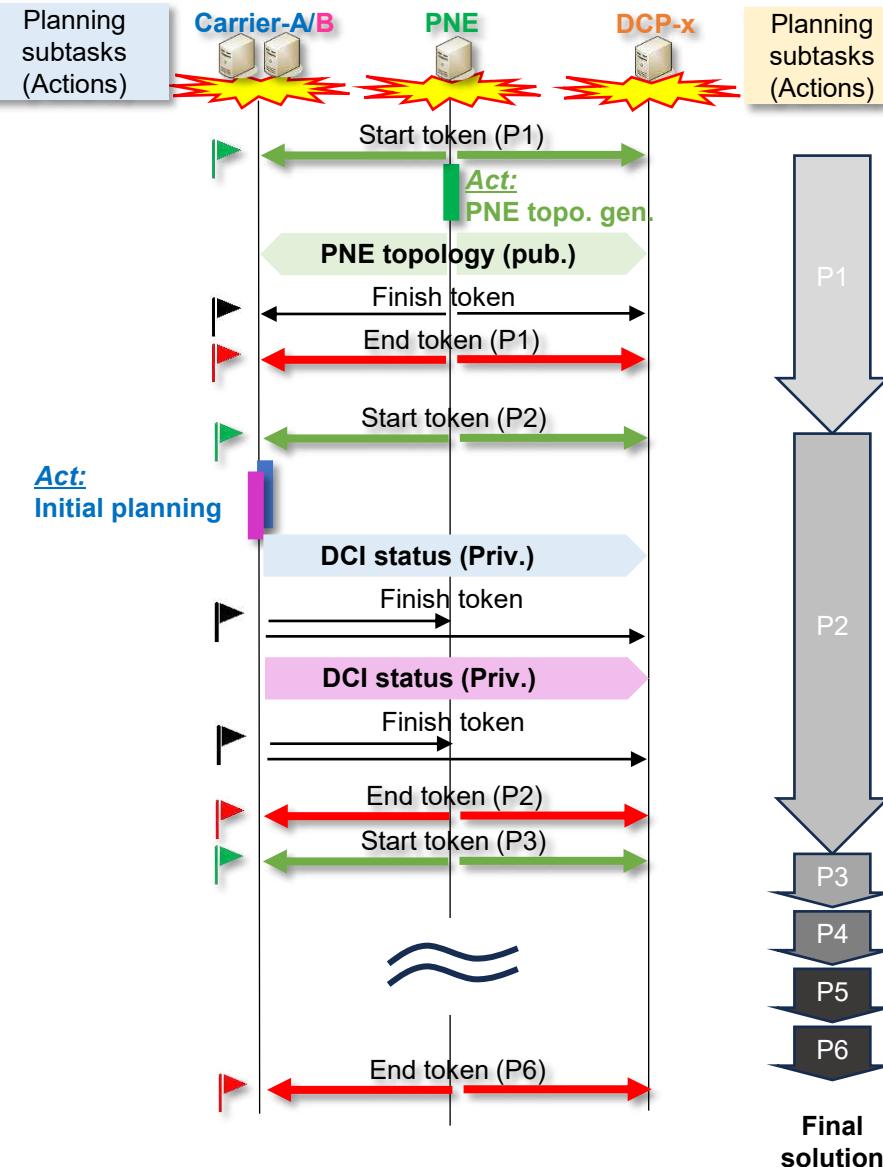
Stakeholders: Carrier-A/B, DCP-x, PNE

State Machine: Pytransitions, a lightweight, object-oriented finite-state machine (OSS)

Block Chain: HyperLedger Fabric (OSS)

[1] S. Sahoo et al., "Datacenter-carrier cooperation over optical networks during disaster recovery," in Proc. OFC2022, Mar. 2022.

Observation on Running Time



A) MCP running time via block chain < 3 min

- Signaling
 - Start token
 - Finish token
 - End token
- Data sharing
 - Public
 - Private

B) Recovery planning time < 15 min

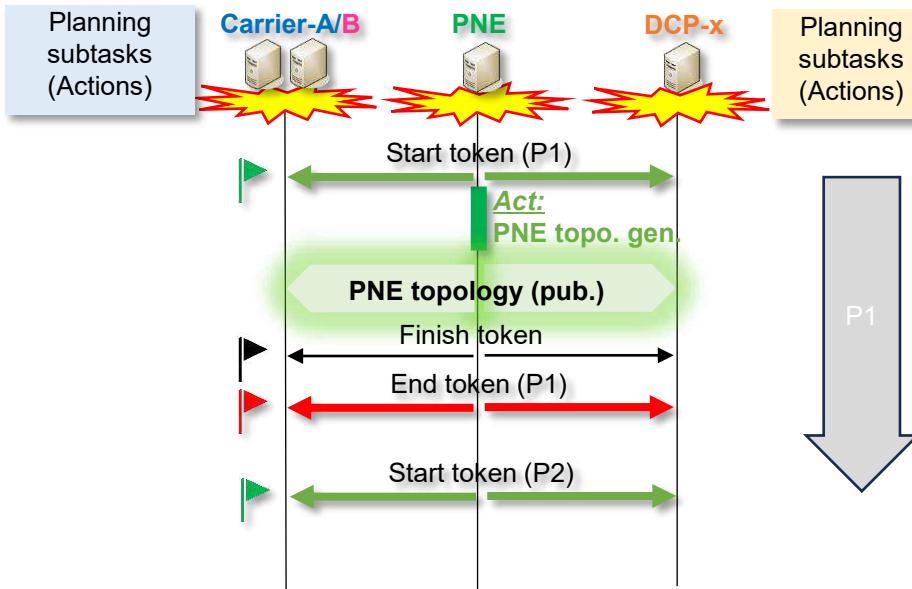
- Carrier-A/B
- DCP-x
- PNE

Time for cooperative planning with MCP: **In the order of minutes**



Time for manually performed recovery tasks in carrier networks:
In the order of hours, days, even months

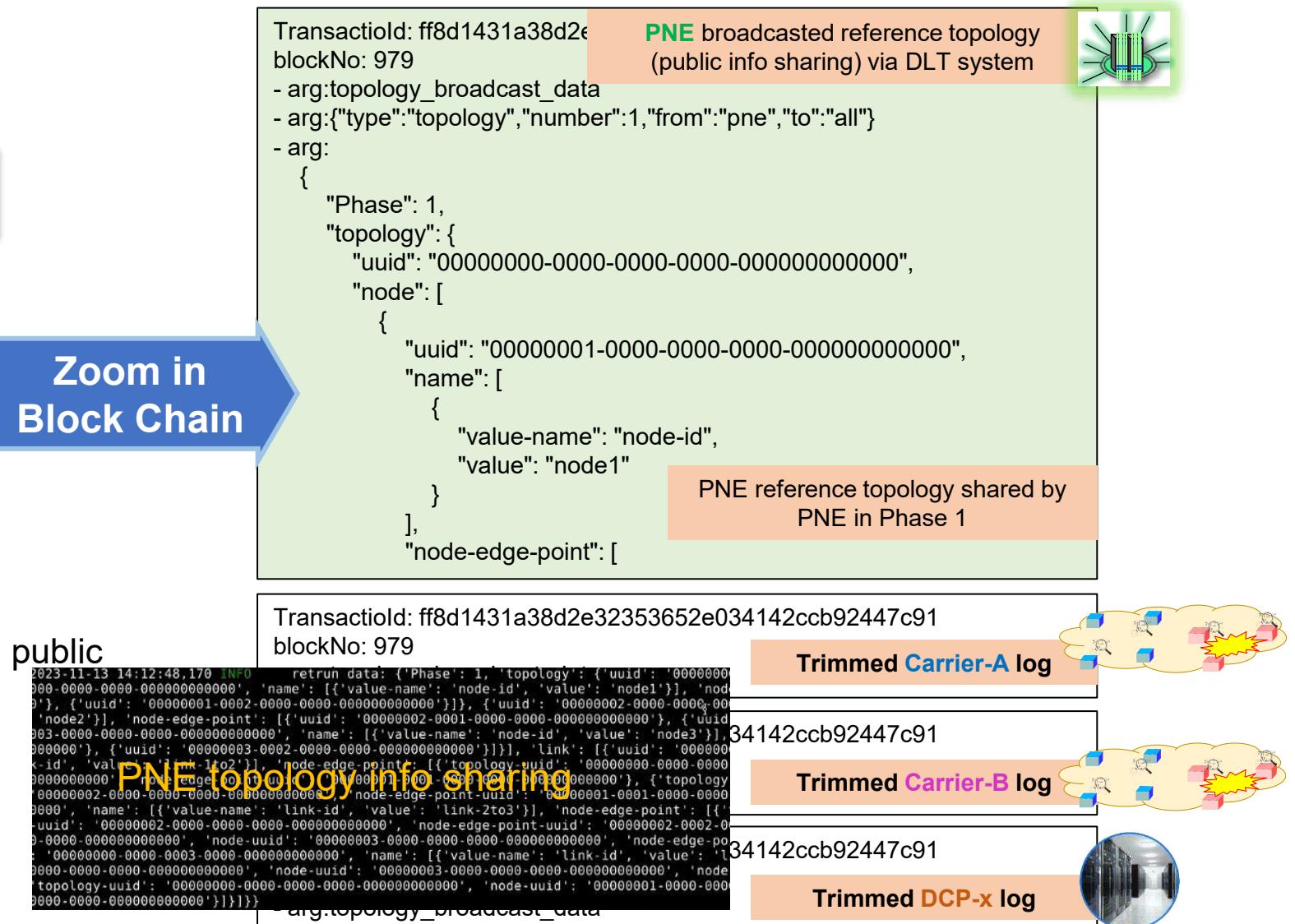
Behavior of MCP via Block Chain for Open/Fair Public Info Sharing



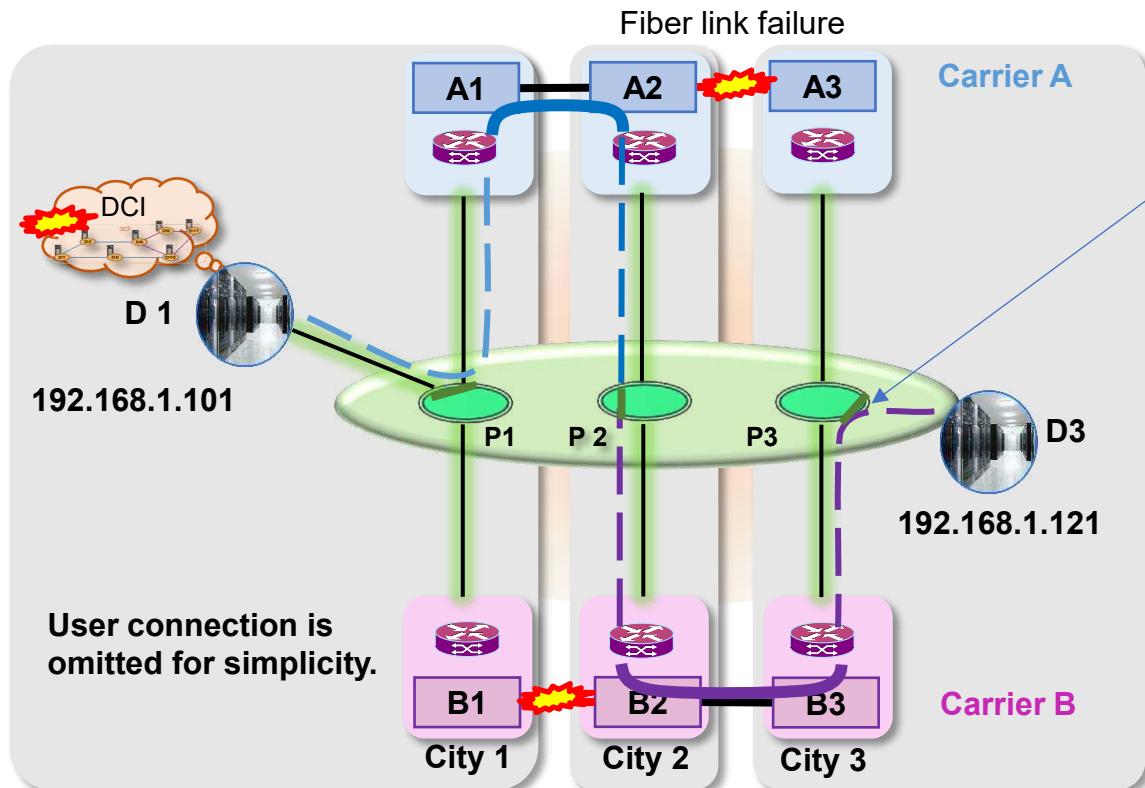
Example: PNE topology sharing in Phase 1 with public <chaincode> from PNE to all stakeholders

Maximum block size: 10MB

Total generated blocks: tens of blocks



Failure/Disaster:
Enhanced resilience of ecosystems



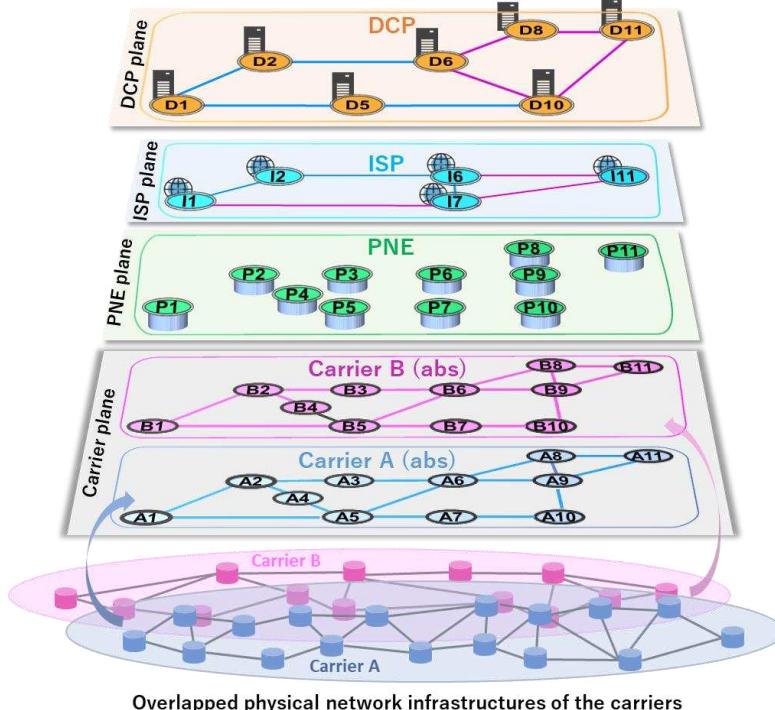
Detoured DCI connection via Carrier-A/B surviving resource by DCP-Carrier Coop.

```
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22237 ttl=64 time=8.51 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22238 ttl=64 time=9.00 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22239 ttl=64 time=8.34 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22240 ttl=64 time=8.16 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22241 ttl=64 time=8.50 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22242 ttl=64 time=7.90 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22243 ttl=64 time=8.24 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22244 ttl=64 time=8.41 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22245 ttl=64 time=8.01 ms
54 bytes from 192.168.1.121: icmp_seq=22246 ttl=64 time=15.1 ms
```

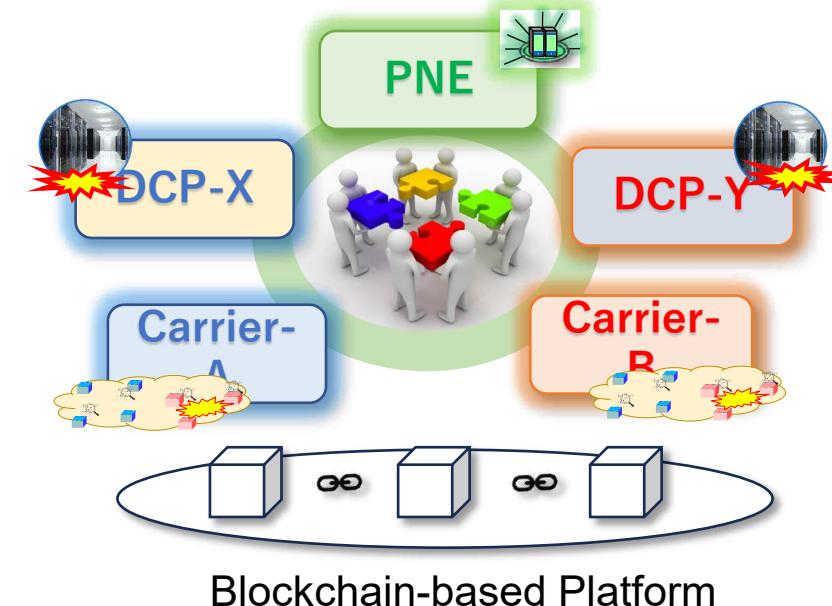
Summary

- Problem of multi-entity cooperation for efficient network-cloud recovery

Modeling study



Platform study



- Modeling study:
 - Revealed the potential of cooperation among different entities to achieve efficient recovery **even with limited visibility!**
- Platform study:
 - Verified a blockchain-based platform (MCP) for supporting the **Open and Fair cooperation** among different entities!

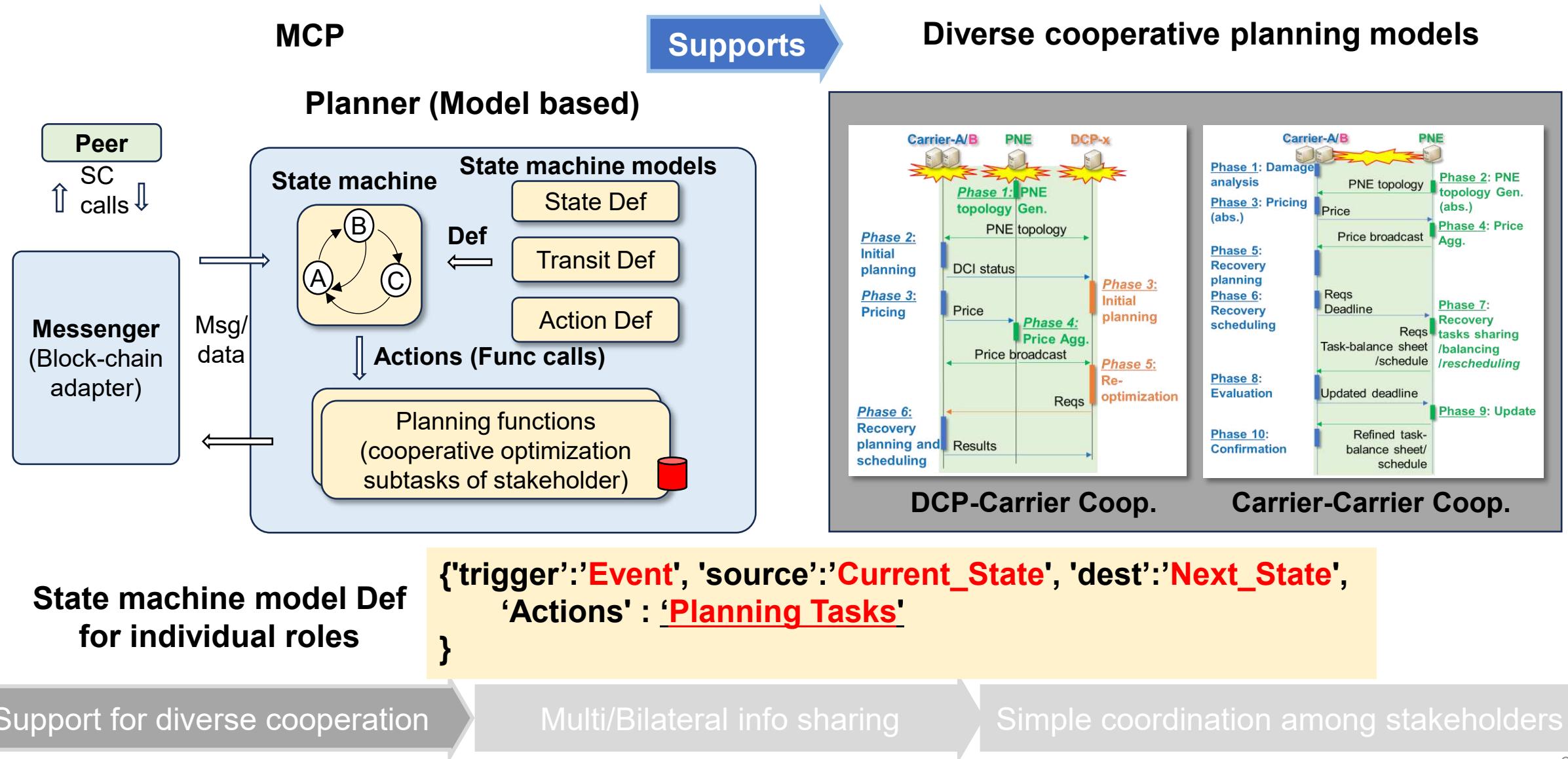
Thank you very much!

Acknowledgements

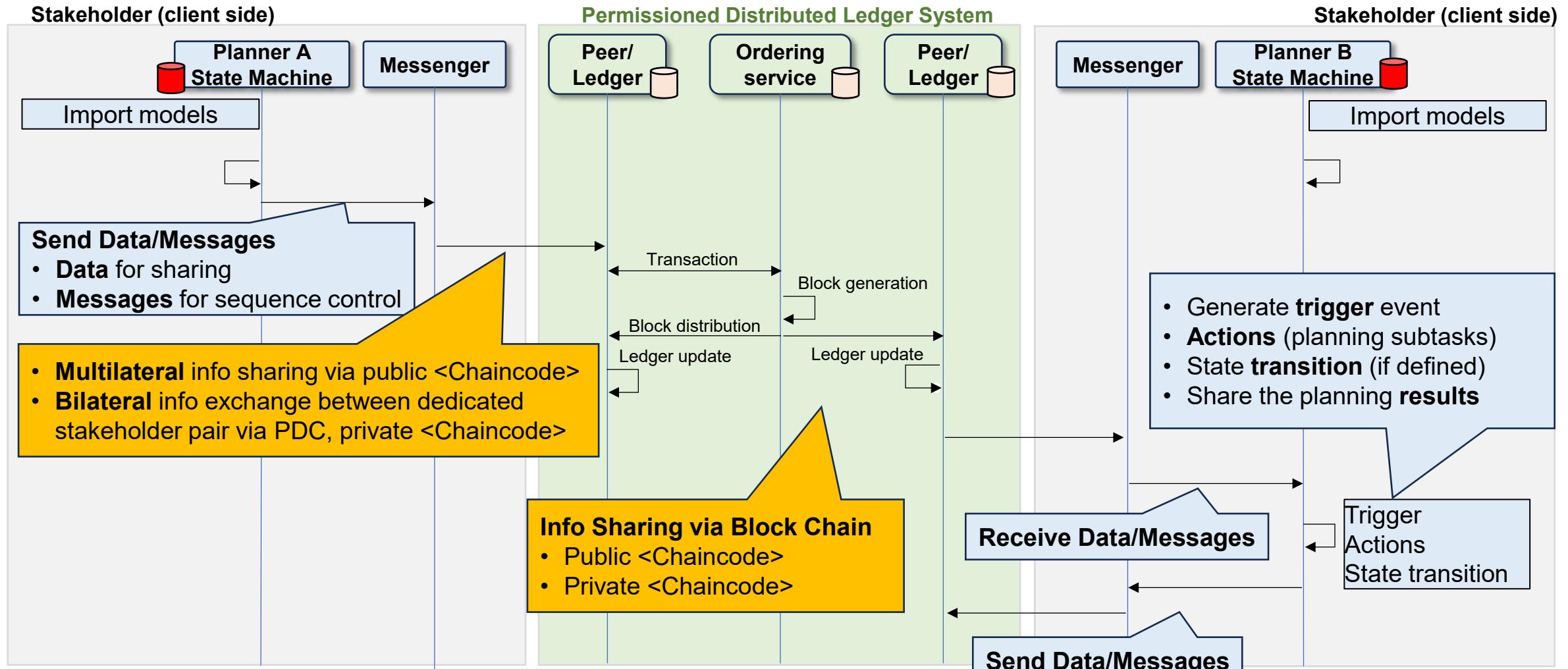
This work is supported in part by US-Japan JUNO3 project: NSF Grant no. 2210384.

Special thanks to our community for giving us such a great opportunity for sharing our cooperation works!

State-Machine-based Planner and Model-Driven Cooperation



Multilateral (Public) and Bilateral (Private) Info Sharing/Exchanging via Block Chain



Support for diverse cooperation

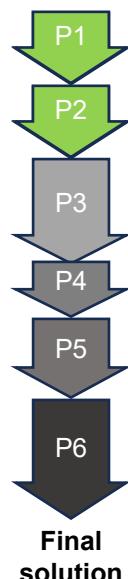
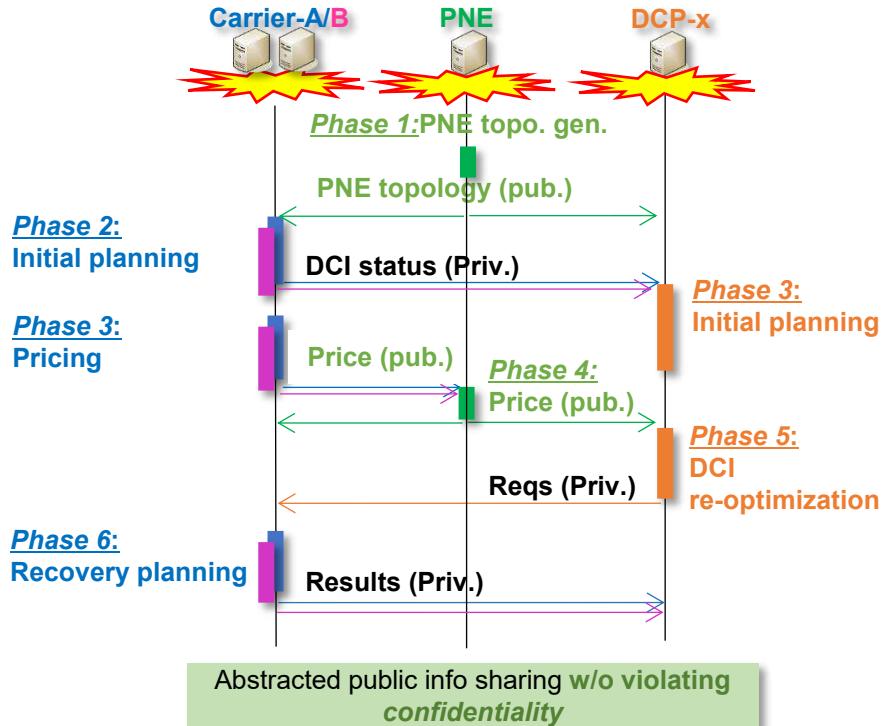
Multi/Bilateral info sharing

Simple coordination among stakeholders

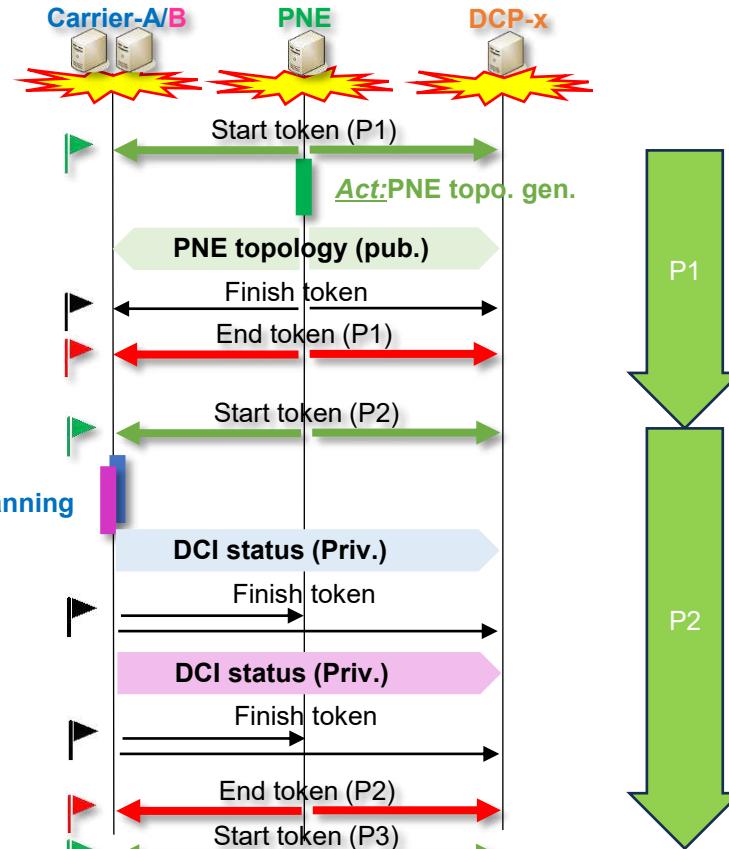
Simple Coordination among Stakeholders for Large-Scale Cooperation

Phase Shift during Cooperative Planning

Need coordination



Token-based Signals Drive State Transition/Action/Info Sharing



Support for diverse cooperation

Multi/Bilateral info sharing

Simple coordination among stakeholders