



Search for a heavy Higgs boson decaying into a Z boson and another heavy Higgs boson in the $\ell\ell b\bar{b}$ final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

The ATLAS Collaboration*

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ABSTRACT

A search for a heavy neutral Higgs boson, A , decaying into a Z boson and another heavy Higgs boson, H , is performed using a data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 36.1 fb^{-1} from proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV recorded in 2015 and 2016 by the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider. The search considers the Z boson decaying to electrons or muons and the H boson into a pair of b -quarks. No evidence for the production of an A boson is found. Considering each production process separately, the 95% confidence-level upper limits on the $pp \rightarrow A \rightarrow ZH$ production cross-section times the branching ratio $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ are in the range of 14–830 fb for the gluon–gluon fusion process and 26–570 fb for the b -associated process for the mass ranges 130–700 GeV of the H boson and 230–800 GeV of the A boson. The results are interpreted in the context of two-Higgs-doublet models.

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1. Introduction

After the discovery of a Higgs boson at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) [1,2], one of the most important remaining questions is whether the recently discovered particle is part of an extended scalar sector or not. Additional Higgs bosons appear in all models with an extended scalar sector, such as the two-Higgs-doublet model (2HDM) [3,4]. Such extensions are motivated by, and included in, several new physics scenarios, such as supersymmetry [5], dark matter [6] and axion [7] models, electroweak baryogenesis [8] and neutrino mass models [9].

The addition of a second Higgs doublet leads to five Higgs bosons after electroweak symmetry breaking. The phenomenology of such a model is very rich and depends on many parameters, such as the ratio of the vacuum expectation values of the two Higgs doublets ($\tan\beta$), and the Yukawa couplings of the scalar sector [4]. When CP conservation is assumed, the model contains two CP-even Higgs bosons, h and H with $m_H > m_h$, one CP-odd, A , and two charged scalars, $H^\pm$. There have been many searches for the heavy neutral Higgs bosons of the 2HDM at the LHC, including $H \rightarrow WW/ZZ$ [10–13], $A/H \rightarrow \tau\tau/b\bar{b}$ [14–16], $A \rightarrow Zh$ [17, 18] and $H \rightarrow hh$ [19,20]. For the interpretation of these searches it is usually assumed that the heavy Higgs bosons, H and A , are degenerate in mass, i.e. $m_A = m_H$.

This assumption of mass degeneracy is relaxed in this Letter by assuming $m_A > m_H$. Such a case is motivated by electroweak baryogenesis scenarios in the context of the 2HDM [21–24]. For 2HDM electroweak baryogenesis to occur, the requirement $m_A > m_H$ is favoured [21] for a strong first-order phase transition to take place in the early universe. The A boson mass is also bounded from above to be less than approximately 800 GeV, whereas the lighter CP-even Higgs boson, h , is required to have properties similar to those of a Standard Model (SM) Higgs boson and is assumed to be the Higgs boson with mass of 125 GeV that was discovered at the LHC [21]. Under such conditions and for large parts of the 2HDM parameter space, the CP-odd Higgs boson, A , decays into ZH [25,21]. The production of the A boson in the relevant 2HDM parameter space proceeds mainly through gluon–gluon fusion and b -associated production at the LHC.

This search for $A \rightarrow ZH$ decays uses proton–proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 36.1 fb^{-1} recorded by the ATLAS detector at the LHC. The search considers only $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$, where $\ell = e, \mu$, to take advantage of the clean leptonic final state, and $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, because of its large branching ratio. This final state allows full reconstruction of the A boson's decay kinematics. The reconstruction of the A boson's invariant mass uses the assumed value of the mass of the H boson to improve its resolution. The final state is also categorised by the presence of two or three b -tagged jets to take advantage of the b -associated production mechanism. The CMS Collaboration has published a similar search at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV [26]. This Letter reports the result of a search at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, which extends the

* E-mail address: atlas.publications@cern.ch.

previous search by considering explicitly the gluon–gluon fusion and b -associated production processes as well as both narrow and wide widths of the A boson.

2. ATLAS detector

The ATLAS detector is a general-purpose particle detector, described in detail in Ref. [27]. It includes an inner detector surrounded by a 2 T superconducting solenoid, electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters and a muon spectrometer with a toroidal magnetic field. The inner detector consists of a high-granularity silicon pixel detector, including the insertable B-layer [28] installed in 2014, a silicon microstrip detector, and a straw-tube tracker. It provides precision tracking of charged particles with pseudorapidity $|\eta| < 2.5$.¹ The calorimeter system covers the pseudorapidity range $|\eta| < 4.9$. It is composed of sampling calorimeters with either liquid argon or scintillator tiles as the active medium. The muon spectrometer provides muon identification and measurement for $|\eta| < 2.7$. A two-level trigger system [29] is employed to select events for offline analysis, which reduced the average recorded collision rate to about 1 kHz.

3. Data and simulation

The data used in this search were collected during 2015 and 2016 from $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV proton–proton collisions and correspond to an integrated luminosity of 36.1 fb^{-1} , which includes only data-taking periods where all relevant detector subsystems were operational. The data sample was collected using a set of single-muon and single-electron triggers. The lowest- p_T trigger thresholds depend on the data-taking period and are in the range of 20–26 GeV for the single-muon triggers and 24–26 GeV for the single-electron triggers.

Simulated signal events with A bosons produced by gluon–gluon fusion were generated at leading order with MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO 2.3.3 [30,31] using PYTHIA 8.210 [32] with a set of tuned parameters called the A14 tune [33] for parton showering. For the generation of A bosons produced in association with b -quarks, MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO 2.1.2 [31,34,35] was used following Ref. [36] together with PYTHIA 8.212 and the A14 tune for parton showering. The gluon–gluon fusion production used NNPDF2.3LO [37] as the parton distribution functions (PDF), while the b -associated production used CT10nlo_nf4 [38]. The signal samples were generated for A bosons with masses in the range of 230–800 GeV and widths up to 20% of the mass and for narrow-width H bosons with masses in the range of 130–700 GeV.

Background events from the production of W and Z bosons in association with jets were simulated with SHERPA 2.2.1 [39] using the NNPDF3.0NNLO PDF set [40]. Top-quark-pair production was simulated with PowHEG-Box v2 [41–43] and the CT10nlo PDF set [38], while the electroweak single-top-quark production was simulated with PowHEG-Box v1 and the fixed four-flavour PDF set CT10nlo_f4 [38]. The parton shower was performed with PYTHIA 6.428 [44] using the Perugia 2012 set of tuned parameters [45]. The production of top-quark pairs in association with a vector boson was simulated using MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO 2.2.3 and the NNPDF3.0NNLO PDF set, whereas PYTHIA 8.186 was used

for the parton shower with the A14 tune. Production of WW , ZZ and WZ pairs was simulated using SHERPA 2.2.1 and the NNPDF3.0NNLO PDF set. Finally, SM Higgs boson production in association with a Z boson was generated with PowHEG-Box v2 and the NNPDF3.0NNLO PDF set, whereas the parton shower was performed with PYTHIA 8.186 using the AZNLO tune [46].

The modelling of bottom- and charm-hadron decays was performed with the EvtGen v1.2.0 package [47] for all samples apart from those simulated with SHERPA. The simulated events were overlaid with inelastic proton–proton collisions to account for the effect of multiple interactions occurring in the same and neighbouring bunch crossings ('pile-up'). These events were generated using PYTHIA 8 with the A2 tune [48] and the MSTW2008LO PDF set [49]. The events were reweighted so that the distribution of the average number of interactions per bunch crossing agreed with the data.

All generated background samples were passed through the GEANT4-based [50] detector simulation [51] of the ATLAS detector. The ATLFast2 simulation [51] was used for the signal samples to allow for the generation of many different A and H boson masses. The simulated events were reconstructed in the same way as the data.

4. Object reconstruction

Electrons are reconstructed from energy clusters in the electromagnetic calorimeter that are matched to tracks in the inner detector [52]. Electrons are required to have $|\eta| < 2.47$ and $p_T > 7$ GeV. To distinguish electrons from jets, isolation and quality requirements are applied [53]. The isolation requirements (the 'LooseTrackOnly' working point) are defined by the p_T of tracks within cones around the electron with a size that decreases as a function of the transverse energy. The quality requirements (the 'Loose' working point) refer to both the inner detector track and the calorimeter shower shape. The efficiency for an electron to be reconstructed and meet these criteria is about 85% for electron $p_T > 7$ GeV and increases to about 90% for $p_T > 27$ GeV.

Muons are reconstructed by matching tracks reconstructed in the inner detector to tracks or track segments in the muon spectrometer [54]. Muons used for this search must have $|\eta| < 2.5$ and $p_T > 7$ GeV, and are required to satisfy 'LooseTrackOnly' isolation requirements, similar to those used for electrons, as well as inner detector and muon spectrometer track 'Loose' quality criteria, corresponding to an efficiency of about 97%.

Jets are reconstructed using the anti- k_t algorithm [55,56] with radius parameter $R = 0.4$ from clusters of energy deposits in the calorimeter system [57]. Candidate jets are required to have $p_T > 20$ GeV ($p_T > 30$ GeV) for $|\eta| < 2.5$ ($2.5 < |\eta| < 4.5$). Low- p_T jets from pile-up are rejected by a multivariate algorithm that uses properties of the reconstructed tracks in the event [58].

Jets containing b -hadrons are selected using a multivariate tagging algorithm (b -tagging) [59,60]. The energy of the tagged jet (b -jet) is corrected for the average energy loss from semileptonic decays of b -hadrons and out-of-jet-cone tracks with large impact parameters [61]. The b -tagging efficiency for the jet p_T range used in this analysis is between 65% and 75%. Applying the b -tagging algorithm reduces the number of light-flavour (c -quark) jets by a factor of 250–550 (10–20), depending on the jet kinematics.

When electrons, muons and jets are spatially close, these algorithms can lead to ambiguous identifications. An overlap removal procedure [61] is therefore applied to uniquely identify these objects.

The missing transverse momentum, E_T^{miss} , is computed using reconstructed and calibrated leptons, photons and jets [62]. Tracks

¹ ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the beam pipe. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle, θ , as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$. Transverse momenta are computed from the three-momenta, $\vec{p}$, as $p_T = |\vec{p}| \sin \theta$.

Table 1

Summary of the event selection for signal and control regions.

Single-electron or single-muon trigger		
Exactly 2 leptons (e or μ) ($p_T > 7$ GeV) with the leading one having $p_T > 27$ GeV		
Opposite electric charge for $\mu\mu$ or $e\mu$ pairs; $80 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell}$, $m_{e\mu} < 100 \text{ GeV}$, $\ell = e, \mu$		
At least 2 b -jets ($p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$) with one of them having $p_T > 45 \text{ GeV}$		
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/\sqrt{H_T} < 3.5 \text{ GeV}^{1/2}$, $\sqrt{\Sigma p_T^2}/m_{\ell\ell bb} > 0.4$		
	$n_b = 2$ category	$n_b \geq 3$ category
	Exactly 2 b -tagged jets	At least 3 b -tagged jets
Signal region	ee or $\mu\mu$ pair $0.85 \cdot m_H - 20 \text{ GeV} < m_{bb} < m_H + 20 \text{ GeV}$	ee or $\mu\mu$ pair $0.85 \cdot m_H - 25 \text{ GeV} < m_{bb} < m_H + 50 \text{ GeV}$
Top control region	$e\mu$ pair $0.85 \cdot m_H - 20 \text{ GeV} < m_{bb} < m_H + 20 \text{ GeV}$	$2le\mu$ pair $0.85 \cdot m_H - 25 \text{ GeV} < m_{bb} < m_H + 50 \text{ GeV}$
Z+jets control region	ee or $\mu\mu$ pair $m_{bb} < 0.85 \cdot m_H - 20 \text{ GeV}$ or $m_{bb} > m_H + 20 \text{ GeV}$	ee or $\mu\mu$ pair $m_{bb} < 0.85 \cdot m_H - 25 \text{ GeV}$ or $m_{bb} > m_H + 50 \text{ GeV}$

from the primary vertex² which are not associated with any identified lepton or jet are also taken into account in the E_T^{miss} reconstruction [63].

5. Event selection

The decay $A \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow \ell\ell bb$ features a pair of oppositely charged, same flavour leptons and two b -jets. Three resonances can be formed by combining the selected objects: the Z boson ($\ell\ell$), the H boson (bb) and the A boson ($\ell\ell bb$). Moreover, additional b -jets may be present if the A boson is produced via the b -associated production mechanism. These features are used to define the event selection as summarised in Table 1.

The events recorded by the single-muon and the single-electron triggers are required to contain exactly two muons or two electrons, respectively. At least one of the leptons must have $p_T > 27 \text{ GeV}$. Only events that contain a primary vertex with at least two associated tracks with $p_T > 400 \text{ MeV}$ [64] are considered. In the case of muons, they are required to have opposite electric charges. No such requirement is applied to electrons due to their non-negligible charge misidentification rates resulting from conversions of bremsstrahlung photons. The invariant mass of the lepton pair, $m_{\ell\ell}$, must be in the range of $80\text{--}100 \text{ GeV}$ to be compatible with the mass of the Z boson.

The $H \rightarrow bb$ decay is reconstructed by requiring at least two b -jets with the highest- p_T one having $p_T > 45 \text{ GeV}$. When more than two b -jets are present, the two highest- p_T b -jets are considered to be from the H decay. Requiring b -jets increases the fraction of top-quark background in the signal region, including top-quark pair and single-top-quark production. This is reduced by requiring $E_T^{\text{miss}}/\sqrt{H_T} < 3.5 \text{ GeV}^{1/2}$, where H_T is the scalar sum of the p_T of all jets and leptons in the event. In addition, a requirement that reduces the Z+jets background is also applied: $\sqrt{\Sigma p_T^2}/m_{\ell\ell bb} > 0.4$, where $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ is the four-body invariant mass of the two-lepton, two- b -jet system assigned to the A boson and the summation is performed over the p_T of these objects.

Subsequently, two categories are defined: the $n_b = 2$ category, which contains events with exactly two b -jets, and the $n_b \geq 3$ category, which contains events with three or more b -jets. For the gluon-gluon fusion production, 94%–97% of the events passing the above selection fall into the $n_b = 2$ category, depending on the assumed m_A and m_H . However for the b -associated production, 27%–36% fall into the $n_b \geq 3$ category. The remaining b -associated produced signal events are categorised as $n_b = 2$ events, even though more than two b -jets are expected, due to the relatively

soft p_T spectrum of the associated b -jets and the geometric acceptance of the tracker.

Finally, the invariant mass of the two leading b -jets, m_{bb} , must be compatible with the assumed H boson mass by satisfying the requirement of $0.85 \cdot m_H - 20 \text{ GeV} < m_{bb} < m_H + 20 \text{ GeV}$ for the $n_b = 2$ category, and $0.85 \cdot m_H - 25 \text{ GeV} < m_{bb} < m_H + 50 \text{ GeV}$ for the $n_b \geq 3$ category. The wider window for $n_b \geq 3$ is motivated by a slightly degraded resolution due to potential b -jet mis-assignments (see later). The overall signal efficiency of the $n_b = 2$ category after this requirement is 5%–11% (3%–7%) for gluon-gluon fusion (b -associated production), depending on the m_A and m_H values. Similarly, the efficiency of the $n_b \geq 3$ category is 2%–4% for the b -associated production. The signal region selection is summarised in Table 1.

The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distribution after the m_{bb} requirement is used to discriminate between signal and background. To improve the $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ resolution, the bb system's four-momentum components are scaled to match the assumed H boson mass and the $\ell\ell$ system's four-momentum components are scaled to match the Z boson mass. This procedure, performed after the event selection, improves the $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ resolution by a factor of two without significantly distorting the background distributions, resulting in an A boson mass resolution of 0.3%–4%.

The dominant backgrounds after these selections are from Z+jets and top-quark production. For top-quark-pair production, a very pure ($> 99\%$ of predicted events) control region is used to determine the normalisation of the background, whereas its shape in the signal region is taken from the simulation. This control region is defined by keeping the same selection as discussed previously, apart from an opposite-flavour lepton criterion, i.e., an opposite-charge $e\mu$ pair is required instead of an ee or $\mu\mu$ pair (see also Table 1). The shape of the Z+jets background distribution is obtained from simulation and the normalisation is extracted from data together with the signal (see also Section 7). This procedure is possible because of the very different shapes of the $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distributions from signal and Z+jets events. The normalisation of the Z+jets production is further constrained by a control region defined by inverting the m_{bb} window criterion for each H boson mass hypothesis (see also Table 1). The control regions are distinct for the $n_b = 2$ and the $n_b \geq 3$ categories, since the accuracy of the background simulation depends on the number of b -jets present in the event. Backgrounds from diboson, single top, and Higgs boson production, as well as top-quark-pair production in association with a vector boson, give a typical contribution of $\sim 5\%$ to the total background. Their shapes are taken from simulation, whereas they are normalised using precise inclusive cross-sections calculated from theory. The diboson samples are normalised using next-to-next-to-leading-order (NNLO) cross-sections [65–68]. Single-top-quark production and top-quark-pair production in association with vector bosons are normalised to next-to-leading-order (NLO)

² The primary vertex is taken to be the reconstructed vertex with the highest Σp_T^2 of the associated tracks.

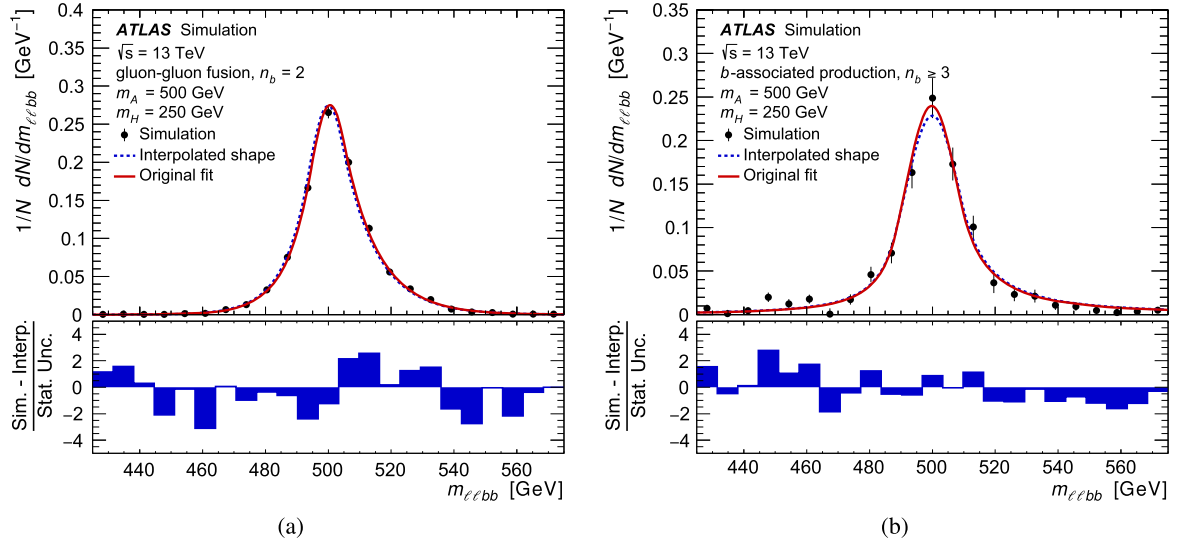


Fig. 1. Simulated signal $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ distributions (closed circles) assuming $m_A = 500$ GeV and $m_H = 250$ GeV for the following cases: (a) the gluon–gluon fusion in the $n_b = 2$ category and (b) b -associated production in the $n_b \geq 3$ category. Signal parameterisations are overlaid for comparison. The solid curves are from parameter values obtained directly from the fits to the simulated distributions, whereas the dashed curves use the interpolated parameter values. The differences between the simulation and the interpolated shape divided by the statistical uncertainties of the simulation are shown in the bottom panels. The distributions for the $n_b = 2$ category of the b -associated production are similar to the $n_b \geq 3$ shape shown.

cross-sections from Refs. [69–71] and Ref. [31], respectively. The normalisation of the Higgs boson production in association with a vector boson follows the recommendations of Ref. [36] using NNLO QCD and NLO electroweak corrections.

6. Signal modelling

The good $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ mass resolution together with the fact that theory models often predict A bosons with large widths inflates the number of signal mass and width hypotheses that need to be considered. For this reason, the $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ distributions are taken from simulation of a limited number of (m_A, m_H) mass points and an interpolation using analytical functions is employed for the rest.

The $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ distributions for A bosons produced by gluon–gluon fusion and with negligible widths compared with the experimental resolution are found to be adequately described by the *ExpGauss-Exp* (EGE) function [72]:

$$f_{\text{EGE}}(m; a, \sigma, k_L, k_H) = \begin{cases} e^{\frac{1}{2}k_L^2 + k_L(\frac{m-a}{\sigma})} & \text{for } \frac{m-a}{\sigma} \leq -k_L \\ e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{m-a}{\sigma})^2} & \text{for } -k_L < \frac{m-a}{\sigma} \leq k_H \\ e^{\frac{1}{2}k_H^2 - k_H(\frac{m-a}{\sigma})} & \text{for } \frac{m-a}{\sigma} > k_H \end{cases}$$

On the other hand, $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ distributions for A bosons from b -associated production, also with negligible widths compared with the experimental resolution, are better described by a double-Gaussian Crystal Ball (DSCB) function [73]:

$$f_{\text{DSCB}}(m; a, \sigma, k_L, k_H, n_1, n_2) = \begin{cases} g(m; a, -\sigma, k_L, n_1) \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2}k_L^2} & \text{for } \frac{m-a}{\sigma} \leq -k_L \\ e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{m-a}{\sigma})^2} & \text{for } -k_L < \frac{m-a}{\sigma} \leq k_H \\ g(m; a, \sigma, k_H, n_2) \cdot e^{\frac{1}{2}k_H^2} & \text{for } \frac{m-a}{\sigma} > k_H \end{cases}$$

where $g(m; a, \sigma, k, n) = [(|k|/n)(n/|k| - |k| + (m-a)/\sigma)]^{-n}$. Both functions consist of a Gaussian core with mean a and variance σ^2 , whereas the rest of the parameters (k_L, k_H, n_1, n_2) describe the tails. The DSCB function describes better than the EGE function the slightly longer tails of the mass distribution of the b -associated

production compared to gluon–gluon fusion. This is due to the few cases in which the b -quark produced in association with the Higgs boson is taken to be one of the b -quarks from the Higgs boson decay. The values of the function parameters are extracted from unbinned maximum-likelihood fits to the simulated $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ distributions. The core mean, a , is parameterised using a linear function of m_A . The core width, σ , is observed to monotonically increase with $\Delta m \equiv m_A - m_H$ and is parameterised with a third-degree polynomial. The rest of the parameters are largely constant and are fixed to their average values from the fits, with the exception of mass points with $\Delta m = 100$ GeV. The distributions at mass points with $\Delta m = 100$ GeV correspond to the smallest mass splitting considered in this search and are close to the kinematic cutoff. Their non-core parameters are fixed to the average fit values obtained from signal samples with this mass splitting only. As an example of the performance of this procedure, Fig. 1 shows a comparison for the $(m_A, m_H) = (500, 250)$ GeV mass point between the simulated distributions and the parametric functions described previously. The cores of the $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ distributions are well-parameterised by the chosen functional forms. The small differences seen in the tails of some distributions between the functional forms and the simulations have only negligible effects on the final results, and moreover they are included as a source of systematic uncertainty.

The previously described parameterisation applies to signal samples generated with narrow-width A bosons. In some regions of 2HDM parameter space relevant to this analysis, the A boson's width is significant compared with the detector resolution while the H boson's width remains negligible. In order to model the $m_{\ell\ell b\bar{b}}$ shape of A bosons with large natural widths, a modified Breit–Wigner distribution³ is convolved with the EGE and DSCB functions. The procedure is validated by comparing the results of the convolution with those of the simulated samples of A bosons with large natural widths. Widths of up to 20% of the A boson mass are considered. An example of signal distributions with large natural widths is shown in Fig. 2 for the same signal points used in Fig. 1.

³ The modification is the multiplication of the Breit–Wigner distribution with a log-normal distribution to account for the distortion due to the event selection.

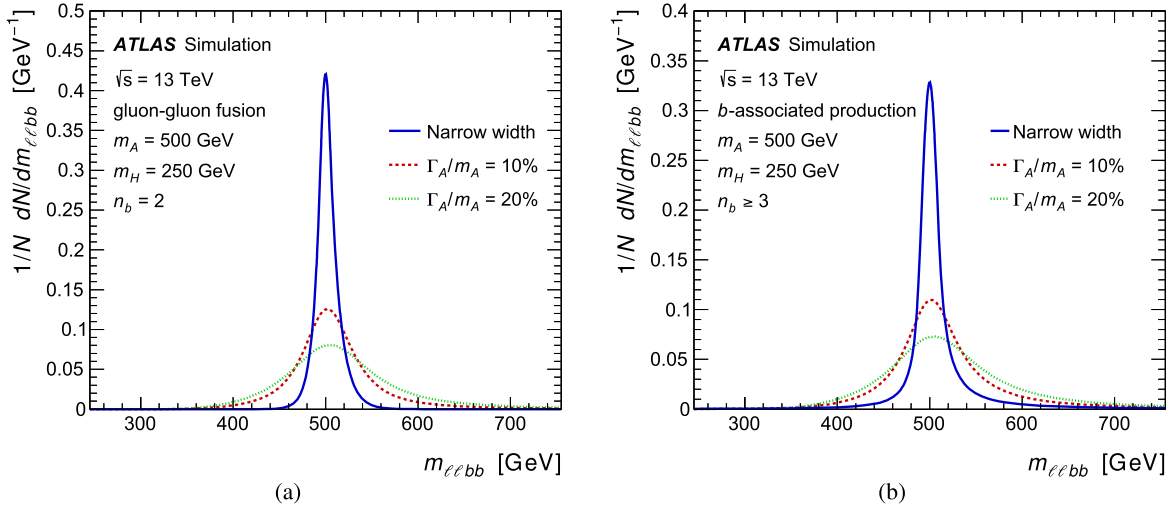


Fig. 2. The interpolated signal $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distribution shapes assuming $m_A = 500$ GeV and $m_H = 250$ GeV and various A boson widths for the following cases: (a) gluon-gluon fusion in the $n_b = 2$ category and (b) b -associated production in the $n_b \geq 3$ category. The distributions for the $n_b = 2$ category of the b -associated production are similar to the $n_b \geq 3$ shape shown.

Table 2

The effect of the most important sources of uncertainty on the signal-strength parameter at two example mass points of $(m_A, m_H) = (230, 130)$ GeV and $(m_A, m_H) = (700, 200)$ GeV for both the gluon-gluon fusion and b -associated production of a narrow-width A boson. The signal cross-sections are taken to be the expected median upper limits (see Section 8). JES and JER stand for jet energy scale and jet energy resolution, ‘Sim. stat.’ for simulation statistics, and ‘Bkg. model.’ for the background modelling.

Gluon-gluon fusion production				b -Associated production			
(230, 130) GeV		(700, 200) GeV		(230, 130) GeV		(700, 200) GeV	
Source	$\Delta\mu/\mu$ [%]	Source	$\Delta\mu/\mu$ [%]	Source	$\Delta\mu/\mu$ [%]	Source	$\Delta\mu/\mu$ [%]
Data stat.	32	Data stat.	49	Data stat.	35	Data stat.	46
Total syst.	36	Total syst.	22	Total syst.	38	Total syst.	26
Sim. stat.	22	Sim. stat.	10	Sim. stat.	26	Sim. stat.	12
Bkg. model.	16	Bkg. model.	10	b -tagging	14	Bkg. model.	11
JES/JER	12	Theory	9.1	JES/JER	11	b -tagging	10
b -tagging	9.9	b -tagging	8.5	Bkg. model.	9.8	Theory	6.8
Theory	7.5	Leptons	4.2	Theory	7.0	JES/JER	6.2

Finally, the signal efficiencies for the interpolated mass points are obtained through separate two-dimensional interpolations on the (m_A, m_H) plane using thin plate splines [74].

7. Fit model and systematic uncertainties

The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distribution is expected to exhibit a resonant structure if signal events are present, while background events result in a smooth shape. Therefore $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ is chosen as the final signal and background discriminating variable. The shape differences in the $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distribution between the signal and background contributions are exploited through binned maximum-likelihood fits of the signal-plus-background hypotheses to extract potential signal contributions. The fits are based on the statistical framework described in Refs. [75–77]. For a given mass hypothesis of (m_A, m_H) , the likelihood is constructed as the product of Poisson statistics in $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ bins:

$$L(\mu, \vec{\alpha}, \vec{\theta} | m_A, m_H) = \prod_{i=\text{bins}} \text{Poisson}\left(N_i \left| \left(\mu \times S_i(m_A, m_H, \vec{\theta}) + B_i(\vec{\alpha}, \vec{\theta}) \right) \right.\right) \cdot G(\vec{\theta}).$$

Here N_i is the number of observed events and $S_i(m_A, m_H, \vec{\theta})$ and $B_i(\vec{\alpha}, \vec{\theta})$ are the expected number of signal and estimated background events in bin i . The vector $\vec{\alpha}$ represents free background normalisation scale factors (described later) and vector $\vec{\theta}$ denotes

all non-explicitly listed parameters of the likelihood function such as nuisance parameters associated with systematic uncertainties. The function $G(\vec{\theta})$ represents constraints on $\vec{\theta}$. The parameter of interest, μ , is a multiplicative factor to the expected signal rate and is called the signal-strength parameter. The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ bin widths are chosen according to the expected detector resolution and taking into account the statistical uncertainty related to the number of background Monte Carlo events. The bin centres are adjusted such that at least 68% of the test signal is contained in one bin. Only the $n_b = 2$ category is considered for the gluon-gluon fusion production while both the $n_b = 2$ and $n_b \geq 3$ categories are included in the likelihood calculation for the b -associated production.

For each bin, S_i is calculated from the total integrated luminosity, the theoretical cross-section for the signal and its selection efficiency. The sum of all background contributions in the bin, B_i , is estimated from simulation. However, the $t\bar{t}$ and Z +jets control regions are included in the likelihood calculation as one bin each, to help constrain their respective contributions in the signal regions. This is achieved by introducing two free normalisation scale factors, represented by $\vec{\alpha}$, for each category for the two most relevant background contributions: one for $t\bar{t}$ and the other for the heavy-flavour component (Z +h.f.) of the Z +jets contribution. These scale factors are applied to their respective contributions estimated from the simulations and their values are determined from the fit. Typical values of scale factors are close to unity. Taking $(m_A, m_H) = (700, 200)$ GeV as an example, the Z +h.f. scale factor

is 1.12 ± 0.09 for the $n_b = 2$ category and 1.1 ± 0.2 for the $n_b \geq 3$ category. Similarly, the $t\bar{t}$ scale factors are 0.96 ± 0.06 and 1.2 ± 0.2 for the two corresponding categories.

Systematic uncertainties are incorporated in the likelihood as nuisance parameters with either Gaussian or log-normal constraint terms. They include both the experimental and theoretical sources of uncertainty. Experimental uncertainties comprise those in the luminosity measurement, trigger, object identification, energy/momentum scale and resolution as well as underlying event and pile-up modelling. These uncertainties, discussed in Refs. [61,10], impact the simulations of signal and background processes. Theoretical uncertainties include both the signal and background modelling. For the signal modelling, uncertainties due to the factorisation and renormalisation scale choice, the initial- and final-state radiation treatment and the PDF choice are considered. Additional systematic uncertainties are assigned to cover the differences in signal efficiencies and $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ parameter values between the interpolations and the simulations. For the background modelling, the most important sources of systematic uncertainty are from the modelling of the m_{bb} and the $p_T^{\ell\ell}$ distributions of Z +jets. They are taken to be the difference between the data and simulation of the selected samples before the event categorisation and the m_{bb} requirement. The samples are dominated by the Z +jets contribution, and any potential signal contamination is expected to be negligible. For other background processes, they are obtained by varying the factorisation and renormalisation scales, the amount of initial- and final-state radiation, and the choices of PDF parameterisations.

The effect of these systematic uncertainties on the search is studied using the signal-strength parameter μ for hypothesised signal production. Uncertainties having the largest impact depend on the choice of (m_A, m_H) signal point. Table 2 shows the relative uncertainties in the best-fit μ value from the leading sources of systematic uncertainty for two example mass points of both gluon–gluon fusion and b -associated production of a narrow-width A boson. The leading sources of systematic uncertainty are similar for other mass points studied and for larger A boson widths. For all cases, the limited size of the simulated samples has the largest impact on the search sensitivity among all the sources of systematic uncertainty. While systematic uncertainties and the statistical uncertainty of the data have comparable impact at low masses, the search sensitivity is mostly determined at high masses by the limited size of the data sample.

8. Results

The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distributions from different m_{bb} mass windows are scanned for potential excesses beyond the background expectations through signal-plus-background fits. The scan is performed in steps of 10 GeV for both the m_A range 230–800 GeV and the m_H range 130–700 GeV, such that $m_A - m_H \geq 100$ GeV. The step sizes are chosen to be compatible with the detector resolution for $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ and m_{bb} .

Fig. 3 shows the $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distributions in the $n_b = 2$ and $n_b \geq 3$ categories for the m_{bb} window defined for $m_H = 200$ GeV. The m_{bb} distributions before any m_{bb} window cut are also shown in this figure. The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distributions for two other m_{bb} windows, defined for $m_H = 300$ GeV and $m_H = 500$ GeV are shown in Fig. 4. In all cases, the data are found to be well described by the background model. The most significant excess for the gluon–gluon fusion production signal assumption is at the $(m_A, m_H) = (750, 610)$ GeV signal point, for which the local (global) significance [78] is 3.5 (2.0) standard deviations. For the b -associated production, the most significant excess is at the $(m_A, m_H) = (510, 130)$ GeV signal point, for which the local (global) significance is 3.0 (1.2) standard deviations.

The significances are calculated for each production process separately ignoring the contribution from the other.

In the absence of a statistically significant excess, constraints on the production of $A \rightarrow ZH$ followed by the $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decay are derived. The method of Ref. [79] is used to calculate 95% confidence level (CL) upper bounds on the product of cross-section and decay branching ratios, $\sigma \times \mathcal{B}(A \rightarrow ZH) \times \mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$, using the asymptotic approximation [77]. The upper limits are shown in Fig. 5 for a narrow-width A boson produced via gluon–gluon fusion and b -associated production. As for the significance calculations above, these limits are derived separately for each production process. For the gluon–gluon fusion limits, only the $n_b = 2$ category is used. For the b -associated production, both the $n_b = 2$ and $n_b \geq 3$ categories are used. The upper limit for gluon–gluon fusion varies from 14 fb for the $(m_A, m_H) = (800, 140)$ GeV signal point to 830 fb for the $(m_A, m_H) = (240, 130)$ GeV signal point. This is to be compared with the corresponding expected limits of 24.1 fb and 469 fb for these two signal points. For the b -associated production the upper limits vary from 26 fb for the $(m_A, m_H) = (780, 680)$ GeV signal point to 830 fb for the $(m_A, m_H) = (240, 130)$ GeV signal point with expected limits of 46 fb and 360 fb, respectively.

The results of the search are interpreted in the context of the 2HDM. For this interpretation, several assumptions are made to reduce the number of free parameters in the model. The charged Higgs boson is assumed to have the same mass as the A boson. The 2HDM parameter m_{12}^2 is fixed to $m_A^2 \tan\beta / (1 + \tan^2\beta)$. The lightest Higgs boson of the model, h , is assumed to have a mass of 125 GeV and its couplings are set to be the same as those of the SM Higgs boson, by choosing $\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0$. The widths of the A and H bosons are taken from the predictions of the 2HDM. The cross-sections for A boson production in the 2HDM are calculated using up to NNLO QCD corrections for gluon–gluon fusion and b -associated production in the five-flavour scheme as implemented in *SuSHi* [80–83]. For b -associated production a cross-section in the four-flavour scheme is also calculated as described in Refs. [84, 85] and the results are combined with the five-flavour scheme calculation following Ref. [86]. The Higgs boson widths and branching ratios are calculated using *2HDMC* [87]. The procedure for the calculation of the cross-sections and branching ratios, as well as for the choice of 2HDM parameters, follows Ref. [36].

Since both gluon–gluon fusion and b -associated production are expected, a new signal model weighted by the predicted cross sections of the two processes is built for every point tested in the 2HDM parameter space. Upper limits on $\sigma \times \mathcal{B}(A \rightarrow ZH) \times \mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ with σ here including contributions from both processes are recalculated and compared with the 2HDM predictions to derive the limits in the 2HDM parameter space. Fig. 6 shows the observed and expected limits for Type I, Type II, ‘lepton specific’ and ‘flipped’ 2HDMs in the (m_A, m_H) plane for various $\tan\beta$ values. Type-II and flipped show similar constraints because in these models the Yukawa couplings are the same for all fermions apart from leptons. The same holds when comparing Type-I and lepton-specific 2HDM, where the main reason for the difference in sensitivity is the increased significance of the $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ decay in the lepton-specific model. The gluon–gluon fusion production cross section decreases with increasing $\tan\beta$, which explains the loss of sensitivity in Type-I and lepton specific for large $\tan\beta$ values. In the case of Type-II and flipped, at large $\tan\beta$ values it is the b -associated production that dominates instead of the gluon–gluon fusion in this region. For instance the exclusion can reach up to $m_H \approx 400$ GeV at lower $\tan\beta$ (less than 10) and $m_H \approx 600$ GeV at higher $\tan\beta$ (more than 20). At low $\tan\beta$ values the Higgs boson branching fraction to $t\bar{t}$ becomes sizable, and this is what limits the sensitivity to below $m_H \approx 350$ GeV in all models examined here.

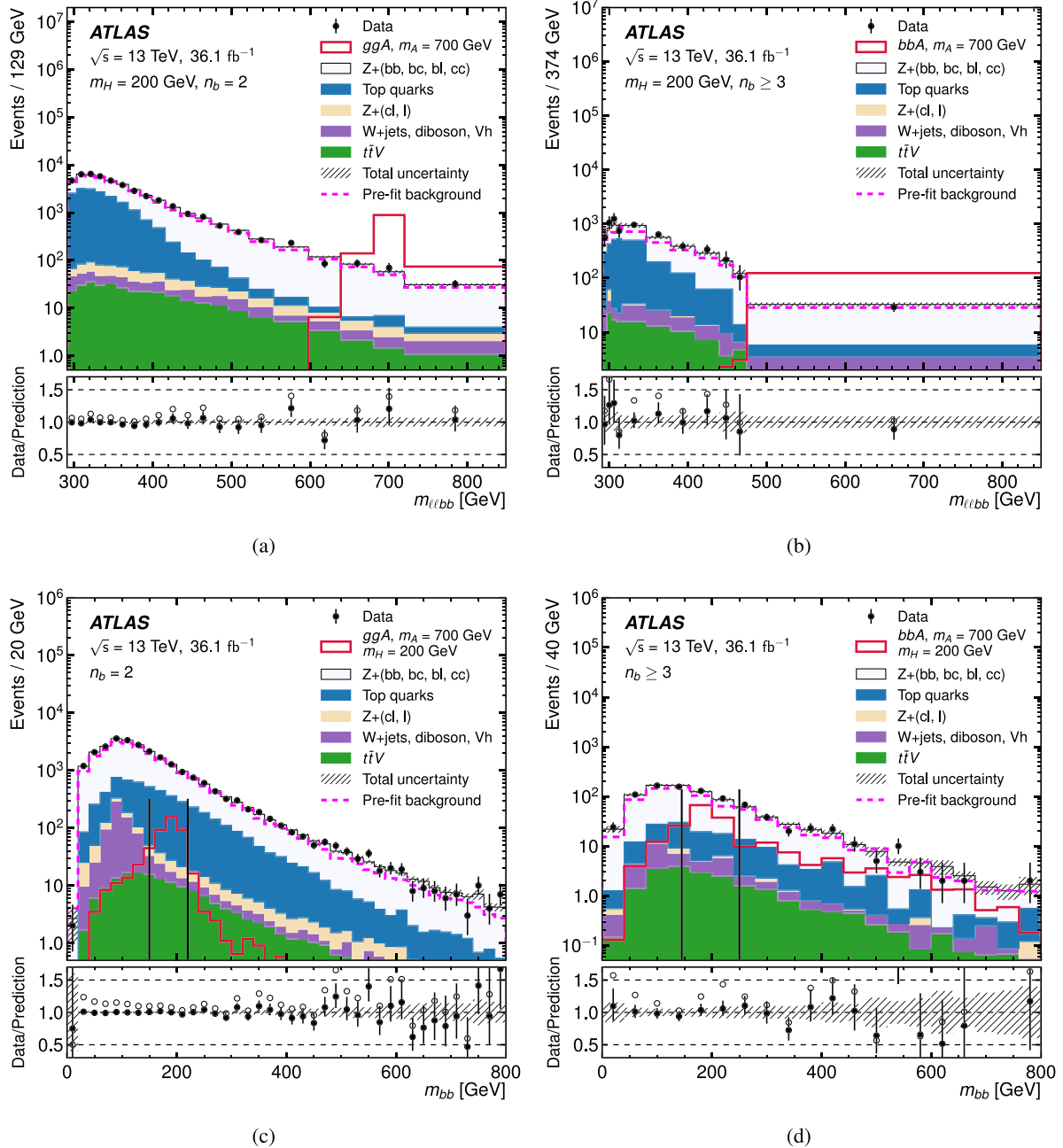


Fig. 3. The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ mass distribution for the m_{bb} window defined for $m_H = 200$ GeV for (a) the $n_b = 2$ and (b) the $n_b \geq 3$ category. The m_{bb} distribution before any m_{bb} window cuts is shown in (c) and (d) for the $n_b = 2$ and the $n_b \geq 3$ categories, respectively. Signal distributions for $m_A = 700$ GeV, $m_H = 200$ GeV are also shown for gluon-gluon fusion production in (a, c) and b -associated production in (b, d) assuming production cross-sections times the branching ratios $\mathcal{B}(A \rightarrow ZH)$ and $\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow bb)$ of 1 pb. The solid dots in the lower panels represent the ratio of the data to the post-fit background prediction, while the open circles are the ratio of the data to the pre-fit background prediction. In the m_{bb} distributions in (c, d) the m_{bb} window boundaries are also shown as vertical solid lines. The window efficiencies for the signals shown on the plots are about $(77.4 \pm 1.0)\%$ for (c) and $(58.3 \pm 2.6)\%$ for (d). The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ distributions in (a) and (b) use variable bin widths. The last bin is used as a reference for normalisation, and its width is noted in the y-axis label. In this case, the content displayed in a bin is the number of events shown in that bin multiplied by the ratio of widths of the last bin relative to the bin shown.

9. Conclusion

Data recorded by the ATLAS experiment at the LHC, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 36.1 fb^{-1} from proton-proton collisions at a centre-of-mass energy 13 TeV, are used to search for a heavy Higgs boson, A , decaying into ZH , where H denotes a heavy Higgs boson with mass $m_H > 125$ GeV. The A boson is assumed to be produced via either gluon-gluon fusion or b -associated production. No significant deviation from the SM background predictions are observed in the $ZH \rightarrow \ell\ell bb$ final state

that is considered in this search. Considering each production process separately, upper limits are set at the 95% confidence level for $\sigma \times \mathcal{B}(A \rightarrow ZH) \times \mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow bb)$ of 14–830 fb for gluon-gluon fusion and 26–570 fb for b -associated production of a narrow A boson for the mass ranges 130–700 GeV of the H boson and 230–800 GeV of the A boson. Taking into account both production processes, this search tightens the constraints on the 2HDM in the case of large mass splittings between its heavier neutral Higgs bosons.

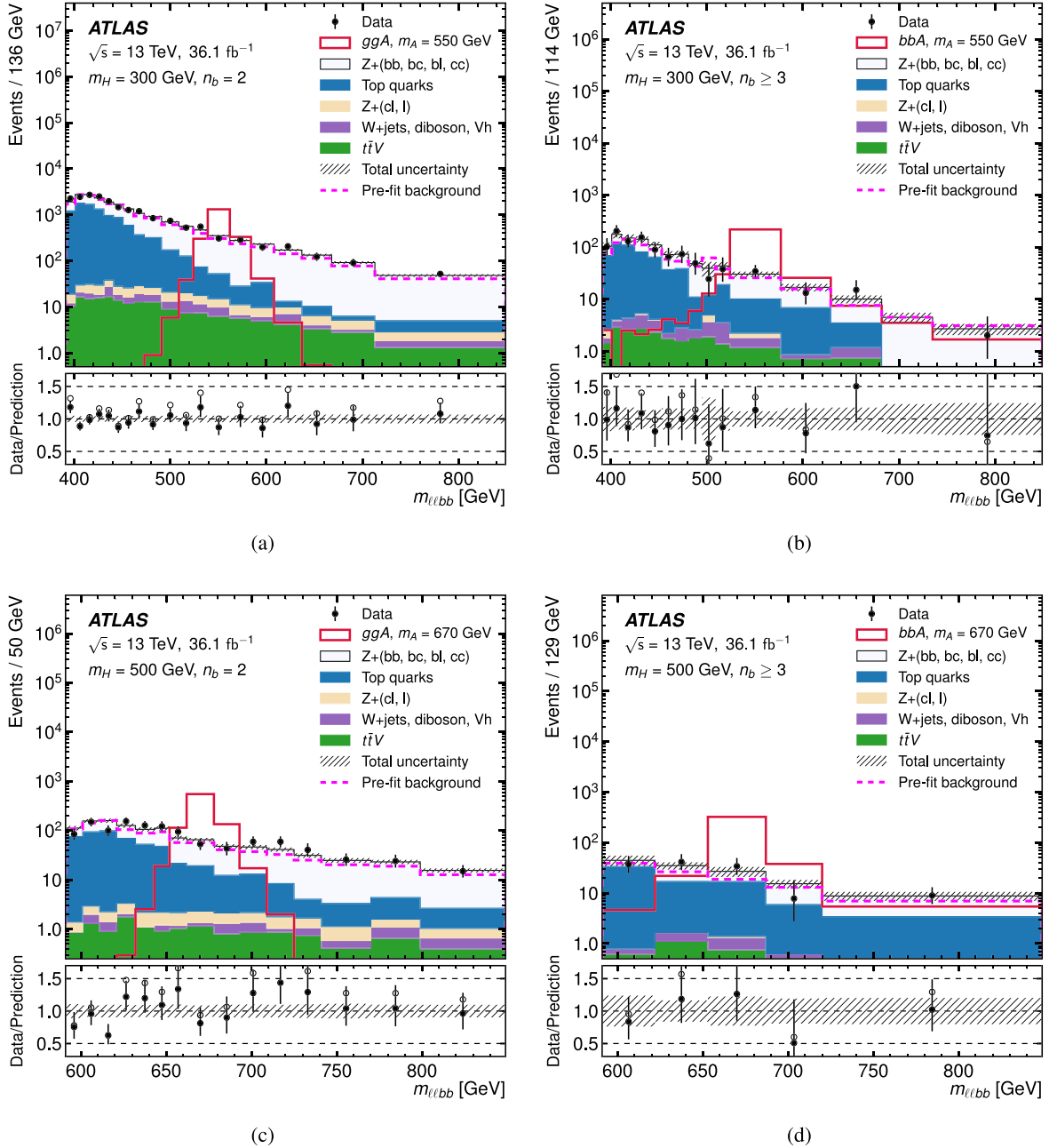


Fig. 4. The $m_{\ell\ell bb}$ mass distribution for the m_{bb} windows defined for $m_H = 300$ GeV and $m_H = 500$ GeV for (a, c) the $n_b = 2$ and (b, d) the $n_b \geq 3$ category, respectively. Signal distributions are also shown for gluon–gluon fusion production in (a, c) and b -associated production in (b, d) assuming production cross-sections times the branching ratios $B(A \rightarrow ZH)$ and $B(H \rightarrow bb)$ of 1 pb. The same conventions as in Fig. 3 are used.

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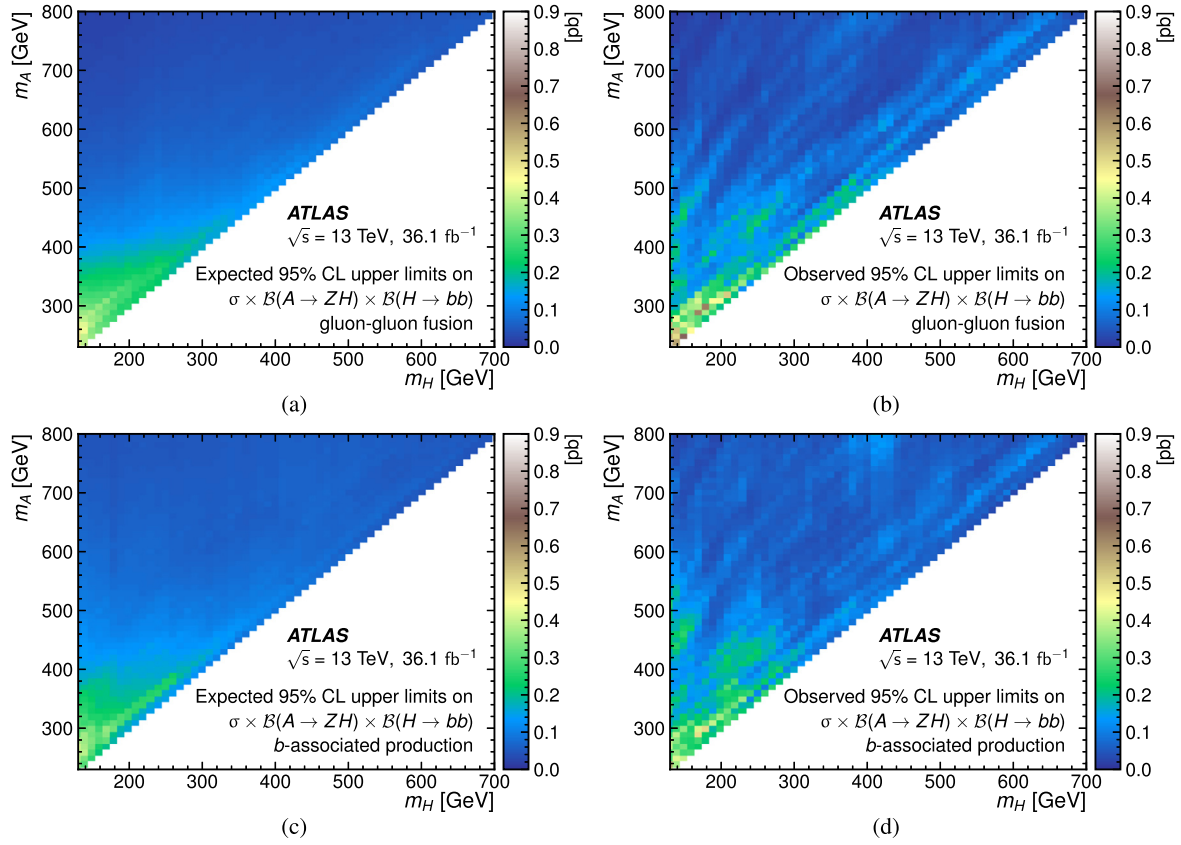


Fig. 5. Upper bounds at 95% CL on the production cross-section times the branching ratio $\mathcal{B}(A \rightarrow ZH) \times \mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow bb)$ in pb for (a, b) gluon-gluon fusion and (c, d) b -associated production. The expected upper limits are shown in (a) and (c) and the observed upper limits are shown in (b) and (d).

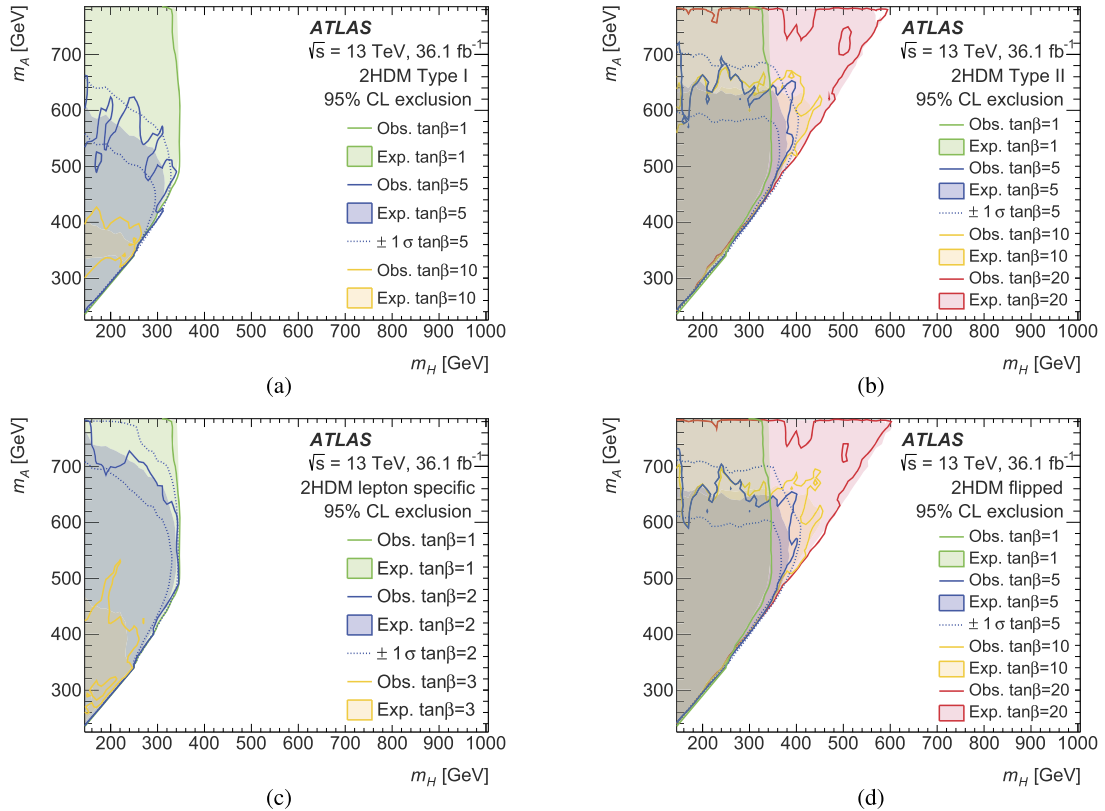


Fig. 6. Observed and expected 95% CL exclusion regions in the (m_A, m_H) plane for various $\tan\beta$ values for (a) Type I, (b) Type II, (c) lepton specific and (d) flipped 2HDM.

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The ATLAS Collaboration

M. Aaboud^{34d}, G. Aad⁹⁹, B. Abbott¹²⁴, O. Abdinov^{13,*}, B. Abeloos¹²⁸, S.H. Abidi¹⁶⁴, O.S. AbouZeid¹⁴³, N.L. Abraham¹⁵³, H. Abramowicz¹⁵⁸, H. Abreu¹⁵⁷, Y. Abulaiti⁶, B.S. Acharya^{67a,67b,l}, S. Adachi¹⁶⁰, L. Adamczyk^{41a}, J. Adelman¹¹⁹, M. Adersberger¹¹², T. Adye¹⁴⁰, A.A. Affolder¹⁴³, Y. Afik¹⁵⁷, C. Agheorghiesei^{27c}, J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra^{135f,135a}, F. Ahmadov^{80,ai}, G. Aielli^{74a,74b}, S. Akatsuka⁸³, T.P.A. Åkesson⁹⁵, E. Akilli⁵⁵, A.V. Akimov¹⁰⁸, G.L. Alberghi^{23b,23a}, J. Albert¹⁷⁴, P. Albicocco⁵², M.J. Alconada Verzini⁸⁶, S. Alderweireldt¹¹⁷, M. Aleksa³⁵, I.N. Aleksandrov⁸⁰, C. Alexa^{27b}, G. Alexander¹⁵⁸, T. Alexopoulos¹⁰, M. Alhroob¹²⁴, B. Ali¹³⁷, M. Aliev^{68a,68b}, G. Alimonti^{69a}, J. Alison³⁶, S.P. Alkire¹⁴⁵, C. Allaire¹²⁸, B.M.M. Allbrooke¹⁵³, B.W. Allen¹²⁷, P.P. Allport²¹, A. Aloisio^{70a,70b}, A. Alonso³⁹, F. Alonso⁸⁶, C. Alpigiani¹⁴⁵, A.A. Alshehri⁵⁸, M.I. Alstady⁹⁹, B. Alvarez Gonzalez³⁵, D. Álvarez Piqueras¹⁷², M.G. Alviggi^{70a,70b}, B.T. Amadio¹⁸, Y. Amaral Coutinho^{141a}, L. Ambroz¹³¹, C. Amelung²⁶, D. Amidei¹⁰³, S.P. Amor Dos Santos^{135a,135c}, S. Amoroso³⁵, C.S. Amrouche⁵⁵, C. Anastopoulos¹⁴⁶, L.S. Ancu⁵⁵, N. Andari²¹, T. Andeen¹¹, C.F. Anders^{62b}, J.K. Anders²⁰, K.J. Anderson³⁶, A. Andreazza^{69a,69b}, V. Andrei^{62a}, S. Angelidakis³⁷, I. Angelozzi¹¹⁸, A. Angerami³⁸, A.V. Anisenkov^{120b,120a}, A. Annovi^{72a}, C. Antel^{62a}, M.T. Anthony¹⁴⁶, M. Antonelli⁵², D.J.A. Antrim¹⁶⁹, F. Anulli^{73a}, M. Aoki⁸¹, L. Aperio Bella³⁵, G. Arabidze¹⁰⁴, Y. Arai⁸¹, J.P. Araque^{135a}, V. Araujo Ferraz^{141a}, R. Araujo Pereira^{141a}, A.T.H. Arce⁴⁹, R.E. Ardell⁹¹, F.A. Arduh⁸⁶, J-F. Arguin¹⁰⁷, S. Argyropoulos⁷⁸, A.J. Armbruster³⁵, L.J. Armitage⁹⁰, O. Arnaez¹⁶⁴, H. Arnold¹¹⁸, M. Arratia³¹, O. Arslan²⁴, A. Artamonov^{109,*}, G. Artoni¹³¹, S. Artz⁹⁷, S. Asai¹⁶⁰, N. Asbah⁴⁶, A. Ashkenazi¹⁵⁸, E.M. Asimakopoulou¹⁷⁰, L. Asquith¹⁵³, K. Assamagan²⁹, R. Astalos^{28a}, R.J. Atkin^{32a}, M. Atkinson¹⁷¹,

N.B. Atlay¹⁴⁸, K. Augsten¹³⁷, G. Avolio³⁵, R. Avramidou^{61a}, B. Axen¹⁸, M.K. Ayoub^{15a}, G. Azuelos^{107,av}, A.E. Baas^{62a}, M.J. Baca²¹, H. Bachacou¹⁴², K. Bachas^{68a,68b}, M. Backes¹³¹, P. Bagnaia^{73a,73b}, M. Bahmani⁴², H. Bahrasemani¹⁴⁹, A.J. Bailey¹⁷², J.T. Baines¹⁴⁰, M. Bajic³⁹, O.K. Baker¹⁸¹, P.J. Bakker¹¹⁸, D. Bakshi Gupta⁹³, E.M. Baldin^{120b,120a}, P. Balek¹⁷⁸, F. Balli¹⁴², W.K. Balunas¹³², E. Banas⁴², A. Bandyopadhyay²⁴, Sw. Banerjee^{179,i}, A.A.E. Bannoura¹⁸⁰, L. Barak¹⁵⁸, W.M. Barbe³⁷, E.L. Barberio¹⁰², D. Barberis^{56b,56a}, M. Barbero⁹⁹, T. Barillari¹¹³, M-S Barisits³⁵, J. Barkeloo¹²⁷, T. Barklow¹⁵⁰, N. Barlow³¹, R. Barnea¹⁵⁷, S.L. Barnes^{61c}, B.M. Barnett¹⁴⁰, R.M. Barnett¹⁸, Z. Barnovska-Blenessy^{61a}, A. Baroncelli^{75a}, G. Barone²⁶, A.J. Barr¹³¹, L. Barranco Navarro¹⁷², F. Barreiro⁹⁶, J. Barreiro Guimarães da Costa^{15a}, R. Bartoldus¹⁵⁰, A.E. Barton⁸⁷, P. Bartos^{28a}, A. Basalaev¹³³, A. Bassalat¹²⁸, R.L. Bates⁵⁸, S.J. Batista¹⁶⁴, S. Batlamous^{34e}, J.R. Batley³¹, M. Battaglia¹⁴³, M. Bause^{73a,73b}, F. Bauer¹⁴², K.T. Bauer¹⁶⁹, H.S. Bawa^{150,j}, J.B. Beacham¹²², M.D. Beattie⁸⁷, T. Beau⁹⁴, P.H. Beauchemin¹⁶⁷, P. Bechtel²⁴, H.C. Beck⁵⁴, H.P. Beck^{20,r}, K. Becker⁵³, M. Becker⁹⁷, C. Becot¹²¹, A. Beddall^{12d}, A.J. Beddall^{12a}, V.A. Bednyakov⁸⁰, M. Bedognetti¹¹⁸, C.P. Bee¹⁵², T.A. Beermann³⁵, M. Begalli^{141a}, M. Begel²⁹, A. Behera¹⁵², J.K. Behr⁴⁶, A.S. Bell⁹², G. Bella¹⁵⁸, L. Bellagamba^{23b}, A. Bellerive³³, M. Bellomo¹⁵⁷, K. Belotskiy¹¹⁰, N.L. Belyaev¹¹⁰, O. Benary^{158,*}, D. Bencheekroun^{34a}, M. Bender¹¹², N. Benekos¹⁰, Y. Benhammou¹⁵⁸, E. Benhar Noccioli¹⁸¹, J. Benitez⁷⁸, D.P. Benjamin⁴⁹, M. Benoit⁵⁵, J.R. Bensinger²⁶, S. Bentvelsen¹¹⁸, L. Beresford¹³¹, M. Beretta⁵², D. Berge⁴⁶, E. Bergeaas Kuutmann¹⁷⁰, N. Berger⁵, L.J. Bergsten²⁶, J. Beringer¹⁸, S. Berlendis⁵⁹, N.R. Bernard¹⁰⁰, G. Bernardi⁹⁴, C. Bernius¹⁵⁰, F.U. Bernlochner²⁴, T. Berry⁹¹, P. Berta⁹⁷, C. Bertella^{15a}, G. Bertoli^{45a,45b}, I.A. Bertram⁸⁷, C. Bertsche⁴⁶, G.J. Besjes³⁹, O. Bessidskaia Bylund^{45a,45b}, M. Bessner⁴⁶, N. Besson¹⁴², A. Bethani⁹⁸, S. Bethke¹¹³, A. Betti²⁴, A.J. Bevan⁹⁰, J. Beyer¹¹³, R.M. Bianchi¹³⁴, O. Biebel¹¹², D. Biedermann¹⁹, R. Bielski⁹⁸, K. Bierwagen⁹⁷, N.V. Biesuz^{72a,72b}, M. Biglietti^{75a}, T.R.V. Billoud¹⁰⁷, M. Bindi⁵⁴, A. Bingul^{12d}, C. Bini^{73a,73b}, S. Biondi^{23b,23a}, T. Bisanz⁵⁴, C. Bittrich⁴⁸, D.M. Bjergaard⁴⁹, J.E. Black¹⁵⁰, K.M. Black²⁵, R.E. Blair⁶, T. Blazek^{28a}, I. Bloch⁴⁶, C. Blocker²⁶, A. Blue⁵⁸, U. Blumenschein⁹⁰, Dr. Blunier^{144a}, G.J. Bobbink¹¹⁸, V.S. Bobrovnikov^{120b,120a}, S.S. Bocchetta⁹⁵, A. Bocci⁴⁹, C. Bock¹¹², D. Boerner¹⁸⁰, D. Bogavac¹¹², A.G. Bogdanchikov^{120b,120a}, C. Boehm^{45a}, V. Boisvert⁹¹, P. Boka^{170,aa}, T. Bold^{41a}, A.S. Boldyrev¹¹¹, A.E. Bolz^{62b}, M. Bomben⁹⁴, M. Bona⁹⁰, J.S.B. Bonilla¹²⁷, M. Boonekamp¹⁴², A. Borisov¹³⁹, G. Borissov⁸⁷, J. Bortfeldt³⁵, D. Bortoletto¹³¹, V. Bortolotto^{74a,74b}, D. Boscherini^{23b}, M. Bosman¹⁴, J.D. 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Burke¹⁴⁰, I. Burmeister⁴⁷, J.T.P. Burr¹³¹, D. Büscher⁵³, V. Büscher⁹⁷, E. Buschmann⁵⁴, P. Bussey⁵⁸, J.M. Butler²⁵, C.M. Buttar⁵⁸, J.M. Butterworth⁹², P. Butti³⁵, W. Buttinger³⁵, A. Buzatu¹⁵⁵, A.R. Buzykaev^{120b,120a}, G. Cabras^{23b,23a}, S. Cabrera Urbán¹⁷², D. Caforio¹³⁷, H. Cai¹⁷¹, V.M.M. Cairo², O. Cakir^{4a}, N. Calace⁵⁵, P. Calafiura¹⁸, A. Calandri⁹⁹, G. Calderini⁹⁴, P. Calfayan⁶⁶, G. Callea^{40b,40a}, L.P. Caloba^{141a}, S. Calvente Lopez⁹⁶, D. Calvet³⁷, S. Calvet³⁷, T.P. Calvet¹⁵², M. Calvetti^{72a,72b}, R. Camacho Toro³⁶, S. Camarda³⁵, P. Camarri^{74a,74b}, D. Cameron¹³⁰, R. Caminal Armadans¹⁰⁰, C. Camincher⁵⁹, S. Campana³⁵, M. Campanelli⁹², A. Camplani^{69a,69b}, A. Campoverde¹⁴⁸, V. Canale^{70a,70b}, M. Cano Bret^{61c}, J. Cantero¹²⁵, T. Cao¹⁵⁸, Y. Cao¹⁷¹, M.D.M. Capeans Garrido³⁵, I. Caprini^{27b}, M. Caprini^{27b}, M. Capua^{40b,40a}, R.M. Carbone³⁸, R. Cardarelli^{74a}, F. Cardillo⁵³, I. Carli¹³⁸, T. Carli³⁵, G. Carlino^{70a}, B.T. Carlson¹³⁴, L. Carminati^{69a,69b}, R.M.D. Carney^{45a,45b}, S. Caron¹¹⁷, E. Carquin^{144b}, S. Carrá^{69a,69b}, G.D. Carrillo-Montoya³⁵, D. Casadei^{32b}, M.P. Casado^{14,e}, A.F. Casha¹⁶⁴, M. Casolino¹⁴, D.W. Casper¹⁶⁹, R. Castelijns¹¹⁸, V. Castillo Gimenez¹⁷², N.F. Castro^{135a,135e}, A. Catinaccio³⁵, J.R. Catmore¹³⁰, A. Cattai³⁵, J. Caudron²⁴, V. Cavaliere²⁹, E. Cavallaro¹⁴, D. Cavalli^{69a}, M. Cavalli-Sforza¹⁴, V. Cavasinni^{72a,72b}, E. Celebi^{12b}, F. Ceradini^{75a,75b},

L. Cerda Alberich ¹⁷², A.S. Cerqueira ^{141b}, A. Cerri ¹⁵³, L. Cerrito ^{74a,74b}, F. Cerutti ¹⁸, A. Cervelli ^{23b,23a}, S.A. Cetin ^{12b}, A. Chafaq ^{34a}, DC Chakraborty ¹¹⁹, S.K. Chan ⁶⁰, W.S. Chan ¹¹⁸, W.Y. Chan ⁸⁸, Y.L. Chan ^{64a}, P. Chang ¹⁷¹, J.D. Chapman ³¹, D.G. Charlton ²¹, C.C. Chau ³³, C.A. Chavez Barajas ¹⁵³, S. Che ¹²², A. Chegwidden ¹⁰⁴, S. Chekanov ⁶, S.V. Chekulaev ^{165a}, G.A. Chelkov ^{80,au}, M.A. Chelstowska ³⁵, C. Chen ^{61a}, C. Chen ⁷⁹, H. Chen ²⁹, J. Chen ^{61a}, J. Chen ³⁸, S. Chen ^{15b}, S. Chen ¹³², X. Chen ^{15c,at}, Y. Chen ⁸², Y.-H. Chen ⁴⁶, H.C. Cheng ¹⁰³, H.J. Cheng ^{15d}, A. Cheplakov ⁸⁰, E. Cheremushkina ¹³⁹, R. Cherkaoui El Moursli ^{34e}, E. Cheu ⁷, K. Cheung ⁶⁵, L. Chevalier ¹⁴², V. Chiarella ⁵², G. Chiarelli ^{72a}, G. Chiodini ^{68a}, A.S. Chisholm ³⁵, A. Chitan ^{27b}, I. Chiu ¹⁶⁰, Y.H. Chiu ¹⁷⁴, M.V. Chizhov ⁸⁰, K. Choi ⁶⁶, A.R. Chomont ¹²⁸, S. Chouridou ¹⁵⁹, Y.S. Chow ¹¹⁸, V. Christodoulou ⁹², M.C. Chu ^{64a}, J. Chudoba ¹³⁶, A.J. Chuinard ¹⁰¹, J.J. Chwastowski ⁴², L. Chytka ¹²⁶, D. Cinca ⁴⁷, V. Cindro ⁸⁹, I.A. Cioară ²⁴, A. Ciochio ¹⁸, F. Ciotto ^{70a,70b}, Z.H. Citron ¹⁷⁸, M. Citterio ^{69a}, A. Clark ⁵⁵, M.R. Clark ³⁸, P.J. Clark ⁵⁰, R.N. Clarke ¹⁸, C. Clement ^{45a,45b}, Y. Coadou ⁹⁹, M. Cobal ^{67a,67c}, A. Coccaro ^{56b,56a}, J. Cochran ⁷⁹, L. Colasurdo ¹¹⁷, B. Cole ³⁸, A.P. Colijn ¹¹⁸, J. Collot ⁵⁹, P. Conde Muiño ^{135a,135b}, E. Coniavitis ⁵³, S.H. Connell ^{32b}, I.A. Connelly ⁹⁸, S. Constantinescu ^{27b}, F. Conventi ^{70a,aw}, A.M. Cooper-Sarkar ¹³¹, F. Cormier ¹⁷³, K.J.R. Cormier ¹⁶⁴, M. Corradi ^{73a,73b}, E.E. Corrigan ⁹⁵, F. Corriveau ^{101,ag}, A. Cortes-Gonzalez ³⁵, M.J. Costa ¹⁷², D. Costanzo ¹⁴⁶, G. Cottin ³¹, G. Cowan ⁹¹, B.E. Cox ⁹⁸, J. Crane ⁹⁸, K. Cranmer ¹²¹, S.J. Crawley ⁵⁸, R.A. Creager ¹³², G. Cree ³³, S. Crépé-Renaudin ⁵⁹, F. Crescioli ⁹⁴, M. Cristinziani ²⁴, V. Croft ¹²¹, G. Crosetti ^{40b,40a}, A. Cueto ⁹⁶, T. Cuhadar Donszelmann ¹⁴⁶, A.R. Cukierman ¹⁵⁰, M. Curatolo ⁵², J. Cúth ⁹⁷, S. Czekierda ⁴², P. Czodrowski ³⁵, M.J. Da Cunha Sargedass De Sousa ^{61b,135b}, C. Da Via ⁹⁸, W. Dabrowski ^{41a}, T. Dado ^{28a,aa}, S. Dahbi ^{34e}, T. Dai ¹⁰³, O. Dale ¹⁷, F. Dallaire ¹⁰⁷, C. Dallapiccola ¹⁰⁰, M. Dam ³⁹, G. D'amen ^{23b,23a}, J.R. Dandoy ¹³², M.F. Daneri ³⁰, N.P. Dang ^{179,i}, N.D. Dann ⁹⁸, M. Danninger ¹⁷³, V. Dao ³⁵, G. Darbo ^{56b}, S. Darmora ⁸, O. Dartsis ⁵, A. Dattagupta ¹²⁷, T. Daubney ⁴⁶, S. D'Auria ⁵⁸, W. Davey ²⁴, C. David ⁴⁶, T. Davidek ¹³⁸, D.R. Davis ⁴⁹, E. Dawe ¹⁰², I. Dawson ¹⁴⁶, K. De ⁸, R. de Asmundis ^{70a}, A. De Benedetti ¹²⁴, S. De Castro ^{23b,23a}, S. De Cecco ⁹⁴, N. De Groot ¹¹⁷, P. de Jong ¹¹⁸, H. De la Torre ¹⁰⁴, F. De Lorenzi ⁷⁹, A. De Maria ^{54,s}, D. De Pedis ^{73a}, A. De Salvo ^{73a}, U. De Sanctis ^{74a,74b}, A. De Santo ¹⁵³, K. De Vasconcelos Corga ⁹⁹, J.B. De Vivie De Regie ¹²⁸, C. Debenedetti ¹⁴³, D.V. Dedovich ⁸⁰, N. Dehghanian ³, M. Del Gaudio ^{40b,40a}, J. Del Peso ⁹⁶, D. Delgove ¹²⁸, F. Deliot ¹⁴², C.M. Delitzsch ⁷, M. Della Pietra ^{70a,70b}, D. della Volpe ⁵⁵, A. Dell'Acqua ³⁵, L. Dell'Asta ²⁵, M. Delmastro ⁵, C. Delporte ¹²⁸, P.A. Delsart ⁵⁹, D.A. DeMarco ¹⁶⁴, S. Demers ¹⁸¹, M. Demichev ⁸⁰, S.P. Denisov ¹³⁹, D. Denysiuk ¹¹⁸, L. D'Eramo ⁹⁴, D. Derendarz ⁴², J.E. Derkaoui ^{34d}, F. Derue ⁹⁴, P. Dervan ⁸⁸, K. Desch ²⁴, C. Deterre ⁴⁶, K. Dette ¹⁶⁴, M.R. Devesa ³⁰, P.O. Deviveiros ³⁵, A. Dewhurst ¹⁴⁰, S. Dhaliwal ²⁶, F.A. Di Bello ⁵⁵, A. Di Ciaccio ^{74a,74b}, L. Di Ciaccio ⁵, W.K. Di Clemente ¹³², C. Di Donato ^{70a,70b}, A. Di Girolamo ³⁵, B. Di Micco ^{75a,75b}, R. Di Nardo ³⁵, K.F. Di Petrillo ⁶⁰, A. Di Simone ⁵³, R. Di Sipio ¹⁶⁴, D. Di Valentino ³³, C. Diaconu ⁹⁹, M. Diamond ¹⁶⁴, F.A. Dias ³⁹, T. Dias do Vale ^{135a}, M.A. Diaz ^{144a}, J. Dickinson ¹⁸, E.B. Diehl ¹⁰³, J. Dietrich ¹⁹, S. Díez Cornell ⁴⁶, A. Dimitrievska ¹⁸, J. Dingfelder ²⁴, F. Dittus ³⁵, F. Djama ⁹⁹, T. Djobava ^{156b}, J.I. Djuvsland ^{62a}, M.A.B. do Vale ^{141c}, M. Dobre ^{27b}, D. Dodsworth ²⁶, C. Doglioni ⁹⁵, J. Dolejsi ¹³⁸, Z. Dolezal ¹³⁸, M. Donadelli ^{141d}, J. Donini ³⁷, M. D'Onofrio ⁸⁸, J. Dopke ¹⁴⁰, A. Doria ^{70a}, M.T. Dova ⁸⁶, A.T. Doyle ⁵⁸, E. Drechsler ⁵⁴, E. Dreyer ¹⁴⁹, T. Dreyer ⁵⁴, M. Dris ¹⁰, Y. Du ^{61b}, J. Duarte-Campderros ¹⁵⁸, F. Dubinin ¹⁰⁸, A. Dubreuil ⁵⁵, E. Duchovni ¹⁷⁸, G. Duckeck ¹¹², A. Ducourthial ⁹⁴, O.A. Ducu ^{107,z}, D. Duda ¹¹⁸, A. Dudarev ³⁵, A.Ch. Dudder ⁹⁷, E.M. Duffield ¹⁸, L. Duflot ¹²⁸, M. Dührssen ³⁵, C. Dülse ¹⁸⁰, M. Dumancic ¹⁷⁸, A.E. Dumitriu ^{27b,d}, A.K. Duncan ⁵⁸, M. Dunford ^{62a}, A. Duperrin ⁹⁹, H. Duran Yildiz ^{4a}, M. Düren ⁵⁷, A. Durglishvili ^{156b}, D. Duschinger ⁴⁸, B. Dutta ⁴⁶, D. Duvnjak ¹, M. Dyndal ⁴⁶, B.S. Dziedzic ⁴², C. Eckardt ⁴⁶, K.M. Ecker ¹¹³, R.C. Edgar ¹⁰³, T. Eifert ³⁵, G. Eigen ¹⁷, K. Einsweiler ¹⁸, T. Ekelof ¹⁷⁰, M. El Kacimi ^{34c}, R. El Kosseifi ⁹⁹, V. Ellajosyula ⁹⁹, M. Ellert ¹⁷⁰, F. Ellinghaus ¹⁸⁰, A.A. Elliot ¹⁷⁴, N. Ellis ³⁵, J. Elmsheuser ²⁹, M. Elsing ³⁵, D. Emelianov ¹⁴⁰, Y. Enari ¹⁶⁰, J.S. Ennis ¹⁷⁶, M.B. Epland ⁴⁹, J. Erdmann ⁴⁷, A. Ereditato ²⁰, S. Errede ¹⁷¹, M. Escalier ¹²⁸, C. Escobar ¹⁷², B. Esposito ⁵², O. Estrada Pastor ¹⁷², A.I. Etiennev ¹⁴², E. Etzion ¹⁵⁸, H. Evans ⁶⁶, A. Ezhilov ¹³³, M. Ezzi ^{34e}, F. Fabbri ^{23b,23a}, L. Fabbri ^{23b,23a}, V. Fabiani ¹¹⁷, G. Facini ⁹², R.M. Fakhruddinov ¹³⁹, S. Falciano ^{73a}, P.J. Falke ⁵, S. Falke ⁵, J. Faltova ¹³⁸, Y. Fang ^{15a}, M. Fanti ^{69a,69b}, A. Farbin ⁸, A. Farilla ^{75a}, E.M. Farina ^{71a,71b}, T. Farooque ¹⁰⁴, S. Farrell ¹⁸, S.M. Farrington ¹⁷⁶, P. Farthouat ³⁵, F. Fassi ^{34e}, P. Fassnacht ³⁵, D. Fassouliotis ⁹, M. Faucci Giannelli ⁵⁰, A. Favareto ^{56b,56a}, W.J. Fawcett ⁵⁵, L. Fayard ¹²⁸, O.L. Fedin ^{133,n}, W. Fedorko ¹⁷³, M. Feickert ⁴³, S. Feigl ¹³⁰,

L. Feligioni⁹⁹, C. Feng^{61b}, E.J. Feng³⁵, M. Feng⁴⁹, M.J. Fenton⁵⁸, A.B. Fenyuk¹³⁹, L. Feremenga⁸, J. Ferrando⁴⁶, A. Ferrari¹⁷⁰, P. Ferrari¹¹⁸, R. Ferrari^{71a}, D.E. Ferreira de Lima^{62b}, A. Ferrer¹⁷², D. Ferrere⁵⁵, C. Ferretti¹⁰³, F. Fiedler⁹⁷, A. Filipčič⁸⁹, F. Filthaut¹¹⁷, M. Fincke-Keeler¹⁷⁴, K.D. Finelli²⁵, M.C.N. Fiolhais^{135a,135c,a}, L. Fiorini¹⁷², C. Fischer¹⁴, J. Fischer¹⁸⁰, W.C. Fisher¹⁰⁴, N. Flaschel⁴⁶, I. Fleck¹⁴⁸, P. Fleischmann¹⁰³, R.R.M. Fletcher¹³², T. Flick¹⁸⁰, B.M. Flierl¹¹², L.M. Flores¹³², L.R. Flores Castillo^{64a}, N. Fomin¹⁷, G.T. Forcolin⁹⁸, A. Formica¹⁴², F.A. Förster¹⁴, A.C. Forti⁹⁸, A.G. Foster²¹, D. Fournier¹²⁸, H. Fox⁸⁷, S. Fracchia¹⁴⁶, P. Francavilla^{72a,72b}, M. Franchini^{23b,23a}, S. Franchino^{62a}, D. Francis³⁵, L. Franconi¹³⁰, M. Franklin⁶⁰, M. Frate¹⁶⁹, M. Fraternali^{71a,71b}, D. Freeborn⁹², S.M. Fressard-Batraneanu³⁵, B. Freund¹⁰⁷, W.S. Freund^{141a}, D. Froidevaux³⁵, J.A. Frost¹³¹, C. Fukunaga¹⁶¹, T. Fusayasu¹¹⁴, J. Fuster¹⁷², O. Gabizon¹⁵⁷, A. Gabrielli^{23b,23a}, A. Gabrielli¹⁸, G.P. Gach^{41a}, S. Gadatsch⁵⁵, S. Gadomski⁵⁵, P. Gadow¹¹³, G. Gagliardi^{56b,56a}, L.G. Gagnon¹⁰⁷, C. Galea^{27b}, B. Galhardo^{135a,135c}, E.J. Gallas¹³¹, B.J. Gallop¹⁴⁰, P. Gallus¹³⁷, G. Galster³⁹, R. Gamboa Goni⁹⁰, K.K. Gan¹²², S. Ganguly¹⁷⁸, Y. Gao⁸⁸, Y.S. Gao^{150,j}, F.M. Garay Walls⁵⁰, C. García¹⁷², J.E. García Navarro¹⁷², J.A. García Pascual^{15a}, M. Garcia-Sciveres¹⁸, R.W. Gardner³⁶, N. Garelli¹⁵⁰, V. Garonne¹³⁰, K. Gasnikova⁴⁶, A. Gaudiello^{56b,56a}, G. Gaudio^{71a}, I.L. Gavrilenko¹⁰⁸, A. Gavrilyuk¹⁰⁹, C. Gay¹⁷³, G. Gaycken²⁴, E.N. Gazis¹⁰, C.N.P. Gee¹⁴⁰, J. Geisen⁵⁴, M. Geisen⁹⁷, M.P. Geisler^{62a}, K. Gellerstedt^{45a,45b}, C. Gemme^{56b}, M.H. Genest⁵⁹, C. Geng¹⁰³, S. Gentile^{73a,73b}, C. Gentsos¹⁵⁹, S. George⁹¹, D. Gerbaudo¹⁴, G. Gessner⁴⁷, S. Ghasemi¹⁴⁸, M. Ghneimat²⁴, B. Giacobbe^{23b}, S. Giagu^{73a,73b}, N. Giangiacomi^{23b,23a}, P. Giannetti^{72a}, S.M. Gibson⁹¹, M. Gignac¹⁴³, D. Gillberg³³, G. Gilles¹⁸⁰, D.M. Gingrich^{3,av}, M.P. Giordani^{67a,67c}, F.M. Giorgi^{23b}, P.F. Giraud¹⁴², P. Giromini⁶⁰, G. Giugliarelli^{67a,67c}, D. Giugni^{69a}, F. Giuli¹³¹, M. Giulini^{62b}, S. Gkaitatzis¹⁵⁹, I. Gkialas^{9,h}, E.L. Gkoukousis¹⁴, P. Gkoutoumis¹⁰, L.K. Gladilin¹¹¹, C. Glasman⁹⁶, J. Glatzer¹⁴, P.C.F. Glaysheer⁴⁶, A. Glazov⁴⁶, M. Goblirsch-Kolb²⁶, J. Godlewski⁴², S. Goldfarb¹⁰², T. Golling⁵⁵, D. Golubkov¹³⁹, A. Gomes^{135a,135b,135d}, R. Gonçalves^{135a}, R. Goncalves Gama^{141b}, G. Gonella⁵³, L. Gonella²¹, A. Gongadze⁸⁰, F. Gonnella²¹, J.L. Gonski⁶⁰, S. González de la Hoz¹⁷², S. Gonzalez-Sevilla⁵⁵, L. Goossens³⁵, P.A. Gorbounov¹⁰⁹, H.A. Gordon²⁹, B. Gorini³⁵, E. Gorini^{68a,68b}, A. Gorišek⁸⁹, A.T. Goshaw⁴⁹, C. Gössling⁴⁷, M.I. Gostkin⁸⁰, C.A. Gottardo²⁴, C.R. Goudet¹²⁸, D. Goujdami^{34c}, A.G. Goussiou¹⁴⁵, N. Govender^{32b,b}, C. Goy⁵, E. Gozani¹⁵⁷, I. Grabowska-Bold^{41a}, P.O.J. Gradin¹⁷⁰, E.C. Graham⁸⁸, J. Gramling¹⁶⁹, E. Gramstad¹³⁰, S. Grancagnolo¹⁹, V. Gratchev¹³³, P.M. Gravila^{27f}, C. Gray⁵⁸, H.M. Gray¹⁸, Z.D. Greenwood^{93,al}, C. Grefe²⁴, K. Gregersen⁹², I.M. Gregor⁴⁶, P. Grenier¹⁵⁰, K. Grevtsov⁴⁶, J. Griffiths⁸, A.A. Grillo¹⁴³, K. Grimm¹⁵⁰, S. Grinstein^{14,ab}, Ph. Gris³⁷, J.-F. Grivaz¹²⁸, S. Groh⁹⁷, E. Gross¹⁷⁸, J. Grosse-Knetter⁵⁴, G.C. Grossi⁹³, Z.J. Grout⁹², A. Grummer¹¹⁶, L. Guan¹⁰³, W. Guan¹⁷⁹, J. Guenther³⁵, A. Guerguichon¹²⁸, F. Guescini^{165a}, D. Guest¹⁶⁹, O. Gueta¹⁵⁸, R. Gugel⁵³, B. Gui¹²², T. Guillemin⁵, S. Guindon³⁵, U. Gul⁵⁸, C. Gumpert³⁵, J. Guo^{61c}, W. Guo¹⁰³, Y. Guo^{61a,p}, Z. Guo⁹⁹, R. Gupta⁴³, S. Gurbuz^{12c}, G. Gustavino¹²⁴, B.J. Gutelman¹⁵⁷, P. Gutierrez¹²⁴, N.G. Gutierrez Ortiz⁹², C. Gutsche⁹², C. Guyot¹⁴², M.P. Guzik^{41a}, C. Gwenlan¹³¹, C.B. Gwilliam⁸⁸, A. Haas¹²¹, C. Haber¹⁸, H.K. Hadavand⁸, N. Haddad^{34e}, A. Hadeef⁹⁹, S. Hageböck²⁴, M. Hagihara¹⁶⁶, H. Hakobyan^{182,*}, M. Haleem¹⁷⁵, J. Haley¹²⁵, G. Halladjian¹⁰⁴, G.D. Hallewell⁹⁹, K. Hamacher¹⁸⁰, P. Hamal¹²⁶, K. Hamano¹⁷⁴, A. Hamilton^{32a}, G.N. Hamity¹⁴⁶, K. Han^{61a,ak}, L. Han^{61a}, S. Han^{15d}, K. Hanagaki^{81,x}, M. Hance¹⁴³, D.M. Handl¹¹², B. Haney¹³², R. Hankache⁹⁴, P. Hanke^{62a}, E. Hansen⁹⁵, J.B. Hansen³⁹, J.D. Hansen³⁹, M.C. Hansen²⁴, P.H. Hansen³⁹, K. Hara¹⁶⁶, A.S. Hard¹⁷⁹, T. Harenberg¹⁸⁰, S. Harkusha¹⁰⁵, P.F. Harrison¹⁷⁶, N.M. Hartmann¹¹², Y. Hasegawa¹⁴⁷, A. Hasib⁵⁰, S. Hassani¹⁴², S. Haug²⁰, R. Hauser¹⁰⁴, L. Hauswald⁴⁸, L.B. Havener³⁸, M. Havranek¹³⁷, C.M. Hawkes²¹, R.J. Hawking³⁵, D. Hayden¹⁰⁴, C. Hayes¹⁵², C.P. Hays¹³¹, J.M. Hays⁹⁰, H.S. Hayward⁸⁸, S.J. Haywood¹⁴⁰, M.P. Heath⁵⁰, V. Hedberg⁹⁵, L. Heelan⁸, S. Heer²⁴, K.K. Heidegger⁵³, S. Heim⁴⁶, T. Heim¹⁸, B. Heinemann^{46,u}, J.J. Heinrich¹¹², L. Heinrich¹²¹, C. Heinz⁵⁷, J. Hejbal¹³⁶, L. Helary³⁵, A. Held¹⁷³, S. Hellesund¹³⁰, S. Hellman^{45a,45b}, C. Helsens³⁵, R.C.W. Henderson⁸⁷, Y. Heng¹⁷⁹, S. Henkelmann¹⁷³, A.M. Henriques Correia³⁵, G.H. Herbert¹⁹, H. Herde²⁶, V. Herget¹⁷⁵, Y. Hernández Jiménez^{32c}, H. Herr⁹⁷, G. Herten⁵³, R. Hertenberger¹¹², L. Hervas³⁵, T.C. Herwig¹³², G.G. Hesketh⁹², N.P. Hessey^{165a}, J.W. Hetherly⁴³, S. Higashino⁸¹, E. Higón-Rodríguez¹⁷², K. Hildebrand³⁶, E. Hill¹⁷⁴, J.C. Hill³¹, K.H. Hiller⁴⁶, S.J. Hillier²¹, M. Hils⁴⁸, I. Hinchliffe¹⁸, M. Hirose¹²⁹, D. Hirschbuehl¹⁸⁰, B. Hiti⁸⁹, O. Hladik¹³⁶, D.R. Hlaluku^{32c}, X. Hoad⁵⁰, J. Hobbs¹⁵², N. Hod^{165a}, M.C. Hodgkinson¹⁴⁶,

A. Hoecker³⁵, M.R. Hoferkamp¹¹⁶, F. Hoenig¹¹², D. Hohn²⁴, D. Hohov¹²⁸, T.R. Holmes³⁶, M. Holzbock¹¹², M. Homann⁴⁷, S. Honda¹⁶⁶, T. Honda⁸¹, T.M. Hong¹³⁴, B.H. Hooberman¹⁷¹, W.H. Hopkins¹²⁷, Y. Horii¹¹⁵, P. Horn⁴⁸, A.J. Horton¹⁴⁹, L.A. Horyn³⁶, J.-Y. Hostachy⁵⁹, A. Hostiuc¹⁴⁵, S. Hou¹⁵⁵, A. Hoummada^{34a}, J. Howarth⁹⁸, J. Hoya⁸⁶, M. Hrabovsky¹²⁶, J. Hrdinka³⁵, I. Hristova¹⁹, J. Hrivnac¹²⁸, A. Hrynevich¹⁰⁶, T. Hryn'ova⁵, P.J. Hsu⁶⁵, S.-C. Hsu¹⁴⁵, Q. Hu²⁹, S. Hu^{61c}, Y. Huang^{15a}, Z. Hubacek¹³⁷, F. Hubaut⁹⁹, M. Huebner²⁴, F. Huegging²⁴, T.B. Huffman¹³¹, E.W. Hughes³⁸, M. Huhtinen³⁵, R.F.H. Hunter³³, P. Huo¹⁵², A.M. Hupe³³, N. Huseynov^{80,ai}, J. Huston¹⁰⁴, J. Huth⁶⁰, R. Hyneman¹⁰³, G. Iacobucci⁵⁵, G. Iakovidis²⁹, I. Ibragimov¹⁴⁸, L. Iconomidou-Fayard¹²⁸, Z. Idrissi^{34e}, P. Iengo³⁵, R. Ignazzi³⁹, O. Igonkina^{118,ad}, R. Iguchi¹⁶⁰, T. Iizawa¹⁷⁷, Y. Ikegami⁸¹, M. Ikeno⁸¹, D. Iliadis¹⁵⁹, N. Ilic¹⁵⁰, F. Iltzsche⁴⁸, G. Introzzi^{71a,71b}, M. Iodice^{75a}, K. Iordanidou³⁸, V. Ippolito^{73a,73b}, M.F. Isacson¹⁷⁰, N. Ishijima¹²⁹, M. Ishino¹⁶⁰, M. Ishitsuka¹⁶², C. Issever¹³¹, S. Istin^{12c,ap}, F. Ito¹⁶⁶, J.M. Iturbe Ponce^{64a}, R. Iuppa^{76a,76b}, A. Ivina¹⁷⁸, H. Iwasaki⁸¹, J.M. Izen⁴⁴, V. Izzo^{70a}, S. Jabbar³, P. Jacka¹³⁶, P. Jackson¹, R.M. Jacobs²⁴, V. Jain², G. Jäkel¹⁸⁰, K.B. Jakobi⁹⁷, K. Jakobs⁵³, S. Jakobsen⁷⁷, T. Jakoubek¹³⁶, D.O. Jamin¹²⁵, D.K. Jana⁹³, R. Jansky⁵⁵, J. Janssen²⁴, M. Janus⁵⁴, P.A. Janus^{41a}, G. Jarlskog⁹⁵, N. Javadov^{80,ai}, T. Javůrek⁵³, M. Javurkova⁵³, F. Jeanneau¹⁴², L. Jeanty¹⁸, J. Jejelava^{156a,aj}, A. Jelinskas¹⁷⁶, P. Jenni^{53,c}, J. Jeong⁴⁶, C. Jeske¹⁷⁶, S. Jézéquel⁵, H. Ji¹⁷⁹, J. Jia¹⁵², H. Jiang⁷⁹, Y. Jiang^{61a}, Z. Jiang¹⁵⁰, S. Jiggins⁵³, F.A. Jimenez Morales³⁷, J. Jimenez Pena¹⁷², S. Jin^{15b}, A. Jinaru^{27b}, O. Jinnouchi¹⁶², H. Jivan^{32c}, P. Johansson¹⁴⁶, K.A. Johns⁷, C.A. Johnson⁶⁶, W.J. Johnson¹⁴⁵, K. Jon-And^{45a,45b}, R.W.L. Jones⁸⁷, S.D. Jones¹⁵³, S. Jones⁷, T.J. Jones⁸⁸, J. Jongmanns^{62a}, P.M. Jorge^{135a,135b}, J. Jovicevic^{165a}, X. Ju¹⁷⁹, J.J. Junggeburth¹¹³, A. Juste Rozas^{14,ab}, A. Kaczmarek⁴², M. Kado¹²⁸, H. Kagan¹²², M. Kagan¹⁵⁰, T. Kaji¹⁷⁷, E. Kajomovitz¹⁵⁷, C.W. Kalderon⁹⁵, A. Kaluza⁹⁷, S. Kama⁴³, A. Kamenshchikov¹³⁹, L. Kanjir⁸⁹, Y. Kano¹⁶⁰, V.A. Kantserov¹¹⁰, J. Kanzaki⁸¹, B. Kaplan¹²¹, L.S. Kaplan¹⁷⁹, D. Kar^{32c}, M.J. Kareem^{165b}, E. Karentzos¹⁰, S.N. Karpov⁸⁰, Z.M. Karpova⁸⁰, V. Kartvelishvili⁸⁷, A.N. Karyukhin¹³⁹, K. Kasahara¹⁶⁶, L. Kashif¹⁷⁹, R.D. Kass¹²², A. Kastanas¹⁵¹, Y. Kataoka¹⁶⁰, C. Kato¹⁶⁰, A. Katre⁵⁵, J. Katzy⁴⁶, K. Kawade⁸², K. Kawagoe⁸⁵, T. Kawamoto¹⁶⁰, G. Kawamura⁵⁴, E.F. Kay⁸⁸, V.F. Kazanin^{120b,120a}, R. Keeler¹⁷⁴, R. Kehoe⁴³, J.S. Keller³³, E. Kellermann⁹⁵, J.J. Kempster²¹, J. Kendrick²¹, O. Kepka¹³⁶, S. Kersten¹⁸⁰, B.P. Kerševan⁸⁹, R.A. Keyes¹⁰¹, M. Khader¹⁷¹, F. Khalil-zada¹³, A. Khanov¹²⁵, A.G. Kharlamov^{120b,120a}, T. Kharlamova^{120b,120a}, A. Khodinov¹⁶³, T.J. Khoo⁵⁵, V. Khovanskiy^{109,*}, E. Khramov⁸⁰, J. Khubua^{156b,v}, S. Kido⁸², M. Kiehn⁵⁵, C.R. Kilby⁹¹, H.Y. Kim⁸, S.H. Kim¹⁶⁶, Y.K. Kim³⁶, N. Kimura^{67a,67c}, O.M. Kind¹⁹, B.T. King⁸⁸, D. Kirchmeier⁴⁸, J. Kirk¹⁴⁰, A.E. Kiryunin¹¹³, T. Kishimoto¹⁶⁰, D. Kisieleska^{41a}, V. Kitali⁴⁶, O. Kivernyk⁵, E. Kladiva^{28b}, T. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus⁵³, M.H. Klein¹⁰³, M. Klein⁸⁸, U. Klein⁸⁸, K. Kleinknecht⁹⁷, P. Klimek¹¹⁹, A. Klimontov²⁹, R. Klingenberg^{47,*}, T. Klingl²⁴, T. Klioutchnikova³⁵, F.F. Klitzner¹¹², P. Kluit¹¹⁸, S. Kluth¹¹³, E. Kneringer⁷⁷, E.B.F.G. Knoop⁹⁹, A. Knue⁵³, A. Kobayashi¹⁶⁰, D. Kobayashi⁸⁵, T. Kobayashi¹⁶⁰, M. Kobel⁴⁸, M. Kocian¹⁵⁰, P. Kodys¹³⁸, T. Koffas³³, E. Koffeman¹¹⁸, N.M. Köhler¹¹³, T. Koi¹⁵⁰, M. Kolb^{62b}, I. Koletsou⁵, T. Kondo⁸¹, N. Kondrashova^{61c}, K. Köneke⁵³, A.C. König¹¹⁷, T. Kono^{81,aq}, R. Konoplich^{121,am}, N. Konstantinidis⁹², B. Konya⁹⁵, R. Kopeliansky⁶⁶, S. Koperny^{41a}, K. Korcyl⁴², K. Kordas¹⁵⁹, A. Korn⁹², I. Korolkov¹⁴, E.V. Korolkova¹⁴⁶, O. Kortner¹¹³, S. Kortner¹¹³, T. Kosek¹³⁸, V.V. Kostyukhin²⁴, A. Kotwal⁴⁹, A. Koulouris¹⁰, A. Kourkoumeli-Charalampidi^{71a,71b}, C. Kourkoumelis⁹, E. Kourlitis¹⁴⁶, V. Kouskoura²⁹, A.B. Kowalewska⁴², R. Kowalewski¹⁷⁴, T.Z. Kowalski^{41a}, C. Kozakai¹⁶⁰, W. Kozanecki¹⁴², A.S. Kozhin¹³⁹, V.A. Kramarenko¹¹¹, G. Kramberger⁸⁹, D. Krasnopevtsev¹¹⁰, M.W. Krasny⁹⁴, A. Krasznahorkay³⁵, D. Krauss¹¹³, J.A. Kremer^{41a}, J. Kretzschmar⁸⁸, K. Kreutzfeldt⁵⁷, P. Krieger¹⁶⁴, K. Krizka¹⁸, K. Kroeninger⁴⁷, H. Kroha¹¹³, J. Kroll¹³⁶, J. Kroll¹³², J. Kroseberg²⁴, J. Krstic¹⁶, U. Kruchonak⁸⁰, H. Krüger²⁴, N. Krumnack⁷⁹, M.C. Kruse⁴⁹, T. Kubota¹⁰², S. Kuday^{4b}, J.T. Kuechler¹⁸⁰, S. Kuehn³⁵, A. Kugel^{62a}, F. Kuger¹⁷⁵, T. Kuhl⁴⁶, V. Kukhtin⁸⁰, R. Kukla⁹⁹, Y. Kulchitsky¹⁰⁵, S. Kuleshov^{144b}, Y.P. Kulinich¹⁷¹, M. Kuna⁵⁹, T. Kunigo⁸³, A. Kupco¹³⁶, T. Kupfer⁴⁷, O. Kuprash¹⁵⁸, H. Kurashige⁸², L.L. Kurchaninov^{165a}, Y.A. Kurochkin¹⁰⁵, M.G. Kurth^{15d}, E.S. Kuwertz¹⁷⁴, M. Kuze¹⁶², J. Kvita¹²⁶, T. Kwan¹⁷⁴, A. La Rosa¹¹³, J.L. La Rosa Navarro^{141d}, L. La Rotonda^{40b,40a}, F. La Ruffa^{40b,40a}, C. Lacasta¹⁷², F. Lacava^{73a,73b}, J. Lacey⁴⁶, D.P.J. Lack⁹⁸, H. Lacker¹⁹, D. Lacour⁹⁴, E. Ladygin⁸⁰, R. Lafaye⁵, B. Laforge⁹⁴, S. Lai⁵⁴, S. Lammers⁶⁶, W. Lampl⁷, E. Lançon²⁹, U. Landgraf⁵³, M.P.J. Landon⁹⁰, M.C. Lanfermann⁵⁵, V.S. Lang⁴⁶, J.C. Lange¹⁴, R.J. Langenberg³⁵, A.J. Lankford¹⁶⁹, F. Lanni²⁹, K. Lantzsche²⁴, A. Lanza^{71a}, A. Lapertosa^{56b,56a},

S. Laplace⁹⁴, J.F. Laporte¹⁴², T. Lari^{69a}, F. Lasagni Manghi^{23b,23a}, M. Lassnig³⁵, T.S. Lau^{64a},
A. Laudrain¹²⁸, A.T. Law¹⁴³, P. Laycock⁸⁸, M. Lazzaroni^{69a,69b}, B. Le¹⁰², O. Le Dortz⁹⁴, E. Le Guirriec⁹⁹,
E.P. Le Quilleuc¹⁴², M. LeBlanc⁷, T. LeCompte⁶, F. Ledroit-Guillon⁵⁹, C.A. Lee²⁹, G.R. Lee^{144a}, L. Lee⁶⁰,
S.C. Lee¹⁵⁵, B. Lefebvre¹⁰¹, M. Lefebvre¹⁷⁴, F. Legger¹¹², C. Leggett¹⁸, G. Lehmann Miotto³⁵,
W.A. Leight⁴⁶, A. Leisos^{159,y}, M.A.L. Leite^{141d}, R. Leitner¹³⁸, D. Lellouch¹⁷⁸, B. Lemmer⁵⁴, K.J.C. Leney⁹²,
T. Lenz²⁴, B. Lenzi³⁵, R. Leone⁷, S. Leone^{72a}, C. Leonidopoulos⁵⁰, G. Lerner¹⁵³, C. Leroy¹⁰⁷, R. Les¹⁶⁴,
A.A.J. Lesage¹⁴², C.G. Lester³¹, M. Levchenko¹³³, J. Levêque⁵, D. Levin¹⁰³, L.J. Levinson¹⁷⁸, M. Levy²¹,
D. Lewis⁹⁰, B. Li^{61a,p}, C.-Q. Li^{61a}, H. Li^{61b}, L. Li^{61c}, Q. Li^{15d}, Q. Li^{61a}, S. Li^{61d,61c}, X. Li^{61c}, Y. Li¹⁴⁸,
Z. Liang^{15a}, B. Liberti^{74a}, A. Liblong¹⁶⁴, K. Lie^{64c}, S. Liem¹¹⁸, A. Limosani¹⁵⁴, C.Y. Lin³¹, K. Lin¹⁰⁴,
S.C. Lin¹⁶⁸, T.H. Lin⁹⁷, R.A. Linck⁶⁶, B.E. Lindquist¹⁵², A.L. Lioni⁵⁵, E. Lipeles¹³², A. Lipniacka¹⁷,
M. Lisovsky^{62b}, T.M. Liss^{171,as}, A. Lister¹⁷³, A.M. Litke¹⁴³, J.D. Little⁸, B. Liu⁷⁹, B.L. Liu⁶, H. Liu²⁹,
H. Liu¹⁰³, J.B. Liu^{61a}, J.K.K. Liu¹³¹, K. Liu⁹⁴, M. Liu^{61a}, P. Liu¹⁸, Y. Liu^{61a}, Y.L. Liu^{61a}, M. Livan^{71a,71b},
A. Lleres⁵⁹, J. Llorente Merino^{15a}, S.L. Lloyd⁹⁰, C.Y. Lo^{64b}, F. Lo Sterzo⁴³, E.M. Lobodzinska⁴⁶, P. Loch⁷,
F.K. Loebinger⁹⁸, A. Loesle⁵³, K.M. Loew²⁶, T. Lohse¹⁹, K. Lohwasser¹⁴⁶, M. Lokajicek¹³⁶, B.A. Long²⁵,
J.D. Long¹⁷¹, R.E. Long⁸⁷, L. Longo^{68a,68b}, K.A. Looper¹²², J.A. Lopez^{144b}, I. Lopez Paz¹⁴, A. Lopez Solis⁹⁴,
J. Lorenz¹¹², N. Lorenzo Martinez⁵, M. Losada²², P.J. Lösel¹¹², X. Lou⁴⁶, X. Lou^{15a}, A. Lounis¹²⁸,
J. Love⁶, P.A. Love⁸⁷, J.J. Lozano Bahilo¹⁷², H. Lu^{64a}, N. Lu¹⁰³, Y.J. Lu⁶⁵, H.J. Lubatti¹⁴⁵, C. Luci^{73a,73b},
A. Lucotte⁵⁹, C. Luedtke⁵³, F. Luehring⁶⁶, I. Luise⁹⁴, W. Lukas⁷⁷, L. Luminari^{73a}, B. Lund-Jensen¹⁵¹,
M.S. Lutz¹⁰⁰, P.M. Luzi⁹⁴, D. Lynn²⁹, R. Lysak¹³⁶, E. Lytken⁹⁵, F. Lyu^{15a}, V. Lyubushkin⁸⁰, H. Ma²⁹,
L.L. Ma^{61b}, Y. Ma^{61b}, G. Maccarrone⁵², A. Macchiolo¹¹³, C.M. Macdonald¹⁴⁶,
J. Machado Miguens^{132,135b}, D. Madaffari¹⁷², R. Madar³⁷, W.F. Mader⁴⁸, A. Madsen⁴⁶, N. Madysa⁴⁸,
J. Maeda⁸², S. Maeland¹⁷, T. Maeno²⁹, A.S. Maevskiy¹¹¹, V. Magerl⁵³, C. Maidantchik^{141a}, T. Maier¹¹²,
A. Maio^{135a,135b,135d}, O. Majersky^{28a}, S. Majewski¹²⁷, Y. Makida⁸¹, N. Makovec¹²⁸, B. Malaescu⁹⁴,
Pa. Malecki⁴², V.P. Maleev¹³³, F. Malek⁵⁹, U. Mallik⁷⁸, D. Malon⁶, C. Malone³¹, S. Maltezos¹⁰,
S. Malyukov³⁵, J. Mamuzic¹⁷², G. Mancini⁵², I. Mandić⁸⁹, J. Maneira^{135a,135b},
L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho^{141b}, J. Manjarres Ramos⁴⁸, K.H. Mankinen⁹⁵, A. Mann¹¹², A. Manousos⁷⁷,
B. Mansoulie¹⁴², J.D. Mansour^{15a}, R. Mantifel¹⁰¹, M. Mantoani⁵⁴, S. Manzoni^{69a,69b}, G. Marceca³⁰,
L. March⁵⁵, L. Marchese¹³¹, G. Marchiori⁹⁴, M. Marcisovsky¹³⁶, C.A. Marin Tobon³⁵, M. Marjanovic³⁷,
D.E. Marley¹⁰³, F. Marroquim^{141a}, Z. Marshall¹⁸, M.U.F. Martensson¹⁷⁰, S. Marti-Garcia¹⁷²,
C.B. Martin¹²², T.A. Martin¹⁷⁶, V.J. Martin⁵⁰, B. Martin dit Latour¹⁷, M. Martinez^{14,ab},
V.I. Martinez Outschoorn¹⁰⁰, S. Martin-Haugh¹⁴⁰, V.S. Martoiu^{27b}, A.C. Martyniuk⁹², A. Marzin³⁵,
L. Masetti⁹⁷, T. Mashimo¹⁶⁰, R. Mashinistov¹⁰⁸, J. Masik⁹⁸, A.L. Maslennikov^{120b,120a}, L.H. Mason¹⁰²,
L. Massa^{74a,74b}, P. Mastrandrea⁵, A. Mastroberardino^{40b,40a}, T. Masubuchi¹⁶⁰, P. Mättig¹⁸⁰, J. Maurer^{27b},
B. Maček⁸⁹, S.J. Maxfield⁸⁸, D.A. Maximov^{120b,120a}, R. Mazini¹⁵⁵, I. Maznas¹⁵⁹, S.M. Mazza¹⁴³,
N.C. Mc Fadden¹¹⁶, G. Mc Goldrick¹⁶⁴, S.P. Mc Kee¹⁰³, A. McCarn¹⁰³, T.G. McCarthy¹¹³,
L.I. McClymont⁹², E.F. McDonald¹⁰², J.A. Mcfayden³⁵, G. Mchedlidze⁵⁴, M.A. McKay⁴³, K.D. McLean¹⁷⁴,
S.J. McMahon¹⁴⁰, P.C. McNamara¹⁰², C.J. McNicol¹⁷⁶, R.A. McPherson^{174,ag}, J.E. Mdhuli^{32c},
Z.A. Meadows¹⁰⁰, S. Meehan¹⁴⁵, T. Megy⁵³, S. Mehlhase¹¹², A. Mehta⁸⁸, T. Meideck⁵⁹, B. Meirose⁴⁴,
D. Melini^{172,f}, B.R. Mellado Garcia^{32c}, J.D. Mellenthin⁵⁴, M. Melo^{28a}, F. Meloni²⁰, A. Melzer²⁴,
S.B. Menary⁹⁸, L. Meng⁸⁸, X.T. Meng¹⁰³, A. Mengarelli^{23b,23a}, S. Menke¹¹³, E. Meoni^{40b,40a},
S. Mergelmeyer¹⁹, C. Merlassino²⁰, P. Mermod⁵⁵, L. Merola^{70a,70b}, C. Meroni^{69a}, F.S. Merritt³⁶,
A. Messina^{73a,73b}, J. Metcalfe⁶, A.S. Mete¹⁶⁹, C. Meyer¹³², J. Meyer¹⁵⁷, J.-P. Meyer¹⁴²,
H. Meyer Zu Theenhausen^{62a}, F. Miano¹⁵³, R.P. Middleton¹⁴⁰, L. Mijović⁵⁰, G. Mikenberg¹⁷⁸,
M. Mikestikova¹³⁶, M. Mikuž⁸⁹, M. Milesi¹⁰², A. Milic¹⁶⁴, D.A. Millar⁹⁰, D.W. Miller³⁶, A. Milov¹⁷⁸,
D.A. Milstead^{45a,45b}, A.A. Minaenko¹³⁹, I.A. Minashvili^{156b}, A.I. Mincer¹²¹, B. Mindur^{41a}, M. Mineev⁸⁰,
Y. Minegishi¹⁶⁰, Y. Ming¹⁷⁹, L.M. Mir¹⁴, A. Mirto^{68a,68b}, K.P. Mistry¹³², T. Mitani¹⁷⁷, J. Mitrevski¹¹²,
V.A. Mitsou¹⁷², A. Miucci²⁰, P.S. Miyagawa¹⁴⁶, A. Mizukami⁸¹, J.U. Mjörnmark⁹⁵, T. Mkrtchyan¹⁸²,
M. Mlynarikova¹³⁸, T. Moa^{45a,45b}, K. Mochizuki¹⁰⁷, P. Mogg⁵³, S. Mohapatra³⁸, S. Molander^{45a,45b},
R. Moles-Valls²⁴, M.C. Mondragon¹⁰⁴, K. Mönig⁴⁶, J. Monk³⁹, E. Monnier⁹⁹, A. Montalbano¹⁴⁹,
J. Montejo Berlingen³⁵, F. Monticelli⁸⁶, S. Monzani^{69a}, R.W. Moore³, N. Morange¹²⁸, D. Moreno²²,
M. Moreno Llácer³⁵, P. Morettini^{56b}, M. Morgenstern¹¹⁸, S. Morgenstern³⁵, D. Mori¹⁴⁹, T. Mori¹⁶⁰,
M. Morii⁶⁰, M. Morinaga¹⁷⁷, V. Morisbak¹³⁰, A.K. Morley³⁵, G. Mornacchi³⁵, J.D. Morris⁹⁰, L. Morvaj¹⁵²,

P. Moschovakos¹⁰, M. Mosidze^{156b}, H.J. Moss¹⁴⁶, J. Moss^{150,k}, K. Motohashi¹⁶², R. Mount¹⁵⁰, E. Mountricha²⁹, E.J.W. Moyse¹⁰⁰, S. Muanza⁹⁹, F. Mueller¹¹³, J. Mueller¹³⁴, R.S.P. Mueller¹¹², D. Muenstermann⁸⁷, P. Mullen⁵⁸, G.A. Mullier²⁰, F.J. Munoz Sanchez⁹⁸, P. Murin^{28b}, W.J. Murray^{176,140}, A. Murrone^{69a,69b}, M. Muškinja⁸⁹, C. Mwewa^{32a}, A.G. Myagkov^{139,an}, J. Myers¹²⁷, M. Myska¹³⁷, B.P. Nachman¹⁸, O. Nackenhorst⁴⁷, K. Nagai¹³¹, R. Nagai^{81,aq}, K. Nagano⁸¹, Y. Nagasaka⁶³, K. Nagata¹⁶⁶, M. Nagel⁵³, E. Nagy⁹⁹, A.M. Nairz³⁵, Y. Nakahama¹¹⁵, K. Nakamura⁸¹, T. Nakamura¹⁶⁰, I. Nakano¹²³, F. Napolitano^{62a}, R.F. Naranjo Garcia⁴⁶, R. Narayan¹¹, D.I. Narrias Villar^{62a}, I. Naryshkin¹³³, T. Naumann⁴⁶, G. Navarro²², R. Nayyar⁷, H.A. Neal¹⁰³, P.Yu. Nechaeva¹⁰⁸, T.J. Neep¹⁴², A. Negri^{71a,71b}, M. Negrini^{23b}, S. Nektarijevic¹¹⁷, C. Nellist⁵⁴, M.E. Nelson¹³¹, S. Nemecek¹³⁶, P. Nemethy¹²¹, M. Nessi^{35,g}, M.S. Neubauer¹⁷¹, M. Neumann¹⁸⁰, P.R. Newman²¹, T.Y. Ng^{64c}, Y.S. Ng¹⁹, H.D.N. Nguyen⁹⁹, T. Nguyen Manh¹⁰⁷, E. Nibigira³⁷, R.B. Nickerson¹³¹, R. Nicolaidou¹⁴², J. Nielsen¹⁴³, N. Nikiforou¹¹, V. Nikolaenko^{139,an}, I. Nikolic-Audit⁹⁴, K. Nikolopoulos²¹, P. Nilsson²⁹, Y. Ninomiya⁸¹, A. Nisati^{73a}, N. Nishu^{61c}, R. Nisius¹¹³, I. Nitsche⁴⁷, T. Nitta¹⁷⁷, T. Nobe¹⁶⁰, Y. Noguchi⁸³, M. Nomachi¹²⁹, I. Nomidis³³, M.A. Nomura²⁹, T. Nooney⁹⁰, M. Nordberg³⁵, N. Norjoharuddeen¹³¹, T. Novak⁸⁹, O. Novgorodova⁴⁸, R. Novotny¹³⁷, M. Nozaki⁸¹, L. Nozka¹²⁶, K. Ntekas¹⁶⁹, E. Nurse⁹², F. Nuti¹⁰², F.G. Oakham^{33,av}, H. Oberlack¹¹³, T. Obermann²⁴, J. Ocariz⁹⁴, A. Ochi⁸², I. Ochoa³⁸, J.P. Ochoa-Ricoux^{144a}, K. O'Connor²⁶, S. Oda⁸⁵, S. Odaka⁸¹, A. Oh⁹⁸, S.H. Oh⁴⁹, C.C. Ohm¹⁵¹, H. Ohman¹⁷⁰, H. Oide^{56b,56a}, H. Okawa¹⁶⁶, Y. Okazaki⁸³, Y. Okumura¹⁶⁰, T. Okuyama⁸¹, A. Olariu^{27b}, L.F. Oleiro Seabra^{135a}, S.A. Olivares Pino^{144a}, D. Oliveira Damazio²⁹, J.L. Oliver¹, M.J.R. Olsson³⁶, A. Olszewski⁴², J. Olszowska⁴², D.C. O'Neil¹⁴⁹, A. Onofre^{135a,135e}, K. Onogi¹¹⁵, P.U.E. Onyisi^{11,q}, H. Oppen¹³⁰, M.J. Oreglia³⁶, Y. Oren¹⁵⁸, D. Orestano^{75a,75b}, E.C. Orgill⁹⁸, N. Orlando^{64b}, A.A. O'Rourke⁴⁶, R.S. Orr¹⁶⁴, B. Osculati^{56b,56a,*}, V. O'Shea⁵⁸, R. Ospanov^{61a}, G. Otero y Garzon³⁰, H. Otono⁸⁵, M. Ouchrif^{34d}, F. Ould-Saada¹³⁰, A. Ouraou¹⁴², K.P. Oussoren¹¹⁸, Q. Ouyang^{15a}, M. Owen⁵⁸, R.E. Owen²¹, V.E. Ozcan^{12c}, N. Ozturk⁸, K. Pachal¹⁴⁹, A. Pacheco Pages¹⁴, L. Pacheco Rodriguez¹⁴², C. Padilla Aranda¹⁴, S. Pagan Griso¹⁸, M. Paganini¹⁸¹, G. Palacino⁶⁶, S. Palazzo^{40b,40a}, S. Palestini³⁵, M. Palka^{41b}, D. Pallin³⁷, I. Panagoulas¹⁰, C.E. Pandini⁵⁵, J.G. Panduro Vazquez⁹¹, P. Pani³⁵, L. Paolozzi⁵⁵, Th.D. Papadopoulou¹⁰, K. Papageorgiou^{9,h}, A. Paramonov⁶, D. Paredes Hernandez^{64b}, B. Parida^{61c}, A.J. Parker⁸⁷, K.A. Parker⁴⁶, M.A. Parker³¹, F. Parodi^{56b,56a}, J.A. Parsons³⁸, U. Parzefall⁵³, V.R. Pascuzzi¹⁶⁴, J.M.P. Pasner¹⁴³, E. Pasqualucci^{73a}, S. Passaggio^{56b}, Fr. Pastore⁹¹, P. Pasuwan^{45a,45b}, S. Pataria⁹⁷, J.R. Pater⁹⁸, A. Pathak^{179,i}, T. Pauly³⁵, B. Pearson¹¹³, S. Pedraza Lopez¹⁷², R. Pedro^{135a,135b}, S.V. Peleganchuk^{120b,120a}, O. Penc¹³⁶, C. Peng^{15d}, H. Peng^{61a}, J. Penwell⁶⁶, B.S. Peralva^{141b}, M.M. Perego¹⁴², A.P. Pereira Peixoto^{135a}, D.V. Perepelitsa²⁹, F. Peri¹⁹, L. Perini^{69a,69b}, H. Pernegger³⁵, S. Perrella^{70a,70b}, V.D. Peshekhonov^{80,*}, K. Peters⁴⁶, R.F.Y. Peters⁹⁸, B.A. Petersen³⁵, T.C. Petersen³⁹, E. Petit⁵⁹, A. Petridis¹, C. Petridou¹⁵⁹, P. Petroff¹²⁸, E. Petrolo^{73a}, M. Petrov¹³¹, F. Petrucci^{75a,75b}, N.E. Pettersson¹⁰⁰, A. Peyaud¹⁴², R. Pezoa^{144b}, T. Pham¹⁰², F.H. Phillips¹⁰⁴, P.W. Phillips¹⁴⁰, G. Piacquadio¹⁵², E. Pianori¹⁷⁶, A. Picazio¹⁰⁰, M.A. Pickering¹³¹, R. Piegaia³⁰, J.E. Pilcher³⁶, A.D. Pilkington⁹⁸, M. Pinamonti^{74a,74b}, J.L. Pinfold³, M. Pitt¹⁷⁸, M.-A. Pleier²⁹, V. Pleskot¹³⁸, E. Plotnikova⁸⁰, D. Pluth⁷⁹, P. Podberezko^{120b,120a}, R. Poettgen⁹⁵, R. Poggi^{71a,71b}, L. Poggioli¹²⁸, I. Pogrebnyak¹⁰⁴, D. Pohl²⁴, I. Pokharel⁵⁴, G. Polesello^{71a}, A. Poley⁴⁶, A. Policicchio^{40b,40a}, R. Polifka³⁵, A. Polini^{23b}, C.S. Pollard⁴⁶, V. Polychronakos²⁹, D. Ponomarenko¹¹⁰, L. Pontecorvo^{73a}, G.A. Popeneciu^{27d}, D.M. Portillo Quintero⁹⁴, S. Pospisil¹³⁷, K. Potamianos⁴⁶, I.N. Potrap⁸⁰, C.J. Potter³¹, H. Potti¹¹, T. Poulsen⁹⁵, J. Poveda³⁵, M.E. Pozo Astigarraga³⁵, P. Pralavorio⁹⁹, S. Prell⁷⁹, D. Price⁹⁸, M. Primavera^{68a}, S. Prince¹⁰¹, N. Proklova¹¹⁰, K. Prokofiev^{64c}, F. Prokoshin^{144b}, S. Protopopescu²⁹, J. Proudfoot⁶, M. Przybycien^{41a}, A. Puri¹⁷¹, P. Puzo¹²⁸, J. Qian¹⁰³, Y. Qin⁹⁸, A. Quadt⁵⁴, M. Queitsch-Maitland⁴⁶, A. Qureshi¹, S.K. Radhakrishnan¹⁵², P. Rados¹⁰², F. Ragusa^{69a,69b}, G. Rahal⁵¹, J.A. Raine⁹⁸, S. Rajagopalan²⁹, T. Rashid¹²⁸, S. Raspopov⁵, M.G. Ratti^{69a,69b}, D.M. Rauch⁴⁶, F. Rauscher¹¹², S. Rave⁹⁷, B. Ravina¹⁴⁶, I. Ravinovich¹⁷⁸, J.H. Rawling⁹⁸, M. Raymond³⁵, A.L. Read¹³⁰, N.P. Readoff⁵⁹, M. Reale^{68a,68b}, D.M. Rebuzzi^{71a,71b}, A. Redelbach¹⁷⁵, G. Redlinger²⁹, R. Reece¹⁴³, R.G. Reed^{32c}, K. Reeves⁴⁴, L. Rehnisch¹⁹, J. Reichert¹³², A. Reiss⁹⁷, C. Rembser³⁵, H. Ren^{15d}, M. Rescigno^{73a}, S. Resconi^{69a}, E.D. Resseguie¹³², S. Rettie¹⁷³, E. Reynolds²¹, O.L. Rezanova^{120b,120a}, P. Reznicek¹³⁸, R. Richter¹¹³, S. Richter⁹², E. Richter-Was^{41b}, O. Ricken²⁴, M. Ridel⁹⁴, P. Rieck¹¹³, C.J. Riegel¹⁸⁰, O. Rifki⁴⁶, M. Rijssenbeek¹⁵², A. Rimoldi^{71a,71b}, M. Rimoldi²⁰, L. Rinaldi^{23b},

G. Ripellino¹⁵¹, B. Ristić³⁵, E. Ritsch³⁵, I. Riu¹⁴, J.C. Rivera Vergara^{144a}, F. Rizatdinova¹²⁵, E. Rizvi⁹⁰, C. Rizzi¹⁴, R.T. Roberts⁹⁸, S.H. Robertson^{101,ag}, A. Robichaud-Veronneau¹⁰¹, D. Robinson³¹, J.E.M. Robinson⁴⁶, A. Robson⁵⁸, E. Rocco⁹⁷, C. Roda^{72a,72b}, Y. Rodina^{99,ac}, S. Rodriguez Bosca¹⁷², A. Rodriguez Perez¹⁴, D. Rodriguez Rodriguez¹⁷², A.M. Rodríguez Vera^{165b}, S. Roe³⁵, C.S. Rogan⁶⁰, O. Röhne¹³⁰, R. Röhrig¹¹³, C.P.A. Roland⁶⁶, J. Roloff⁶⁰, A. Romaniouk¹¹⁰, M. Romano^{23b,23a}, E. Romero Adam¹⁷², N. Rompotis⁸⁸, M. Ronzani¹²¹, L. Roos⁹⁴, S. Rosati^{73a}, K. Rosbach⁵³, P. Rose¹⁴³, N.-A. Rosien⁵⁴, E. Rossi^{70a,70b}, L.P. Rossi^{56b}, L. Rossini^{69a,69b}, J.H.N. Rosten³¹, R. Rosten¹⁴⁵, M. Rotaru^{27b}, J. Rothberg¹⁴⁵, D. Rousseau¹²⁸, D. Roy^{32c}, A. Rozanov⁹⁹, Y. Rozen¹⁵⁷, X. Ruan^{32c}, F. Rubbo¹⁵⁰, F. Rühr⁵³, A. Ruiz-Martinez³³, Z. Rurikova⁵³, N.A. Rusakovich⁸⁰, H.L. Russell¹⁰¹, J.P. Rutherford⁷, N. Ruthmann³⁵, E.M. Rüttinger⁴⁶, Y.F. Ryabov¹³³, M. Rybar¹⁷¹, G. Rybkin¹²⁸, S. Ryu⁶, A. Ryzhov¹³⁹, G.F. Rzehorz⁵⁴, P. Sabatini⁵⁴, G. Sabato¹¹⁸, S. Sacerdoti¹²⁸, H.F.W. Sadrozinski¹⁴³, R. Sadykov⁸⁰, F. Safai Tehrani^{73a}, P. Saha¹¹⁹, M. Sahinsoy^{62a}, M. Saimpert⁴⁶, M. Saito¹⁶⁰, T. Saito¹⁶⁰, H. Sakamoto¹⁶⁰, A. Sakharov^{121,am}, D. Salamani⁵⁵, G. Salamanna^{75a,75b}, J.E. Salazar Loyola^{144b}, D. Salek¹¹⁸, P.H. Sales De Bruin¹⁷⁰, D. Salihagic¹¹³, A. Salnikov¹⁵⁰, J. Salt¹⁷², D. Salvatore^{40b,40a}, F. Salvatore¹⁵³, A. Salvucci^{64a,64b,64c}, A. Salzburger³⁵, D. Sammel⁵³, D. Sampsonidis¹⁵⁹, D. Sampsonidou¹⁵⁹, J. Sánchez¹⁷², A. Sanchez Pineda^{67a,67c}, H. Sandaker¹³⁰, C.O. Sander⁴⁶, M. Sandhoff¹⁸⁰, C. Sandoval²², D.P.C. Sankey¹⁴⁰, M. Sannino^{56b,56a}, Y. Sano¹¹⁵, A. Sansoni⁵², C. Santoni³⁷, H. Santos^{135a}, I. Santoyo Castillo¹⁵³, A. Saponov⁸⁰, J.G. Saraiva^{135a,135d}, O. Sasaki⁸¹, K. Sato¹⁶⁶, E. Sauvan⁵, P. Savard^{164,av}, N. Savic¹¹³, R. Sawada¹⁶⁰, C. Sawyer¹⁴⁰, L. Sawyer^{93,al}, C. Sbarra^{23b}, A. Sbrizzi^{23b,23a}, T. Scanlon⁹², D.A. Scannicchio¹⁶⁹, J. Schaarschmidt¹⁴⁵, P. Schacht¹¹³, B.M. Schachtner¹¹², D. Schaefer³⁶, L. Schaefer¹³², J. Schaeffer⁹⁷, S. Schaepe³⁵, U. Schäfer⁹⁷, A.C. Schaffer¹²⁸, D. Schaile¹¹², R.D. Schamberger¹⁵², N. Scharmberg⁹⁸, V.A. Schegelsky¹³³, D. Scheirich¹³⁸, F. Schenck¹⁹, M. Schernau¹⁶⁹, C. Schiavi^{56b,56a}, S. Schier¹⁴³, L.K. Schildgen²⁴, Z.M. Schillaci²⁶, E.J. Schioppa³⁵, M. Schioppa^{40b,40a}, K.E. Schleicher⁵³, S. Schlenker³⁵, K.R. Schmidt-Sommerfeld¹¹³, K. Schmieden³⁵, C. Schmitt⁹⁷, S. Schmitt⁴⁶, S. Schmitz⁹⁷, U. Schnoor⁵³, L. Schoeffel¹⁴², A. Schoening^{62b}, E. Schopf²⁴, M. Schott⁹⁷, J.F.P. Schouwenberg¹¹⁷, J. Schovancova³⁵, S. Schramm⁵⁵, N. Schuh⁹⁷, A. Schulte⁹⁷, H.-C. Schultz-Coulon^{62a}, M. Schumacher⁵³, B.A. Schumm¹⁴³, Ph. Schune¹⁴², A. Schwartzman¹⁵⁰, T.A. Schwarz¹⁰³, H. Schweiger⁹⁸, Ph. Schwemling¹⁴², R. Schwienhorst¹⁰⁴, A. Sciandra²⁴, G. Sciolla²⁶, M. Scornajenghi^{40b,40a}, F. Scuri^{72a}, F. Scutti¹⁰², L.M. Scyboz¹¹³, J. Searcy¹⁰³, C.D. Sebastiani^{73a,73b}, P. Seema²⁴, S.C. Seidel¹¹⁶, A. Seiden¹⁴³, J.M. Seixas^{141a}, G. Sekhniaidze^{70a}, K. Sekhon¹⁰³, S.J. Sekula⁴³, N. Semprini-Cesari^{23b,23a}, S. Senkin³⁷, C. Serfon¹³⁰, L. Serin¹²⁸, L. Serkin^{67a,67b}, M. Sessa^{75a,75b}, H. Severini¹²⁴, F. Sforza¹⁶⁷, A. Sfyrila⁵⁵, E. Shabalina⁵⁴, J.D. Shahinian¹⁴³, N.W. Shaikh^{45a,45b}, L.Y. Shan^{15a}, R. Shang¹⁷¹, J.T. Shank²⁵, M. Shapiro¹⁸, A.S. Sharma¹, A. Sharma¹³¹, P.B. Shatalov¹⁰⁹, K. Shaw^{67a,67b}, S.M. Shaw⁹⁸, A. Shcherbakova¹³³, C.Y. Shehu¹⁵³, Y. Shen¹²⁴, N. Sherafati³³, A.D. Sherman²⁵, P. Sherwood⁹², L. Shi^{155,ar}, S. Shimizu⁸², C.O. Shimmin¹⁸¹, M. Shimojima¹¹⁴, I.P.J. Shipsey¹³¹, S. Shirabe⁸⁵, M. Shiyakova^{80,ae}, J. Shlomi¹⁷⁸, A. Shmeleva¹⁰⁸, D. Shoaleh Saadi¹⁰⁷, M.J. Shochet³⁶, S. Shojaii¹⁰², D.R. Shope¹²⁴, S. Shrestha¹²², E. Shulga¹¹⁰, P. Sicho¹³⁶, A.M. Sickles¹⁷¹, P.E. Sidebo¹⁵¹, E. Sideras Haddad^{32c}, O. Sidiropoulou¹⁷⁵, A. Sidoti^{23b,23a}, F. Siegert⁴⁸, Dj. Sijacki¹⁶, J. Silva^{135a,135d}, M. Silva Jr.¹⁷⁹, S.B. Silverstein^{45a}, L. Simic⁸⁰, S. Simion¹²⁸, E. Simioni⁹⁷, B. Simmons⁹², M. Simon⁹⁷, P. Sinervo¹⁶⁴, N.B. Sinev¹²⁷, M. Sioli^{23b,23a}, G. Siragusa¹⁷⁵, I. Siral¹⁰³, S.Yu. Sivoklov¹¹¹, J. Sjölin^{45a,45b}, M.B. Skinner⁸⁷, P. Skubic¹²⁴, M. Slater²¹, T. Slavicek¹³⁷, M. Slawinska⁴², K. Sliwa¹⁶⁷, R. Slovak¹³⁸, V. Smakhtin¹⁷⁸, B.H. Smart⁵, J. Smiesko^{28a}, N. Smirnov¹¹⁰, S.Yu. Smirnov¹¹⁰, Y. Smirnov¹¹⁰, L.N. Smirnova^{111,t}, O. Smirnova⁹⁵, J.W. Smith⁵⁴, M.N.K. Smith³⁸, R.W. Smith³⁸, M. Smizanska⁸⁷, K. Smolek¹³⁷, A.A. Snesarev¹⁰⁸, I.M. Snyder¹²⁷, S. Snyder²⁹, R. Sobie^{174,ag}, F. Socher⁴⁸, A.M. Soffa¹⁶⁹, A. Soffer¹⁵⁸, A. Søgaard⁵⁰, D.A. Soh¹⁵⁵, G. Sokhrannyi⁸⁹, C.A. Solans Sanchez³⁵, M. Solar¹³⁷, E.Yu. Soldatov¹¹⁰, U. Soldevila¹⁷², A.A. Solodkov¹³⁹, A. Soloshenko⁸⁰, O.V. Solovyanov¹³⁹, V. Solovyev¹³³, P. Sommer¹⁴⁶, H. Son¹⁶⁷, W. Song¹⁴⁰, A. Sopczak¹³⁷, F. Sopkova^{28b}, D. Sosa^{62b}, C.L. Sotiropoulou^{72a,72b}, S. Sottocornola^{71a,71b}, R. Soualah^{67a,67c}, A.M. Soukharev^{120b,120a}, D. South⁴⁶, B.C. Sowden⁹¹, S. Spagnolo^{68a,68b}, M. Spalla¹¹³, M. Spangenberg¹⁷⁶, F. Spanò⁹¹, D. Sperlich¹⁹, F. Spettel¹¹³, T.M. Spieker^{62a}, R. Spighi^{23b}, G. Spigo³⁵, L.A. Spiller¹⁰², M. Spousta¹³⁸, A. Stabile^{69a,69b}, R. Stamen^{62a}, S. Stamm¹⁹, E. Stanecka⁴², R.W. Stanek⁶, C. Stanescu^{75a}, M.M. Stanitzki⁴⁶, B.S. Stapf¹¹⁸, S. Stapnes¹³⁰, E.A. Starchenko¹³⁹, G.H. Stark³⁶, J. Stark⁵⁹, S.H. Stark³⁹, P. Staroba¹³⁶, P. Starovoitov^{62a},

S. Stärz³⁵, R. Staszewski⁴², M. Stegler⁴⁶, P. Steinberg²⁹, B. Stelzer¹⁴⁹, H.J. Stelzer³⁵, O. Stelzer-Chilton^{165a}, H. Stenzel⁵⁷, T.J. Stevenson⁹⁰, G.A. Stewart⁵⁸, M.C. Stockton¹²⁷, G. Stoicea^{27b}, P. Stolte⁵⁴, S. Stonjek¹¹³, A. Straessner⁴⁸, J. Strandberg¹⁵¹, S. Strandberg^{45a,45b}, M. Strauss¹²⁴, P. Strizenec^{28b}, R. Ströhmer¹⁷⁵, D.M. Strom¹²⁷, R. Stroynowski⁴³, A. Strubig⁵⁰, S.A. Stucci²⁹, B. Stugu¹⁷, J. Stupak¹²⁴, N.A. Styles⁴⁶, D. Su¹⁵⁰, J. Su¹³⁴, S. Suchek^{62a}, Y. Sugaya¹²⁹, M. Suk¹³⁷, V.V. Sulin¹⁰⁸, D.M.S. Sultan⁵⁵, S. Sultansoy^{4c}, T. Sumida⁸³, S. Sun¹⁰³, X. Sun³, K. Suruliz¹⁵³, C.J.E. Suster¹⁵⁴, M.R. Sutton¹⁵³, S. Suzuki⁸¹, M. Svatos¹³⁶, M. Swiatlowski³⁶, S.P. Swift², A. Sydorenko⁹⁷, I. Sykora^{28a}, T. Sykora¹³⁸, D. Ta⁹⁷, K. Tackmann⁴⁶, J. Taenzer¹⁵⁸, A. Taffard¹⁶⁹, R. Tafiout^{165a}, E. Tahirovic⁹⁰, N. Taiblum¹⁵⁸, H. Takai²⁹, R. Takashima⁸⁴, E.H. Takasugi¹¹³, K. Takeda⁸², T. Takeshita¹⁴⁷, Y. Takubo⁸¹, M. Talby⁹⁹, A.A. Talyshv^{120b,120a}, J. Tanaka¹⁶⁰, M. Tanaka¹⁶², R. Tanaka¹²⁸, R. Tanioka⁸², B.B. Tannenwald¹²², S. Tapia Araya^{144b}, S. Tapprogge⁹⁷, A. Tarek Abouelfadl Mohamed⁹⁴, S. Tarem¹⁵⁷, G. Tarna^{27b,d}, G.F. Tartarelli^{69a}, P. Tas¹³⁸, M. Tasevsky¹³⁶, T. Tashiro⁸³, E. Tassi^{40b,40a}, A. Tavares Delgado^{135a,135b}, Y. Tayalati^{34e}, A.C. Taylor¹¹⁶, A.J. Taylor⁵⁰, G.N. Taylor¹⁰², P.T.E. Taylor¹⁰², W. Taylor^{165b}, A.S. Tee⁸⁷, P. Teixeira-Dias⁹¹, D. Temple¹⁴⁹, H. Ten Kate³⁵, P.K. Teng¹⁵⁵, J.J. Teoh¹²⁹, F. Tepel¹⁸⁰, S. Terada⁸¹, K. Terashi¹⁶⁰, J. Terron⁹⁶, S. Terzo¹⁴, M. Testa⁵², R.J. Teuscher^{164,ag}, S.J. Thais¹⁸¹, T. Theveneaux-Pelzer⁴⁶, F. Thiele³⁹, J.P. Thomas²¹, A.S. Thompson⁵⁸, P.D. Thompson²¹, L.A. Thomsen¹⁸¹, E. Thomson¹³², Y. Tian³⁸, R.E. Ticse Torres⁵⁴, V.O. Tikhomirov^{108,ao}, Yu.A. Tikhonov^{120b,120a}, S. Timoshenko¹¹⁰, P. Tipton¹⁸¹, S. Tisserant⁹⁹, K. Todome¹⁶², S. Todorova-Nova⁵, S. Todt⁴⁸, J. Tojo⁸⁵, S. Tokár^{28a}, K. Tokushuku⁸¹, E. Tolley¹²², M. Tomoto¹¹⁵, L. Tompkins^{150,o}, K. Toms¹¹⁶, B. Tong⁶⁰, P. Tornambe⁵³, E. Torrence¹²⁷, H. Torres⁴⁸, E. Torró Pastor¹⁴⁵, C. Toscirì¹³¹, J. Toth^{99,af}, F. Touchard⁹⁹, D.R. Tovey¹⁴⁶, C.J. Treado¹²¹, T. Trefzger¹⁷⁵, F. Tresoldi¹⁵³, A. Tricoli²⁹, I.M. Trigger^{165a}, S. Trincaz-Duvold⁹⁴, M.F. Tripiana¹⁴, W. Trischuk¹⁶⁴, B. Trocme⁵⁹, A. Trofymov⁴⁶, C. Troncon^{69a}, M. Trovatielli¹⁷⁴, F. Trovato¹⁵³, L. Truong^{32b}, M. Trzebinski⁴², A. Trzupek⁴², F. Tsai⁴⁶, K.W. Tsang^{64a}, J.C.-L. Tseng¹³¹, P.V. Tsiareshka¹⁰⁵, N. Tsirintanis⁹, S. Tsiskaridze¹⁴, V. Tsiskaridze¹⁵², E.G. Tskhadadze^{156a}, I.I. Tsukerman¹⁰⁹, V. Tsulaia¹⁸, S. Tsuno⁸¹, D. Tsybychev¹⁵², Y. Tu^{64b}, A. Tudorache^{27b}, V. Tudorache^{27b}, T.T. Tulbure^{27a}, A.N. Tuna⁶⁰, S. Turchikhin⁸⁰, D. Turgeman¹⁷⁸, I. Turk Cakir^{4b,w}, R. Turra^{69a}, P.M. Tuts³⁸, G. Uccielli^{23b,23a}, I. Ueda⁸¹, M. Ughetto^{45a,45b}, F. Ukegawa¹⁶⁶, G. Unal³⁵, A. Undrus²⁹, G. Unel¹⁶⁹, F.C. Ungaro¹⁰², Y. Unno⁸¹, K. Uno¹⁶⁰, J. Urban^{28b}, P. Urquijo¹⁰², P. Urrejola⁹⁷, G. Usai⁸, J. Usui⁸¹, L. Vacavant⁹⁹, V. Vacek¹³⁷, B. Vachon¹⁰¹, K.O.H. Vadla¹³⁰, A. Vaidya⁹², C. Valderanis¹¹², E. Valdes Santurio^{45a,45b}, M. Valente⁵⁵, S. Valentini^{23b,23a}, A. Valero¹⁷², L. Valéry⁴⁶, R.A. Vallance²¹, A. Vallier⁵, J.A. Valls Ferrer¹⁷², T.R. Van Daalen¹⁴, W. Van Den Wollenberg¹¹⁸, H. van der Graaf¹¹⁸, P. van Gemmeren⁶, J. Van Nieuwkoop¹⁴⁹, I. van Vulpen¹¹⁸, M.C. van Woerden¹¹⁸, M. Vanadia^{74a,74b}, W. Vandelli³⁵, A. Vaniachine¹⁶³, P. Vankov¹¹⁸, R. Vari^{73a}, E.W. Varnes⁷, C. Varni^{56b,56a}, T. Varol⁴³, D. Varouchas¹²⁸, A. Vartapetian⁸, K.E. Varvell¹⁵⁴, G.A. Vasquez^{144b}, J.G. Vasquez¹⁸¹, F. Vazeille³⁷, D. Vazquez Furelos¹⁴, T. Vazquez Schroeder¹⁰¹, J. Veatch⁵⁴, V. Vecchio^{75a,75b}, L.M. Veloce¹⁶⁴, F. Veloso^{135a,135c}, S. Veneziano^{73a}, A. Ventura^{68a,68b}, M. Venturi¹⁷⁴, N. Venturi³⁵, V. Vercesi^{71a}, M. Verducci^{75a,75b}, W. Verkerke¹¹⁸, A.T. Vermeulen¹¹⁸, J.C. Vermeulen¹¹⁸, M.C. Vetterli^{149,av}, N. Viaux Maira^{144b}, O. Viazlo⁹⁵, I. Vichou^{171,*}, T. Vickey¹⁴⁶, O.E. Vickey Boeriu¹⁴⁶, G.H.A. Viehhauser¹³¹, S. Viel¹⁸, L. Vignani¹³¹, M. Villa^{23b,23a}, M. Villaplana Perez^{69a,69b}, E. Vilucchi⁵², M.G. Vincker³³, V.B. Vinogradov⁸⁰, A. Vishwakarma⁴⁶, C. Vittori^{23b,23a}, I. Vivarelli¹⁵³, S. Vlachos¹⁰, M. Vogel¹⁸⁰, P. Vokac¹³⁷, G. Volpi¹⁴, S.E. von Buddenbrock^{32c}, E. von Toerne²⁴, V. Vorobel¹³⁸, K. Vorobev¹¹⁰, M. Vos¹⁷², J.H. Vosseveld⁸⁸, N. Vranjes¹⁶, M. Vranjes Milosavljevic¹⁶, V. Vrba¹³⁷, M. Vreeswijk¹¹⁸, T. Šfiligoj⁸⁹, R. Vuillermet³⁵, I. Vukotic³⁶, T. Ženiš^{28a}, L. Živković¹⁶, P. Wagner²⁴, W. Wagner¹⁸⁰, J. Wagner-Kuhr¹¹², H. Wahlberg⁸⁶, S. Wahrmund⁴⁸, K. Wakamiya⁸², J. Walder⁸⁷, R. Walker¹¹², W. Walkowiak¹⁴⁸, V. Wallangen^{45a,45b}, A.M. Wang⁶⁰, C. Wang^{61b,d}, F. Wang¹⁷⁹, H. Wang¹⁸, H. Wang³, J. Wang¹⁵⁴, J. Wang^{62b}, P. Wang⁴³, Q. Wang¹²⁴, R.-J. Wang⁹⁴, R. Wang^{61a}, R. Wang⁶, S.M. Wang¹⁵⁵, T. Wang³⁸, W. Wang^{155,m}, W. Wang^{61a,ah}, Y. Wang^{61a}, Z. Wang^{61c}, C. Wanotayaroj⁴⁶, A. Warburton¹⁰¹, C.P. Ward³¹, D.R. Wardrope⁹², A. Washbrook⁵⁰, P.M. Watkins²¹, A.T. Watson²¹, M.F. Watson²¹, G. Watts¹⁴⁵, S. Watts⁹⁸, B.M. Waugh⁹², A.F. Webb¹¹, S. Webb⁹⁷, C. Weber¹⁸¹, M.S. Weber²⁰, S.A. Weber³³, S.M. Weber^{62a}, J.S. Webster⁶, A.R. Weidberg¹³¹, B. Weinert⁶⁶, J. Weingarten⁵⁴, M. Weirich⁹⁷, C. Weiser⁵³, P.S. Wells³⁵, T. Wenaus²⁹, T. Wengler³⁵,

S. Wenig³⁵, N. Wermes²⁴, M.D. Werner⁷⁹, P. Werner³⁵, M. Wessels^{62a}, T.D. Weston²⁰, K. Whalen¹²⁷, N.L. Whallon¹⁴⁵, A.M. Wharton⁸⁷, A.S. White¹⁰³, A. White⁸, M.J. White¹, R. White^{144b}, D. Whiteson¹⁶⁹, B.W. Whitmore⁸⁷, F.J. Wickens¹⁴⁰, W. Wiedenmann¹⁷⁹, M. Wielers¹⁴⁰, C. Wigglesworth³⁹, L.A.M. Wiik-Fuchs⁵³, A. Wildauer¹¹³, F. Wilk⁹⁸, H.G. Wilkens³⁵, H.H. Williams¹³², S. Williams³¹, C. Willis¹⁰⁴, S. Willocq¹⁰⁰, J.A. Wilson²¹, I. Wingerter-Seez⁵, E. Winkels¹⁵³, F. Winklmeier¹²⁷, O.J. Winston¹⁵³, B.T. Winter²⁴, M. Wittgen¹⁵⁰, M. Wobisch^{93,al}, A. Wolf⁹⁷, T.M.H. Wolf¹¹⁸, R. Wolff⁹⁹, M.W. Wolter⁴², H. Wolters^{135a,135c}, V.W.S. Wong¹⁷³, N.L. Woods¹⁴³, S.D. Worm²¹, B.K. Wosiek⁴², K.W. Woźniak⁴², K. Wraight⁵⁸, M. Wu³⁶, S.L. Wu¹⁷⁹, X. Wu⁵⁵, Y. Wu^{61a}, T.R. Wyatt⁹⁸, B.M. Wynne⁵⁰, S. Xella³⁹, Z. Xi¹⁰³, L. Xia^{15c}, D. Xu^{15a}, H. Xu^{61a}, L. Xu²⁹, T. Xu¹⁴², W. Xu¹⁰³, B. Yabsley¹⁵⁴, S. Yacoob^{32a}, K. Yajima¹²⁹, D.P. Yallup⁹², D. Yamaguchi¹⁶², Y. Yamaguchi¹⁶², A. Yamamoto⁸¹, T. Yamanaka¹⁶⁰, F. Yamane⁸², M. Yamatani¹⁶⁰, T. Yamazaki¹⁶⁰, Y. Yamazaki⁸², Z. Yan²⁵, H. Yang^{61c,61d}, H. Yang¹⁸, S. Yang⁷⁸, Y. Yang¹⁶⁰, Y. Yang¹⁵⁵, Z. Yang¹⁷, W.-M. Yao¹⁸, Y.C. Yap⁴⁶, Y. Yasu⁸¹, E. Yatsenko⁵, K.H. Yau Wong²⁴, J. Ye⁴³, S. Ye²⁹, I. Yeletsikh⁸⁰, E. Yigitbasi²⁵, E. Yildirim⁹⁷, K. Yorita¹⁷⁷, K. Yoshihara¹³², C.J.S. Young³⁵, C. Young¹⁵⁰, J. Yu⁸, J. Yu⁷⁹, X. Yue^{62a}, S.P.Y. Yuen²⁴, I. Yusuff^{31,ax}, B. Zabinski⁴², G. Zacharis¹⁰, R. Zaidan¹⁴, A.M. Zaitsev^{139,an}, N. Zakharchuk⁴⁶, J. Zalieckas¹⁷, S. Zambito⁶⁰, D. Zanzi³⁵, C. Zeitnitz¹⁸⁰, G. Zemaityte¹³¹, J.C. Zeng¹⁷¹, Q. Zeng¹⁵⁰, O. Zenin¹³⁹, D. Zerwas¹²⁸, M. Zgubić¹³¹, D. Zhang¹⁰³, D. Zhang^{61b}, F. Zhang¹⁷⁹, G. Zhang^{61a,ah}, H. Zhang^{15b}, J. Zhang⁶, L. Zhang⁵³, L. Zhang^{61a}, M. Zhang¹⁷¹, P. Zhang^{15b}, R. Zhang^{61a,d}, R. Zhang²⁴, X. Zhang^{61b}, Y. Zhang^{15d}, Z. Zhang¹²⁸, X. Zhao⁴³, Y. Zhao^{61b,ak}, Z. Zhao^{61a}, A. Zhemchugov⁸⁰, B. Zhou¹⁰³, C. Zhou¹⁷⁹, L. Zhou⁴³, M. Zhou^{15d}, M. Zhou¹⁵², N. Zhou^{61c}, Y. Zhou⁷, C.G. Zhu^{61b}, H. Zhu^{61a}, H. Zhu^{15a}, J. Zhu¹⁰³, Y. Zhu^{61a}, X. Zhuang^{15a}, K. Zhukov¹⁰⁸, V. Zhulanov^{120b,120a}, A. Zibell¹⁷⁵, D. Zieminska⁶⁶, N.I. Zimine⁸⁰, S. Zimmermann⁵³, Z. Zinonos¹¹³, M. Zinser⁹⁷, M. Ziolkowski¹⁴⁸, G. Zobernig¹⁷⁹, A. Zoccoli^{23b,23a}, K. Zoch⁵⁴, T.G. Zorbas¹⁴⁶, R. Zou³⁶, M. zur Nedden¹⁹, L. Zwalinski³⁵

¹ Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia

² Physics Department, SUNY Albany, Albany NY, United States of America

³ Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton AB, Canada

⁴ (a) Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; (b) Istanbul Aydin University, Istanbul; (c) Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey

⁵ LAPP, Université Grenoble Alpes, Université Savoie Mont Blanc, CNRS/IN2P3, Annecy, France

⁶ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne IL, United States of America

⁷ Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson AZ, United States of America

⁸ Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington TX, United States of America

⁹ Physics Department, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece

¹⁰ Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece

¹¹ Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin TX, United States of America

¹² (a) Bahcesehir University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul; (b) Istanbul Bilgi University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul; (c) Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul; (d) Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep, Turkey

¹³ Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan

¹⁴ Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE), The Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Barcelona, Spain

¹⁵ (a) Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing; (b) Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu; (c) Physics Department, Tsinghua University, Beijing;

(d) University of Chinese Academy of Science (UCAS), Beijing, China

¹⁶ Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

¹⁷ Department of Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway

¹⁸ Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley CA, United States of America

¹⁹ Department of Physics, Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany

²⁰ Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland

²¹ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom

²² Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Narino, Bogota, Colombia

²³ (a) Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, Università di Bologna, Bologna; (b) INFN Sezione di Bologna, Italy

²⁴ Physikalisches Institut, University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany

²⁵ Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston MA, United States of America

²⁶ Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham MA, United States of America

²⁷ (a) Transilvania University of Brasov, Brasov; (b) Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering; (c) Department of Physics, Alexandru Ioan Cuza University of Iasi, Iasi; (d) National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj Napoca; (e) University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest; (f) West

University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania

²⁸ (a) Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava; (b) Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of

Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic

²⁹ Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton NY, United States of America

³⁰ Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina

³¹ Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom

³² (a) Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town; (b) Department of Mechanical Engineering Science, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg; (c) School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa

³³ Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa ON, Canada

³⁴ (a) Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies - Université Hassan II, Casablanca; (b) Centre National de l'Energie des Sciences Techniques

Nucléaires, Rabat; (c) Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA-Marrakech; (d) Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda; (e) Faculté des

sciences, Université Mohammed V, Rabat, Morocco

³⁵ CERN, Geneva, Switzerland

- ³⁶ Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago IL, United States of America
- ³⁷ LPC, Université Clermont Auvergne, CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France
- ³⁸ Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington NY, United States of America
- ³⁹ Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark
- ⁴⁰ (a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende; (b) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Italy
- ⁴¹ (a) AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow; (b) Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland
- ⁴² Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland
- ⁴³ Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas TX, United States of America
- ⁴⁴ Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson TX, United States of America
- ⁴⁵ (a) Department of Physics, Stockholm University; (b) The Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
- ⁴⁶ DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany
- ⁴⁷ Lehrstuhl für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany
- ⁴⁸ Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden, Germany
- ⁴⁹ Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham NC, United States of America
- ⁵⁰ SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom
- ⁵¹ Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France
- ⁵² INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy
- ⁵³ Fakultät für Mathematik und Physik, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg, Germany
- ⁵⁴ II Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität, Göttingen, Germany
- ⁵⁵ Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland
- ⁵⁶ (a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova; (b) INFN Sezione di Genova, Italy
- ⁵⁷ II. Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany
- ⁵⁸ SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom
- ⁵⁹ LPSC, Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS/IN2P3, Grenoble INP, Grenoble, France
- ⁶⁰ Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge MA, United States of America
- ⁶¹ (a) Department of Modern Physics and State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics, University of Science and Technology of China, Anhui; (b) School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong; (c) School of Physics and Astronomy, Key Laboratory for Particle Physics, Astrophysics and Cosmology, Ministry of Education, Shanghai Key Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Shanghai Jiao Tong University; (d) Tsung-Dao Lee Institute, Shanghai, China
- ⁶² (a) Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; (b) Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany
- ⁶³ Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan
- ⁶⁴ (a) Department of Physics, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong; (b) Department of Physics, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong; (c) Department of Physics and Institute for Advanced Study, The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Clear Water Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong, China
- ⁶⁵ Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu, Taiwan
- ⁶⁶ Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington IN, United States of America
- ⁶⁷ (a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine; (b) ICTP, Trieste; (c) Dipartimento di Chimica, Fisica e Ambiente, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
- ⁶⁸ (a) INFN Sezione di Lecce; (b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy
- ⁶⁹ (a) INFN Sezione di Milano; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy
- ⁷⁰ (a) INFN Sezione di Napoli; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- ⁷¹ (a) INFN Sezione di Pavia; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- ⁷² (a) INFN Sezione di Pisa; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy
- ⁷³ (a) INFN Sezione di Roma; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- ⁷⁴ (a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy
- ⁷⁵ (a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tre; (b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy
- ⁷⁶ (a) INFN-TIFPA; (b) University of Trento, Trento, Italy
- ⁷⁷ Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria
- ⁷⁸ University of Iowa, Iowa City IA, United States of America
- ⁷⁹ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames IA, United States of America
- ⁸⁰ Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, JINR Dubna, Dubna, Russia
- ⁸¹ KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan
- ⁸² Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan
- ⁸³ Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁸⁴ Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁸⁵ Research Center for Advanced Particle Physics and Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan
- ⁸⁶ Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina
- ⁸⁷ Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom
- ⁸⁸ Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom
- ⁸⁹ Department of Experimental Particle Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and Department of Physics, University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- ⁹⁰ School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom
- ⁹¹ Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Surrey, United Kingdom
- ⁹² Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom
- ⁹³ Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA, United States of America
- ⁹⁴ Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- ⁹⁵ Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden
- ⁹⁶ Departamento de Física Teórica C-15 and CIAFF, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain
- ⁹⁷ Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany
- ⁹⁸ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom
- ⁹⁹ CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- ¹⁰⁰ Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA, United States of America
- ¹⁰¹ Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal QC, Canada
- ¹⁰² School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
- ¹⁰³ Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, United States of America
- ¹⁰⁴ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing MI, United States of America
- ¹⁰⁵ B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Belarus
- ¹⁰⁶ Research Institute for Nuclear Problems of Byelorussian State University, Minsk, Belarus
- ¹⁰⁷ Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal QC, Canada
- ¹⁰⁸ P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia
- ¹⁰⁹ Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP), Moscow, Russia
- ¹¹⁰ National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia

- 111 D.V. Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- 112 Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany
- 113 Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- 114 Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan
- 115 Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- 116 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque NM, United States of America
- 117 Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands
- 118 Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- 119 Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb IL, United States of America
- 120 ^(a) Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, SB RAS, Novosibirsk; ^(b) Novosibirsk State University Novosibirsk, Russia
- 121 Department of Physics, New York University, New York NY, United States of America
- 122 Ohio State University, Columbus OH, United States of America
- 123 Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan
- 124 Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman OK, United States of America
- 125 Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater OK, United States of America
- 126 Palacký University, RCPTM, Olomouc, Czech Republic
- 127 Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene OR, United States of America
- 128 LAL, Université Paris-Sud, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay, France
- 129 Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan
- 130 Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
- 131 Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom
- 132 Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia PA, United States of America
- 133 Konstantinov Nuclear Physics Institute of National Research Centre “Kurchatov Institute”, PNPI, St. Petersburg, Russia
- 134 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh PA, United States of America
- 135 ^(a) Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas - LIP, Lisboa; ^(b) Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(c) Department of Physics, University of Coimbra, Coimbra; ^(d) Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(e) Departamento de Física, Universidade do Minho, Braga; ^(f) Departamento de Física Teórica y del Cosmos, Universidad de Granada, Granada (Spain); ^(g) Dep Física and CEFITEC of Faculdade de Ciências e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Caparica, Portugal
- 136 Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Praha, Czech Republic
- 137 Czech Technical University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
- 138 Charles University, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Prague, Czech Republic
- 139 State Research Center Institute for High Energy Physics (Protvino), NRC KI, Russia
- 140 Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- 141 ^(a) Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro; ^(b) Electrical Circuits Department, Federal University of Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora; ^(c) Federal University of Sao Joao del Rei (UFSJ), Sao Joao del Rei; ^(d) Instituto de Física, Universidade de Sao Paulo, Sao Paulo, Brazil
- 142 Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l’Univers, DSM/IRFU, CEA Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- 143 Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz CA, United States of America
- 144 ^(a) Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago; ^(b) Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile
- 145 Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle WA, United States of America
- 146 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom
- 147 Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
- 148 Department Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
- 149 Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby BC, Canada
- 150 SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford CA, United States of America
- 151 Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden
- 152 Departments of Physics and Astronomy, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook NY, United States of America
- 153 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom
- 154 School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
- 155 Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- 156 ^(a) E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi; ^(b) High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- 157 Department of Physics, Technion: Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel
- 158 Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel
- 159 Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
- 160 International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- 161 Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
- 162 Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
- 163 Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia
- 164 Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto ON, Canada
- 165 ^(a) TRIUMF, Vancouver BC; ^(b) Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto ON, Canada
- 166 Division of Physics and Tomonaga Center for the History of the Universe, Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan
- 167 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford MA, United States of America
- 168 Academia Sinica Grid Computing, Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- 169 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine CA, United States of America
- 170 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
- 171 Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana IL, United States of America
- 172 Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC), Centro Mixto Universidad de Valencia - CSIC, Spain
- 173 Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver BC, Canada
- 174 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC, Canada
- 175 Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität, Würzburg, Germany
- 176 Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
- 177 Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
- 178 Department of Particle Physics, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
- 179 Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison WI, United States of America
- 180 Fakultät für Mathematik und Naturwissenschaften, Fachgruppe Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany
- 181 Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven CT, United States of America
- 182 Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia

^a Also at Borough of Manhattan Community College, City University of New York, New York City, United States of America.

^b Also at Centre for High Performance Computing, CSIR Campus, Rosebank, Cape Town, South Africa.

- ^c Also at CERN, Geneva, Switzerland.
- ^d Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France.
- ^e Also at Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain.
- ^f Also at Departamento de Física Teórica y del Cosmos, Universidad de Granada, Granada (Spain), Spain.
- ^g Also at Departement de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland.
- ^h Also at Department of Financial and Management Engineering, University of the Aegean, Chios, Greece.
- ⁱ Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Louisville, Louisville, KY, United States of America.
- ^j Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno CA, United States of America.
- ^k Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Sacramento CA, United States of America.
- ^l Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London, United Kingdom.
- ^m Also at Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu, China.
- ⁿ Also at Department of Physics, St. Petersburg State Polytechnical University, St. Petersburg, Russia.
- ^o Also at Department of Physics, Stanford University, Stanford CA, United States of America.
- ^p Also at Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, United States of America.
- ^q Also at Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin TX, United States of America.
- ^r Also at Department of Physics, University of Fribourg, Fribourg, Switzerland.
- ^s Also at Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy.
- ^t Also at Faculty of Physics, M.V.Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia.
- ^u Also at Fakultät für Mathematik und Physik, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg, Germany.
- ^v Also at Georgian Technical University (GTU), Tbilisi, Georgia.
- ^w Also at Giresun University, Faculty of Engineering, Turkey.
- ^x Also at Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan.
- ^y Also at Hellenic Open University, Patras, Greece.
- ^z Also at Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Romania.
- ^{aa} Also at II Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität, Göttingen, Germany.
- ^{ab} Also at Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona, Spain.
- ^{ac} Also at Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE), The Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Barcelona, Spain.
- ^{ad} Also at Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands.
- ^{ae} Also at Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy (INRNE) of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria.
- ^{af} Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary.
- ^{ag} Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada.
- ^{ah} Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.
- ^{ai} Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan.
- ^{aj} Also at Institute of Theoretical Physics, Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia.
- ^{ak} Also at LAL, Université Paris-Sud, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay, France.
- ^{al} Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA, United States of America.
- ^{am} Also at Manhattan College, New York NY, United States of America.
- ^{an} Also at Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny, Russia.
- ^{ao} Also at National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia.
- ^{ap} Also at Near East University, Nicosia, North Cyprus, Mersin 10, Turkey.
- ^{aq} Also at Ochadai Academic Production, Ochanomizu University, Tokyo, Japan.
- ^{ar} Also at School of Physics, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, China.
- ^{as} Also at The City College of New York, New York NY, United States of America.
- ^{at} Also at The Collaborative Innovation Center of Quantum Matter (CICQM), Beijing, China.
- ^{au} Also at Tomsk State University, Tomsk, and Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny, Russia.
- ^{av} Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver BC, Canada.
- ^{aw} Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy.
- ^{ax} Also at University of Malaya, Department of Physics, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
- ^{*} Deceased.