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Direct Double-Stranded DNA Quantitation from PCR Reactions V.2

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Working

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ABSTRACT

For convenience and for PCR products that are challenging to purify with high efficiency (*e.g.*, chemically modified DNAs), it is often desirable to quantitate synthesized DNA directly from a PCR reaction. Here we describe the use of a high-sensitivity Quant-iT[™] PicoGreen[®] dye-based fluorescence assay to quantitate PCR-synthesized, double-stranded, low molecular weight, 5'-modified DNA probes in the presence of single-stranded primers and deoxyribonucleotides.¹

THIS PROTOCOL ACCOMPANIES THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATION

Iain D. Johnson, 8.3 Nucleic Acid Quantitation in Solution, in *The Molecular Probes Handbook: A Guide to Fluorescent Probes and Labeling Technologies*, 11th Edition, Life Technologies Corporation, 2010, pp. 339-348.

GUIDELINES

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MATERIALS

NAME	CATALOG #	VENDOR
Qubit [™] dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Q32851	Invitrogen - Thermo Fisher
Axygen 0.5 mL PCR tubes, 0.5 mL, thin wall, clear, flat caps	PCR-05-C	Corning

Prepare Quant-iT[™] dsDNA High-Sensitivity Working Reagent [WR1]

- 1 Dilute Quant-iT[™] dsDNA HS reagent 1:200 with Quant-iT[™] dsDNA buffer to a final volume of 200 μ L * 1.1 * (total number of assays to be performed). For example, to perform 10 assays, prepare 1100 μ L WR1. Prepare in polypropylene microcentrifuge tube, vortex briefly to mix thoroughly. Store shielded from direct light, room temperature. Use within 3 h preparation. Note: it is possible to substitute water for Quant-iT[™] dsDNA buffer in the preparation of WR1. However, measured values for dsDNA will be ~33% lower than those obtained with Quant-iT[™] dsDNA buffer.

Prepare assay samples

- 2 Label high-clarity 0.5 mL polypropylene microcentrifuge tubes on their caps. Axxygen thin-wall PCR tubes (PCR-05-C) work well. Include blank if desired. Place tubes in a rack. A used 1000 μ L pipet tip rack works well for this purpose.



- 3 Aliquot 200 μ L WR into each tube. Add 2 μ L aliquot from completed PCR reaction. Vortex to mix thoroughly; centrifuge briefly to coalesce. Return tubes to rack. Incubate at room temperature for at least 5 min. Fluorescence values increase slightly with time ($\leq 10\%$) and are stable for at least 1 h.

Read assay samples

- 4 Following instructions are for a Qubit™ 2.0 fluorometer. Adjust accordingly for fluorometer being used. Note that the Quant-iT™ dsDNA HS reagent fluorescence excitation maximum is 502 nm (blue) and emission maximum is 523 nm (green).
- 5 Turn on Qubit 2.0 fluorometer. Using touchscreen, “Choose Your Assay: DNA”, “dsDNA High Sensitivity”. “Read New Standards?” If desired “Yes”, otherwise “No”. Insert sample tube, close lid, “Read Next Sample”. Record data by hand or upload upon completion to a USB flash drive.



- 6 Note that the values shown are those for dilution in WR1; units are ng/mL. To determine double-stranded DNA concentration in PCR reaction, multiply values by 100 and convert to ng/μL. For PCR reactions with New England Biolabs *Taq* DNA polymerase and standard *Taq* buffer, synthesizing short 63-bp IRD7-labeled REPSA selection templates, we routinely obtain yields of 3 to 6 ng/μL product dsDNA. Blank samples without any added DNA template, whether stored on ice or processed through 20 PCR cycles, routinely show background values of 1 to 1.5 ng/μL. Note that the values above will be dependent on primer concentrations, sequence, and lengths of PCR products generated.

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