

Table 1. Laser Fluorination oxygen isotope measurements

Sample	Zone	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (‰) VSMOW
<i>Mineralized vein quartz</i>		
09A	X	9.37
09B	X	9.34
35	X	9.97
8	X	9.03
31	X	9.67
1	A	9.46
12	A	8.56
30A	A	8.74
30B	A	8.72
32	A	9.25
02A	B	8.25
02B	B	8.7
3	C	8.13
04A	D	8.34
04B	D	8.3
05A	D	7.87
05B	D	7.68
36	D	8.26
37	D	7.91
06A	E	8.55
06B	E	8.36
7	F	6.84
<i>Post-mineral vein quartz*</i>		
11	n/a	7.26
<i>Felsic intrusion quartz</i>		
19	n/a	7.74
20	n/a	8.14
21	n/a	8.19
22	n/a	7.78

*vein cross-cuts footwall gabbro, clearly post-dating primary mineralization

Table 2. Results of in situ oxygen isotope analyses of Reef Deposit quartz, calcite and dolomite using Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry

Sample	Session Specific Sample Identification	Sample/Spot Identification	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (‰) VSMOW	2SD (ext.)	Mineralogy	%MgCO ₃	%CaCO ₃	%MnCO ₃
Sample EH1512 transect from calcite and across dolomite zoning area A								
	723	RC01 1512 c A01	27.06	0.19	Cal	1.04	97.84	0.81
	724	RC01 1512 c A02	24.41	0.19	Cal	1.12	96.95	1.50
	725	RC01 1512 c A03	25.72	0.19	Cal	0.89	97.93	0.96
	726	RC01 1512 c A04	25.65	0.19	Cal	0.92	97.92	0.90
	727	RC01 1512 d A05	25.25	0.19	Dol	42.38	51.66	1.68
	728	RC01 1512 d A06	27.19	0.19	Dol	47.13	50.42	0.64
	729	RC01 1512 d A07	27.61	0.19	Dol	46.47	51.28	0.58
	730	RC01 1512 d A08	26.60	0.19	Dol	46.39	51.04	1.74
	731	RC01 1512 d A09	28.09	0.19	Dol	47.83	50.42	1.40
	732	RC01 1512 d A10	27.06	0.19	Dol	46.89	50.19	2.58
	733	RC01 1512 d A11	27.36	0.19	Dol	47.41	50.49	1.81
	734	RC01 1512 d A12	26.95	0.19	Dol	46.74	50.51	2.46
	735	RC01 1512 d A13	27.17	0.19	Dol	46.76	50.49	2.46
Sample EH1512 transect from calcite and across dolomite zoning area B								
	853	RC01 1512 c B49	29.12	0.22	Cal	0.33	98.36	1.01
	854	RC01 1512 d B50	26.64	0.22	Dol	45.02	51.29	0.34
	855	RC01 1512 d B51	27.99	0.22	Dol	47.27	50.02	0.83
	856	RC01 1512 d B52	28.00	0.22	Dol	46.87	50.19	0.79
	857	RC01 1512 d B53	26.62	0.22	Dol	47.55	50.18	1.96
	858	RC01 1512 d B54	25.83	0.22	Dol	47.35	50.87	1.38
	859	RC01 1512 d B55	26.44	0.22	Dol	47.43	49.71	2.25
	860	RC01 1512 d B56	27.24	0.22	Dol	46.46	51.15	2.01
Sample EH1512 analysis of calcite and calcite twins								
	751	RC01 1512 c B25	29.27	0.18	Cal	0.05	99.47	0.48
	752	RC01 1512 c B26	28.49	0.18	Cal	0.20	99.06	0.63
	753	RC01 1512 c B27	29.00	0.18	Cal	0.59	97.75	1.34
	849	RC01 1512 c B45	24.82	0.22	Cal	0.13	99.50	0.15
	850	RC01 1512 c B46	29.28	0.22	Cal	0.65	97.72	1.32
	851	RC01 1512 c B47	27.86	0.22	Cal	0.24	99.07	0.61
	852	RC01 1512 c B48	29.29	0.22	Cal	0.75	97.52	1.53
Sample EH1505 100 um calcite veinlet with 2 BSE zones (%FeCO ₃ <1.5)								
	747	RC01 1505 c A21	19.99	0.18	Cal	-0.05	100.08	-0.02
	741	RC01 1505 c A15	9.89	0.18	Cal	0.00	100.00	0.00
	769	RC01 1505 c B39	10.09	0.15	Cal	0.00	100.06	-0.06
	771	RC01 1505 c B41	10.82	0.15	Cal	0.00	100.09	-0.09
	748	RC01 1505 c A22	20.59	0.18	Cal	-0.05	100.08	-0.06
	750	RC01 1505 c B24	13.32	0.18	Cal	-0.07	100.02	-0.09
Sample EH1505 100 um calcite veinlet with 2 BSE zones (%FeCO ₃ >1.5)								
	744	RC01 1505 c A18	9.61	0.18	Cal	0.58	97.82	-0.07
	770	RC01 1505 c B40	23.77	0.15	Cal	0.06	93.89	3.76
	745	RC01 1505 c A19	23.80	0.18	Cal	0.08	94.61	2.31
	740	RC01 1505 c A14	24.24	0.18	Cal	0.12	92.95	3.92
	742	RC01 1505 c A16	22.99	0.18	Cal	0.10	91.13	4.57

Sample	Session Specific Sample Identification	Sample/Spot Identification	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (‰) VSMOW	2SD (ext.)	Mineralogy	%MgCO ₃	%CaCO ₃	%MnCO ₃
	743	RC01 1505 c A17	22.61	0.18	Cal	0.10	91.13	4.57
Sample EH1509 calcite in-filling the crustiform quartz vein								
	762	RC01 1509 c A32	21.00	0.15	Cal	0.06	98.85	0.34
	763	RC01 1509 c A33	20.29	0.15	Cal	0.00	98.85	0.36
	764	RC01 1509 c A34	20.59	0.15	Cal	0.06	96.99	1.07
	765	RC01 1509 c B35	22.08	0.15	Cal	0.11	96.62	1.19
	766	RC01 1509 c B36	22.13	0.15	Cal	0.00	97.00	1.11
	767	RC01 1509 c B37	21.47	0.15	Cal	0.00	96.61	1.33
Sample EH1530 pyrrhotite replacing calcite in large patches associated with radiogenic MVT Pb isotopes (Haroldson et al., 2016)								
	758	RC01 1530 c 28	20.50	0.15	Cal	0.18	99.27	0.49
	759	RC01 1530 c 29	28.12	0.15	Cal	0.75	97.46	0.74
	760	RC01 1530 c 30	24.36	0.15	Cal	0.12	99.88	0.00
	761	RC01 1530 c 31	29.34	0.15	Cal	0.22	98.65	0.74
	846	RC01 1530 c 42	21.04	0.22	Cal	0.19	99.80	0.01
	847	RC01 1530 c 43	21.83	0.22	Cal	0.55	98.70	0.49
	848	RC01 1530 c 44	21.62	0.22	Cal	0.42	99.46	0.09
Sample EH1509 quartz								
Transect across crustiform texture veinlet								
	785	R4799 1509-03 PS01	8.95	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	786	R4799 1509-03 PS02	28.03	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	787	R4799 1509-03 PS03	24.69	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	788	R4799 1509-03 PS04	24.46	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	789	R4799 1509-03 PS05	21.69	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	790	R4799 1509-03 PS06	26.08	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	791	R4799 1509-03 PS07	19.43	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	792	R4799 1509-03 PS08	24.75	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	793	R4799 1509-03 PS09	26.36	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	794	R4799 1509-03 PS10	28.38	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	795	R4799 1509-03 PS11	8.98	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
Transect into crustiform texture veinlet closer to pyrite								
	796	R4799 1509-03 FI12	9.08	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	797	R4799 1509-03 PS13	25.58	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	798	R4799 1509-03 PS14	26.27	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
	799	R4799 1509-03 PS15	25.69	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-
Stretch mark investigation								
	804	R4799 1509-03 SP16	9.08	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	805	R4799 1509-03 SP17	8.99	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
Various analyses of crustiform vein and zoned euhedral open space growth quartz								
	826	R4799 1509-03 q CS34	8.88	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	827	R4799 1509-03 q CS35	27.08	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	828	R4799 1509-03 q CS36	25.36	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	829	R4799 1509-03 q CS37	26.35	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	830	R4799 1509-03 q CS38	25.46	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	831	R4799 1509-03 q CS39	22.35	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
Sample EH1504 dark quartz areas texturally associated with gold								
	806	R4799 1504 q CS18	9.16	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-

Sample	Session Specific Sample Identification	Sample/Spot Identification	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (‰) VSMOW	2SD (ext.)	Mineralogy	%MgCO ₃	%CaCO ₃	%MnCO ₃
	807	R4799 1504 q CS19	9.63	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	808	R4799 1504 q CS20	9.32	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	809	R4799 1504 q CS21	8.88	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	810	R4799 1504 q CS22	8.48	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	811	R4799 1504 q CS23	8.80	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	812	R4799 1504 q CS24	8.87	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	813	R4799 1504 q CS25	9.33	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	814	R4799 1504 q CS26	9.68	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
	815	R4799 1504 q CS27	8.66	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-
Quartz inclusion in sulfide with darker CL overgrowth texturally associated with gold								
	820	R4799 1504 q ES28	8.05	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	821	R4799 1504 q ES29	7.93	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	822	R4799 1504 q ES30	8.16	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	823	R4799 1504 q ES31	8.30	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
Sample EH1507 testing light and dark CL areas								
	824	R4799 1507 q 32	7.22	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-
	825	R4799 1507 q 33	7.51	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-

¹Fe# = FeCO₃/FeCO₃+MgCO₃; reported for dolomite measurements in which Fe# was used in the correction.

and EPMA.

%FeCO ₃	¹ Fe#
0.31	-
0.43	-
0.22	-
0.27	-
4.28	0.092
1.81	0.037
1.67	0.035
0.83	0.018
0.36	0.007
0.34	0.007
0.29	0.006
0.29	0.006
0.30	0.006
0.30	-
3.35	0.069
1.89	0.038
2.15	0.044
0.30	0.006
0.39	0.008
0.61	0.013
0.38	0.008
0.00	-
0.12	-
0.32	-
0.21	-
0.30	-
0.09	-
0.20	-
-0.01	-
0.00	-
0.00	-
0.00	-
0.02	-
0.13	-
1.67	-
2.30	-
3.00	-
3.00	-
4.20	-

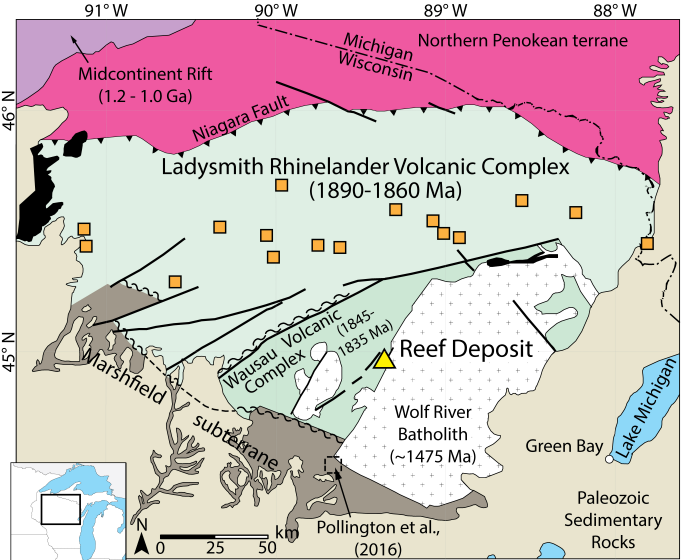
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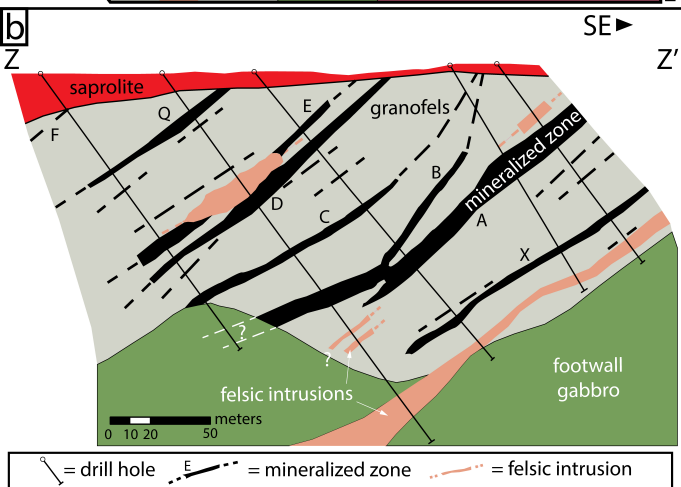
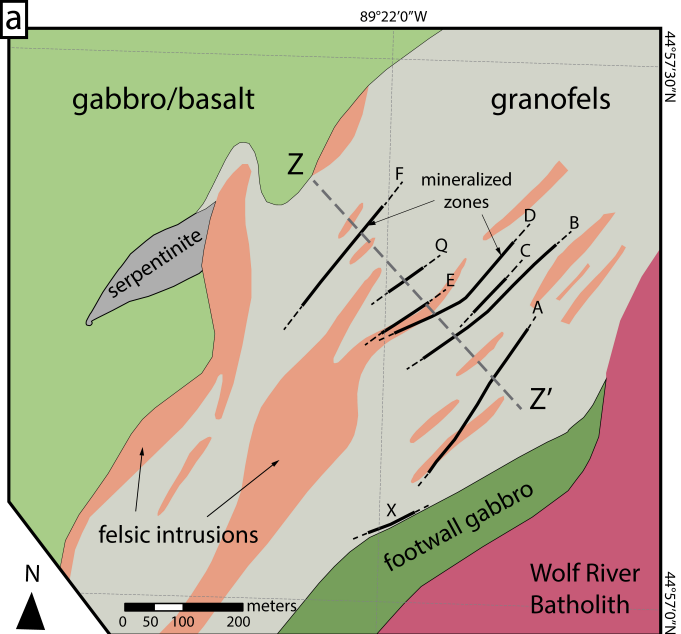
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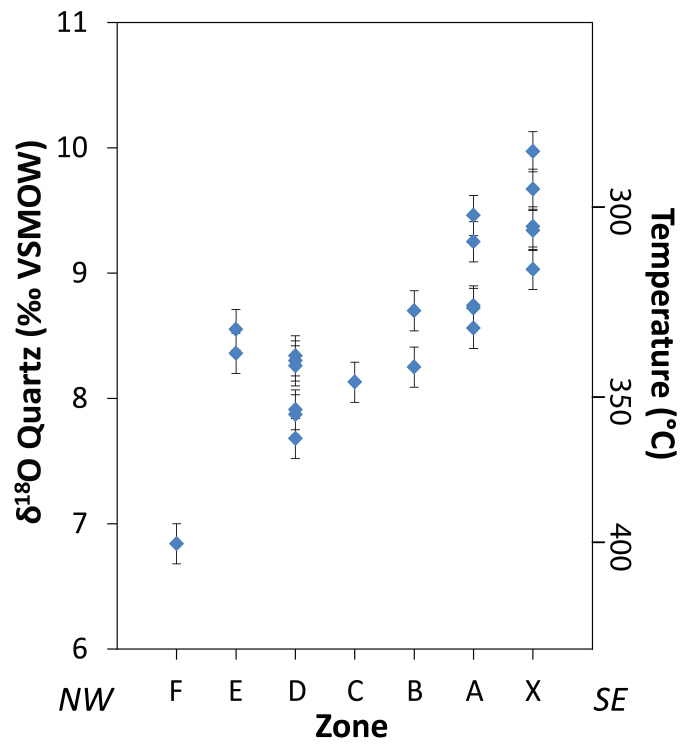
Table 3. Oxygen isotope compositions of potential fluid source reservoirs.

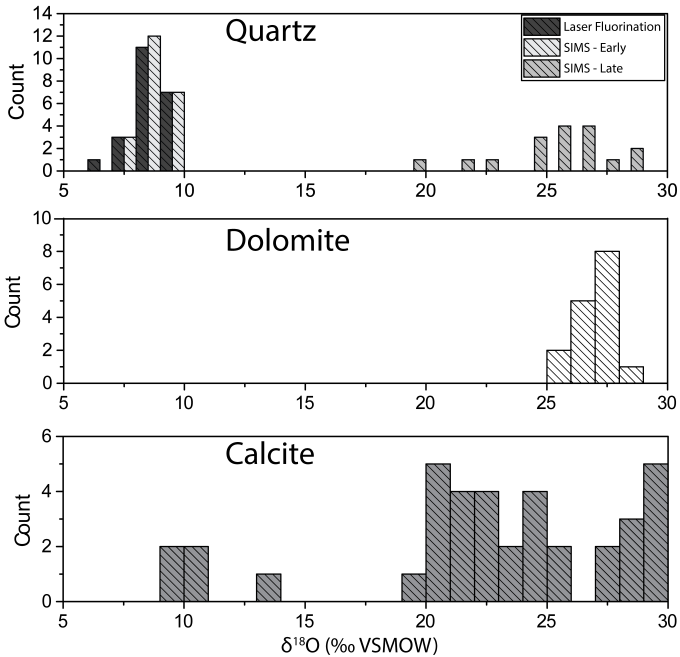
Geologic Event	Age	Age Resource	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (‰ VSMOW)
Regional metamorphism	1845 to 1833 Ma	Schulz and Cannon, 2007	+3 to +20
Yavapai and Mazatzal metamorphic fluid	~ 1750 to 1650 Ma	Whitmeyer and Karlstrom, 2007	+3 to +20
Wolf River Batholith (Anorogenic Magmatism)	1522 to 1468 Ma	Dewane and Van Schmus, 2007	+5.5 to 10
Mid-continent Rift	~ 1100 Ma	Van Schmus and Hinze, 1985	+5.5 to 10
Kimberlite magmatism	< 420 Ma	Carlson and Adams, 1997	+5.5 to 10
Basinal Brine	~ 270 Ma	Brannon et al., 1992	-3 to +2
High Heat-producing granite - Meteoric Water	~ 270 Ma	Brannon et al., 1992	-5 to -1
High Heat-producing granite - Shield Brine	~ 270 Ma	Brannon et al., 1992	-10 to -7

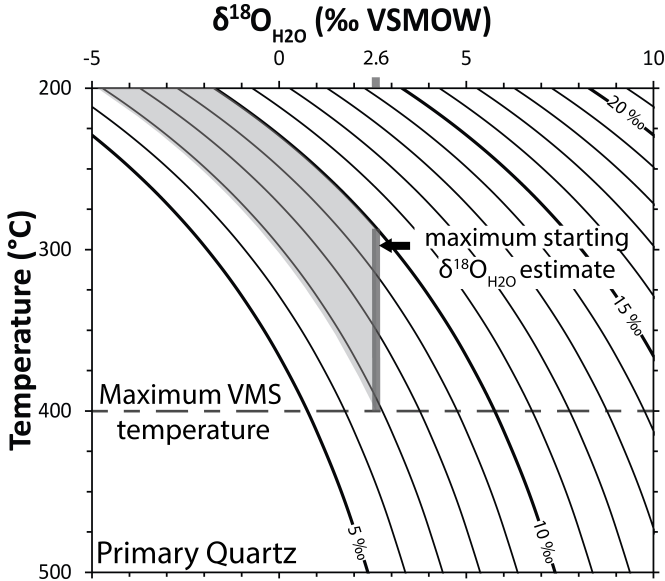
Resource
Sheppard, 1986
Sheppard, 1986
Taylor, 1979
Taylor, 1979
Taylor, 1979
Pollington et al., 2016 (and references within)
Came et al., 2007; Jaffrés et al., 2007
Bottomley et al., 1984

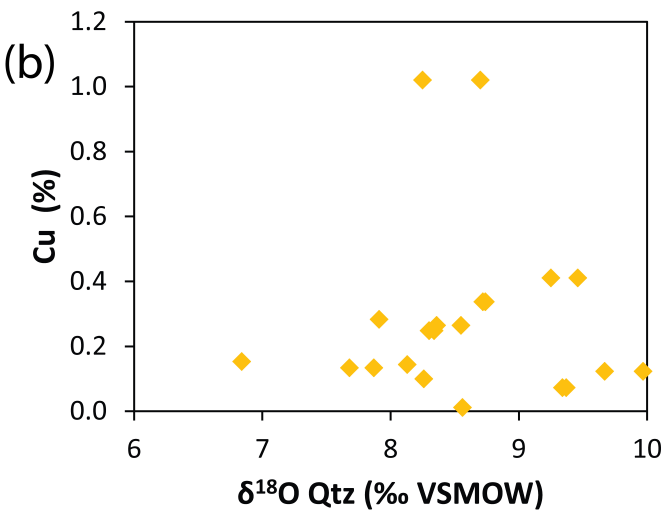
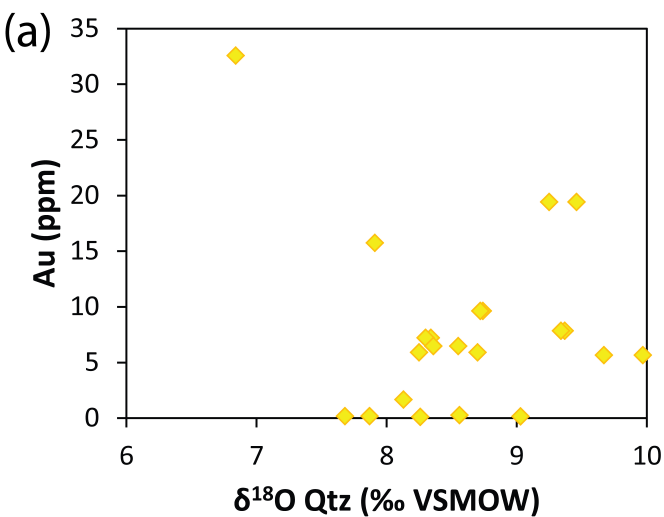






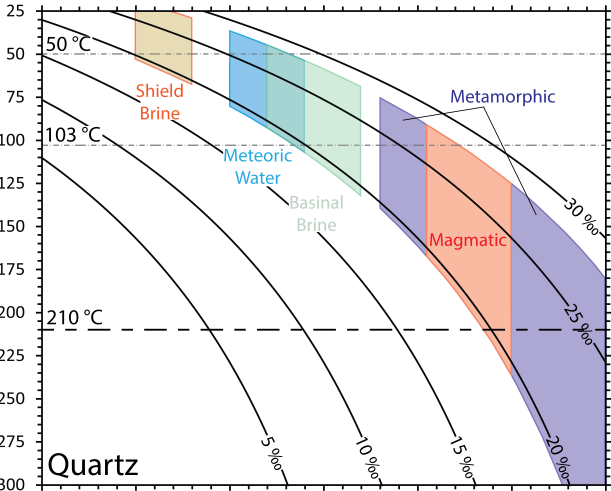




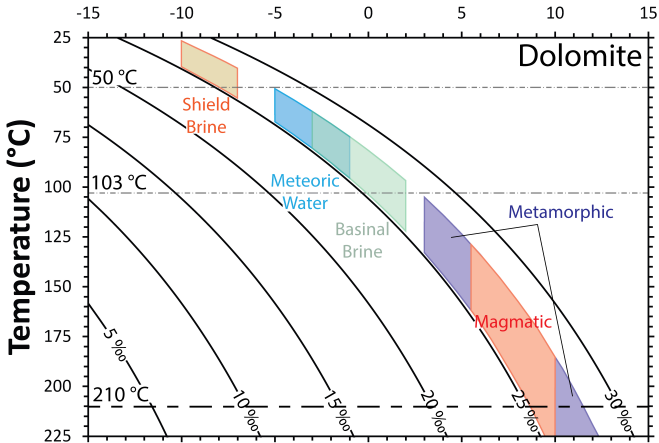


$\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ (‰ VSMOW)

-15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15

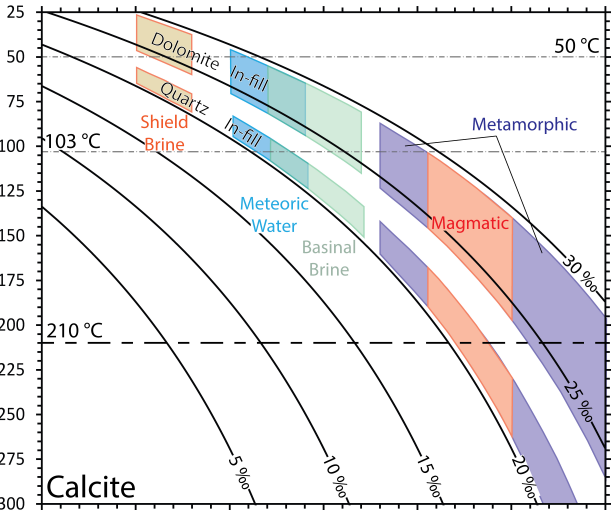


$\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ (‰ VSMOW)



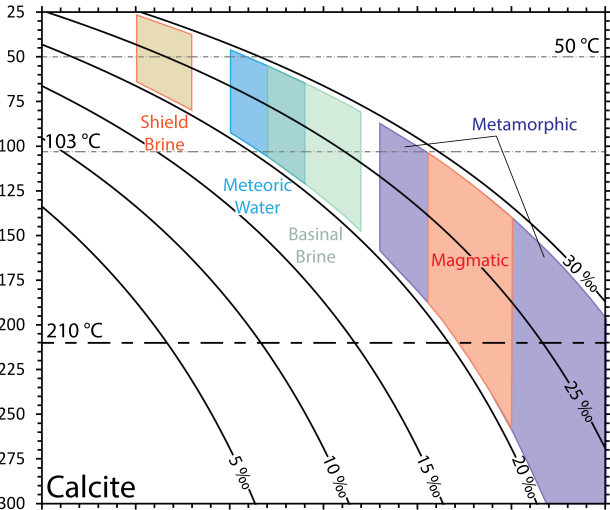
$\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ (‰ VSMOW)

-15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15



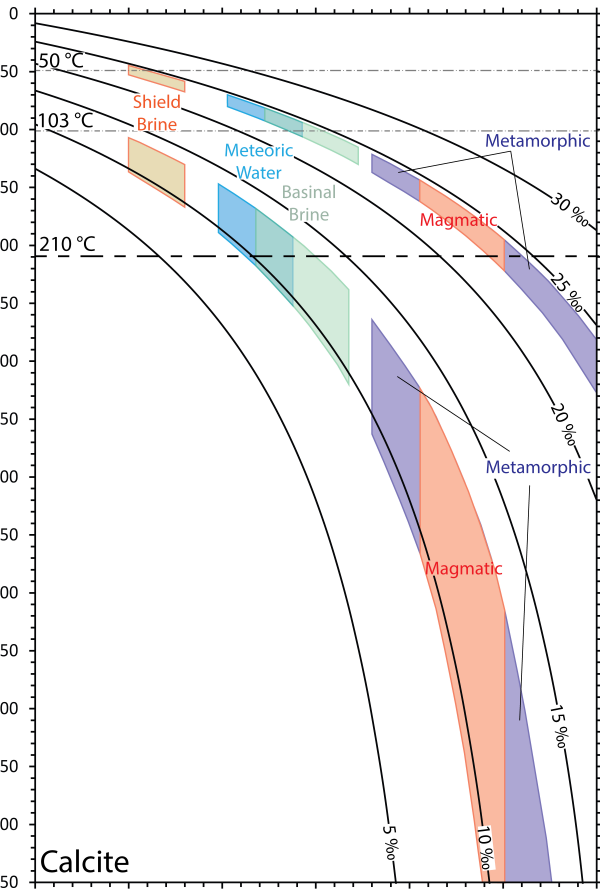
$\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ (‰ VSMOW)

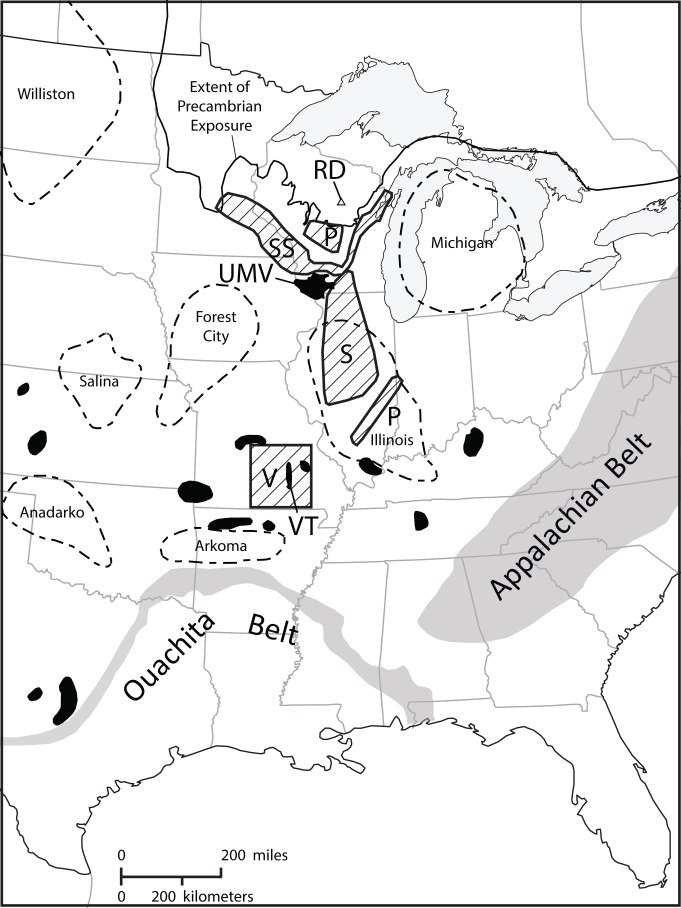
-15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15



$\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ (‰ VSMOW)

-15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15





SIMS oxygen isotopes indicate Phanerozoic fluids permeated a Precambrian gold deposit

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ABSTRACT

The Reef Deposit is an anomalous Au-Cu occurrence in the Paleoproterozoic terranes of northern Wisconsin, better known as host to significant Cu-Zn volcanogenic massive sulfide (VMS) deposits. Previous work using lead isotopes and fluid inclusions has identified a protracted development of the mineralization from initial formation as the root zone veins of a VMS deposit during the Penokean orogeny (~ 1.9 – 1.8 Ga), with the most recent mineralization/remobilization activity associated with late

Paleozoic Mississippi Valley-type (MVT) fluid flow (Haroldson et al., 2018a, b). Here we use the oxygen isotope history of the Reef Deposit to verify and further examine the deposit's protracted development.

Laser fluorination oxygen isotope measurements of primary mineralized quartz veins range in $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ from 6.8 to 10.0 ‰ (VSMOW), and a trend is observed of increasing $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ values of parallel vein zones along a 400-m traverse from northwest to southeast, likely from a temperature gradient during initial formation. Temperature estimates for a VMS deposit setting (230 to 400 °C) are consistent with a hydrothermally shifted formation fluid, using seawater $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ estimates during the Penokean Orogeny and evolving to higher $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ by incorporation of magmatic fluids or interaction with local crust.

In situ oxygen isotope measurement by Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometer (SIMS) of cross-cutting quartz and carbonate range in $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ from 19.4 to 28.4 ‰ for quartz, 25.3 to 28.1 ‰ for dolomite, and 9.6 to 29.3 ‰ (VSMOW) for calcite. High $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ values (>19 ‰) are measured in a crustiform-textured quartz stockwork microveinlet, in dolomite observed in late carbonate microveinlets, and calcite in settings associated with the late quartz and dolomite and a separate calcite-only setting directly linked with gold mineralization/remobilization.

KEYWORDS

Oxygen isotopes, SIMS, Laser Fluorination, Mississippi Valley-type, Gold, Volcanogenic Massive Sulfide

1. INTRODUCTION

The measurement of oxygen isotope ratios from hydrothermal ore deposits has been used as a temperature of mineralization proxy and fluid-source tracer (Ohmoto, 1986). The advent of SEM/SIMS, secondary ion mass spectrometry (SIMS) in concert with cathodoluminescent imaging by SEM, has enabled *in situ* analyses to reveal secondary hydrothermal events (Valley and Graham, 1996; Allan and Yardley, 2007; Cernuschi et al., 2018). Recent advances in SIMS greatly increase the spatial resolution,

precision and accuracy of *in situ* measurement of quartz and carbonate gangue minerals (Valley and Kita, 2009; Śliwiński et al., 2016a).

There are several oxygen isotope studies of VMS deposits globally, but they are primarily on whole rock samples showing a regional concentric isotopic zoning pattern in the host rocks surrounding a VMS deposit (Cathles, 1993; Paradis et al., 1993; Huston and Taylor, 1999). Previous oxygen isotopic examinations of VMS deposits performed on individual mineral phases commonly analyze carbonate minerals by acid dissolution in order to also ascertain $\delta_{13}\text{C}$ information. When $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ is measured from quartz separates in VMS deposits, it is most commonly separated from host rhyolite volcanic sequences or variably altered quartz-sericite or chlorite host rocks (Lentz, 1999). Quartz veins are relatively rare in the main massive sulfides of VMS deposits and the root zones typically consist of silicified volcanic rocks and there is a general lack of discrete veins. Consequently, there are very few oxygen isotopic studies of quartz from veins associated with the primary VMS mineralization or from the root zone of a VMS deposit. MacLean and Hoy (1991) measured three quartz separates from quartz and quartz-sulfide veins associated with the Horne mine which yielded $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values of 10.2, 11.0 and 12.1 ‰ (SMOW).

Here we investigate the oxygen isotope geochemistry of the Au-Cu Reef Deposit in northern Wisconsin. The Reef Deposit occurrence was discovered in the 1970's during exploration for Cu-Zn volcanogenic massive sulfide (VMS) deposits in the region. The geologic development of the deposit involves initial mineralization as the root zone of a VMS deposit during the Paleoproterozoic (~1870 Ma), and ~1.5 b.y. later, was subject to overprinting gold mineralization/remobilization during the late Paleozoic, by Mississippi Valley-type fluids (Haroldson et al., 2018a). Mineralization/remobilization is also assumed to have occurred during regional metamorphism in the last stages of the Penokean orogeny (~1835 to 1830 Ma). As well, it is observed that alteration of pyrite into the extensive amounts of pyrrhotite found in the Reef Deposit, along with possible gold mineralization/remobilization was caused by a reduced CH_4 -bearing fluid associated with emplacement of the adjacent Wolf River Batholith ~1475 Ma (Haroldson et al., 2018b).

In this study, bulk samples of mineral separates from primary quartz veins are measured at mm-scale using conventional laser fluorination/ gas-source mass spectrometry analyses which identify temperature and source fluid constraints for the primary VMS mineralization. *In situ* SIMS analyses at μm -scale of small cross-cutting quartz and carbonate minerals identifies uniquely different variable isotopic signatures, representative of the latest overprinting MVT event.

High- $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ measurements of quartz overgrowths and carbonate cements in Paleozoic sedimentary units located as close as 50 km to the south have been observed, sometimes with portions interpreted to be associated with through-going flow of Mississippi Valley-type (MVT) fluids (Pollington et al., 2011, Hyodo et al., 2014; Śliwiński et al., 2016b; Pollington et al., 2016). Similarities in $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ measurements and mineral growth textures are further evidence for MVT fluids infiltrating the Reef Deposit.

Secondary fluids, identified in calcite- and quartz-hosted secondary fluid inclusions in the Reef Deposit, are variably saline (Haroldson et al., 2018b). The effect of salinity on fractionation of $\delta_{18}\text{O}$, known as the *salt effect*, has been studied for some time (Truesdell, 1974; O'Neil and Truesdell, 1991; Horita et al., 1993a, b; Horita et al., 1995; Driesner and Seward, 2000; Hu and Clayton, 2003). Salinities of 23.6 to 24.7 weight % NaCl equivalent, reported for the calcite-hosted fluid inclusions, would require other cations such as K, Ca or Fe, in addition to Na, to explain a lack of halite daughter salts present at room temperature (Haroldson et al., 2018b). The evidence is for greater *salt effect* fractionation involving divalent cations (Horita et al., 1993a). In any case, the salt effect does not appear to alter the isotopic system by more than $\sim 2\%$ even at low temperatures (O'Neil and Truesdell, 1991). Although the precision of temperature estimates is limited, this does not significantly affect our interpretations, therefore for simplicity, we report $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$, $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ and $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$ temperature estimates without correcting for a possible *salt effect*.

2. GEOLOGY

The Precambrian Wisconsin magmatic terranes are found near surface in Northern Wisconsin and Upper Peninsula Michigan where Paleozoic sedimentary rock cover has been eroded, albeit significant portions of these terranes are now overlain by glacial overburden (Fig. 1). The terrane, also referred to as the “Penokean terrane”, formed during the Penokean orogeny (1890 to 1830 Ma, Schulz and Cannon, 2007), part of the Trans-Hudson orogeny. During the Penokean orogeny, multiple volcanic-arc sequences docked onto the southern Archean-aged Superior Province, and those arcs were later thrust further onto the Superior Province from the south (modern direction), by the accretion of a smaller Archean-aged craton known as the Marshfield terrane (Schulz and Cannon, 2007). Two prominent volcanic arc terranes are identified within the Pembine Wausau Subterrane. The older (1890 to 1860 Ma) terrane, referred to as the Ladysmith Rhinelander Volcanic Complex, is host to several Cu-Zn VMS deposits (Fig. 1) (DeMatties, 1996). The younger (1845 to 1835 Ma; LaBerge and Myers, 1984) terrane is adjacent to the south and known as the Wausau Volcanic Complex (WVC). The WVC is only known to host minor Cu-Zn type occurrences, as well as the Au-Cu occurrence known as the Reef Deposit (Fig. 1) (Haroldson et al., 2018a, b).

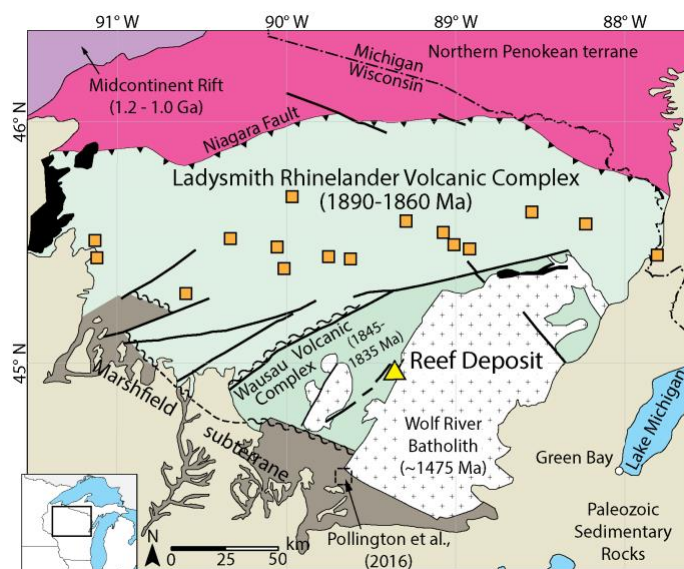


Figure 1 (2 column)

Simplified geologic map (modified from Haroldson et al., 2018b) of Pembine-Wausau subterrane (includes Ladysmith Rhineland Volcanic Complex and Wausau Volcanic Complex) and surrounding area. Triangle - the Reef Deposit, squares - volcanogenic massive sulfide deposits. Solid lines represent faults, squiggly lines represent shear zones. Black lithology areas represent Proterozoic quartzite, the dark grey Marshfield subterrane is Archean in age. The location of outcrop A from Pollington et al. (2016) is identified.

The Reef Deposit does not outcrop on surface, and the geology is only known through mineral exploration drill holes, none of which are oriented for structural measurements. The deposit formed initially during the Penokean orogeny time frame, likely as the root zone of a VMS deposit, or potentially in an orogenic gold setting (Kennedy and Harding, 1990; Haroldson et al., 2018b). Mineralized zones are hosted in a 300-700 m wide zone of deformation. This deformation makes identification of the host rock protolith difficult, and the largely mafic host rocks within this zone are referred to as “granofels” (Fig. 2a) (Kennedy and Harding, 1990). The deformation zone is also host to several felsic intrusions with unknown affinity, although a close spatial relationship with multiple mineralized zones suggests a possible genetic link. Outside the deformation zone, the area is flanked to the west by 1845 to 1835 Ma Wausau Volcanic Complex rocks, primarily consisting of massive and pillowed basaltic flows, mafic tuffs and gabbro intrusions (Fig. 2a) (Kennedy and Harding, 1990). Immediately adjacent to the east of the deposit is the 1484 to 1468 Ma Wolf River Batholith (Fig. 2a), formed during a magmatic episode which emplaced a belt of “anorogenic” intrusions that runs from southern California, USA to Labrador, Canada (Anderson, 1983; Dewane and Van Schmus, 2007). The deposit is directly overlain by a $< 5 - 40$ m thick saprolite and regolith zone, likely formed during Precambrian weathering (Driese and Medaris, 2008; Fig. 2b).

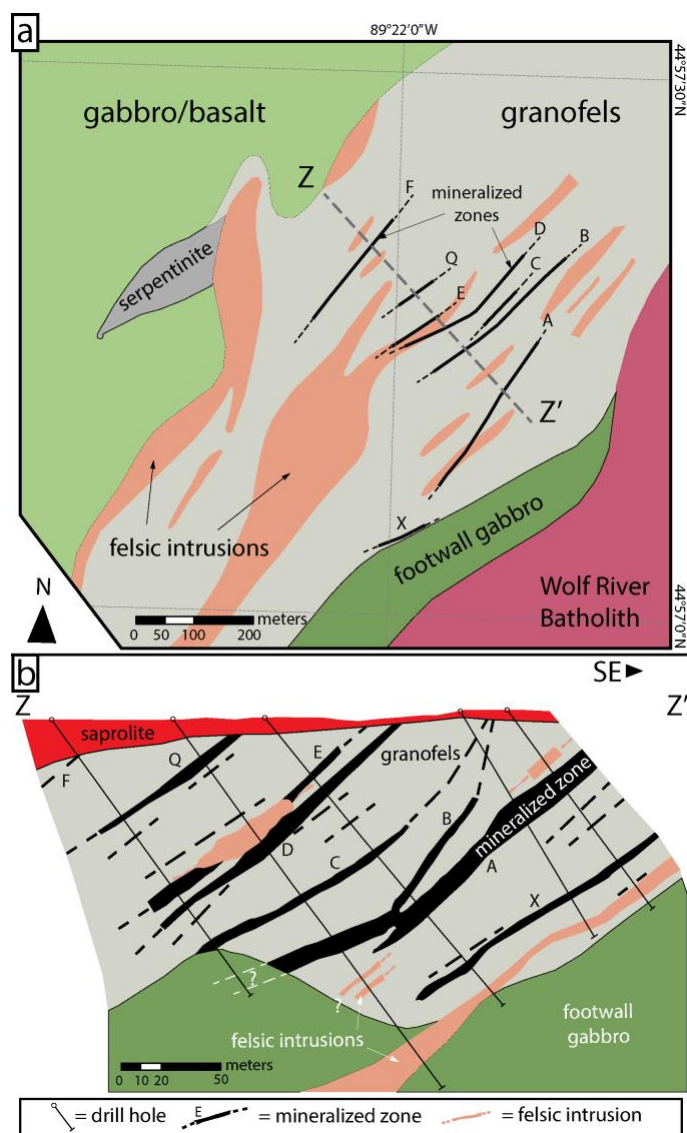


Figure 2 (*single column*)

(a) Bedrock geologic map of the Reef Deposit projected to surface from drill hole data, after Kennedy and Harding (1990). Mineralized zones are identified by single alphabetic characters (A-F, Q and X). Dashed line (Z-Z') identifies location of cross-section in figure 2b. (b) Representative geologic cross-section of the Reef Deposit looking northeast, showing orientation of mineralized zones and geometry of footwall gabbro unit at depth which cross-cuts mineralized zones. Black – mineralized zones, black dashes - minor mineralization, salmon– felsic intrusions, burgundy– Wolf River Batholith, grey – granofels (see text for

definition), light green – relatively unaltered gabbro/basalt of the Wausau volcanic complex, dark green – footwall gabbro, red – saprolite.

Eight Au-Cu mineralized quartz-sulfide vein zones have been identified and modelled (labelled by single alphabetical characters: A-F, Q and X) for the Reef Deposit (Kennedy and Harding, 1990) (Fig. 2). Quartz veins contain abundant chlorite filled fractures (Fig. 3a). The most abundant sulfide mineral is pyrrhotite, observed in veins and disseminated in wall-rock along with chalcopyrite and pyrite (Fig. 3b). Local carbonate veinlets and microveinlets are observed cross-cutting the host granofels (Fig. 3c) and primary quartz veins (Fig. 3d). Alteration minerals, chlorite, biotite, tremolite and sericite, are commonly associated with the primary mineralized zones. The sulfides are pyrrhotite, pyrite and chalcopyrite; magnetite is relatively less common and molybdenite, sphalerite and galena are rarely observed (Kennedy and Harding, 1990; Haroldson et al., 2018a, b). Gold grains are small, only rarely observed at the hand lens scale and are found in two primary textural settings by detailed scanning electron microscopy (Haroldson et al., 2018a). Gold in the first textural setting is hosted in pyrite and interpreted to be associated with the VMS-stage mineralization. Gold in the second textural setting is found along quartz and sulfide microfractures and grain boundaries indicating later mineralization/remobilization. Gold is observed as native gold and in the telluride minerals petzite (Ag_3AuTe_2) and calaverite (AuTe_2). Altaite (PbTe), telluro-bismuthite (BiTe_3), hessite (Ag_2Te), melonite (NiTe) and frobergite (FeTe) are observed associated with native gold and gold telluride minerals.

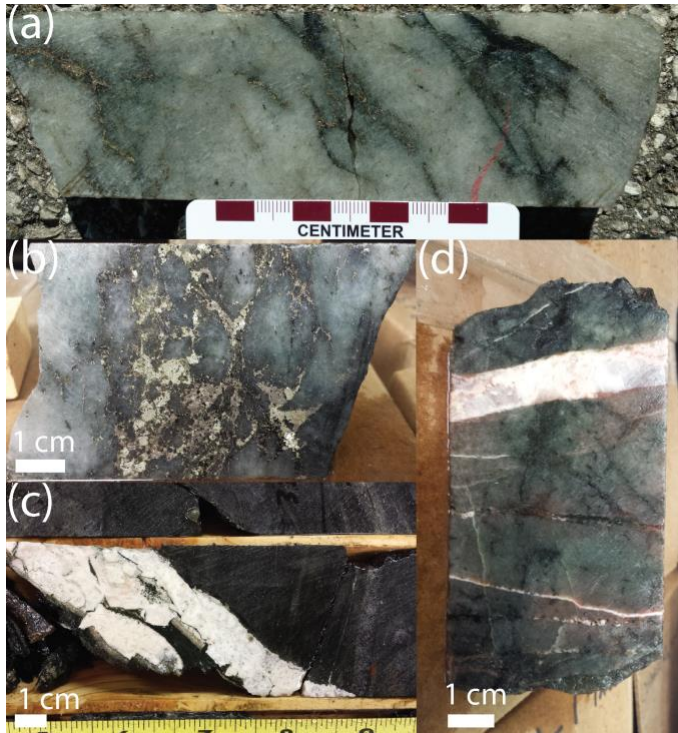


Figure 3 (*single column*)

Photographs showing mineralized quartz veins and cross-cutting carbonate veins in the Reef Deposit. (a) Typical quartz vein with sulfide and chlorite-filled fractures. (b) Semi-massive sulfide consisting primarily of pyrrhotite with minor pyrite. (c) Carbonate (calcite, dolomite) veinlet cross-cutting the host granofels. (d) Carbonate (calcite, dolomite) veinlet cross-cutting a primary quartz vein.

The host rocks and mineralized zones were metamorphosed and deformed during regional metamorphism associated with the Penokean orogeny (Haroldson et al., 2018b). Haroldson et al. (2018b) observed evidence consistent with amphibolite facies metamorphism, indicated by aluminous hornblende and plagioclase mineralogy, the results of neonate fluid inclusion microthermometry, and quartz grain boundary migration recrystallization (GBR) textures (Stipp et al., 2002a, b). A general lack of carbonate in quartz veins of the Reef Deposit, and the presence of deformed garnet-bearing and epidote-bearing (non-Au-mineralized) veins has been viewed as evidence for complete alteration of primary carbonates

during regional deformation (Kennedy and Harding, 1990). The calcite microveinlets and calcite-dolomite veinlets observed in this study cross-cut the primary veins and do not show any alteration and deformation textures that would be expected from amphibolite grade metamorphism. Therefore, local cross-cutting dolomite-calcite bearing microfractures and veinlets, which are the subject of much of the analysis in this report, were formed post regional deformation (Haroldson et al., 2018a, b).

3. METHODS

Seventeen samples were selected from Reef Deposit NQ (47.6 mm diameter) drill cores, owned by Aquila Resources Inc. and housed in facilities in Upper Peninsula Michigan. The sampling selection represents the vertical and horizontal extents of all mineralized zones modelled by Kennedy and Harding (1990). Samples analyzed in this study are curated in the University of Wisconsin-Madison Geology Museum (UW# 2034; Haroldson, 2017). One sample was selected from a barren quartz vein that cross-cuts the footwall gabbro, a unit that itself cross-cuts mineralized zones. Four felsic intrusive samples were selected with the goal of sampling the least altered rocks, which consequently were two samples from a felsic intrusion on the west side of the granofels zone, and two samples from intrusions found in drill holes at depth on the east side of the deposit (not the Wolf River Batholith). Quarter core sample sections were separated using a diamond saw.

Oxygen isotope analyses of bulk chips (approximately 2 mg) of the Reef Deposit quartz veins were conducted in the Stable Isotope Laboratory at the Department of Geoscience, University of Wisconsin-Madison using a laser fluorination extraction line and a Finnigan MAT 251 mass spectrometer (Spicuzza et al., 1998). The garnet standard (UWG-2, $\delta_{18}\text{O} = 5.80 \text{ ‰}$ Vienna standard mean ocean water (VSMOW), Valley et al. 1995) was analyzed before and after the quartz sample measurements. The reproducibility of the UWG-2 standard by laser fluorination (1SD; standard deviation) is approximately 0.1 ‰ for $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ (Spicuzza et al., 1998). All $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ results refer to VSMOW.

Samples selected for *in situ* $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ measurement were cut using a slow speed diamond saw and cast into 2 separate 25-mm-diameter epoxy mounts, positioning areas of interest within a 5-mm radius of the geometric center, to minimize potential fractionation effects related to the focusing axis within the SIMS analysis chamber (Kita et al., 2009; Valley and Kita, 2009). For the carbonate sample mount (RC01), multiple grains of a running calcite standard (UWC-3, $\delta_{18}\text{O} = 12.49 \text{ ‰}$ (VSMOW), Kozdon et al., 2009) were embedded in the center. Similarly for the quartz sample mount (R4799), multiple grains of a running quartz standard (UWQ-1, $\delta_{18}\text{O} = 12.33 \text{ ‰}$ (VSMOW), Kelly et al., 2007) were embedded in the center. Small variation in the topographic relief of the prepared sample may cause deformation of the local electrostatic field applied on the surface of the sample, which deviates the trajectory of secondary ions of individual isotopes, degrading precision of the measurement (Kita et al., 2009). Mounts were polished to a 0.25 μm finish, and with the carbonate sample in particular, care was taken to keep polishing relief between the quartz and carbonate to less than a few micrometers. After cleaning in deionized water and ethyl alcohol, mounts were carbon coated with a thickness of $\sim 20 \text{ nm}$.

Imaging was performed on a Hitachi S3400-N Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) at the Ray and Mary Wilcox Scanning Electron Microscopy Laboratory, Department of Geoscience, University of Wisconsin-Madison using Secondary Electron (SE), Back Scattered Electron (BSE) and Cathodoluminescence (CL) detectors.

In situ $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ measurements were performed by SIMS at the Wisconsin Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometer (WiscSIMS) Laboratory, Department of Geoscience, University of Wisconsin-Madison using a CAMECA IMS 1280 large-radius multicollector ion microprobe. Sample data were collected during one 12-hour session on January 27, 2017. Four consecutive measurements of either UWC-3 (carbonate bracket) or UWQ-1 (quartz bracket) standard were performed before and after every 10-15 sample analyses. The full data set is provided in the data repository. Instrumental conditions were similar to those of Śliwiński et al. (2016a, b); a 10 keV, 1.3-1.4 nA primary beam of $^{133}\text{Cs}^+$ ions was focused to a $\sim 12 \mu\text{m}$ diameter on the sample surface. The depth of the sputtered sample pits was $\sim 1 \mu\text{m}$. Charge

neutralization of the carbon coated samples was aided by using an electron flood gun. Count-rates of oxygen ions ($^{18}\text{O}^-$ and $^{16}\text{O}^-$) were collected simultaneously by two Faraday cup detectors (H1 and C, respectively), with a mass resolving power of 2500 for ^{18}O and ^{16}O . Typical secondary $^{16}\text{O}^-$ ion intensity were $\sim 2.0 \times 10^9$ cps/nA for carbonate and $\sim 1.5 \times 10^9$ cps/nA for quartz. Individual analyses took ~ 4 minutes including ~ 10 s of pre-sputtering through the carbon coat, ~ 60 s of automatic re-centering of secondary ions in the field aperture, and 80 s of oxygen isotope measurements (20 cycles of 4 s integrations). The intensity of $^{16}\text{O}_1\text{H}$ was measured simultaneously and the background-corrected ratios of $^{16}\text{O}_1\text{H}/^{16}\text{O}$ (Wang et al., 2014) are used to monitor individual analyses for possible hydrous contamination. All *in situ* SIMS results refer to VSMOW.

Accuracy of SIMS $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ measurements are affected by instrumental mass fractionation of which a component is systematically related to the chemical composition and crystal structure of the sample (matrix effect, Hervig et al., 1992; Kita et al., 2009; Valley and Kita, 2009). For dolomite-ankerite solid solutions, we employed a calibration scheme developed for carbonate minerals using a suite of standards for correcting SIMS $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ bias (Śliwiński et al., 2016a). Chemical analyses were performed by EPMA in the immediate vicinity of and within the same imaged CL intensity domain of SIMS pits using a CAMECA SX-51 in the Eugene N. Cameron Electron Microprobe Laboratory, Department of Geoscience, University of Wisconsin-Madison. The analytical precision (spot to spot) of SIMS analysis was between 0.15 and 0.25 ‰ (2 SD). All SIMS data are reported in Table DR-1.

Estimates for the temperature of precipitation are made using fractionation equations from Sharp et al. (2016) for quartz ($1000 \ln \alpha = 4.28(0.07) \times 10^6 T^{-2} - 3.5(0.2) \times 1000 T^{-1}$), Horita (2014) for dolomite ($1000 \ln \alpha = 3.140(0.022) \times 10^6 T^{-2} - 3.14(0.11)$) and Friedman and O'Neil (1977) after O'Neil et al. (1969) for calcite ($1000 \ln \alpha = 2.78 \times 10^6 T^{-2} - 2.89$).

4. RESULTS

4.1 Dolomite Zonation

Gangue dolomite in the Reef Deposit has euhedral open-space growth textures found in late cross-cutting carbonate veinlets (Fig. 4). Four distinctive zones are identified using petrography and CL imaging. The inner zone (zone 1) is cloudy in plane polarized light, and has a moderate to bright luminescence with a mottled texture. Zone 2 forms a small band of mottled texture dolomite (similar to zone 1) in CL, with a slightly darker luminescence. Zone 3 is characterized by sharply defined concentric banding, overall this zone has the brightest luminescence. A major dissolution surface occurs on the outside of zone 3, prior to zone 4 growth. Zone 4 also displays concentric zoning and is dull to non-luminescent. Small ($< 200 \mu\text{m}$) clusters of chalcopyrite with an unusual acicular, bladed habit are observed on outer surfaces of zone 4 dolomite, preceding an irregular dissolution surface of zone 4 dolomite and the growth of void-filling calcite.

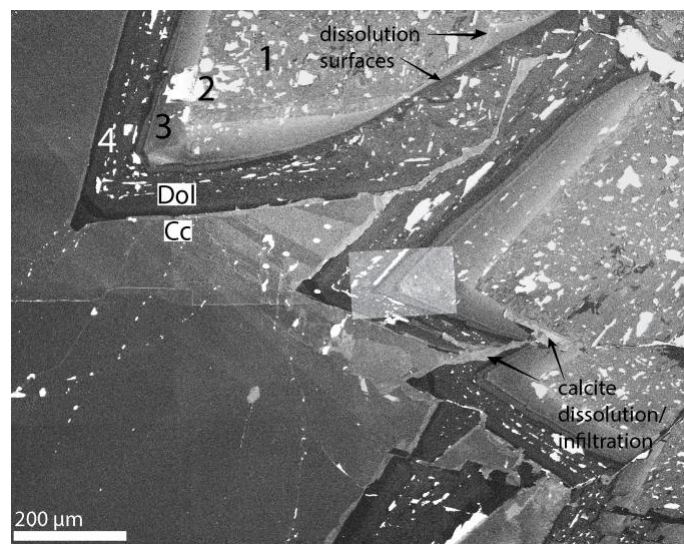


Figure 4 (*single column*)

Cathodoluminescence (CL) image of dolomite (Dol) and calcite (Cc) textures observed in a 10cm wide carbonate veinlet in sample EH1512. Dolomite growth zones (1-4) discussed in the text are identified. Dissolution surfaces on zones 2 and 3 are identified in the top center portion of the image. Calcite formed

along a dissolution surface of zone 4 dolomite and infiltrated along fractures to interior of dolomite. Calcite has concentric zoning in places. Bright areas are related to pits from rough polish of carbonates, due to edge effects or from polishing-powder filling pits. Image is made from composite of multiple images. Small grey area in center was taken later to remove dirt on sample, with slightly different machine settings used.

4.2 Bulk Analyses

Laser fluorination $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ measurements of quartz grains from Reef Deposit quartz veins and felsic intrusions are reported in table 1. Results from mineralized vein quartz samples are shown in figure 5. The measured values of mineralized quartz veins range from 6.8 ‰ to 10.0 ‰. The quartz vein which cross-cuts the footwall gabbro unit has a measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ of 7.3 ‰. Measurements of quartz from the four felsic intrusive samples show a small range in $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ from 7.7 to 8.2 ‰.

Table 1. Laser Fluorination oxygen isotope measurements

Sample	Zone	$\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ (‰) VSMOW
<i>Mineralized vein quartz</i>		
09A	X	9.37
09B	X	9.34
35	X	9.97
8	X	9.03
31	X	9.67
1	A	9.46
12	A	8.56
30A	A	8.74
30B	A	8.72
32	A	9.25
02A	B	8.25
02B	B	8.70
3	C	8.13
04A	D	8.34
04B	D	8.30

05A	D	7.87
05B	D	7.68
36	D	8.26
37	D	7.91
06A	E	8.55
06B	E	8.36
7	F	6.84
Post-mineral vein quartz*		
11	n/a	7.26
Felsic intrusion quartz		
19	n/a	7.74
20	n/a	8.14
21	n/a	8.19
22	n/a	7.78

*vein cross-cuts footwall gabbro, clearly post-dating primary mineralization

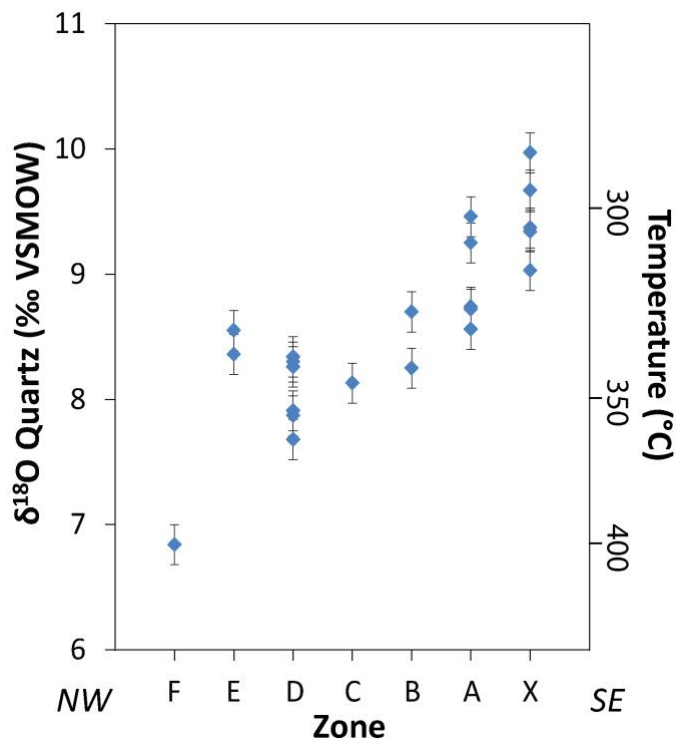


Figure 5 (single column)

Oxygen isotope compositions of mineralized quartz veins measured on quartz separates by laser fluorination. Results are sorted by individual vein zones occurring from northwest to southeast (Fig. 3) depicted as left to right in the figure. Temperature estimates assume precipitation in equilibrium with hydrothermally shifted Paleoproterozoic seawater (2.6 ‰ VSMOW assuming no variation during the primary mineralization) and quartz-water fractionation ($1000 \ln \alpha = 4.28(0.07) \times 10^6 T^{-2} - 3.5(0.2) \times 1000 T^{-1}$) from Sharp et al. (2016).

4.3 *In situ* Analyses

SIMS *in situ* oxygen isotope measurements are reported in table 2 and figure 6. Measurements of $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ were made of quartz in primary quartz veins and cross-cutting crustiform and void-filling texture quartz, carbonate (calcite and dolomite) veinlets that cross-cut the primary quartz veins, as well as, disseminated calcite found locally replacing pyrrhotite. The SIMS measurements range in $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ from 8.5 to 28.4 ‰ for quartz, 25.3 to 28.1 ‰ for dolomite, and 9.6 to 29.3 ‰ for calcite. High $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ values (>19 ‰) are found in quartz and carbonate cross-cutting and replacement features, at times, in direct contact of primary vein quartz which give relatively low $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ values (8 to 13 ‰ range) when measured by SIMS.

Table 2. Results of *in situ* oxygen isotope analyses of Reef Deposit quartz, calcite and dolomite using Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry and EPMA.

Sample	Session Specific Sample Identification	Sample/Spot Identification	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (‰) VSMOW	2SD (ext.)	Mineralogy	%MgCO ₃	%CaCO ₃	%MnCO ₃	%FeCO ₃	¹ Fe#
Sample EH1512 transect from calcite and across dolomite zoning area A										
	723	RC01 1512 c A01	27.06	0.19	Cal	1.04	97.84	0.81	0.31	-
	724	RC01 1512 c A02	24.41	0.19	Cal	1.12	96.95	1.50	0.43	-
	725	RC01 1512 c A03	25.72	0.19	Cal	0.89	97.93	0.96	0.22	-
	726	RC01 1512 c A04	25.65	0.19	Cal	0.92	97.92	0.90	0.27	-
	727	RC01 1512 d A05	25.25	0.19	Dol	42.38	51.66	1.68	4.28	0.092
	728	RC01 1512 d A06	27.19	0.19	Dol	47.13	50.42	0.64	1.81	0.037

729	RC01 1512 d A07	27.61	0.19	Dol	46.47	51.28	0.58	1.67	0.035
730	RC01 1512 d A08	26.60	0.19	Dol	46.39	51.04	1.74	0.83	0.018
731	RC01 1512 d A09	28.09	0.19	Dol	47.83	50.42	1.40	0.36	0.007
732	RC01 1512 d A10	27.06	0.19	Dol	46.89	50.19	2.58	0.34	0.007
733	RC01 1512 d A11	27.36	0.19	Dol	47.41	50.49	1.81	0.29	0.006
734	RC01 1512 d A12	26.95	0.19	Dol	46.74	50.51	2.46	0.29	0.006
735	RC01 1512 d A13	27.17	0.19	Dol	46.76	50.49	2.46	0.30	0.006

Sample EH1512 transect from calcite and across dolomite zoning area B

853	RC01 1512 c B49	29.12	0.22	Cal	0.33	98.36	1.01	0.30	-
854	RC01 1512 d B50	26.64	0.22	Dol	45.02	51.29	0.34	3.35	0.069
855	RC01 1512 d B51	27.99	0.22	Dol	47.27	50.02	0.83	1.89	0.038
856	RC01 1512 d B52	28.00	0.22	Dol	46.87	50.19	0.79	2.15	0.044
857	RC01 1512 d B53	26.62	0.22	Dol	47.55	50.18	1.96	0.30	0.006
858	RC01 1512 d B54	25.83	0.22	Dol	47.35	50.87	1.38	0.39	0.008
859	RC01 1512 d B55	26.44	0.22	Dol	47.43	49.71	2.25	0.61	0.013
860	RC01 1512 d B56	27.24	0.22	Dol	46.46	51.15	2.01	0.38	0.008

Sample EH1512 analysis of calcite and calcite twins

751	RC01 1512 c B25	29.27	0.18	Cal	0.05	99.47	0.48	0.00	-
752	RC01 1512 c B26	28.49	0.18	Cal	0.20	99.06	0.63	0.12	-
753	RC01 1512 c B27	29.00	0.18	Cal	0.59	97.75	1.34	0.32	-
849	RC01 1512 c B45	24.82	0.22	Cal	0.13	99.50	0.15	0.21	-
850	RC01 1512 c B46	29.28	0.22	Cal	0.65	97.72	1.32	0.30	-
851	RC01 1512 c B47	27.86	0.22	Cal	0.24	99.07	0.61	0.09	-
852	RC01 1512 c B48	29.29	0.22	Cal	0.75	97.52	1.53	0.20	-

Sample EH1505 100 um calcite veinlet with 2 BSE zones (%FeCO₃ <1.5)

747	RC01 1505 c A21	19.99	0.18	Cal	-0.05	100.08	-0.02	-0.01	-
741	RC01 1505 c A15	9.89	0.18	Cal	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	-
769	RC01 1505 c B39	10.09	0.15	Cal	0.00	100.06	-0.06	0.00	-
771	RC01 1505 c B41	10.82	0.15	Cal	0.00	100.09	-0.09	0.00	-
748	RC01 1505 c A22	20.59	0.18	Cal	-0.05	100.08	-0.06	0.02	-
750	RC01 1505 c B24	13.32	0.18	Cal	-0.07	100.02	-0.09	0.13	-

Sample EH1505 100 um calcite veinlet with 2 BSE zones (%FeCO₃ >1.5)

744	RC01 1505 c A18	9.61	0.18	Cal	0.58	97.82	-0.07	1.67	-
770	RC01 1505 c B40	23.77	0.15	Cal	0.06	93.89	3.76	2.30	-
745	RC01 1505 c A19	23.80	0.18	Cal	0.08	94.61	2.31	3.00	-
740	RC01 1505 c A14	24.24	0.18	Cal	0.12	92.95	3.92	3.00	-
742	RC01 1505 c A16	22.99	0.18	Cal	0.10	91.13	4.57	4.20	-
743	RC01 1505 c A17	22.61	0.18	Cal	0.10	91.13	4.57	4.20	-

Sample EH1509 calcite in-filling the crustiform quartz vein

762	RC01 1509 c A32	21.00	0.15	Cal	0.06	98.85	0.34	0.75	-
763	RC01 1509 c A33	20.29	0.15	Cal	0.00	98.85	0.36	0.79	-

764	RC01 1509 c A34	20.59	0.15	Cal	0.06	96.99	1.07	1.88	-
765	RC01 1509 c B35	22.08	0.15	Cal	0.11	96.62	1.19	2.08	-
766	RC01 1509 c B36	22.13	0.15	Cal	0.00	97.00	1.11	1.89	-
767	RC01 1509 c B37	21.47	0.15	Cal	0.00	96.61	1.33	2.05	-

Sample EH1530 pyrrhotite replacing calcite in large patches associated with radiogenic MVT Pb isotopes (Haroldson et al., 2016)

758	RC01 1530 c 28	20.50	0.15	Cal	0.18	99.27	0.49	0.06	-
759	RC01 1530 c 29	28.12	0.15	Cal	0.75	97.46	0.74	1.04	-
760	RC01 1530 c 30	24.36	0.15	Cal	0.12	99.88	0.00	0.00	-
761	RC01 1530 c 31	29.34	0.15	Cal	0.22	98.65	0.74	0.38	-
846	RC01 1530 c 42	21.04	0.22	Cal	0.19	99.80	0.01	0.00	-
847	RC01 1530 c 43	21.83	0.22	Cal	0.55	98.70	0.49	0.26	-
848	RC01 1530 c 44	21.62	0.22	Cal	0.42	99.46	0.09	0.03	-

Sample EH1509 quartz

Transect across crustiform texture veinlet

785	R4799 1509-03 PS01	8.95	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
786	R4799 1509-03 PS02	28.03	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
787	R4799 1509-03 PS03	24.69	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
788	R4799 1509-03 PS04	24.46	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
789	R4799 1509-03 PS05	21.69	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
790	R4799 1509-03 PS06	26.08	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
791	R4799 1509-03 PS07	19.43	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
792	R4799 1509-03 PS08	24.75	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
793	R4799 1509-03 PS09	26.36	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
794	R4799 1509-03 PS10	28.38	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
795	R4799 1509-03 PS11	8.98	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-

Transect into crustiform texture veinlet closer to pyrite

796	R4799 1509-03 FI12	9.08	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
797	R4799 1509-03 PS13	25.58	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
798	R4799 1509-03 PS14	26.27	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
799	R4799 1509-03 PS15	25.69	0.19	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-

Stretch mark investigation

804	R4799 1509-03 SP16	9.08	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
805	R4799 1509-03 SP17	8.99	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-

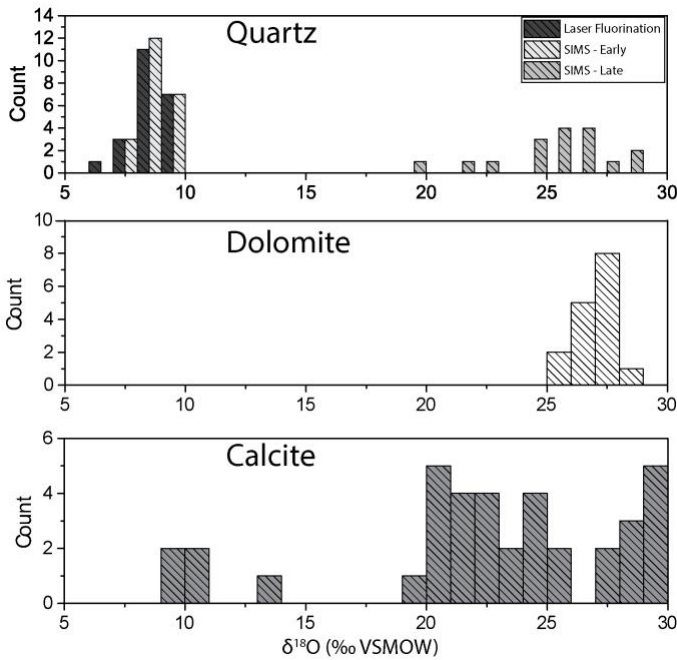
Various analyses of crustiform vein and zoned euhedral open space growth quartz

826	R4799 1509-03 q CS34	8.88	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
827	R4799 1509-03 q CS35	27.08	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
828	R4799 1509-03 q CS36	25.36	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
829	R4799 1509-03 q CS37	26.35	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
830	R4799 1509-03 q CS38	25.46	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-

831	R4799 1509-03 q CS39	22.35	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
Sample EH1504 dark quartz areas texturally associated with gold									
806	R4799 1504 q CS18	9.16	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
807	R4799 1504 q CS19	9.63	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
808	R4799 1504 q CS20	9.32	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
809	R4799 1504 q CS21	8.88	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
810	R4799 1504 q CS22	8.48	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
811	R4799 1504 q CS23	8.80	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
812	R4799 1504 q CS24	8.87	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
813	R4799 1504 q CS25	9.33	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
814	R4799 1504 q CS26	9.68	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
815	R4799 1504 q CS27	8.66	0.25	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
Quartz inclusion in sulfide with darker CL overgrowth texturally associated with gold									
820	R4799 1504 q ES28	8.05	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
821	R4799 1504 q ES29	7.93	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
822	R4799 1504 q ES30	8.16	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
823	R4799 1504 q ES31	8.30	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
Sample EH1507 testing light and dark CL areas									
824	R4799 1507 q 32	7.22	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-
825	R4799 1507 q 33	7.51	0.21	Qtz	-	-	-	-	-

¹Fe# = FeCO₃/FeCO₃+MgCO₃; reported for dolomite measurements in which Fe# was used in the SIMS bias correction.

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296 Figure 6 (single column)

Histograms of $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ (‰ VSMOW) values measured in quartz, dolomite and calcite. Small legend refers to quartz only. SIMS – Early = values measured in primary mineralized vein zone quartz, SIMS – Late = values measured in late crustiform textured quartz-carbonate veinlet.

Stockwork veinlets with crustiform, successively banded, and void-filling euhedral quartz are 10 μm to 0.5 cm wide and cross-cut the primary quartz veins (Fig. 7, DR-4). The crustiform texture and concentric zoning of euhedral crystal growth is only visible in CL. The veinlets also contain chlorite and sulfides (pyrite and chalcopyrite) with final void filling by calcite. Chalcopyrite mineralization/remobilization has been associated with fluid circulation driven by Wolf River Batholith emplacement (Haroldson et al., 2018b). Chalcopyrite is also identified in MVT deposits (Leach et al., 2010), and in late carbonate veinlets in this study (see section 5.3.3). A transect of SIMS analyses across the crustiform growth quartz reveals $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values that vary from 19.4 ‰ to 28.4 ‰. There is a general decrease in $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ from the veinlet selvage towards the center, with a return to heavier $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ in the brighter CL quartz found in the center of the veinlet. Late calcite fill in this setting is discussed in section 5.3.4.

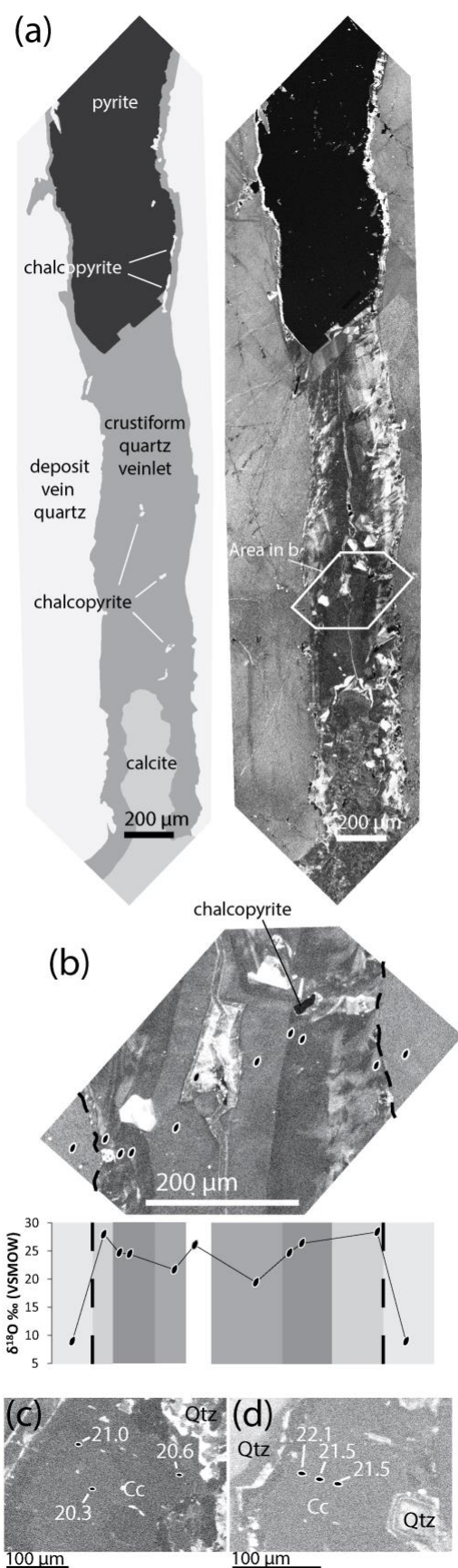


Figure 7 (*single column*)

Oxygen isotope measurement of a crustiform quartz and calcite veinlet, cross-cutting primary mineralized vein zone quartz in sample EH1509. (a) Schematic representation (left) and actual cathodoluminescence image (right) of veinlet showing pyrite, chalcopyrite coincident with crustiform quartz, and later calcite mineralization. (b) Inset of area identified in (a) with highlighted SIMS analysis pits and measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values plotted directly below the image. Data points at each end of the transect were measured in bounding quartz. (c-d) Cathodoluminescence images of areas containing calcite, from separate sample mount (RC01), but same veinlet identified in (a) with SIMS analyses pits highlighted by measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$.

Measurements of $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ in the immediately adjacent primary vein quartz, on either side of the crustiform veinlet show no exchange with the host primary quartz. Two laser fluorination measurements from the particular sample (sample 09) gave $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values of 9.37 and 9.34 ‰ and the SIMS analyses in the primary quartz of the corresponding sample measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values of 9.0 ‰ (Fig. 7b). Any exchange at low temperature would shift the primary quartz towards the heavier $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ values. Further examination of quartz textures in proximity of the crustiform quartz veinlet was performed using SIMS (results are depicted in figure DR-1). As well, curious dark CL quartz growth zones observed along quartz and sulfide grain boundaries, consistent with later quartz growth, were examined by SIMS (results are depicted in figures DR-2 and DR-3). Apart from the crustiform veinlet, no other evidence for high $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ was observed.

In situ $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$ and major element EPMA analysis of dolomite in the Reef Deposit is depicted in figure 8. The $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ values measured in dolomite are high, within a range from 25.3 to 28.1 ‰. Luminescence appears to be related to Mn concentration acting as a CL activator, and the dull to non-luminescence, seen in zone 4, due to presence of increased Fe content which acts as a CL quencher (Fig. 8) (Pierson, 1981).

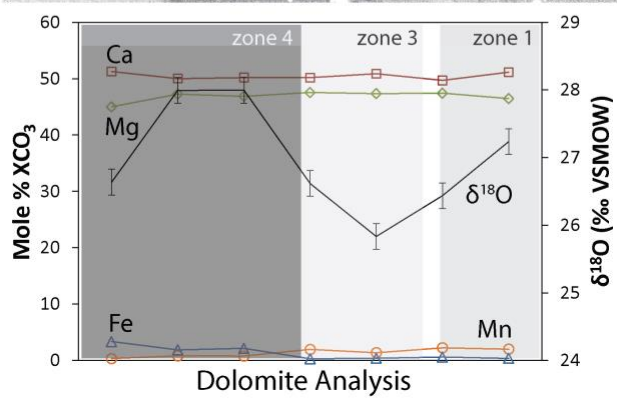
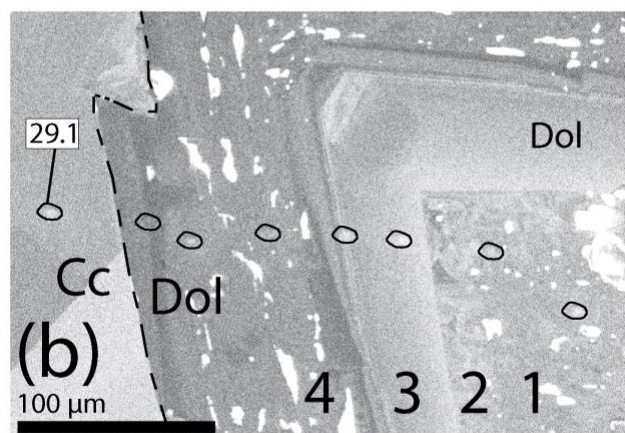
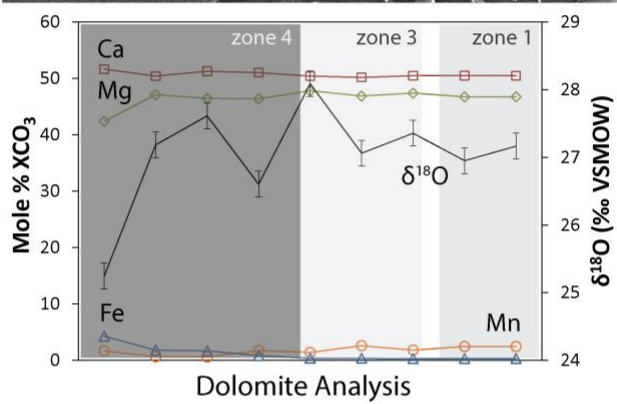
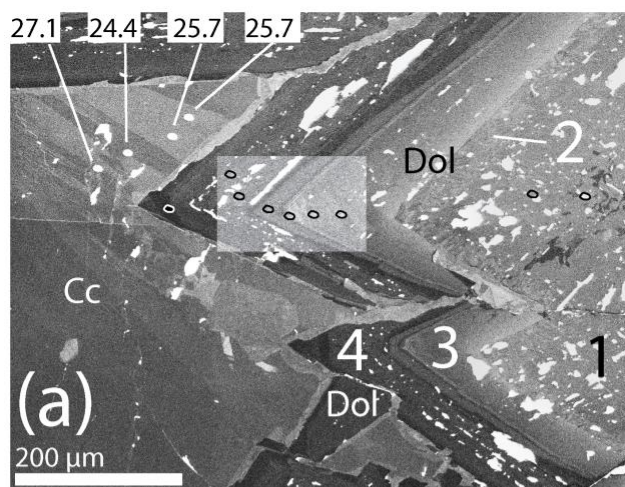


Figure 8 (*single column*)

Measurement of dolomite and calcite in sample EH1512 by SIMS and EPMA. (a) Dolomite growth zones (1-4) discussed in the text are identified. SIMS pits in dolomite and respective EPMA analyses are plotted below the image corresponding with pits located from left to right. Ca, Mg, Fe and Mn error are within size of data point, $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ are 2SD. Measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ of four calcite SIMS pits are annotated in the image. (b) Same description as for (a), with one $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ SIMS pit value annotated.

Calcite that in-fills crustiform texture quartz presented in figure 7 has a small range in $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values from 20.3 to 22.1 ‰ (Fig. 7c, d). The calcite does appear to have local zones of varied CL brightness, however there is no distinguishable relationship between areas of variable brightness and the measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ (Fig. 7c, d). Calcite that in-fills dolomite has a larger range, and slightly higher $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$. Within the range of measured calcite that in-fills dolomite, the lowest $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ measurements are found in areas which show compositional zoning in CL immediately adjacent to zone 4 dolomite.

Calcite is observed in a separate setting where it has in-filled void space created by the alteration of pyrrhotite to pyrite. Distinctively, primary pyrite growth in these areas remains intact (Fig. 9a). Pyrite which formed by alteration of pyrrhotite has a patchy or mottled intergrowth texture with calcite, and areas filled with late calcite have outlines consistent with anhedral pyrrhotite growth in separate, less-altered samples (Fig. 9a). Cathodoluminescence images of the calcite in these replacement areas shows a mottled growth pattern which is not recognizable in back scattered electron images (Fig. 9b, c). Measurements of the variable mottled textures consistently produce high $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values with a wide range (20.5 to 29.3 ‰), and gradients up to 9 ‰/50 μm . There does not appear to be any consistent recognizable correlation of CL, $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ and the Ca, Mg, Fe and Mn compositions.

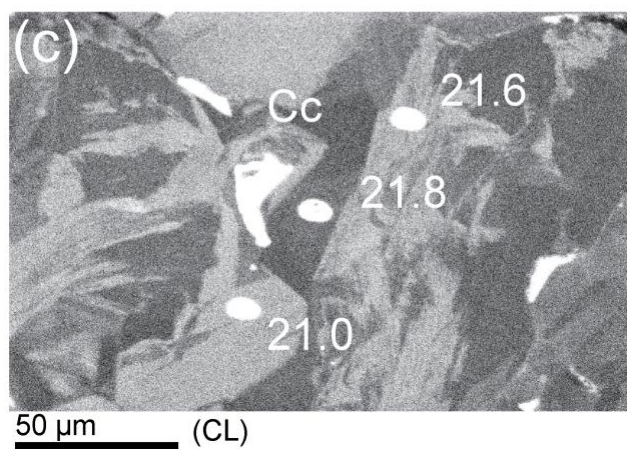
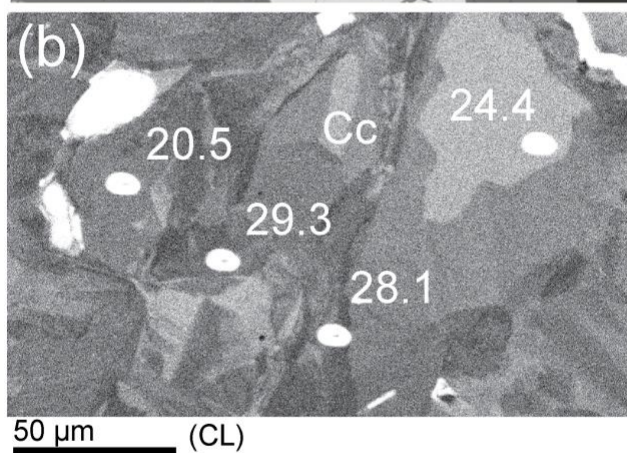
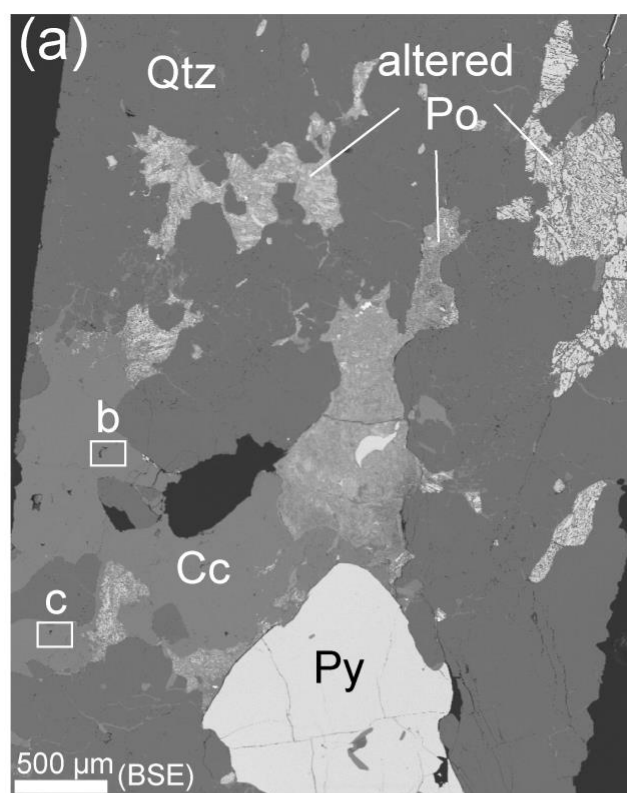


Figure 9 (*single column*)

Back Scattered Electron (BSE) and Cathodoluminescence (CL) images of sample EH1530 showing SIMS analysis of calcite observed replacing pyrrhotite. (a) BSE image showing alteration textures. Note that pyrrhotite has altered to patchy texture pyrite, whereas primary pyrite remains unaltered. Location of insets (b) and (c) are identified in (a). (b) CL image of area identified in (a) with SIMS analysis pits and measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values (‰ VSMOW). (c) Similar to (b). Qtz – quartz, Po – pyrrhotite, Cc – calcite, Py – pyrite.

A < 100 μm wide calcite microveinlet (Fig. 10) cross-cutting quartz in sample EH1505, is so small it was only identified by effervescence upon application of HCl on a primary quartz vein hand sample. Zoning in the microveinlet observed in backscattered electron images is related to Fe concentration, with up to 2.5 wt. % FeO in a 15-20 μm band. Along the closely examined length of the fracture, the Fe-rich brighter (BSE) band is observed on alternating veinlet selvages locally. A distinctive bright CL band (< 5 μm wide) is observed mostly between the Fe-rich zone and the Fe-poor calcite, but also outside both zones along the veinlet selvage (Fig. 10i). Because of its size, the $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ or Ca, Fe, Mg, Mn composition of this bright CL band is not easily measurable, but appears to be intermediate brightness in BSE, therefore intermediate in Fe composition (0 to 2.5 wt. % FeO). As well, the bright CL suggests it may contain Mn. *In situ* SIMS analyses of the calcite show a bi-modal population of low (9.6 to 13.3 ‰), and high (20.0 to 24.4 ‰) $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values (Fig 10).

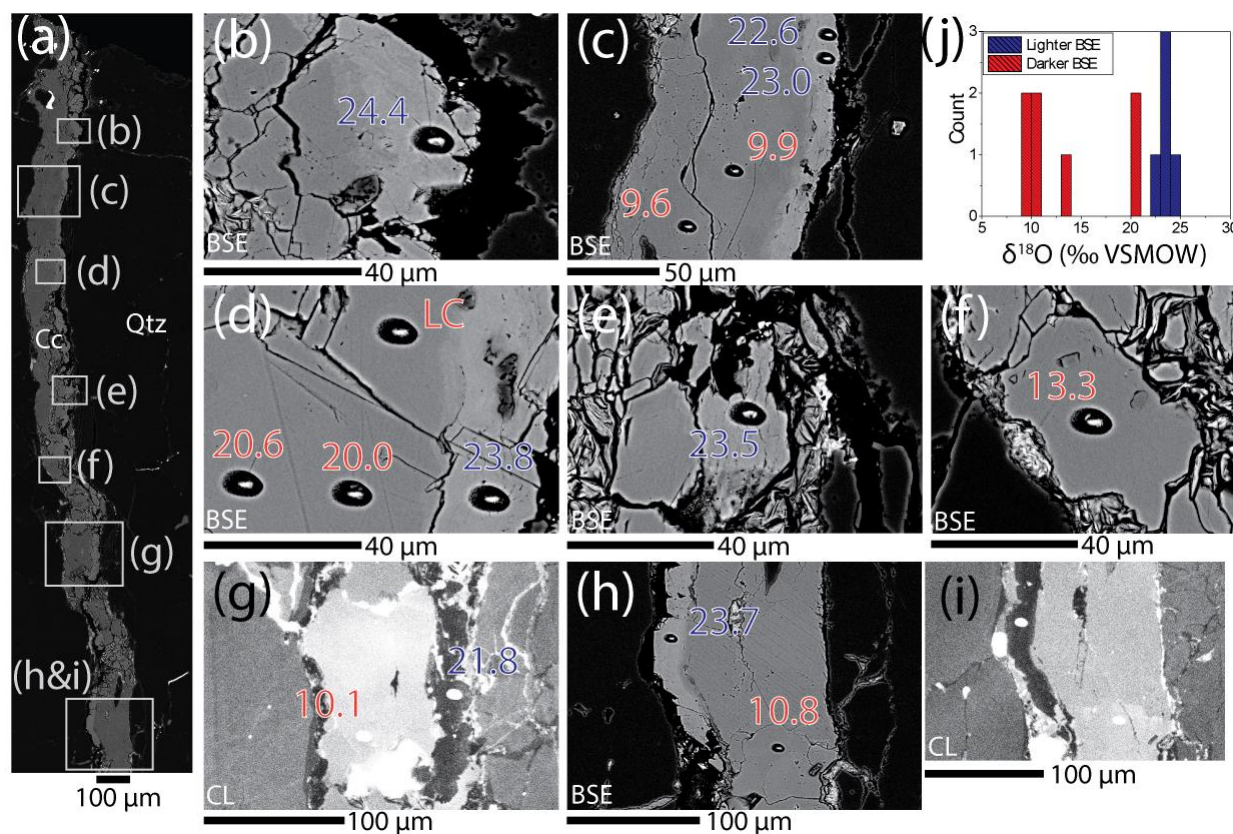


Figure 10 (full page)

Back scattered electron and cathodoluminescence images of a calcite microveinlet in sample EH1505. (a) BSE image of ~100 μm wide calcite microfracture hosted in quartz. Figures (b)-(i) are inset images identified in image (a), with image type identified in lower left corner (BSE – Back scattered electron, CL – Cathodoluminescence). In insets (b)-(h), measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values of SIMS pits are given, with red values for pits located in darker BSE calcite, and blue values for pits located in lighter BSE calcite. The BSE intensity is related to Fe content, with the brighter BSE calcite having higher Fe content. The histogram shows the overall distribution of measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values. (i) Cathodoluminescence image of inset (h), notice the brightest CL calcite is located to the left of the dark CL calcite band. LC - low counts (SIMS analysis).

5. DISCUSSION

5.1 Chronology of Veins, Mineralization and Metamorphism

From these results along with previous works, we interpret four important hydrothermal or metamorphic events, two of which contain direct evidence for gold mineralization/remobilization, and the other two being more speculative. The initial mineralization formed in the root zones of a VMS system. Quartz veins mineralized with pyrite and chalcopyrite were emplaced along with gold (Haroldson et al., 2018a) (Fig. 3a, b). After formation, the deposit was subjected to amphibolite grade regional metamorphism which likely remobilized gold (Haroldson et al., 2018b). Still later, alteration of the deposit (primarily the conversion of pyrite to pyrrhotite) occurred from reduced fluids circulated by emplacement of the nearby Wolf River Batholith (Haroldson et al., 2018b). Lastly, MVT fluids that circulated in the deposit are linked with gold mineralization/remobilization, along with the emplacement of various telluride phases and copper mineralization (Haroldson et al., 2018a, b). The late MVT fluids emplaced numerous quartz and carbonate gangue phases (Fig. 3c, d) which are the subject of discussion in section 5.3.

5.2 Primary Mineralization

Measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ of bulk quartz from the Reef Deposit plotted according to individual mineralized vein zones shows a distinct spatial trend (Fig. 5). The lowest $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values are found in the northwestern most vein zone and zones have increasingly higher $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ towards the southeast (Figures 2 and 5). The systematic spatial nature of the observed variation suggests the measured values are of primary hydrothermal quartz (Fig. 5). Resetting during subsequent regional deformation would have homogenized the $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values. Hydrothermal alteration during emplacement of the nearby Wolf River Batholith would have been hottest to the SE and created the opposite spatial pattern.

Laser fluorination $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values across individual vein zones have no spatial correlation horizontally or vertically. Assuming no variation of $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ for the hydrothermal fluid which formed the

vein zones, the northwestern vein zone formed at the highest temperature. Temperature variation amongst zones could indicate the individual vein zones formed sequentially during a steady increase or decrease in temperature. A second interpretation would be the vein zones formed synchronously, within a thermal gradient outward from the heat source, which would have been located northwest of the current deposit location and orientation. Yet another interpretation is a variation in $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ due to differing amounts of water rock interaction.

The value of $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ for VMS deposits is usually estimated to be within a small range of seawater at the time of formation, and $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values $> \sim -1$ ‰ have been used to argue for the involvement of magmatic sourced fluids (de Ronde, 1995). The temperature range in the hydrothermal setting underlying a VMS deposit is typically 300 to 400 °C (Franklin et al., 2005). Plotting the range of measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values on isopleths of $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ in a plot of temperature vs. starting $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ and capping the expected temperature range to be < 400 °C, we find the likely range of $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ to be ≤ 2.6 ‰ (Fig. 11). The average $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ of seawater is proposed to have been as low as -8 ‰ during the Penokean orogeny (Jaffrés et al., 2007), while others have argued for a value similar to a modern ice-free world (-1 ‰) (Holmden and Muehlenbachs, 1993). In either case, the measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values consistent with precipitation from $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ of ≤ 2.6 ‰ (Fig. 11), may have been elevated above the likely seawater $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ value at the time of formation. The shift from negative $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values to possibly 2.6 ‰ may have involved magmatic fluid, or may represent wallrock interaction or a combination of both.

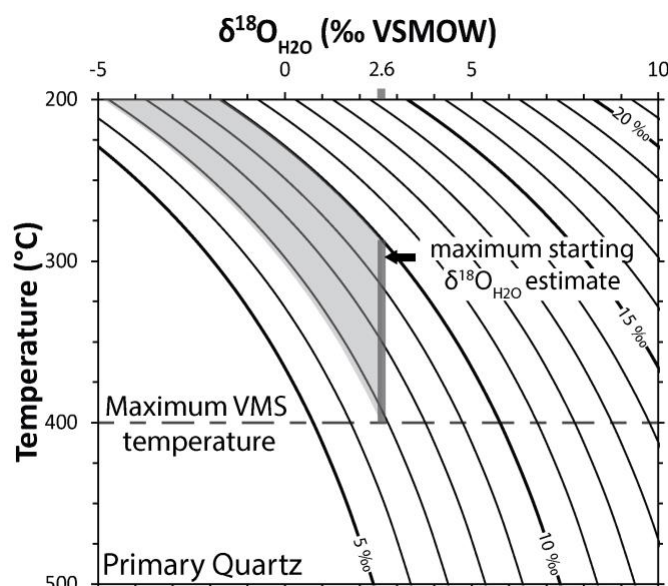


Figure 11 (*single column*)

Temperature vs. $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ for measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values with isopleths of $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ (Sharp et al. 2016). The range of $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values measured are highlighted in grey. The intersection of a maximum temperature (400 °C) with all $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values measured corresponds with a starting $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ of 2.6 ‰, assuming a constant $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$. The elevation above a seawater estimate of -1 ‰ could be due to involvement of magmatic fluid, however it could also simply represent uncertainty in the seawater estimate for the Paleoproterozoic.

No correlation is observed with primary $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ and the gold grades or with copper grades (Fig. 12). Assayed sample intervals are typically ~1m in length, and therefore a large amount of variation is possible within an individual zone, both in gold grade, and $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ due to a ‘nugget’ distribution effect. It is likely that distribution of these ore metals has been overprinted by later mineralization/remobilization and this has masked any original correlation between $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ and mineralization.

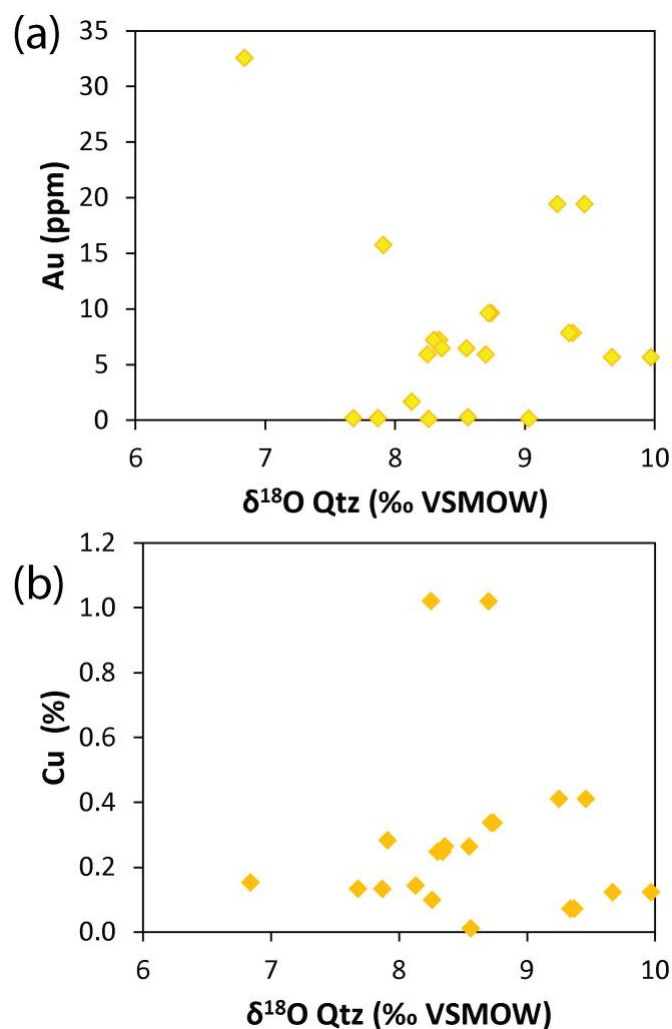


Figure 12 (*single column*)

$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ measured in quartz separates from primary mineralized veins vs. assay grade. No correlation is seen between the oxygen isotope values and assay values. (a) gold in ppm vs. $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$. (b) Copper in percent abundance vs. $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$. Assay values represent ~1m drill core segments and $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ measurements are matched with the interval from which they were selected. Assay values are provided from Aquila Resources Inc.

5.3 Secondary Gangue Mineralization

The presence of high $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ (19 to 30 ‰) quartz, calcite and dolomite in late textural settings, is observed by *in situ* SIMS measurements. We first discuss the potential secondary fluid sources responsible for the secondary mineralization in section 5.3.1. We then discuss 5 individual analytical settings (quartz, dolomite and 3 calcite settings in sections 5.3.2 to 5.3.6). A complex history of gangue mineralization is interpreted to involve multiple fluids with variable temperatures.

5.3.1 Potential secondary fluid sources

A summary of possible fluid sources for high $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ gangue minerals measured *in situ* in the Reef Deposit is given in table 3. The geologic history of the region is poorly constrained due to a lack of exposure in the area. What is known of the history is complex and involves multiple magmatic and deformational events within a 200 km radius of the Reef Deposit.

Table 3. Oxygen isotope compositions of potential fluid source reservoirs.

Geologic Event	Age	Age Reference	$\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ (‰ VSMOW)	Reference
Regional metamorphism	1845 to 1833 Ma	Schulz and Cannon, 2007	+3 to +20	Sheppard, 1986
Yavapai and Mazatzal metamorphic fluid	~ 1750 to 1650 Ma	Whitmeyer and Karlstrom, 2007	+3 to +20	Sheppard, 1986
Wolf River Batholith (Anorogenic Magmatism)	1522 to 1468 Ma	Dewane and Van Schmus, 2007	+5.5 to 10	Taylor, 1979 (magmatic values)
Mid-continent Rift	~ 1100 Ma	Van Schmus and Hinze, 1985	+5.5 to 10	Taylor, 1979 (magmatic values)
Kimberlite magmatism	< 420 Ma	Carlson and Adams, 1997	+5.5 to 10	Taylor, 1979 (magmatic values)
Basinal Brine	~ 270 Ma	Brannon et al., 1992	-3 to +2	Pollington et al., 2016 (and references within)
High Heat-producing granite - Meteoric Water	~ 270 Ma	Brannon et al., 1992	-5 to -1	Holmden and Muehlenbachs, 1993; Came et al., 2007; Jaffrés et al., 2007
High Heat-producing granite - Shield Brine	~ 270 Ma	Brannon et al., 1992	-10 to -7	Bottomley et al., 1984

There are multiple post-Penokean magmatic events in the region. A widespread post-orogenic granitic suite formed at 1760 Ma (Sims et al., 1989). Mesoproterozoic anorogenic magmatism occurred in two distinct episodes locally. The first episode emplaced the Wausau syenite and the Nine Mile granite of the Wausau syenite complex (1522 Ma and 1506 Ma, respectively), which are located within 20 km west of the Reef Deposit (Dewane and Van Schmus, 2007). The second episode emplaced the Wolf River Batholith over the time interval 1484 – 1468 Ma directly adjacent and east of the deposit (Dewane and Van Schmus, 2007). Post-Silurian ultramafic igneous activity is reported in Kenosha County, ~200 km SE of the Reef Deposit (Carlson and Adams, 1997). Jurassic kimberlites are identified ~180 km NE of the Reef Deposit in Upper Peninsula Michigan (Cannon and Mudrey, 1981; Zartman et al., 2013). Common magmatic (mafic to felsic) $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values are in the +5.5 to +10 ‰ range for ore deposit systems, and we would expect ultramafic igneous activity closer to a primary mantle value of +5.5 ‰ (Taylor, 1979).

The Yavapai province accreted to the south of the Marshfield and Pembine-Wausau terranes along the Spirit Lake tectonic zone ca. 1.7 Ga, and the Mazatzal orogeny accreted the Mazatzal province to the south of the Yavapai province ca 1.6 Ga (Whitmeyer and Karlstrom, 2007). Metamorphic fluids associated with the Yavapai or Mazatzal orogenies would likely fall in the commonly accepted range in $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ from +3 to +20 ‰ (Sheppard, 1986).

Mississippi Valley-type fluids have been recognized to form a late gold mineralization/remobilization event in the Reef Deposit (Haroldson et al., 2018a, b). Timing and source of the late MVT fluid remains ambiguous with competing models invoking Devonian to Permian fluids from one of three sources. The first source is from sedimentary basinal brine fluid circulated by gravity driven flow. Basinal brines have been estimated to have $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ compositions between -3 ‰ and +2 ‰, with increase in $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ due to water/rock interactions along the flow path (Wilkinson et al., 1992; Kesler et al., 1997; Pollington et al., 2011; Hyodo et al., 2014; Śliwiński et al., 2016b; Pollington et al., 2016). The second fluid source is local meteoric water (Haroldson et al., 2018b). During the Permian, the region was located near the equator, and rainwater forming the local meteoric water would have a $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ value

approximating the average value of early Paleozoic seawater (-5 ‰ to -1 ‰; e.g., Holmden and Muehlenbachs, 1993; Came et al., 2007; Jaffrés et al., 2007). The third source of fluid involves the circulation of shield brines, deep groundwater circulating in crystalline basement rocks, by high heat-producing (anomalously radiogenic) granites of the Wolf River Batholith (Spirakis and Heyl, 1996; Haroldson et al., 2018b). Measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ of shield brines in the Archean Canadian Shield range from -10 to -20 ‰ and a possible source brine has been modeled to have $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ compositions ranging from -7 to -10 ‰ (Frape and Fritz, 1987; Bottomley et al., 1999).

5.3.2 Quartz

The zonation from high $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ in the crustiform vein margins to lower $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ in the center (Fig. 7b) likely reflects a gradual increase in temperature from the earliest outer growth quartz to subsequent growth bands. A return to more moderate temperatures may be indicated by one SIMS analysis of a brighter CL zone in the center of the veinlet.

Crustiform quartz growth temperatures estimated from possible oxygen isotope compositions of the various fluid sources discussed in section 5.3.1 are plotted in figure 13. Fluids originally from a magmatic or metamorphic source ($\delta_{18}\text{O} > 3$) would have a temperature minimum of 75 °C for the highest $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ value (28.4 ‰) and 140 °C for the lowest $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ value (19.4 ‰). These temperatures are relatively low for a magmatic or metamorphic fluid, requiring a distal derivation. Methane-bearing fluid inclusions associated with the Wolf River Batholith event indicate fluid temperatures as high as 700 °C (Haroldson et al., 2018b). However, it is reasonable to assume a protracted history of the Wolf River Batholith emplacement, with the higher temperature being derived from nearby magmatic activity, and the lower temperature fluid derived from lower portions or some other, more distal portion of the batholith, or during a later stage as the contact cooled. Using the upper estimate for magmatic water of 10 ‰ gives a range from 120 to 240 °C, which is somewhat more reasonable for a magmatic fluid, however still needing a distal derivation. Even heavier $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values (> 10 ‰) would be associated with a

metamorphic fluid and temperature calculations could range from temperatures commonly observed for metamorphic fluids to temperatures exceeding those observed in mafic igneous melts. We are unable to rule out a distal magmatic or a metamorphic fluid for the late crustiform quartz veinlets.

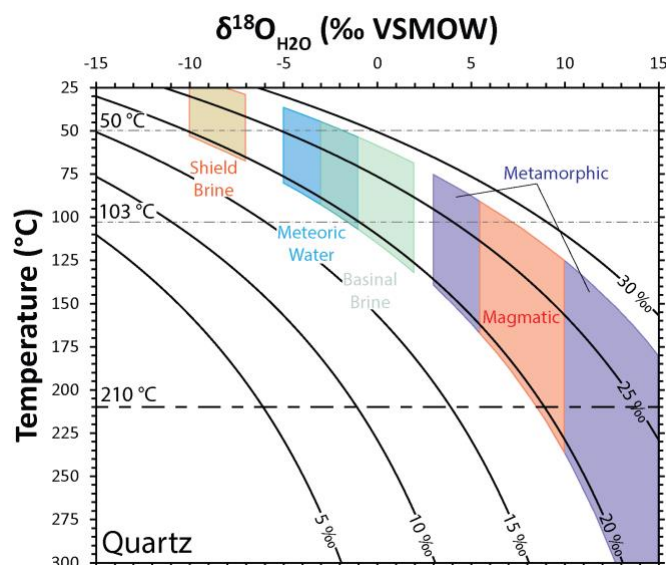


Figure 13 (*single column*)

Temperature vs. $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ with isopleths for $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ in equilibrium. Measured values for high $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ from figure 7 (19.4 to 28.4 ‰). The range of $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values measured are highlighted where corresponding to various $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values discussed in section 5.2.1. Dashed lines at 50, 103 and 210 °C represent fluid inclusion temperatures associated with the late low temperature fluid system (Haroldson et al., 2018b).

As discussed in section 5.3.1, there are multiple possibilities for a starting $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ related to the MVT fluid. Temperature estimates from these values range from 18 to >300 °C (Fig. 13). The shield brine temperature estimates are too low. Meteoric water would be low salinity and therefore not capable of copper transport as copper is typically transported in a chloride complex, especially at low temperature (Brugger et al., 2007; Sherman, 2007). If the MVT fluids are not shield brines or meteoric water, then the minimum temperature would be ~50 °C (Fig. 13).

To evaluate the potential of an MVT fluid being responsible for precipitation of quartz, we compare with a recent study of quartz overgrowths in the Mt. Simon Formation, which is the basal sandstone unit of the overlying Paleozoic sedimentary sequence (Pollington et al., 2016). Samples in the Pollington et al. (2016) study were collected within a few meters of the Precambrian unconformity from outcrops ~50 km south of the Reef Deposit (Fig. 1). Mt. Simon formation quartz overgrowths record two distinct events, near-surface temperature diagenetic growth is interpreted from overgrowths averaging $\delta_{18}\text{O} \sim 30.6 \pm 2.9 \text{ ‰}$, and growth from warmer fluid is interpreted from a separate sample at a nearby outcrop with $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values 2 to 12 ‰ lower. These lower values are bracketed by higher $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values measured towards the edges of quartz overgrowths, suggesting the warmer hydrothermal fluid as a short-lived event. In the Reef Deposit crustiform quartz veinlets, $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values range from 19.4 to 28.4 ‰, consistent with growth in the warmer fluid observed in Pollington et al. (2016). There is also a systematic decrease in $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ for subsequent growth bands observed, possibly indicating an increase in temperature during each subsequent growth. As well, higher $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ of 26.1 ‰ in the youngest quartz measured may indicate a return toward relatively cooler temperature growth (Fig. 7).

Pollington et al. (2016) use an estimate for the starting $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ of -3 ‰ (approximate early Paleozoic seawater), corresponding to a temperature range of ~45 to 120 °C for precipitation of quartz overgrowths. Using the same estimate of -3 ‰ for a starting $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ corresponds to temperatures between ~45 to 90 °C for the crustiform quartz in the Reef Deposit, within the temperature range observed for the Mt. Simon overgrowths. Thus the hydrothermal fluid event documented by Pollington et al. (2016), supports the occurrence of Paleozoic fluid movement in central Wisconsin.

5.3.3 Dolomite

Dolomite growth temperatures estimated for a range of possible oxygen isotope compositions of the various MVT fluid sources discussed in section 5.3.1 are plotted in figure 14. Within zone 4 the outermost $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$ measurement is consistently lower, suggesting an increase in temperature during zone 4

growth. However, there is little variation in the $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$ measured in the dolomite (~25 to 28 ‰) across all zones, suggesting little temperature variation associated with the zonation seen by CL.

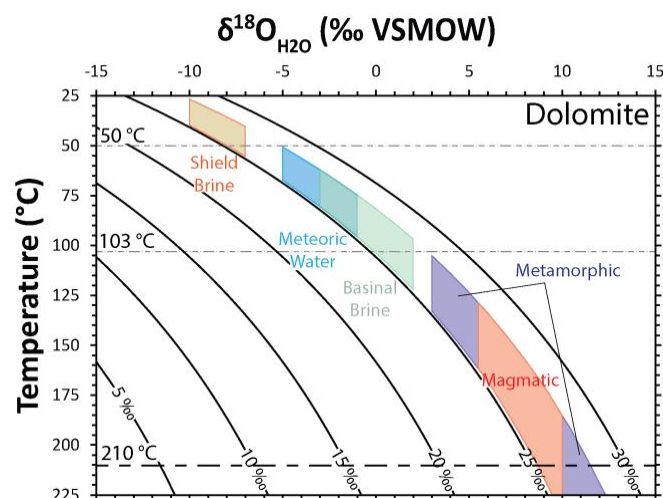


Figure 14 (*single column*)

Temperature vs. $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ with isopleths for $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$ in equilibrium. Measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$ values from figure 8 (25.2 to 28.1 ‰) are highlighted where corresponding to various $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values discussed in section 5.3.1. Dashed lines at 50, 103 and 210 °C represent fluid inclusion temperatures associated with the late low temperature fluid system (Haroldson et al., 2018b). Dashed grey lines are from a calcite hosted fluid inclusion assemblage (FIA), dashed black is maximum temperatures obtained from quartz-hosted FIA.

5.3.4 Calcite that in-fills late quartz and dolomite

Calcite (that in-fills quartz and dolomite) temperatures estimated for the range of possible oxygen isotope compositions of the various fluid sources discussed in section 5.3.1, are plotted in figure 15. Calcite, that in-filled after dolomite, hosts secondary fluid inclusions with estimated formation temperatures ranging from < 50 to 103 °C (Haroldson et al., 2018b). The same calcite has measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values ranging from 24.2 to 29.3 ‰. Using a starting $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ of -5 to +2 ‰ to include both, the basinal brine and the meteoric water models, leads to temperature estimates of 46 to 115 °C (Fig. 15). The

similarity in measured fluid inclusion temperatures and estimated oxygen isotope temperatures is striking, however because the fluid inclusions are secondary, a direct genetic relationship is not observed. It does appear that a similar temperature range was observed for the fluid initially forming the calcite and later healing of small fractures in the calcite.

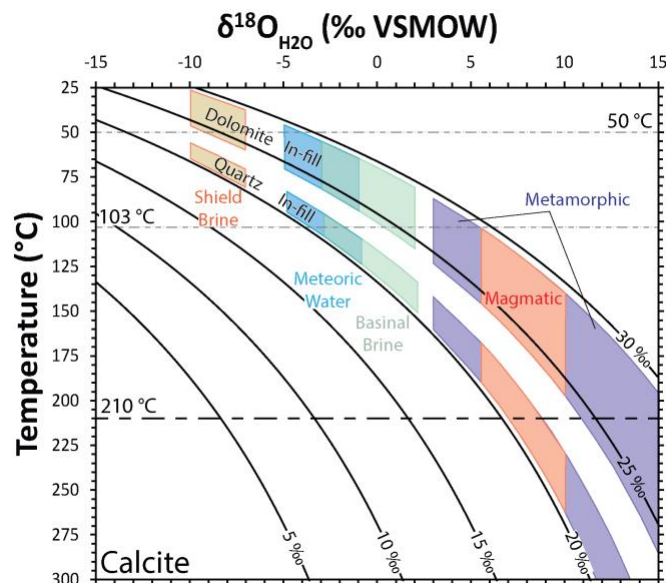


Figure 15 (single column)

Temperature vs. $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ with isopleths for $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ in equilibrium. Measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values from figures 7 and 8 are highlighted where corresponding to various $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values discussed in section 5.3.1. The lower $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ (20.3 to 22.1 ‰) group is representative of calcite which in-fills quartz (Fig. 7), the higher $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ (24.2 to 29.3 ‰) group is representative of calcite which in-fills dolomite (Fig. 8). Dashed lines at 50, 103 and 210 °C represent fluid inclusion temperatures associated with the late low temperature fluid system (Haroldson et al., 2018b).

5.3.5 Calcite replacing pyrrhotite

Importantly, the calcite in this setting is texturally associated with altaite (PbTe) in mineral clusters of Au and telluride minerals measured for Pb isotope compositions which were found to be

radiogenic and therefore relatively young, and thus are associated with the late overprinting mineralization (Haroldson et al., 2018a). This does not mean that the overprinting mineralization is only evident in places with pyrrhotite destructive alteration. As is evidenced by Pb isotopes and fluid inclusions, the late overprinting fluid is observed throughout the deposit, including areas where calcite replacement of pyrrhotite is not evident.

Calcite replacing pyrrhotite has a range in $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values (20.5 to 29.3 ‰) which includes the range measured in calcite in section 5.3.4 and extends to lower $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$. This is consistent with similar temperatures of precipitation as well as an extension to higher temperatures approaching 150 °C (using starting $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values of -5 to +2 ‰) (Fig. 16). These observations are consistent with low and variable temperatures and fluid compositions associated with late fluid infiltration.

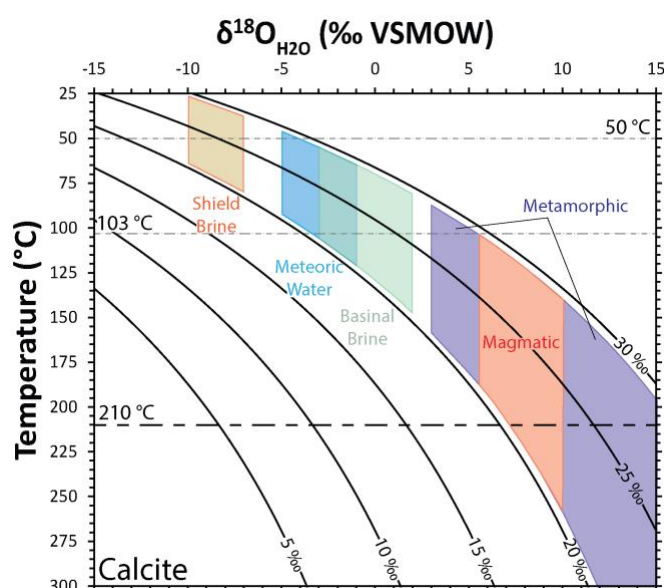


Figure 16 (*single column*)

Temperature vs. $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ with isopleths for $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ in equilibrium. Measured $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values from figure 9 (20.5 to 29.3 ‰) are highlighted where corresponding to various $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values discussed in section 5.3.1. Dashed lines at 50, 103 and 210 °C represent fluid inclusion temperatures associated with the late low temperature fluid system (Haroldson et al., 2018b).

607

608 *5.3.6 Calcite microveinlets*

609 Calcite microveinlet temperatures estimated for the possible oxygen isotope compositions of the
610 various fluid sources discussed in section 5.3.1 are plotted in figure 17. Of particular interest, are the
611 relatively low $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values (9.6 to 13.3 ‰). As discussed in section 5.2.1, the calcite would have formed
612 post regional deformation. To explain the low $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values, one could assume a metamorphic or a
613 magmatic source with formation temperatures ≥ 320 °C. This temperature range would likely require
614 relatively proximal derivation. Calcite formed at lower temperatures (< 210 °C) would require an even
615 lower starting $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ such as meteoric water or the postulated shield brine fluid.

616

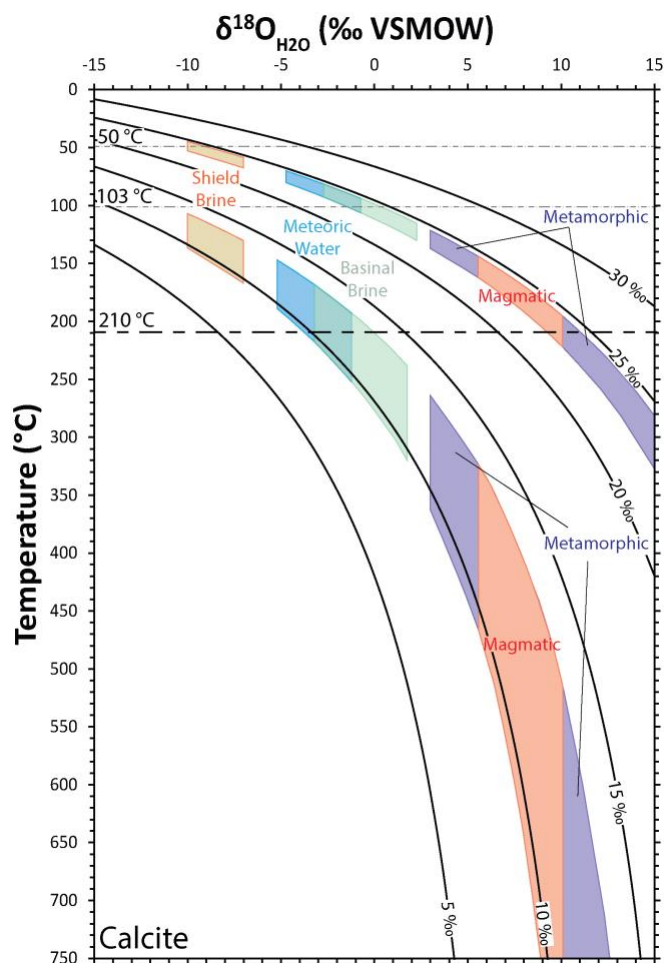


Figure 17 (*single column*)

Temperature vs. $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ with isopleths for $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ in equilibrium. Measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values from figure 10 is highlighted where corresponding to various $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ values discussed in section 5.3.1. Dashed lines at 50, 103 and 210 °C represent fluid inclusion temperatures associated with the late low temperature fluid system (Haroldson et al., 2018b).

There is a section of this microveinlet where high $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values were measured in the low-Fe calcite evident in SIMS analyses (Fig. 10d). Volume diffusion of O into calcite will not be important at these low temperatures. It is not clear why the high $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values exist locally in the low-Fe calcite. The

high $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ values are likely formed from a late, low-temperature fluid, similar to fluids described in the previous secondary mineralization settings. In this case it would have been a relatively Fe-deficient fluid.

5.3 Mississippi Valley-type Mineralization

The petrogenetic positioning of chalcopyrite mineralization, post-dating the growth of late dolomite and preceding the growth of void-filling calcite, in late carbonate veinlets of the Reef Deposit bears a striking resemblance to chalcopyrite mineralization depicted for MVT deposits of the Viburnum trend, (Voss et al., 1989). Using a combination of reflected light spectroscopy of Viburnum trend MVT deposit sulfides as well as transmitted light and CL imaging of carbonate minerals, Voss et al. (1989) identified that specific sulfide minerals accompanied various stages of carbonate growth. Similar CL patterns, growth textures, and trace element compositions are also found in dolomite cements across southeast Missouri (Cathles, 1993). Because of the substantial distance between southeast Missouri and the Reef Deposit in northern Wisconsin, direct correlation of the fluid evolution is not possible (Searl, 1988). However, MVT fluids at the Reef Deposit could be sourced from the Illinois Basin and a similar sequence of individual pulses of regional fluid flow might be controlled by changes in the large scale tectonic forces. The CL patterns, trace element compositions and oxygen isotope ratios of dolomite in the Reef Deposit and Viburnum Trend are similar to carbonate cement growth histories in sedimentary formations studied in northern Illinois as well as sedimentary formations hosting mineralization in the Upper Mississippi Valley (UMV) district of SW Wisconsin (Smith and Simo, 1997, Śliwiński et al., 2016b). The growth typically displays four dolomite growth zones visible in CL (Fig. 4), with some loss due to intermittent dissolution, most commonly the dissolution of the second zone. The third CL zone is typically the brightest in CL, followed by a final fourth growth zone with low CL attributed to an increase in Fe (Voss et al., 1989; Smith and Simo, 1997; Śliwiński et al., 2016b). When measured by SIMS, the $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$ of dolomite growth zones are interpreted, at least in part, as formed from MVT fluids (Śliwiński et

al., 2016b). Repeated observations of similar carbonate growth possibly related to MVT fluid flow seems to bridge the distance between southern Missouri and northern Wisconsin (Fig. 18). Indeed, extensive MVT fluid movement across the region, during the Paleozoic (perhaps multiple episodes) has been identified by multiple workers (Liu et al., 2003; Luczaj, 2006; Craddock et al., 2017).

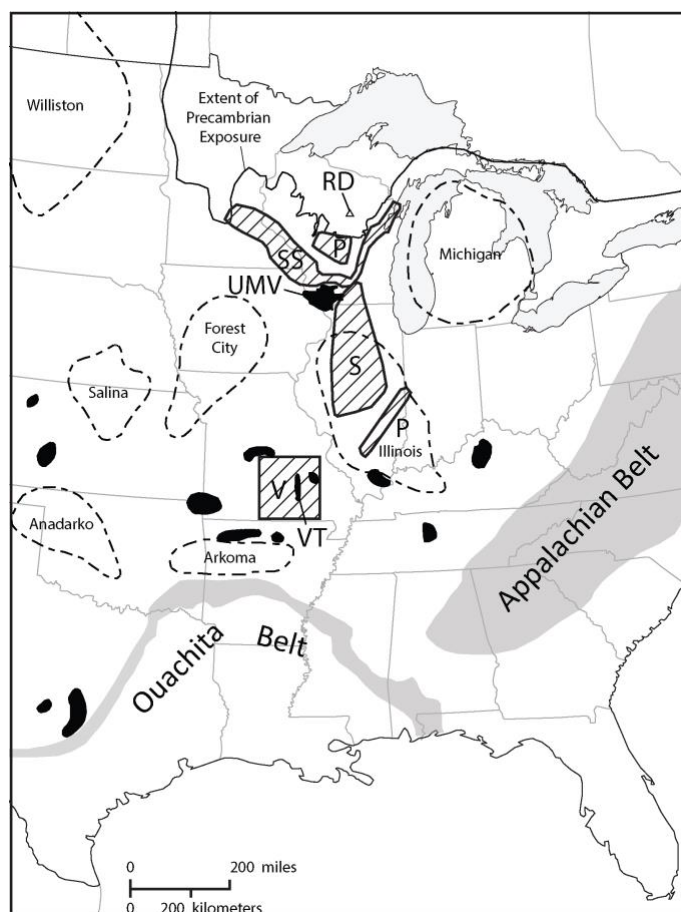


Figure 18 (2 column)

Location of the Reef deposit relative to Mississippi Valley-type lead-zinc districts (black areas), major sedimentary basins (dashed outline) and tectonic belts (grey areas) after Oliver (1986). RD = Reef Deposit, UMV = Upper Mississippi Valley district, VT = Viburnum Trend. Previous study areas discussed in the text are shown. V = Voss et al. (1989), SS = Smith and Simo (1997), S = Śliwiński et al. (2016b), P = Pollington et al. (2016).

Chalcopyrite mineralization is common in VMS deposits, but is also observed in UMV district and other MVT deposits (Heyl, 1959; Kutz and Spry, 1989; Voss et al., 1989, Leach et al., 2010). The presence of chalcopyrite in the crustiform quartz veinlet found at various growth surfaces is in keeping with the MVT fluid model. Chalcopyrite appears to have formed immediately preceding or during the highest temperature quartz mineralization in late quartz veinlets. As well, the highest temperatures in dolomite (section 5.3.3) are inferred in a zone immediately preceding chalcopyrite mineralization. A decrease in temperatures is then suggested in the subsequent calcite growth formed after this chalcopyrite. This may indicate a higher temperature fluid during chalcopyrite growth, although inconsistent with inverse carbonate dissolution. Furthermore, there appears to be dolomite dissolution consistent with this higher temperature event suggesting a lower pH. As well, a strong dissolution surface is observed after growth of zone 3 dolomite (Fig. 4) and a weak dissolution surface possibly observed after growth of zone 2, suggesting multiple infiltrations of a low pH fluid.

In all of the gangue mineralization (calcite, dolomite or quartz) that cross-cuts the initial vein quartz, a range of temperatures is inferred from the variable $\delta_{18}\text{O}$, however, assuming a starting $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ of -5 to +2 ‰ for all of the settings, temperature estimates are consistently in the range of < 50 to 103 °C, consistent with homogenization temperatures measured in secondary fluid inclusions in the late calcite infilling dolomite. There is only one setting (the calcite microveinlet, Fig. 10) in which *in situ* SIMS analysis of gangue mineralization identifies temperature of precipitation consistent with the highest quartz hosted secondary fluid inclusion temperatures (210 °C) observed by Haroldson et al. (2018b). The quartz and various calcite settings record some variation in temperature; in particular the quartz shows increase in temperature in subsequent growth bands. The dolomite growth instead shows only small changes in $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Dol}}$, suggesting a small temperature gradient. The presence of dissolution surfaces in dolomite coincident with the mineralization of chalcopyrite is seen as evidence for the presence of a fluid that was not captured in the gangue mineral record.

Punctuated fluid events likely had a lower pH fluid responsible for carbonate dissolution, and the chalcopyrite mineralization may be evidence for the fluid to have been a relatively higher temperature. A mechanism to create these punctuated events would be local faulting during the Appalachian-Ouachita orogeny. Interacting with the crystalline basement via faulting would allow for a lower pH fluid, normally buffered by interaction with Paleozoic carbonate rocks. Furthermore, with enough time between these punctuated events, heat could have built up through radiogenic decay in local high heat-producing granites, as proposed by Spirakis and Heyl (1996). This suggests the late gangue mineralization (quartz, dolomite and calcite) formed during a steadier state growth from gravity driven fluids flowing through the cover sequence. The mineralization of Cu-Fe sulfides and Au-Ag-Pb tellurides were related to punctuated thermal events formed by fluids accessing deep sections of the nearby Wolf River Batholith along local faults that cut the basement.

6. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Oxygen isotope measurements of mineralized quartz veins by laser fluorination give $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Qtz}}$ values ranging from 6.8 to 10.0 ‰ suggesting that the Reef Deposit veins were initially formed by hydrothermally shifted seawater at temperatures of ~230 to 400 °C, consistent with the interpretation of a hydrothermal circulation system underlying a volcanogenic massive sulfide deposit. The oxygen isotope values of vein zones show a spatial correlation suggesting higher temperatures in the northwestern vein zones and lowest temperatures in the southeastern zones.

Secondary overprinting mineralization is recognized by *in situ* secondary ion mass spectrometry measurements giving high $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ ($\delta_{18}\text{O} > 19$ ‰) measurements of quartz, dolomite and calcite in various textural settings. Small (10 μm to 0.5 cm) crustiform quartz veinlets show a progressive increase in temperature with a late return to relatively lower temperatures during growth. Carbonate veinlets (1-10 cm thick) have a typical paragenesis of 4 stages of dolomite growth and chalcopyrite growth was then followed by late calcite growth. High $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ is measured in late calcite, which in-filled both late quartz

and late dolomite veinlets. High $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ is measured in late calcite observed replacing altered pyrrhotite. High $\delta_{18}\text{O}_{\text{Cc}}$ is also measured in banded calcite veinlets ($\sim 200\ \mu\text{m}$ in size) formed alongside lower $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ calcite. The various high $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ gangue mineralization is found to be most consistent with low temperature growth, in most cases $< 150\ ^\circ\text{C}$, which is also consistent with a late, low temperature system observed by past workers to be related to MVT mineralization.

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DATA REPOSITORY ITEM

For

**Phanerozoic fluids permeating a Precambrian gold deposit examined by SIMS:
implications for remobilization of gold**

Erik L. Haroldson, Philip E. Brown, Akizumi Ishida, John W. Valley

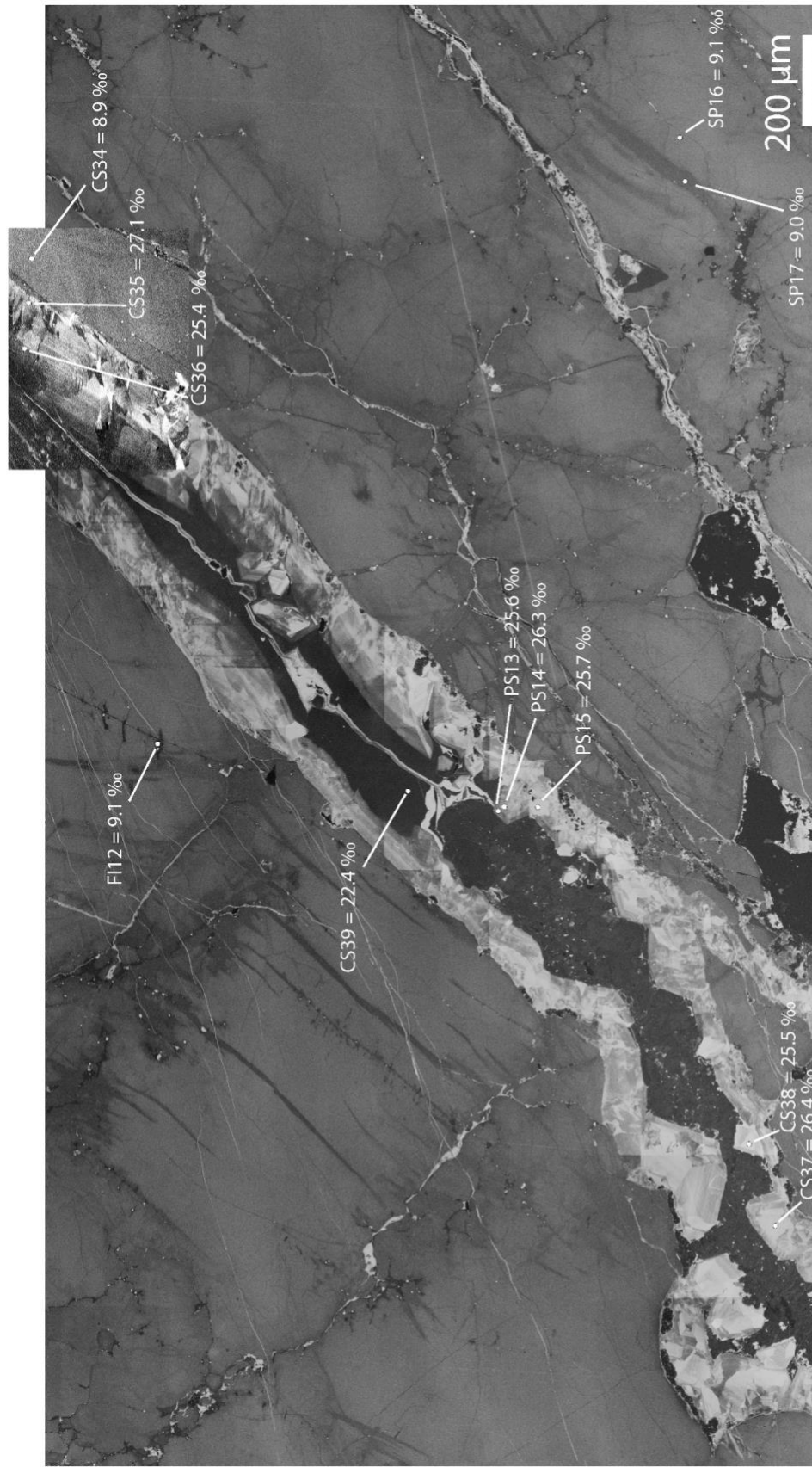


Figure DR-1. Results from exploratory SIMS analyses in the vicinity of the quartz crustiform textured veinlet depicted in figure 7.

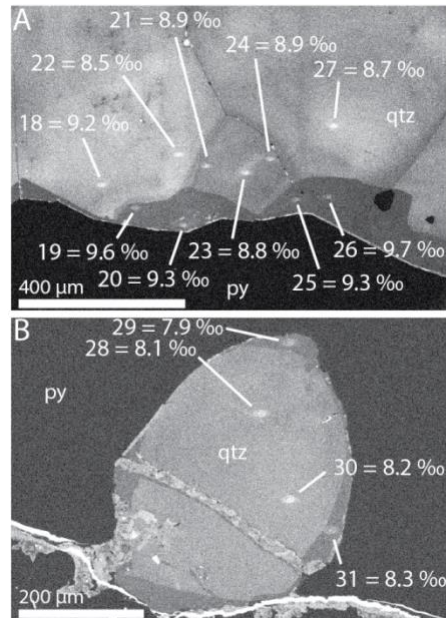


Figure DR-2. SIMS measurement of dark CL textures. Two levels of luminescence are imaged in quartz with darker CL quartz forming later textural quartz along quartz/sulfide grain boundaries and overgrowth of lighter CL quartz. Dark CL appears to have similar $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ in both areas examined by SIMS. (a) dark CL forms zone near contact between quartz and pyrite. (b) dark CL overgrowth texture around quartz grain hosted in pyrite.

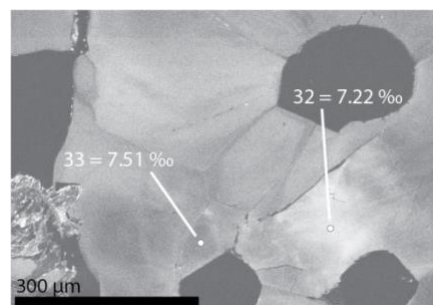


Figure DR-3. Variable brightness is observed for relict quartz crystals. Although some small variation observed, the dark and light quartz have similar $\delta^{18}\text{O}$

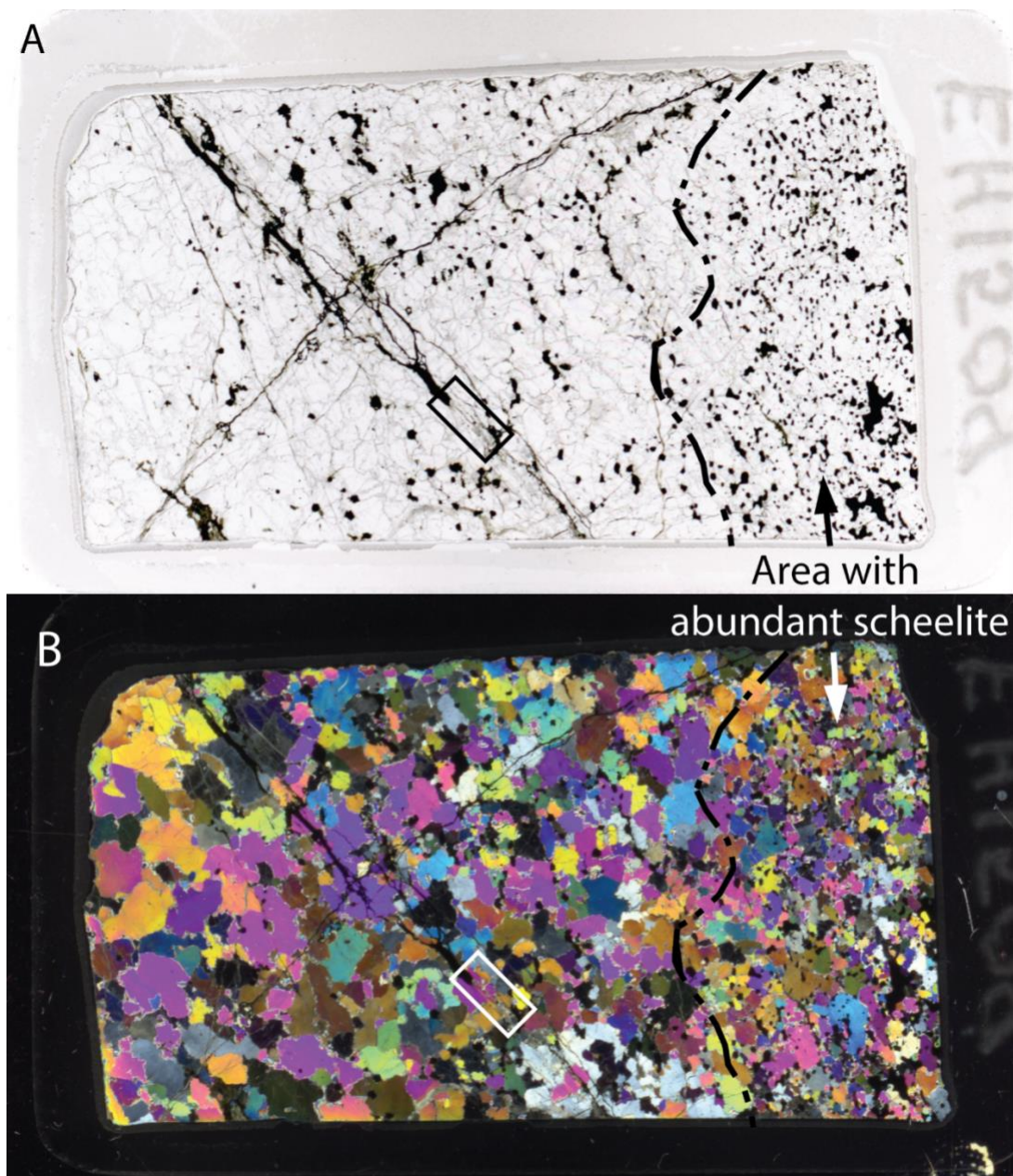


Figure DR-4. Scanned images of fluid inclusion thick section showing location of figure DR-1 (small boxes in either A or B) in a larger context. An area with abundant scheelite mineralization is also depicted. (a) plane polarized light image showing stockwork texture of late quartz-sulfide-carbonate veinlets. (b) cross polarized light image showing same as a, as well as GBR (Stipp et al., 2002) texture identified in Haroldson et al. (2016). Quartz crystals have high birefringence colors due to thickness of section.

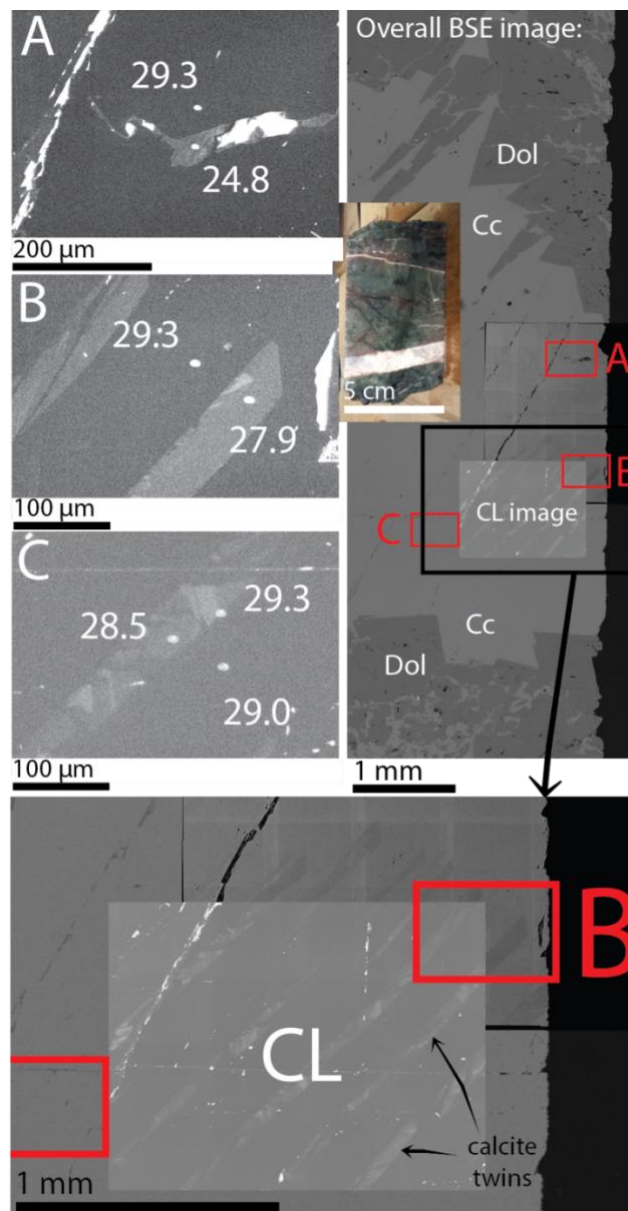


Figure DR-5. Overall BSE image in upper right shows general relationship of euhedral dolomite growing inward from top and bottom of image toward center which is filled with calcite. Overlapping images are showing local twinning in increased detail, a section of which is shown in lower image with increased scale. Small color image shows the core from which the dolomite-calcite veinlet was sampled. Location of insets a-c are identified. Values are SIMS spot measured $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (‰ VSMOW). (a) Cathodoluminescence (CL) image of area A, notice a possible twin plane has small s-fold. SIMS measurements show a large variation between calcite and calcite twin. (b and c) CL image of areas B and C respectively, showing small variation between calcite host and calcite twins.

File	Comment	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ ‰	2SD (ext.)	Mass Bias
Carbonate beam				
20170126@446.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 g2	12.49	-9.60	
20170126@447.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 g3			
20170126@448.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 g4			
	primary intensity --> ~1.2nA			
20170126@449.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 g4 CsRes=164			
20170126@450.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 g1			
20170126@451.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.2			
20170126@452.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.3			
	average and 2SD	12.49		-9.73
20170126@453.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.1			
20170126@454.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.1 (II)			
20170126@455.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.2			
20170126@456.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.2 (II)			
20170126@457.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.3			
20170126@458.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.3 (II)			
20170126@459.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.4			
20170126@460.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.4 (II)			
20170126@461.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.5			
20170126@462.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-1 gr.5 (II)			
	average and 2SD	23.36		-10.12
		bias*RM(RM-UWC-1)		0.00
		Prop.2SE		0.05
20170126@463.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.1			
20170126@464.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.2			
20170126@465.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.3			
20170126@466.as	WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.4			
	average and 2SD	12.49		-9.77
	REFERENCE BRACKET average and 2S	12.49		-9.75
20170126@467.as	WI-STD-80 Brazil Mag gr.1			
20170126@468.as	WI-STD-80 Brazil Mag gr.2			
20170126@469.as	WI-STD-80 Brazil Mag gr.3			
20170126@470.as	WI-STD-80 Brazil Mag gr.4			
	average and 2SD	15.01		-22.38
		bias*RM(RM-UWC)		-12.27
		Prop.2SE		0.24
20170126@471.as	WI-STD-80 UW6220 gr.1			
20170126@472.as	WI-STD-80 UW6220 gr.2			
20170126@473.as	WI-STD-80 UW6220 gr.3			
20170126@474.as	WI-STD-80 UW6220 gr.5			
	average and 2SD	22.60		-14.90
		bias*RM(RM-UWC)		-4.71
		Prop.2SE		0.19
20170126@475.as	WI-STD-80 UW6250 gr.1 CsRes=166			

20170126@476.as WI-STD-80 UW6250 gr.2
 20170126@477.as WI-STD-80 UW6250 gr.3
 20170126@478.as WI-STD-80 UW6250 gr.4

average and 2SD **21.40** **-15.12**

bias*RM(RM-UWC **-4.94**
Prop.2SE **0.22**

20170126@479.as WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.1
 20170126@480.as WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.2
 20170126@481.as WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.3
 20170126@482.as WI-STD-80 UWC-3 gr.4

average and 2SD **12.49** **-9.95**

bracket average and 2SD **12.49** **-9.86**

Mount: 2015_MGS_Carb_15 (UWC-5: working name = UW_Fe-Cal-1)

20170126@483.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.
 20170126@484.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.
 20170126@485.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.
 20170126@486.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.

average and 2SD **12.49** **-9.97**

20170126@487.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.1
 20170126@488.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.2
 20170126@489.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.3
 20170126@490.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.4
 20170126@491.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.5
 20170126@492.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.6
 20170126@493.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.7
 20170126@494.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.11
 20170126@495.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.12
 20170126@496.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-5 Gr.15

average and 2SD **11.55** **-8.55**

bias*(RM - UWC- **1.76**
Prop.2SE **0.34**

bias*(RM - UWC- **1.38**
Prop.2SE **0.34**

20170126@497.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.
 20170126@498.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.
 20170126@499.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.
 20170126@500.as 2015_MGS_Carb_15 UWC-3 Lower Gr.

average and 2SD **12.49** **-9.86**

bracket average and 2SD **12.49** **-9.92**

Mount: 2015_MGS_Carb_12 (UWC-4: working name = Mn-Cal_UW-3-137)

20170126@501.as 2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.
 20170126@502.as 2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.

20170126@503.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr. (Cs res -->167) Inclusion hti; sec	1.456	
20170126@504.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.		
20170126@505.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.		
average and 2SD		12.49	-10.09

20170126@506.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.1		
20170126@507.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.2		
20170126@508.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.3		
20170126@509.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.4		
20170126@510.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.5		
20170126@511.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.6		
20170126@512.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.7		
20170126@513.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.8		
20170126@514.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.15		
20170126@515.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-4 Gr.13		
average and 2SD		5.69	-8.38
		bias*(RM - UWC-	2.10
		Prop.2SE	0.21
		bias*(RM - UWC-	1.72
		Prop.2SE	0.21

20170126@516.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.		
20170126@517.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.		
20170126@518.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.		
20170126@519.as	2015_MGS_Carb_12 UWC-3 Lower Gr.		
average and 2SD		12.49	-10.07
bracket average and 2SD		12.49	-10.08

Mount: WI-STD-83

Dol-Ank Hill eq. parameters

Vmax	11.04
k	0.10
n	1.29

20170126@520.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.1		
20170126@521.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.1 (II)		
20170126@522.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.2 (Cs res --> 168)		
20170126@523.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.3		
average and 2SD		12.49	-10.05

20170126@524.as	WI-STD-83 UW6220 Gr.1		
20170126@525.as	WI-STD-83 UW6220 Gr.2		
20170126@526.as	WI-STD-83 UW6220 Gr.3		
20170126@527.as	WI-STD-83 UW6220 Gr.4		
average and 2SD		22.60	-15.29
		bias*(UW6220 - UW	-5.34

20170126@528.as	WI-STD-83 UWAnk10 Gr.1		
20170126@529.as	WI-STD-83 UWAnk10 Gr.2		

20170126@530.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk10 Gr.3
 20170126@531.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk10 Gr.4
 20170126@532.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk10 Gr.5
 20170126@533.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk10 Gr.6

average and 2SD

20170126@534.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.1
 20170126@535.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.2
 20170126@536.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.3
 20170126@537.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.4
 20170126@538.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.5
 20170126@539.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.5 (II)
 20170126@540.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.6
 20170126@541.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk11 Gr.2 (II)

-0.599

average and 2SD

20170126@542.as WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.1
 20170126@543.as WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.1
 20170126@544.as WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.2
 20170126@545.as WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.3

average and 2SD

12.49

-9.96

bracket average and 2SD

12.49

-10.00

bias*(UWC-3 - UW6: 5.37

20170126@546.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk4 Gr.1
 20170126@547.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk4 Gr.2
 20170126@548.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk4 Gr.3
 20170126@549.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk4 Gr.4

average and 2SD

20170126@550.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk1 Gr.1
 20170126@551.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk1 Gr.2
 20170126@552.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk1 Gr.3
 20170126@553.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk1 Gr.4

average and 2SD

20170126@554.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk6a Gr.1
 20170126@555.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk6a Gr.2
 20170126@556.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk6a Gr.3
 20170126@557.as WI-STD-83 UWAnk6a Gr.4

average and 2SD

20170126@558.as WI-STD-83 Ivig. Sid Gr.1
 20170126@559.as WI-STD-83 Ivig. Sid Gr.1
 20170126@560.as WI-STD-83 Ivig. Sid Gr.1
 20170126@561.as WI-STD-83 Ivig. Sid Gr.1

average and 2SD

20170126@562.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.1		
20170126@563.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.1		
20170126@564.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.2		
20170126@565.as	WI-STD-83 UWC-3 Gr.3		
average and 2SD		12.49	-10.14
bracket average and 2SD		12.49	-10.05

1/27 Mass Calib #7, user: Erik Halordson

20170126@719.as NL-8-359 UWC3 g1-Masscalib#7 CsRes=175

RC01			
20170126@720.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170126@721.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@721.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@722.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
average and 2SD		12.49	-10.04

20170127@723.as	RC01 1512 c A01	27.06	0.19	-10.08
20170127@724.as	RC01 1512 c A02	24.41	0.19	-9.80
20170127@725.as	RC01 1512 c A03	25.72	0.19	-10.07
20170127@726.as	RC01 1512 c A04	25.65	0.19	-10.07
20170127@727.as	RC01 1512 d A05	25.25	0.19	-10.06
20170127@728.as	RC01 1512 d A06	27.19	0.19	-12.89
20170127@729.as	RC01 1512 d A07	27.61	0.19	-13.03
20170127@730.as	RC01 1512 d A08	26.60	0.19	-14.25
20170127@731.as	RC01 1512 d A09	28.09	0.19	-14.96
20170127@732.as	RC01 1512 d A10	27.06	0.19	-14.96
20170127@733.as	RC01 1512 d A11	27.36	0.19	-15.03
20170127@734.as	RC01 1512 d A12	26.95	0.19	-15.03
20170127@735.as	RC01 1512 d A13	27.17	0.19	-15.02

20170127@736.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@737.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@738.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@739.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
average and 2SD		12.49	-10.07
bracket average and 2SD		12.49	-10.05

20170127@740.as	RC01 1505 c A14	24.24	0.18	-7.37
20170127@741.as	RC01 1505 c A15	9.89	0.18	-10.43
20170127@742.as	RC01 1505 c A16	22.99	0.18	-6.43
20170127@743.as	RC01 1505 c A17	22.61	0.18	-6.43
20170127@744.as	RC01 1505 c A18	9.61	0.18	-9.48
20170127@745.as	RC01 1505 c A19	23.80	0.18	-7.88
20170127@746.as	RC01 1505 c A20	17.67	low counts	-10.38
20170127@747.as	RC01 1505 c A21	19.99	0.18	-10.44
20170127@748.as	RC01 1505 c A22	20.59	0.18	-10.43
20170127@749.as	RC01 1505 c B23	23.53	0.18	-7.64
20170127@750.as	RC01 1505 c B24	13.32	0.18	-10.37

20170127@751.as	RC01 1512 c B25	29.27	0.18	-10.28
20170127@752.as	RC01 1512 c B26	28.49	0.18	-10.18
20170127@753.as	RC01 1512 c B27	29.00	0.18	-9.87

20170127@754.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
20170127@755.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
20170127@756.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
20170127@757.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
	average and 2SD	12.49		-10.05
	bracket average and 2SD	12.49		-10.06

20170127@758.as	RC01 1530 c 28	20.50	0.15	-10.23
20170127@759.as	RC01 1530 c 29	28.12	0.15	-9.60
20170127@760.as	RC01 1530 c 30	24.36	0.15	-10.42
20170127@761.as	RC01 1530 c 31	29.34	0.15	-9.96
20170127@762.as	RC01 1509 c A32	21.00	0.15	-9.85
20170127@763.as	RC01 1509 c A33	20.29	0.15	-9.81
20170127@764.as	RC01 1509 c A34	20.59	0.15	-8.92
20170127@765.as	RC01 1509 c B35	22.08	0.15	-8.77
20170127@766.as	RC01 1509 c B36	22.13	0.15	-8.90
20170127@767.as	RC01 1509 c B37	21.47	0.15	-8.73
20170127@768.as	RC01 1505 c B38	21.83	0.15	-6.37
20170127@769.as	RC01 1505 c B39	10.09	0.15	-10.42
20170127@770.as	RC01 1505 c B40	23.77	0.15	-7.82
20170127@771.as	RC01 1505 c B41	10.82	0.15	-10.43

20170127@772.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
20170127@773.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
20170127@774.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
20170127@775.as	RC01 UWC3 g1			
	average and 2SD	12.49		-10.02
	bracket average and 2SD	12.49		-10.03
	totalbracket average and 2SD	12.49		-10.04

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20170127@776.as WI-STD-80 UWC-3 g1

change to qtz beam

20170127@777.as	WI-STD-80 UWQ-1			
20170127@778.as	WI-STD-80 UWQ-1			
20170127@779.as	WI-STD-80 UWQ-1			
20170127@780.as	WI-STD-80 UWQ-1			
	average and 2SD	12.33		-7.65

R4799 Erik Haroldson

20170127@781.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@782.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@783.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@784.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
	average and 2SD	12.33		-7.55

20170127@785.as	R4799 1509-03 PS01	8.95	0.19	-
20170127@786.as	R4799 1509-03 PS02	28.03	0.19	-

20170127@787.as	R4799 1509-03 PS03	24.69	0.19	-
20170127@788.as	R4799 1509-03 PS04	24.46	0.19	-
20170127@789.as	R4799 1509-03 PS05	21.69	0.19	-
20170127@790.as	R4799 1509-03 PS06	26.08	0.19	-
20170127@791.as	R4799 1509-03 PS07	19.43	0.19	-
20170127@792.as	R4799 1509-03 PS08	24.75	0.19	-
20170127@793.as	R4799 1509-03 PS09	26.36	0.19	-
20170127@794.as	R4799 1509-03 PS10	28.38	0.19	-
20170127@795.as	R4799 1509-03 PS11	8.98	0.19	-
20170127@796.as	R4799 1509-03 FI12	9.08	0.19	-
20170127@797.as	R4799 1509-03 PS13	25.58	0.19	-
20170127@798.as	R4799 1509-03 PS14	26.27	0.19	-
20170127@799.as	R4799 1509-03 PS15	25.69	0.19	-

20170127@800.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@801.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@802.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@803.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
	average and 2SD	12.33		-7.42
	bracket average and 2SD	12.33		-7.48

20170127@804.as	R4799 1509-03 SP16	9.08	0.25	-
20170127@805.as	R4799 1509-03 SP17	8.99	0.25	-
20170127@806.as	R4799 1504 q CS18	9.16	0.25	-
20170127@807.as	R4799 1504 q CS19	9.63	0.25	-
20170127@808.as	R4799 1504 q CS20	9.32	0.25	-
20170127@809.as	R4799 1504 q CS21	8.88	0.25	-
20170127@810.as	R4799 1504 q CS22	8.48	0.25	-
20170127@811.as	R4799 1504 q CS23	8.80	0.25	-
20170127@812.as	R4799 1504 q CS24	8.87	0.25	-
20170127@813.as	R4799 1504 q CS25	9.33	0.25	-
20170127@814.as	R4799 1504 q CS26	9.68	0.25	-
20170127@815.as	R4799 1504 q CS27	8.66	0.25	-

20170127@816.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@817.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@818.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
20170127@819.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1			
	average and 2SD	12.33		-7.60
	bracket average and 2SD	12.33		-7.51

20170127@820.as	R4799 1504 q ES28	8.05	0.21	-
20170127@821.as	R4799 1504 q ES29	7.93	0.21	-
20170127@822.as	R4799 1504 q ES30	8.16	0.21	-
20170127@823.as	R4799 1504 q ES31	8.30	0.21	-
20170127@824.as	R4799 1507 q 32	7.22	0.21	-
20170127@825.as	R4799 1507 q 33	7.51	0.21	-
20170127@826.as	R4799 1509-03 q CS34	8.88	0.21	-
20170127@827.as	R4799 1509-03 q CS35	27.08	0.21	-
20170127@828.as	R4799 1509-03 q CS36	25.36	0.21	-
20170127@829.as	R4799 1509-03 q CS37	26.35	0.21	-
20170127@830.as	R4799 1509-03 q CS38	25.46	0.21	-
20170127@831.as	R4799 1509-03 q CS39	22.35	0.21	-

20170127@832.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1		
20170127@833.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1		
20170127@834.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1		
20170127@835.as	R4799 UWQ-1 g1		
	average and 2SD	12.33	-7.57
	bracket average and 2SD	12.33	-7.59
	total bracket average and 2SD	12.33	-7.54

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20170127@836.as WI-STD-80 UWQ-1 g1

change to carbonate beam

20170127@837.as WI-STD-80 UWC-3 g1

1/27 Mass Calib #8, user: Erik, Ben

20170127@838.as	NL-8-359 UWC3 g1 MassCalib #8		
20170127@839.as	NL-8-359 UWC3 g1		
20170127@840.as	NL-8-359 UWC3 g1		
20170127@841.as	NL-8-359 UWC3 g1		
	average and 2SD	12.49	-9.69

RC01

20170127@842.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@843.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@844.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@845.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		-15.04
	average and 2SD	12.49	-10.04

20170127@846.as	RC01 1530 c 42	21.04	0.22	-10.42
20170127@847.as	RC01 1530 c 43	21.83	0.22	-10.14
20170127@848.as	RC01 1530 c 44	21.62	0.22	-10.40
20170127@849.as	RC01 1512 c B45	24.82	0.22	-10.24
20170127@850.as	RC01 1512 c B46	29.28	0.22	-9.87
20170127@851.as	RC01 1512 c B47	27.86	0.22	-10.18
20170127@852.as	RC01 1512 c B48	29.29	0.22	-9.87
20170127@853.as	RC01 1512 c B49	29.12	0.22	-9.93
20170127@854.as	RC01 1512 d B50	26.64	0.22	-11.00
20170127@855.as	RC01 1512 d B51	27.99	0.22	-12.76
20170127@856.as	RC01 1512 d B52	28.00	0.22	-12.42
20170127@857.as	RC01 1512 d B53	26.62	0.22	-15.00
20170127@858.as	RC01 1512 d B54	25.83	0.22	-14.88
20170127@859.as	RC01 1512 d B55	26.44	0.22	-14.57
20170127@860.as	RC01 1512 d B56	27.24	0.22	-14.89

20170127@861.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@862.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@863.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
20170127@864.as	RC01 UWC3 g1		
	average and 2SD	12.49	-10.03
	bracket average and 2SD	12.49	-10.03

$\delta^{18}\text{O} \text{ ‰}$	2SE	^{16}O	IP (nA)	Yield	Date	Time	X	Y	DTFA-
2.77	0.37	2.054	0.955	2.152	1/26/17	8:37	-253	-503	-3
2.78	0.43	2.064	0.949	2.175	1/26/17	8:42	654	-165	-4
3.41	0.41	1.979	0.942	2.100	1/26/17	8:45	640	648	-2
2.54	0.35	2.477	1.175	2.108	1/26/17	9:02	553	697	-3
2.90	0.36	2.381	1.180	2.018	1/26/17	9:06	-438	472	-1
2.69	0.31	2.451	1.182	2.073	1/26/17	9:09	-281	-427	-3
2.43	0.35	2.462	1.180	2.086	1/26/17	9:13	837	-29	-3
2.64	0.41								
13.05	0.40	2.343	1.174	1.995	1/26/17	9:17	2200	-251	-1
13.03	0.34	2.380	1.170	2.034	1/26/17	9:21	2451	-226	-1
13.05	0.40	2.325	1.187	1.960	1/26/17	9:25	2626	-1079	-3
12.89	0.33	2.346	1.157	2.027	1/26/17	9:28	2246	-1161	-3
13.02	0.32	2.318	1.152	2.013	1/26/17	9:32	3168	-261	-4
13.14	0.32	2.319	1.147	2.023	1/26/17	9:35	3607	-171	-5
12.98	0.35	2.303	1.138	2.023	1/26/17	9:40	3533	-1345	-6
13.05	0.35	2.290	1.132	2.023	1/26/17	9:43	3833	-1497	-5
12.85	0.30	2.258	1.125	2.006	1/26/17	9:47	4844	-250	-2
12.98	0.39	2.265	1.119	2.024	1/26/17	9:50	5077	-371	-2
13.00	0.17								
2.80	0.42	2.349	1.114	2.109	1/26/17	9:54	-511	505	-10
2.60	0.33	2.327	1.107	2.102	1/26/17	9:58	-66	-515	-6
2.39	0.41	2.336	1.100	2.124	1/26/17	10:02	782	-127	-4
2.61	0.29	2.247	1.091	2.059	1/26/17	10:06	777	643	-2
2.60	0.33								
2.62	0.35								
-7.65	0.50	1.909	1.081	1.766	1/26/17	10:11	1288	1946	-6
-7.63	0.53	1.911	1.075	1.778	1/26/17	10:14	920	2850	-5
-7.94	0.56	1.893	1.072	1.766	1/26/17	10:18	2100	3016	-6
-7.59	0.53	1.905	1.070	1.780	1/26/17	10:21	1998	3851	-5
-7.70	0.32								
7.44	0.37	2.373	1.063	2.233	1/26/17	10:26	-1653	939	-9
7.42	0.28	2.320	1.058	2.193	1/26/17	10:29	-3137	719	-6
7.34	0.37	2.279	1.049	2.174	1/26/17	10:33	-2617	1839	-6
7.27	0.37	2.307	1.043	2.211	1/26/17	10:36	-3556	2408	-6
7.37	0.15								
5.85	0.35	2.535	1.159	2.187	1/26/17	10:55	-1160	-518	-4

5.83	0.33	2.578	1.165	2.212	1/26/17	11:01	-2270	-1778	-6
6.11	0.33	2.539	1.166	2.177	1/26/17	11:04	-3062	-735	-6
6.03	0.32	2.546	1.168	2.180	1/26/17	11:09	-4419	-1116	-6
5.96	0.28								

2.53	0.36	2.407	1.162	2.071	1/26/17	11:13	-430	608	-8
2.41	0.34	2.441	1.156	2.112	1/26/17	11:16	-268	-382	-10
2.35	0.31	2.426	1.152	2.105	1/26/17	11:20	729	-218	0
2.37	0.39	2.430	1.150	2.113	1/26/17	11:24	692	981	-6
2.41	0.16								
2.51	0.31								

2.52	0.32	2.408	1.141	2.110	1/26/17	11:38	-139	-964	4
2.20	0.35	2.393	1.140	2.099	1/26/17	11:42	-121	-705	1
2.39	0.33	2.385	1.135	2.101	1/26/17	11:45	-79	-545	1
2.48	0.33	2.371	1.131	2.097	1/26/17	11:48	-171	-637	1
2.40	0.29								

1.96	0.31	2.424	1.112	2.179	1/26/17	12:00	1217	-1176	1
3.24	0.36	2.403	1.111	2.164	1/26/17	12:04	1225	-388	1
3.38	0.36	2.443	1.108	2.204	1/26/17	12:08	1595	-1777	0
3.01	0.34	2.410	1.106	2.179	1/26/17	12:11	2062	-1171	0
2.82	0.34	2.382	1.103	2.160	1/26/17	12:15	2626	-762	-1
2.42	0.34	2.403	1.100	2.185	1/26/17	12:18	2308	169	-1
3.49	0.30	2.343	1.097	2.136	1/26/17	12:22	3003	-321	6
2.57	0.36	2.310	1.093	2.114	1/26/17	12:26	4215	-623	2
2.89	0.34	2.366	1.087	2.177	1/26/17	12:29	3490	-735	5
3.28	0.40	2.353	1.083	2.174	1/26/17	12:34	3508	-1511	4
2.90	0.96								

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2.48	0.36	2.299	1.085	2.120	1/26/17	12:38	-159	-845	-1
2.49	0.33	2.286	1.083	2.111	1/26/17	12:41	-3	-954	-1
2.53	0.33	2.283	1.081	2.112	1/26/17	12:45	50	-887	-1
2.52	0.32	2.255	1.078	2.092	1/26/17	12:48	126	-776	-1
2.50	0.05								
2.45	0.22								

2.37	0.39	2.227	1.061	2.100	1/26/17	12:56	-18	3340	5
2.24	0.36	2.238	1.060	2.112	1/26/17	13:00	141	3430	4

	2.03	2.331	1.119	2.083	1/26/17	13:14	-40	3647	12
2.19	0.32	2.346	1.119	2.096	1/26/17	13:18	-235	3447	12
2.28	0.29	2.382	1.125	2.118	1/26/17	13:22	-189	3234	5
2.27	0.15								
-2.39	0.31	2.457	1.126	2.182	1/26/17	13:27	-478	-575	11
-2.91	0.35	2.451	1.125	2.179	1/26/17	13:31	-99	-1231	9
-2.69	0.37	2.458	1.121	2.193	1/26/17	13:36	-658	-1338	10
-2.74	0.31	2.497	1.120	2.230	1/26/17	13:40	-1226	-1369	5
-3.02	0.32	2.462	1.118	2.203	1/26/17	13:44	-1810	-1865	5
-3.01	0.31	2.436	1.114	2.186	1/26/17	13:48	-1156	-2197	5
-2.53	0.39	2.441	1.111	2.196	1/26/17	13:51	-314	-2028	2
-2.49	0.30	2.453	1.109	2.212	1/26/17	13:55	-440	-2905	1
-2.87	0.32	2.462	1.107	2.224	1/26/17	13:59	-79	-3731	8
-2.72	0.26	2.429	1.104	2.201	1/26/17	14:03	481	-3609	7
-2.74	0.44								

REFERENCE BRACKET

2.19	0.25	2.324	1.099	2.114	1/26/17	14:06	130	3361	5
2.22	0.37	2.299	1.096	2.098	1/26/17	14:10	36	3567	4
2.53	0.30	2.275	1.095	2.078	1/26/17	14:13	100	3679	5
2.23	0.39	2.287	1.095	2.088	1/26/17	14:17	-98	3671	4
2.29	0.32								
2.28	0.23								

2.28	0.33	2.260	1.086	2.080	1/26/17	14:28	630	421	-10
2.56	0.32	2.269	1.088	2.086	1/26/17	14:32	197	953	-15
2.16	0.28	2.418	1.152	2.099	1/26/17	14:41	206	-229	-14
2.26	0.27	2.398	1.156	2.074	1/26/17	14:45	-513	-65	-13
2.31	0.34								
7.19	0.32	2.496	1.154	2.163	1/26/17	14:50	875	1650	-17
7.00	0.34	2.485	1.158	2.145	1/26/17	14:54	1459	2499	-17
6.81	0.33	2.527	1.159	2.180	1/26/17	14:57	1395	3064	-16
6.88	0.32	2.497	1.160	2.153	1/26/17	15:01	2032	3171	-11
6.97	0.33								
5.21	0.33	2.565	1.154	2.223	1/26/17	15:12	1299	-121	-14
5.70	0.38	2.556	1.157	2.210	1/26/17	15:15	2400	-507	-16

5.81	0.33	2.536	1.157	2.192	1/26/17	15:19	3309	-350	-15
5.60	0.32	2.508	1.151	2.180	1/26/17	15:22	3271	-1028	-14
5.69	0.30	2.527	1.149	2.198	1/26/17	15:26	4298	-586	-13
5.58	0.32	2.522	1.153	2.188	1/26/17	15:30	4263	-1453	-13
5.60	0.41								

-2.80	0.39	2.519	1.152	2.187	1/26/17	15:34	1133	-768	-16
-2.22	0.24	2.485	1.155	2.153	1/26/17	15:38	1925	-1749	-15
-2.85	0.31	2.571	1.156	2.224	1/26/17	15:41	2412	-1459	-16
-2.23	0.26	2.473	1.156	2.139	1/26/17	15:45	3303	-2122	-15
	0.49	2.523	1.152	2.190	1/26/17	15:49	3112	-2983	-14
-3.04	0.38	2.515	1.148	2.191	1/26/17	15:52	3178	-2943	-14
-2.83	0.27	2.514	1.143	2.200	1/26/17	15:56	4226	-2443	-14
-2.79	0.35	2.543	1.139	2.233	1/26/17	15:59	2083	-2165	-14
-2.68	0.64								

2.39	0.32	2.374	1.139	2.084	1/26/17	16:03	383	965	-16
2.41	0.37	2.368	1.139	2.080	1/26/17	16:07	569	349	-15
2.30	0.35	2.373	1.137	2.086	1/26/17	16:10	144	-79	-17
2.54	0.30	2.340	1.138	2.056	1/26/17	16:14	-186	-100	-15
2.41	0.20								
2.36	0.28								

1.61	0.32	2.691	1.135	2.370	1/26/17	16:18	752	-1309	-15
1.60	0.34	2.681	1.133	2.367	1/26/17	16:22	1161	-2207	-15
1.69	0.37	2.697	1.134	2.378	1/26/17	16:26	1329	-2911	-15
1.54	0.36	2.691	1.135	2.371	1/26/17	16:30	1938	-2832	-15
1.61	0.12								

10.46	0.39	2.777	1.136	2.444	1/26/17	16:34	-1290	1299	-12
10.26	0.32	2.832	1.135	2.494	1/26/17	16:38	-2909	1582	-11
10.39	0.34	2.835	1.135	2.499	1/26/17	16:41	-2721	2231	-14
10.48	0.35	2.809	1.130	2.486	1/26/17	16:45	-3709	2014	-14
10.40	0.19								

10.67	0.42	3.008	1.125	2.672	1/26/17	16:49	629	2448	-15
10.88	0.42	3.052	1.123	2.718	1/26/17	16:53	687	2812	-14
10.66	0.32	3.036	1.120	2.710	1/26/17	16:57	1269	3686	-14
10.52	0.37	3.057	1.120	2.729	1/26/17	17:00	1099	4182	-14
10.68	0.29								

-3.39	0.41	3.259	1.116	2.921	1/26/17	17:04	257	4266	-16
-3.39	0.43	3.246	1.113	2.917	1/26/17	17:08	438	4054	-16
-3.53	0.34	3.240	1.112	2.914	1/26/17	17:11	170	4056	-16
-3.39	0.36	3.208	1.107	2.898	1/26/17	17:15	431	4270	-16

-3.43 0.14

2.21	0.34	2.313	1.104	2.095	1/26/17	17:20	468	347	-16
1.97	0.45	2.231	1.104	2.020	1/26/17	17:23	357	1043	-15
2.25	0.31	2.318	1.103	2.102	1/26/17	17:26	163	-190	-16
2.48	0.29	2.277	1.100	2.070	1/26/17	17:31	-363	96	-15
2.23	0.42								
2.32	0.36								

2.18	0.29	2.348	1.101	2.133	1/27/17	8:20	-2849	-1707	-6
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2.21	0.34	2.350	1.114	2.109	1/27/17	8:38	-2426	941	-1
2.26	0.38	2.341	1.116	2.097	1/27/17	8:41	-2400	954	-1
2.34	0.33	2.345	1.123	2.088	1/27/17	8:45	-2376	958	-1
2.48	0.33	2.372	1.137	2.086	1/27/17	8:48	-2345	955	-1
2.32	0.24								

16.71	0.39	2.406	1.144	2.103	1/27/17	8:57	-4235	1779	-8
14.37	0.28	2.422	1.142	2.121	1/27/17	9:02	-4208	1798	-7
15.39	0.29	2.386	1.141	2.092	1/27/17	9:06	-4156	1825	-7
15.32	0.37	2.396	1.139	2.103	1/27/17	9:09	-4140	1849	-7
14.93	0.31	2.631	1.135	2.318	1/27/17	9:14	-4150	1743	-8
13.95	0.32	2.617	1.150	2.276	1/27/17	9:18	-4079	1791	-8
14.22	0.28	2.616	1.140	2.294	1/27/17	9:22	-4067	1759	-7
11.98	0.30	2.591	1.139	2.275	1/27/17	9:25	-4024	1753	-7
12.72	0.41	2.644	1.146	2.307	1/27/17	9:29	-4006	1746	-7
11.70	0.30	2.599	1.142	2.275	1/27/17	9:33	-3976	1755	-8
11.91	0.38	2.616	1.140	2.295	1/27/17	9:36	-3942	1760	-8
11.52	0.35	2.601	1.137	2.287	1/27/17	9:40	-3717	1812	-8
11.74	0.37	2.589	1.130	2.290	1/27/17	9:44	-3658	1822	-7

2.20	0.33	2.368	1.134	2.088	1/27/17	9:50	-2434	914	-1
2.26	0.33	2.349	1.123	2.092	1/27/17	9:53	-2375	926	-2
2.38	0.29	2.314	1.112	2.082	1/27/17	9:57	-2324	931	-1
2.35	0.33	2.296	1.100	2.088	1/27/17	10:00	-2281	946	-2
2.30	0.17								
2.31	0.19								

16.69	0.31	2.441	1.096	2.228	1/27/17	10:10	-494	-1806	4
-0.65	0.34	2.223	1.075	2.068	1/27/17	10:15	-562	-2013	3
16.41	0.31	2.370	1.067	2.222	1/27/17	10:21	-517	-1944	3
16.04	0.33	2.327	1.057	2.201	1/27/17	10:27	-516	-1936	1
0.04	0.28	2.150	1.033	2.082	1/27/17	10:31	-587	-2049	0
15.74	0.32	2.349	1.030	2.281	1/27/17	10:36	-508	-2258	1
7.11	0.20	2.042	1.039	1.965	1/27/17	10:40	-537	-2217	1
9.34	0.39	2.127	1.032	2.061	1/27/17	10:44	-545	-2263	1
9.94	0.31	2.133	1.019	2.094	1/27/17	10:48	-573	-2263	0
15.71	0.53	2.207	1.016	2.172	1/27/17	10:53	-435	-2601	1
2.82	0.33	2.290	1.086	2.108	1/27/17	11:02	-459	-2854	0

18.68	0.38	2.273	1.088	2.090	1/27/17	11:07	-3680	-1299	13
18.02	0.28	2.334	1.107	2.108	1/27/17	11:11	-3727	-1330	-3
18.84	0.29	2.407	1.128	2.134	1/27/17	11:15	-3676	-1358	-3
2.39	0.37	2.414	1.157	2.087	1/27/17	11:22	-2467	761	3
2.23	0.30	2.372	1.131	2.097	1/27/17	11:25	-2425	790	2
2.22	0.32	2.344	1.110	2.111	1/27/17	11:29	-2464	722	2
2.43	0.31	2.314	1.100	2.104	1/27/17	11:32	-2420	707	3
2.32	0.21								
2.31	0.18								
10.06	0.39	2.266	1.094	2.072	1/27/17	11:38	-897	3556	-2
18.25	0.32	2.279	1.088	2.095	1/27/17	11:42	-824	3514	-3
13.69	0.35	2.174	1.079	2.014	1/27/17	11:46	-765	3583	-3
19.09	0.41	2.261	1.073	2.107	1/27/17	11:50	-864	3534	-3
10.94	0.36	2.242	1.069	2.098	1/27/17	11:56	3319	1198	1
10.29	0.29	2.285	1.084	2.108	1/27/17	11:59	3350	1125	2
11.48	0.33	2.319	1.093	2.121	1/27/17	12:03	3490	1162	2
13.12	0.26	2.347	1.078	2.178	1/27/17	12:07	4108	1047	-3
13.03	0.35	2.321	1.074	2.162	1/27/17	12:10	4131	1044	-2
12.55	0.29	2.355	1.082	2.176	1/27/17	12:14	4153	1038	-2
15.32	0.43	2.427	1.088	2.231	1/27/17	12:21	-316	-3094	1
-0.44	0.33	2.168	1.068	2.031	1/27/17	12:25	-379	-3132	2
15.77	0.30	2.464	1.046	2.354	1/27/17	12:30	-281	-3605	0
0.28	0.39	2.126	1.039	2.047	1/27/17	12:33	-189	-3683	-1
2.34	0.29	2.156	1.022	2.110	1/27/17	12:40	-2175	933	0
2.29	0.38	2.157	1.022	2.110	1/27/17	12:43	-2124	937	0
2.38	0.33	2.163	1.024	2.113	1/27/17	12:46	-2069	939	-1
2.39	0.25	2.188	1.025	2.134	1/27/17	12:50	-2161	887	-1
2.35	0.09								
2.33	0.15								
2.32	0.17								
3.12	0.41	2.436	1.154	2.111	1/27/17	13:04	-217	-279	-9
4.57	0.18	2.517	1.648	1.527	1/27/17	13:12	41	1983	-9
4.56	0.24	2.528	1.644	1.538	1/27/17	13:16	122	2000	-9
4.63	0.21	2.485	1.635	1.521	1/27/17	13:19	123	2037	-8
4.61	0.22	2.499	1.619	1.543	1/27/17	13:22	163	2085	-9
4.59	0.07								
4.76	0.25	2.434	1.584	1.537	1/27/17	13:34	838	-990	-7
4.55	0.19	2.438	1.577	1.546	1/27/17	13:37	874	-983	-8
4.75	0.19	2.410	1.572	1.533	1/27/17	13:40	877	-1009	-8
4.69	0.19	2.381	1.563	1.524	1/27/17	13:44	845	-1021	-8
4.69	0.19								
1.39	0.21	2.402	1.540	1.560	1/27/17	13:51	-364	3792	-10
20.33	0.18	2.368	1.532	1.545	1/27/17	13:55	-397	3814	-10

17.02	0.19	2.362	1.518	1.556	1/27/17	14:00	-407	3897	-10
16.80	0.28	2.343	1.509	1.553	1/27/17	14:04	-416	3918	-10
14.04	0.22	2.335	1.504	1.552	1/27/17	14:09	-476	3935	-10
18.40	0.16	2.318	1.499	1.547	1/27/17	14:13	-538	3980	-9
11.80	0.18	2.322	1.497	1.551	1/27/17	14:17	-606	3967	-10
17.08	0.22	2.323	1.498	1.551	1/27/17	14:22	-651	3997	-9
18.68	0.21	2.346	1.506	1.558	1/27/17	14:25	-668	4010	-10
20.68	0.17	2.349	1.520	1.546	1/27/17	14:29	-668	4035	-9
1.42	0.28	2.352	1.523	1.545	1/27/17	14:33	-699	4056	-9
1.53	0.25	2.352	1.510	1.557	1/27/17	14:38	-603	4337	-9
17.90	0.19	2.337	1.517	1.541	1/27/17	14:44	-853	3589	-4
18.59	0.24	2.374	1.543	1.539	1/27/17	14:47	-845	3577	-4
18.01	0.22	2.332	1.510	1.545	1/27/17	14:52	-855	3496	-4

4.82	0.23	2.279	1.474	1.546	1/27/17	14:56	816	-934	-12
4.80	0.25	2.262	1.458	1.552	1/27/17	14:59	851	-918	-13
4.82	0.18	2.253	1.446	1.558	1/27/17	15:03	842	-880	-13
4.84	0.20	2.258	1.438	1.570	1/27/17	15:06	807	-895	-13
4.82	0.04								
4.75	0.19								

1.50	0.19	2.363	1.510	1.565	1/27/17	15:16	623	2998	-17
1.41	0.18	2.377	1.529	1.554	1/27/17	15:20	519	3010	-16
1.59	0.21	2.254	1.567	1.439	1/27/17	15:36	-5007	-470	6
2.05	0.18	2.173	1.552	1.401	1/27/17	15:40	-4928	-532	8
1.75	0.22	2.136	1.527	1.399	1/27/17	15:44	-4823	-578	8
1.31	0.20	2.216	1.497	1.480	1/27/17	15:49	-4758	-443	3
0.91	0.22	2.214	1.477	1.499	1/27/17	15:53	-4820	-411	3
1.23	0.21	2.168	1.461	1.484	1/27/17	15:57	-4665	-466	3
1.30	0.18	2.148	1.457	1.474	1/27/17	16:01	-4600	-437	3
1.75	0.26	2.102	1.460	1.440	1/27/17	16:04	-4550	-539	5
2.10	0.19	2.133	1.496	1.426	1/27/17	16:08	-4473	-535	4
1.09	0.19	2.221	1.475	1.506	1/27/17	16:12	-4448	-370	1

4.81	0.18	2.263	1.460	1.550	1/27/17	16:17	916	-892	-15
4.53	0.20	2.298	1.456	1.578	1/27/17	16:20	953	-897	-16
4.59	0.20	2.268	1.447	1.567	1/27/17	16:24	944	-923	-16
4.63	0.23	2.244	1.436	1.563	1/27/17	16:27	980	-921	-17
4.64	0.24								
4.73	0.25								

0.41	0.21	2.348	1.503	1.562	1/27/17	16:38	-3764	-2995	-11
0.28	0.15	2.407	1.513	1.591	1/27/17	16:42	-3712	-2895	-10
0.51	0.21	2.325	1.513	1.537	1/27/17	16:48	-3733	-3116	-11
0.65	0.17	2.289	1.520	1.507	1/27/17	16:53	-3674	-3167	-10
-0.42	0.24	2.341	1.522	1.538	1/27/17	17:00	471	-4572	-7
-0.13	0.20	2.323	1.521	1.528	1/27/17	17:04	248	-4578	-4
1.23	0.21	2.388	1.508	1.584	1/27/17	17:16	519	4490	-32
19.29	0.18	2.377	1.500	1.585	1/27/17	17:20	419	4510	-32
17.58	0.20	2.411	1.518	1.589	1/27/17	17:23	319	4530	-31
18.57	0.19	2.382	1.533	1.554	1/27/17	17:29	-1855	3078	-14
17.68	0.23	2.384	1.531	1.558	1/27/17	17:33	-1659	3104	-15
14.59	0.21	2.326	1.526	1.525	1/27/17	17:37	-756	3800	-23

4.55	0.23	2.342	1.545	1.516	1/27/17	17:41	951	-966	-12
4.62	0.16	2.337	1.512	1.545	1/27/17	17:44	992	-966	-12
4.81	0.23	2.338	1.512	1.546	1/27/17	17:48	963	-1002	-12
4.66	0.22	2.413	1.529	1.578	1/27/17	17:51	1006	-1005	-12
4.66	0.22								
4.65	0.21								
4.70	0.22								
4.78	0.18	2.257	1.479	1.527	1/27/17	18:00	91	1957	-7
3.20	0.37	2.212	1.068	2.071	1/27/17	18:09	-231	-305	-9
2.80	0.28	2.322	1.101	2.110	1/27/17	18:25	-253	-282	-11
2.73	0.33	2.300	1.102	2.088	1/27/17	18:29	-279	-291	-11
2.49	0.33	2.305	1.098	2.100	1/27/17	18:32	-284	-318	-11
2.69	0.35	2.308	1.101	2.097	1/27/17	18:35	-287	-348	-12
2.68	0.27								
2.40	0.35	2.366	1.112	2.128	1/27/17	18:44	-2247	716	-2
2.25	0.31	2.375	1.121	2.119	1/27/17	18:47	-2207	725	-2
2.45	0.32	2.335	1.108	2.107	1/27/17	18:51	-2239	679	-2
2.22	0.32	2.313	1.090	2.122	1/27/17	18:54	-2199	685	-2
2.33	0.22								
10.40	0.35	2.183	1.066	2.048	1/27/17	19:00	-1076	2563	-4
11.47	0.33	2.171	1.055	2.058	1/27/17	19:03	-1052	2598	-3
11.00	0.32	2.115	1.050	2.015	1/27/17	19:07	-1025	2631	-5
14.33	0.38	2.324	1.117	2.081	1/27/17	19:15	-3351	277	2
19.13	0.32	2.363	1.107	2.134	1/27/17	19:19	-3352	337	2
17.40	0.37	2.310	1.100	2.101	1/27/17	19:23	-3051	-774	4
19.13	0.33	2.331	1.095	2.128	1/27/17	19:27	-3112	-737	3
18.89	0.30	2.293	1.083	2.116	1/27/17	19:32	-3506	-2495	2
15.34	0.45	2.540	1.078	2.357	1/27/17	19:36	-3454	-2493	1
14.88	0.46	2.500	1.073	2.330	1/27/17	19:39	-3430	-2503	1
15.23	0.37	2.470	1.063	2.324	1/27/17	19:43	-3392	-2491	2
11.22	0.43	2.449	1.056	2.318	1/27/17	19:47	-3350	-2487	1
10.57	0.38	2.450	1.059	2.313	1/27/17	19:51	-3322	-2486	1
11.48	0.34	2.408	1.061	2.269	1/27/17	19:55	-3275	-2486	0
11.95	0.37	2.462	1.052	2.342	1/27/17	19:58	-3233	-2511	2
2.32	0.28	2.213	1.044	2.120	1/27/17	20:02	-2140	734	0
2.19	0.32	2.326	1.069	2.177	1/27/17	20:05	-2131	699	1
2.35	0.39	2.271	1.075	2.113	1/27/17	20:09	-2107	642	0
2.50	0.33	2.239	1.058	2.117	1/27/17	20:12	-2047	692	0
2.34	0.25								
2.33	0.22								

DTFA-	Mass	C-bkg	H1-bkg	Sample	$^{16}\text{OH}/^{16}\text{O}$	evan	pressure	Cycles	PI
10	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.99E-04		0.000000017		
9	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.91E-04		0.000000017		
8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	5.63E-04		0.000000017		
8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.40E-03		0.000000017		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.89E-04		0.000000016		
8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.54E-04		0.000000016		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.55E-04		0.000000016		
7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.86E-04		0.000000016		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.76E-04		0.000000016		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.68E-04		0.000000016		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.72E-04		0.000000016		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.82E-04		0.000000016		
3	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.85E-04		0.000000016		
2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.73E-04		0.000000016		
3	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.75E-04		0.000000016		
4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.77E-04		0.000000016		
4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.73E-04		0.000000016		
4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.80E-04		0.000000016		
7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	7.02E-04		0.000000017		
6	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.48E-04		0.000000016		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	5.12E-03		0.000000017		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.90E-04		0.000000017		
8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.81E-04		0.000000017		
9	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.70E-04		0.000000017		
11	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.68E-04		0.000000017		
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.29E-04		0.000000017		
6	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.56E-04		0.000000017		
7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	4.84E-04		0.000000016		
6	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.64E-04		0.000000016		
10	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.49E-04		0.000000017		

8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.25E-04	0.000000017
6	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.64E-04	0.000000016
7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.21E-04	0.000000016

4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.46E-04	0.000000016
7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.48E-04	0.000000016
7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.48E-04	0.000000016
4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	3.71E-04	0.000000016

0	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.38E-03	0.000000031
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.35E-03	0.000000033
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.34E-03	0.000000033
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.36E-03	0.000000033

2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.43E-03	0.000000035
-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.44E-03	0.000000035
-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.53E-03	0.000000036
-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.44E-03	0.000000036
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.53E-03	0.000000036
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.41E-03	0.000000036
-6	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.42E-03	0.000000036
-8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.33E-03	0.000000037
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.43E-03	0.000000038
-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.51E-03	0.000000038

-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.54E-03	0.000000038
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.63E-03	0.000000038
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.47E-03	0.000000038
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.06E-03	0.000000039

20	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.28E-03	0.000000036
16	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.28E-03	0.000000035

15	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.31E-03	0.000000034
14	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.23E-03	0.000000034
15	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.28E-03	0.000000034

6	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.31E-03	0.000000034
2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.61E-03	0.000000034
1	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.45E-03	0.000000034
0	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.46E-03	0.000000034
0	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.81E-03	0.000000034
-1	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.79E-03	0.000000034
0	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.22E-03	0.000000034
-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.46E-03	0.000000034
-7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.92E-03	0.000000034
-7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.17E-03	0.000000034

14	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.35E-03	0.000000034
15	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.26E-03	0.000000034
14	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.25E-03	0.000000034
13	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.25E-03	0.000000034

2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.46E-03	0.00000004
-2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.45E-03	0.00000004
-2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.42E-03	0.000000041
-3	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.43E-03	0.000000041

0	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.73E-03	0.000000041
3	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.40E-03	0.000000041
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.39E-03	0.000000041
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.16E-03	0.000000042

-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.44E-03	0.00000004
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.39E-03	0.000000041

-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.37E-03	0.00000004
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.46E-03	0.00000004
-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.35E-03	0.00000004
-7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.33E-03	0.00000004

-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.51E-03	0.00000004
-7	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	4.65E-03	0.00000004
-6	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.74E-03	0.00000004
-8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.54E-03	0.00000004
-12	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	4.33E-03	0.000000039
-12	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.86E-03	0.000000039
-9	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	2.45E-03	0.000000039
-8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.81E-03	0.000000039

-4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.90E-03	0.000000039
2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.32E-03	0.000000039
-3	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.32E-03	0.000000039
-2	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.51E-03	0.000000038

-5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.40E-03	0.000000038
-8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.38E-03	0.000000038
-11	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.36E-03	0.000000038
-11	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.35E-03	0.000000038

1	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.41E-03	0.000000037
0	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.89E-03	0.000000038
3	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.43E-03	0.000000038
0	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.37E-03	0.000000037

4	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.35E-03	0.000000037
5	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.32E-03	0.000000037
8	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.27E-03	0.000000037
12	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.38E-03	0.000000038

14	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.54E-03	0.000000037
14	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.51E-03	0.000000037
13	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.51E-03	0.000000037
14	898698	-2665060	-190782	KIM-5/	1.51E-03	0.000000038

2	898698	-2665060	-190782 KIM-5/	1.29E-03	0.000000037
-3	898698	-2665060	-190782 KIM-5/	3.91E-03	0.000000036
-2	898698	-2665060	-190782 KIM-5/	1.24E-03	0.000000036
-4	898698	-2665060	-190782 KIM-5/	1.23E-03	0.000000036

-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	3.50E-04	0.000000011
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-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.13E-04	0.000000023
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.32E-04	0.000000024
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.48E-04	0.000000024
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.47E-04	0.000000025

-4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	8.97E-04	0.000000026	Ok
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.28E-04	0.000000026	Ok
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.14E-04	0.000000027	Ok
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.24E-04	0.000000026	Ok
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.05E-03	0.000000027	Ok
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.08E-03	0.000000027	Ok
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.30E-03	0.000000027	Ok
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.73E-03	0.000000027	Ok
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.36E-03	0.000000027	Ok
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-03	0.000000027	Ok
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.17E-03	0.000000028	Ok
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.75E-03	0.000000028	Ok
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.23E-03	0.000000028	Ok

-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.01E-03	0.000000028
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.03E-03	0.000000028
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-03	0.000000028
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-03	0.000000028

1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.43E-03	0.000000028	Ok
1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.85E-03	0.000000029	~Ok
1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.36E-03	0.000000029	Ok
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	3.69E-03	0.000000029	Ok
1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	2.03E-03	0.000000029	~Ok
0	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.46E-03	0.000000029	Ok
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.12E-03	0.000000029	Ok
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.13E-03	0.000000029	Ok
-4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	2.68E-03	0.000000029	Suspicious
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.09E-03	0.000000029	Ok

0	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.05E-03	0.000000029	Ok
1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.81E-04	0.000000029	Ok
1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.81E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.78E-04	0.000000029	
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.89E-04	0.000000029	
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.93E-04	0.000000029	
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.94E-04	0.000000029	

1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.31E-04	0.000000029	Ok
0	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.31E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.32E-04	0.000000029	Ok
0	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.56E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-6	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.50E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.55E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-7	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.14E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.30E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.42E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-6	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.44E-04	0.000000029	Ok
-6	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-03	0.000000028	Ok
-7	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.19E-03	0.000000029	Ok
-10	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.68E-03	0.000000028	Ok

2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.95E-04	0.000000028	
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.95E-04	0.000000028	
-3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.88E-04	0.000000028	
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.95E-04	0.000000028	

12	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	6.10E-04	0.000000019	
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11	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.27E-04	0.000000019	
11	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.23E-04	0.000000018	
11	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.17E-04	0.000000018	
11	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.19E-04	0.000000018	

2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-04	0.000000021	
2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.08E-04	0.000000021	
2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.14E-04	0.000000021	
1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.16E-04	0.000000022	

13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.01E-04	0.000000022	Ok
12	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	4.18E-04	0.000000022	Ok

13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	4.73E-04	0.000000022	Ok
13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	7.30E-04	0.000000022	Ok
13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	5.57E-04	0.000000022	Ok
14	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	2.56E-04	0.000000022	Ok
13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.94E-04	0.000000022	Ok
13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	6.70E-04	0.000000022	Ok
13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	6.79E-04	0.000000022	Ok
13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	6.73E-04	0.000000022	Ok
13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.06E-04	0.000000022	Ok
17	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.04E-04	0.000000021	Ok
7	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	6.83E-04	0.000000022	Ok
7	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	6.15E-04	0.000000022	Ok
9	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.80E-04	0.000000022	Ok
4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.14E-04	0.000000022	
5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.23E-04	0.000000022	
5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.20E-04	0.000000022	
5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.23E-04	0.000000022	
8	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.04E-04	0.000000022	Ok
9	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.21E-04	0.000000021	Ok
-13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.01E-04	0.000000022	Ok
-13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.94E-05	0.000000022	Ok
-14	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	9.75E-05	0.000000022	Ok
-11	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.04E-04	0.000000022	Ok
-10	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.08E-04	0.000000022	Ok
-11	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.08E-04	0.000000022	Ok
-10	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.08E-04	0.000000021	Ok
-13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-04	0.000000021	Ok
-12	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-04	0.000000021	Ok
-9	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.24E-04	0.000000021	Ok
6	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.15E-04	0.000000021	
5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.19E-04	0.000000021	
5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.26E-04	0.000000021	
5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.32E-04	0.000000021	
4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.08E-04	0.000000021	Ok
4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.01E-04	0.00000002	Ok
2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.04E-04	0.000000021	Ok
1	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.00E-04	0.000000021	Ok
-2	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.03E-04	0.000000021	Ok
-4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-04	0.000000021	Ok
27	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.02E-04	0.000000021	Ok
28	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	3.78E-04	0.000000021	Ok
27	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	4.00E-04	0.000000021	Ok
5	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	2.66E-04	0.000000021	Ok
6	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	2.62E-04	0.000000021	Ok
11	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	6.89E-04	0.000000021	Ok

4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.11E-04	0.00000002
4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.16E-04	0.00000002
3	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.16E-04	0.00000002
4	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.13E-04	0.00000002

13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	1.37E-04	0.000000018
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13	898700	-2663652	-190536 /	2.28E-03	0.000000017
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11	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	1.53E-03	0.000000016
12	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	3.34E-04	0.000000016
13	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	4.40E-04	0.000000016
13	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	1.15E-03	0.000000016

1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.02E-04	0.000000021
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.25E-04	0.000000021
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.40E-04	0.000000021
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.69E-04	0.000000022

1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.23E-04	0.000000022	Ok
1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.63E-04	0.000000022	Ok
1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.61E-04	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.45E-04	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.40E-04	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.60E-04	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.64E-04	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.83E-04	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	8.35E-04	0.000000024	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	1.10E-03	0.000000024	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	9.11E-04	0.000000024	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	1.16E-03	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	1.44E-03	0.000000023	Ok
1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	1.22E-03	0.000000023	Ok
0	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	9.84E-04	0.000000023	Ok

-1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.98E-04	0.000000024
-1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	7.90E-04	0.000000023
-1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	8.13E-04	0.000000023
-1	898700	-2670780	-190632 /	8.03E-04	0.000000023

Erik EPMA pts





	%MgCO3	%CaCO3	%MnCO3	%FeCO3	Fe#
76	1.04	97.84	0.81	0.31	-
77	1.12	96.95	1.50	0.43	-
78	0.89	97.93	0.96	0.22	-
79	0.92	97.92	0.90	0.27	-
80	42.38	51.66	1.68	4.28	0.092
81	47.13	50.42	0.64	1.81	0.037
82	46.47	51.28	0.58	1.67	0.035
83	46.39	51.04	1.74	0.83	0.018
84	47.83	50.42	1.40	0.36	0.007
85	46.89	50.19	2.58	0.34	0.007
86	47.41	50.49	1.81	0.29	0.006
87	46.74	50.51	2.46	0.29	0.006
88	46.76	50.49	2.46	0.30	0.006

111	0.12	92.95	3.92	3.00	-
113	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	-
112	0.10	91.13	4.57	4.20	-
112	0.10	91.13	4.57	4.20	-
114	0.58	97.82	-0.07	1.67	-
131	0.08	94.61	2.31	3.00	-
115	0.00	99.92	-0.04	0.08	-
117	-0.05	100.08	-0.02	-0.01	-
116	-0.05	100.08	-0.06	0.02	-
119	0.22	93.05	4.38	2.35	-
120	-0.07	100.02	-0.09	0.13	-

updated with 10feb201
updated with 10feb201

93	0.05	99.47	0.48	0.00	-
94	0.20	99.06	0.63	0.12	-
95	0.59	97.75	1.34	0.32	-

109	0.18	99.27	0.49	0.06	-
107	0.75	97.46	0.74	1.04	-
110	0.12	99.88	0.00	0.00	-
108	0.22	98.65	0.74	0.38	-
125	0.06	98.85	0.34	0.75	-
126	0.00	98.85	0.36	0.79	-
127	0.06	96.99	1.07	1.88	-
128	0.11	96.62	1.19	2.08	-
129	0.00	97.00	1.11	1.89	-
130	0.00	96.61	1.33	2.05	-
121	0.07	90.93	4.93	4.07	-
122	0.00	100.06	-0.06	0.00	-
123	0.06	93.89	3.76	2.30	-
124	0.00	100.09	-0.09	0.00	-





104	0.19	99.80	0.01	0.00	-
105	0.55	98.70	0.49	0.26	-
106	0.42	99.46	0.09	0.03	-
89	0.13	99.50	0.15	0.21	-
90	0.65	97.72	1.32	0.30	-
91	0.24	99.07	0.61	0.09	-
92	0.75	97.52	1.53	0.20	-
96	0.33	98.36	1.01	0.30	-
97	45.02	51.29	0.34	3.35	0.069
98	47.27	50.02	0.83	1.89	0.038
99	46.87	50.19	0.79	2.15	0.044
100	47.55	50.18	1.96	0.30	0.006
101	47.35	50.87	1.38	0.39	0.008
102	47.43	49.71	2.25	0.61	0.013
103	46.46	51.15	2.01	0.38	0.008





7 EPMA data, to use linear TDI fit
7 EPMA data, to use linear TDI fit

TECHNICAL

TECHNICAL

TECHNICAL

TEAL

YELLOW

BLUE

TEAL

Sample	group	Line Numbers (relative)	Line Numbers	Mg Elemental Percents	Ca Elemental Percents	Mn Elemental Percents	Fe Elemental Percents	C Elemental Percents
RC01	UWC-3	1	73	0.58	37.96	0.09	0.45	12.08
RC01	UWC-3	2	74	0.59	39.19	0.09	0.42	11.98
RC01	UWC-3	3	75	0.63	37.67	0.11	0.37	12.11
RC01	1512_area	1	76	0.25	38.91	0.44	0.17	12.01
RC01	1512_area	2	77	0.27	37.88	0.80	0.23	12.05
RC01	1512_area	3	78	0.20	36.64	0.49	0.11	12.22
RC01	1512_area	4	79	0.22	38.34	0.48	0.15	12.06
RC01	1512_area	1	80	10.76	21.62	0.96	2.49	12.76
RC01	1512_area	2	81	12.25	21.62	0.37	1.08	12.90
RC01	1512_area	3	82	12.03	21.90	0.34	0.99	12.90
RC01	1512_area	4	83	12.21	22.15	1.03	0.50	12.84
RC01	1512_area	5	84	12.24	21.28	0.81	0.21	12.99
RC01	1512_area	6	85	12.19	21.52	1.52	0.21	12.89
RC01	1512_area	7	86	12.26	21.53	1.06	0.17	12.94
RC01	1512_area	8	87	11.97	21.32	1.42	0.17	12.94
RC01	1512_area	9	88	12.01	21.38	1.43	0.18	12.93
RC01	1512_area	1	89	0.03	40.49	0.09	0.12	11.92
RC01	1512_area	2	90	0.15	37.12	0.69	0.16	12.15
RC01	1512_area	3	91	0.06	37.69	0.32	0.05	12.15
RC01	1512_area	4	92	0.18	39.13	0.84	0.11	11.95
RC01	1512_area	5	93	0.01	39.14	0.26	0.03	12.03
RC01	1512_area	6	94	0.05	39.07	0.34	0.06	12.02
RC01	1512_area	7	95	0.14	37.26	0.70	0.17	12.13
RC01	1512_area	1	96	0.08	38.56	0.54	0.16	12.03
RC01	1512_area	1	97	11.44	21.49	0.19	1.96	12.88
RC01	1512_area	2	98	12.18	21.25	0.48	1.12	12.93
RC01	1512_area	3	99	12.11	21.38	0.46	1.27	12.90
RC01	1512_area	4	100	12.35	21.50	1.15	0.18	12.92
RC01	1512_area	5	101	12.29	21.77	0.81	0.23	12.93
RC01	1512_area	6	102	12.38	21.40	1.33	0.37	12.89
RC01	1512_area	7	103	12.00	21.78	1.18	0.22	12.91
RC01	1530_cal	1	104	0.04	37.90	0.01	0.00	12.17
RC01	1530_cal	2	105	0.14	40.00	0.27	0.15	11.94
RC01	1530_cal	3	106	0.11	43.03	0.05	0.02	11.72
RC01	1530_cal	4	107	0.18	38.28	0.40	0.57	12.03
RC01	1530_cal	5	108	0.05	39.54	0.41	0.21	11.96
RC01	1530_cal	6	109	0.05	42.47	0.29	0.04	11.74
RC01	1530_cal	7	110	0.03	40.24	0.00	0.01	11.96
RC01	1505_cal	1	111	0.03	36.07	2.09	1.62	11.94
RC01	1505_cal	2	112	0.02	35.16	2.42	2.26	11.91
RC01	1505_cal	3	113	0.00	39.20	0.00	-0.02	12.06
RC01	1505_cal	4	114	0.14	39.12	-0.04	0.93	11.96
RC01	1505_cal	5	115	-0.01	39.76	0.00	0.05	12.00
RC01	1505_cal	6	116	-0.01	40.73	-0.03	0.01	
RC01	1505_cal	7	117	-0.01	40.92	-0.01	-0.01	
RC01	1505_cal	8	118	0.19	35.68	0.87	0.59	12.21
RC01	1505_cal	9	119	0.05	36.36	2.35	1.28	11.92

RC01	1505_cal	10	120	-0.02	44.62	-0.05	0.08	11.60
RC01	1505_cal	11	121	0.02	34.54	2.57	2.15	11.96
RC01	1505_cal	12	122	0.00	38.87	-0.03	0.03	12.09
RC01	1505_cal	13	123	0.01	37.48	2.06	1.28	11.85
RC01	1505_cal	14	124	-0.01	41.16	-0.05	0.03	11.89
RC01	1509_cal	1	125	0.02	41.35	0.19	0.44	11.80
RC01	1509_cal	2	126	0.00	38.78	0.19	0.43	12.03
RC01	1509_cal	3	127	0.02	38.52	0.58	1.04	11.94
RC01	1509_cal	4	128	0.03	37.71	0.64	1.13	12.00
RC01	1509_cal	5	129	0.01	37.73	0.59	1.03	12.01
RC01	1509_cal	6	130	0.01	37.90	0.72	1.12	11.97
RC01	1505_cal	1	131	0.02	36.43	1.22	1.61	12.00
R4799	1509_cal	1	132	0.02	37.95	0.60	0.54	12.05
R4799	1509_cal	2	133	0.04	37.38	0.71	1.47	11.98
R4799	1509_cal	3	134	0.00	37.95	0.59	1.00	12.00
R4799	1509_cal	4	135	0.02	37.28	0.60	1.11	12.04

O Elemental Percents	Elemental Totals	MgO Oxide Percents	CaO Oxide Percents	MnO Oxide Percents	FeO Oxide Percents	CO2 Oxide Percents	O Oxide Percents	Oxide Totals
47.88	99.04	0.95	53.11	0.12	0.58	44.28	0.00	99.04
48.09	100.37	0.98	54.84	0.12	0.54	43.88	0.00	100.37
47.86	98.75	1.04	52.71	0.15	0.47	44.39	0.00	98.75
47.86	99.64	0.42	54.45	0.57	0.22	43.99	0.00	99.64
47.70	98.93	0.44	53.00	1.04	0.30	44.16	0.00	98.93
47.48	97.15	0.33	51.27	0.64	0.15	44.76	0.00	97.15
47.75	98.99	0.36	53.65	0.62	0.19	44.18	0.00	98.99
50.71	99.31	17.84	30.25	1.24	3.21	46.77	0.00	99.31
51.49	99.72	20.32	30.25	0.48	1.39	47.28	0.00	99.72
51.42	99.59	19.95	30.64	0.44	1.28	47.28	0.00	99.59
51.54	100.29	20.25	31.00	1.34	0.64	47.06	0.00	100.29
51.46	98.99	20.30	29.78	1.04	0.27	47.60	0.00	98.99
51.45	99.77	20.22	30.11	1.96	0.26	47.22	0.00	99.77
51.49	99.45	20.33	30.12	1.36	0.22	47.41	0.00	99.45
51.32	99.14	19.84	29.83	1.84	0.22	47.40	0.00	99.14
51.34	99.26	19.91	29.92	1.84	0.23	47.36	0.00	99.26
48.00	100.65	0.05	56.65	0.11	0.15	43.68	0.00	100.65
47.53	97.79	0.25	51.93	0.89	0.21	44.51	0.00	97.79
47.57	97.83	0.09	52.74	0.41	0.06	44.53	0.00	97.83
47.86	100.08	0.30	54.75	1.09	0.14	43.80	0.00	100.08
47.77	99.24	0.02	54.76	0.33	0.04	44.08	0.00	99.24
47.78	99.32	0.08	54.66	0.44	0.08	44.06	0.00	99.32
47.54	97.94	0.23	52.14	0.90	0.22	44.46	0.00	97.94
47.71	99.09	0.13	53.95	0.70	0.21	44.10	0.00	99.09
51.05	99.01	18.96	30.06	0.25	2.52	47.21	0.00	99.01
51.40	99.36	20.19	29.73	0.62	1.44	47.37	0.00	99.36
51.38	99.51	20.08	29.91	0.60	1.64	47.28	0.00	99.51
51.53	99.64	20.49	30.08	1.49	0.23	47.36	0.00	99.64
51.54	99.58	20.38	30.46	1.05	0.30	47.39	0.00	99.58
51.53	99.89	20.53	29.94	1.72	0.47	47.23	0.00	99.89
51.40	99.49	19.90	30.48	1.52	0.29	47.30	0.00	99.49
47.59	97.72	0.07	53.03	0.01	0.00	44.60	0.00	97.72
47.98	100.48	0.22	55.97	0.35	0.19	43.73	0.00	100.48
48.49	103.42	0.18	60.21	0.07	0.02	42.94	0.00	103.42
47.72	99.18	0.30	53.56	0.52	0.73	44.07	0.00	99.18
47.86	100.03	0.09	55.32	0.52	0.27	43.82	0.00	100.03
48.36	102.95	0.08	59.42	0.37	0.05	43.03	0.00	102.95
47.96	100.19	0.05	56.30	0.00	0.01	43.84	0.00	100.19
47.29	99.03	0.05	50.47	2.69	2.09	43.73	0.00	99.03
47.14	98.91	0.04	49.20	3.12	2.90	43.65	0.00	98.91
47.77	99.01	0.00	54.85	0.00	-0.02	44.19	0.00	99.01
47.83	99.95	0.23	54.74	-0.05	1.20	43.83	0.00	99.95
47.85	99.65	-0.02	55.63	0.00	0.06	43.98	0.00	99.65
	100.64	-0.02	59.52	-0.05	0.01	43.14	0.00	102.61
	100.85	-0.02	61.37	-0.02	-0.01	42.75	0.00	104.06
47.32	96.87	0.32	49.92	1.13	0.76	44.74	0.00	96.87
47.35	99.30	0.09	50.87	3.03	1.65	43.67	0.00	99.30

48.72	104.95	-0.03	62.43	-0.07	0.11	42.51	0.00	104.95
47.03	98.27	0.03	48.33	3.32	2.77	43.83	0.00	98.27
47.72	98.67	-0.01	54.38	-0.04	0.04	44.29	0.00	98.67
47.51	100.19	0.02	52.44	2.65	1.65	43.43	0.00	100.19
48.09	101.11	-0.01	57.58	-0.07	0.04	43.56	0.00	101.11
48.15	101.95	0.03	57.86	0.25	0.56	43.25	0.00	101.95
47.71	99.14	0.00	54.27	0.25	0.56	44.07	0.00	99.14
47.67	99.77	0.02	53.90	0.75	1.34	43.76	0.00	99.77
47.55	99.05	0.04	52.76	0.82	1.46	43.96	0.00	99.05
47.54	98.90	0.01	52.79	0.76	1.32	44.02	0.00	98.90
47.57	99.29	0.01	53.04	0.93	1.44	43.88	0.00	99.29
47.34	98.61	0.03	50.97	1.57	2.07	43.96	0.00	98.61
47.58	98.73	0.03	53.09	0.77	0.69	44.14	0.00	98.73
47.50	99.09	0.06	52.31	0.92	1.89	43.90	0.00	99.09
47.57	99.11	0.00	53.10	0.76	1.29	43.96	0.00	99.11
47.47	98.53	0.03	52.17	0.78	1.43	44.13	0.00	98.53

Mg Atomic Percents	Ca Atomic Percents	Mn Atomic Percents		Fe Atomic Percents	Mg normalized (Mg/Mg+Ca+Fe+Mn)	Ca normalized (Ca/Mg+Ca+Fe+Mn)	Mn normalized (Mn/Mg+Ca+Fe+Mn)
0.48	19.02	0.03		0.16	2.42	96.59	0.18
0.49	19.50	0.03		0.15	2.41	96.68	0.17
0.52	18.89	0.04		0.13	2.65	96.47	0.21
0.21	19.48	0.16		0.06	1.04	97.84	0.81
0.22	19.05	0.29		0.08	1.12	96.95	1.50
0.17	18.59	0.18		0.04	0.89	97.93	0.96
0.18	19.27	0.18		0.05	0.92	97.92	0.90
8.39	10.22	0.33		0.85	42.38	51.66	1.68
9.40	10.06	0.13		0.36	47.13	50.42	0.64
9.25	10.21	0.12		0.33	46.47	51.28	0.58
9.35	10.29	0.35		0.17	46.39	51.04	1.74
9.41	9.92	0.27		0.07	47.83	50.42	1.40
9.36	10.02	0.51		0.07	46.89	50.19	2.58
9.41	10.02	0.36		0.06	47.41	50.49	1.81
9.22	9.97	0.48		0.06	46.74	50.51	2.46
9.25	9.99	0.49		0.06	46.76	50.49	2.46
0.03	20.17	0.03		0.04	0.13	99.50	0.15
0.13	18.79	0.25		0.06	0.65	97.72	1.32
0.05	19.06	0.12		0.02	0.24	99.07	0.61
0.15	19.57	0.31		0.04	0.75	97.52	1.53
0.01	19.65	0.10	0.01	0.00	0.05	99.47	0.48
0.04	19.61	0.12		0.02	0.20	99.06	0.63
0.11	18.85	0.26		0.06	0.59	97.75	1.34
0.07	19.39	0.20		0.06	0.33	98.36	1.01
8.86	10.10	0.07		0.66	45.02	51.29	0.34
9.37	9.91	0.16		0.37	47.27	50.02	0.83
9.31	9.97	0.16		0.43	46.87	50.19	0.79
9.47	10.00	0.39		0.06	47.55	50.18	1.96
9.42	10.12	0.28		0.08	47.35	50.87	1.38
9.49	9.95	0.45		0.12	47.43	49.71	2.25
9.23	10.16	0.40		0.08	46.46	51.15	2.01
0.04	19.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	99.80	0.01
0.11	19.95	0.10		0.05	0.55	98.70	0.49
0.09	21.11	0.02		0.01	0.42	99.46	0.09
0.15	19.24	0.15		0.21	0.75	97.46	0.74
0.04	19.78	0.15		0.08	0.22	98.65	0.74
0.04	20.91	0.10		0.01	0.18	99.27	0.49
0.03	20.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	99.88	0.00
0.02	18.30	0.77		0.59	0.12	92.95	3.92
0.02	17.90	0.90		0.82	0.10	91.13	4.57
0.000794	0.00	19.69	0.00	-0.01	0.00	100.00	0.00
0.12	19.59	-0.01		0.33	0.58	97.82	-0.07
-0.01159	0.00	19.91	0.00	0.02	0.00	99.92	-0.01
	-0.01	20.29	-0.01	0.00	-0.05	100.08	-0.06
	-0.01	20.36	0.00	0.00	-0.05	100.08	-0.02
0.16	18.17	0.33		0.21	0.85	96.29	1.72
0.04	18.41	0.87		0.46	0.22	93.05	4.38

	-0.01	21.73	-0.02		0.03	-0.07	100.02	-0.09
	0.01	17.65	0.96		0.79	0.07	90.93	4.93
-0.00271	0.00	19.56	-0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	100.06	-0.06
	0.01	18.88	0.76		0.46	0.06	93.89	3.76
-0.00557	0.00	20.45	-0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	100.09	-0.09
	0.01	20.49	0.07		0.16	0.06	98.85	0.34
0.000672	0.00	19.50	0.07		0.16	0.00	98.85	0.36
	0.01	19.36	0.21		0.37	0.06	96.99	1.07
	0.02	19.03	0.23		0.41	0.11	96.62	1.19
0.006415	0.00	19.05	0.22		0.37	0.00	97.00	1.11
0.005438	0.00	19.11	0.26		0.41	0.00	96.61	1.33
	0.02	18.48	0.45		0.59	0.08	94.61	2.31
	0.01	19.15	0.22		0.19	0.07	97.80	1.13
	0.03	18.88	0.26		0.53	0.16	95.80	1.33
-0.0001	0.00	19.14	0.22		0.36	0.00	97.06	1.10
	0.01	18.86	0.22		0.40	0.07	96.72	1.14

Fe normalized (Fe/Mg+Ca+Fe+Mn)	Fe#	C Atomic Percents	O Atomic Percents	Atomic Totals	Mg Detection Limits	Ca Detection Limits	Mn Detection Limits	Fe Detection Limits
0.82	0.253	20.21	60.10	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.74	0.235	19.89	59.94	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.67	0.202	20.28	60.14	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.31	-	20.06	60.03	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.43	-	20.23	60.12	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.22	-	20.68	60.34	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.27	-	20.22	60.11	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
4.28	0.092	20.14	60.07	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.81	0.037	20.03	60.02	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.67	0.035	20.07	60.03	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.83	0.018	19.90	59.95	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.36	0.007	20.21	60.11	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.34	0.007	20.02	60.01	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.29	0.006	20.10	60.05	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.29	0.006	20.18	60.09	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.30	0.006	20.15	60.07	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.21	-	19.82	59.91	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.30	-	20.52	60.26	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.09	-	20.51	60.25	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.20	-	19.95	59.98	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.00	-	20.16	60.08	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.12	-	20.14	60.07	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.32	-	20.48	60.24	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.30	-	20.19	60.10	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
3.35	0.069	20.21	60.10	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.89	0.038	20.12	60.06	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.15	0.044	20.09	60.04	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.30	0.006	20.05	60.03	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.39	0.008	20.07	60.03	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.61	0.013	19.99	60.00	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.38	0.008	20.09	60.05	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.00	-	20.53	60.27	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.26	-	19.86	59.93	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.03	-	19.18	59.59	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.04	-	20.17	60.09	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.38	-	19.97	59.98	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.06	-	19.29	59.65	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.00	-	19.93	59.96	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
3.00	-	20.21	60.10	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
4.20	-	20.24	60.12	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.00	-	20.21	60.11	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.67	-	19.98	59.99	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.08	-	20.06	60.03	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.02	-	19.37	59.68	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
-0.01	-	19.04	59.52	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.14	-	20.75	60.38	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.35	-	20.14	60.07	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01

0.13	-	18.85	59.43	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
4.07	-	20.40	60.20	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.00	-	20.30	60.15	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.30	-	19.93	59.96	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.00	-	19.71	59.86	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.75	-	19.52	59.76	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.79	-	20.18	60.09	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.88	-	20.03	60.01	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.08	-	20.20	60.10	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.89	-	20.24	60.12	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.05	-	20.14	60.07	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
3.00	-	20.31	60.16	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
0.99	-	20.28	60.14	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.71	-	20.19	60.10	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1.84	-	20.19	60.09	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.06	-	20.33	60.17	100	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01

Mg Percent Errors	Ca Percent Errors	Mn Percent Errors	Fe Percent Errors
1.19	0.38	9.66	2.42
1.17	0.37	9.85	2.53
1.13	0.38	8.22	2.78
2.06	0.38	2.54	4.96
1.97	0.38	1.62	3.87
2.40	0.39	2.32	6.86
2.28	0.38	2.37	5.62
0.24	0.51	1.39	0.85
0.22	0.51	2.76	1.36
0.22	0.51	2.99	1.43
0.22	0.50	1.32	2.20
0.22	0.51	1.56	4.08
0.22	0.51	1.03	4.15
0.22	0.51	1.30	4.70
0.23	0.51	1.07	4.72
0.23	0.51	1.07	4.66
10.98	0.37	10.69	6.72
2.99	0.39	1.81	5.22
6.87	0.38	3.31	15.43
2.60	0.37	1.57	7.04
31.55	0.38	3.93	21.47
7.78	0.38	3.14	11.43
3.22	0.38	1.79	5.01
5.04	0.38	2.16	5.13
0.23	0.51	4.80	0.97
0.22	0.52	2.27	1.34
0.22	0.51	2.34	1.24
0.22	0.51	1.23	4.59
0.22	0.51	1.55	3.77
0.22	0.51	1.12	2.72
0.23	0.51	1.21	3.87
8.62	0.38	113.79	210.92
3.26	0.37	3.78	5.56
3.85	0.36	17.24	38.67
2.63	0.38	2.75	2.06
6.98	0.37	2.72	4.17
8.11	0.36	3.60	20.09
11.78	0.37	-411.45	85.58
12.45	0.39	0.86	1.09
15.06	0.40	0.79	0.90
345.91	0.38	-367.85	-38.93
3.16	0.38	-21.16	1.51
-22.65	0.37	-246.54	15.38
-25.61	0.36	-23.78	67.70
-24.97	0.35	-48.62	-66.87
2.51	0.39	1.52	2.01
7.39	0.39	0.80	1.25

-17.45	0.35	-15.87	9.17
21.22	0.40	0.76	0.92
-100.40	0.38	-28.18	21.19
25.40	0.38	0.87	1.25
-47.94	0.37	-15.74	23.85
22.14	0.36	5.12	2.47
410.80	0.38	5.09	2.48
23.15	0.38	2.06	1.41
13.41	0.38	1.92	1.34
44.20	0.38	2.03	1.42
51.99	0.38	1.76	1.35
18.79	0.39	1.21	1.09
19.79	0.38	2.01	2.14
9.65	0.38	1.77	1.15
-2848.27	0.38	2.04	1.44
20.69	0.38	2.00	1.36