

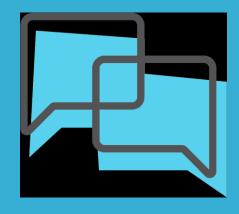


Engaging Preschoolers in Data Collection and Analysis with Manipulatives, Body Digital

Presenters

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Education Development Center



This research was funded by the National Science Foundation (DRL- 1933698). Any opinions, findings, conclusions, or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation. We thank our advisors who have provided valuable feedback on these projects.

Today's Goals

- What is Data Collection & Analysis (DCA)?
- 2. Why should we teach DCA to preschoolers?
- How do we leverage technology to help with the data collection AND allow teachers to focus on talking about the data?
- Show you the activities!



Want updates?

https://go.edc.org/DCAContactMe





What is Data Collection and Analysis (DCA)?



Preschool Data Collection and Analysis (DCA): Project Goals

- Use data-focused "investigations" to foster preschool mathematics and computational thinking (CT) skills in a developmentally appropriate and fun way
- Investigations involve collecting, analyzing, and discussing data

PRE-MADE INVESTIGATIONS













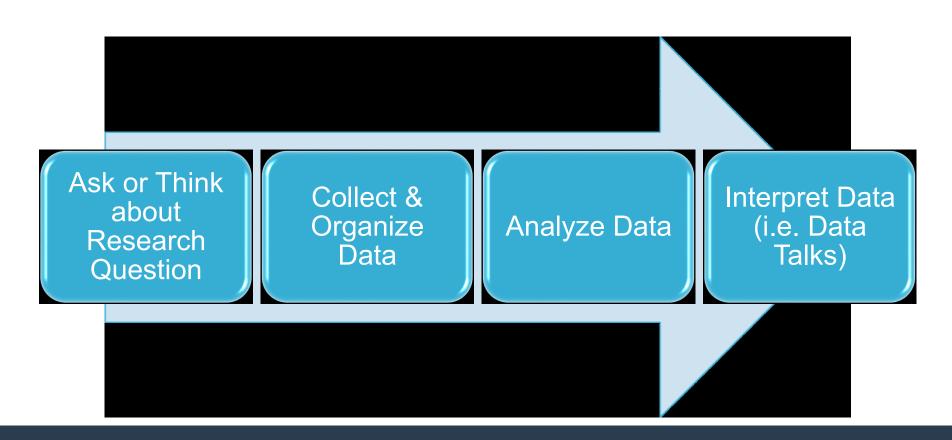
TEACHER INVESTIGATIONS



STUDENT INVESTIGATIONS



Investigations Steps



Why Math?

- Early mathematics knowledge is the most powerful predictor of children's later academic success (over and above reading and attention skills)
- Computational Thinking (CT) is an area of early mathematics problem solving that is quickly being integrated into state and district early learning standards because of its applications across content areas
 - Using data to solve problems is a CT skill!

Why Computational Thinking (CT)?

- CT is a systematic way to break down complex problems in order to answer a question or reach a goal
 - CT includes identifying, describing, and decomposing problems; brainstorming and iteratively testing solutions; and communicating findings with precision and clarity
- Example: preschoolers use a sequence of steps to complete a task (like washing hands before lunch or putting on outdoor clothing before recess) or build a house with blocks to keep a stuffed animal dry from pretend rain, they are using CT skills

Why Data Collection and Analysis (DCA)?

- DCA is at the intersection of math and CT
 - Counting, sorting, classifying, comparing, ordering
 - Creating and comparing data representations (like graphs and tally charts!) to communicate information and answer research questions
- BUT research is limited as to how preschoolers should collect and analyze data to solve real-world problems and how to support preschool teachers' instruction around DCA
- AND fun, high-quality materials that support children's DCA skill growth are lacking

What do DCA skills look like?

Data Collection

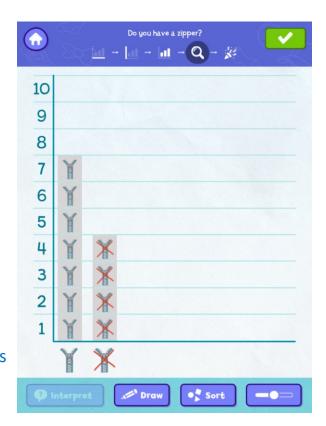
- Children understand when and why we collect data
- Children identify what data are necessary to answer a question
- Children classify and sort data into categories based on a question

Data Visualization and Transformation

- Children understand that there are different ways to represent data (e.g., tallying, making charts and graphs with physical objects and manipulatives, digital charts and graphs)
- Children create simple visual representations of data they collect

Data Inference and Modeling

- Children understand and identify different parts of data visualizations
- Children compare individual parts of data visualizations
- Children use data to answer research questions (with support)

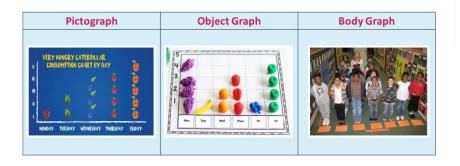


Supporting Children's DCA skills

- Our investigations help children represent data with concrete objects (including standing and physically representing their own data point) and transitioning to pictures, numbers, or symbols
- Digital tools scaffold data collection, organization, and representation
 - Children focus on counting, comparing, and interpreting data displays
 - Teachers focus on student learning



Graph & Chart Types



Findings so far

 Teachers like using the app because it helps frame the goal, help them create the graphs quickly, and fosters discussion.

The investigations are developmentally appropriate and fun!

 The investigations provide lots of opportunities for counting, sorting, classifying, and comparing.

Preschool DCA Intervention

6 Existing Lessons

2 Create Your Own

1 Design a Data Story

Existing lesson Plans

What do we Wear?

Animal Data Shuffle

Our Feelings Freeze

Measure with Me

Hungry Caterpillar

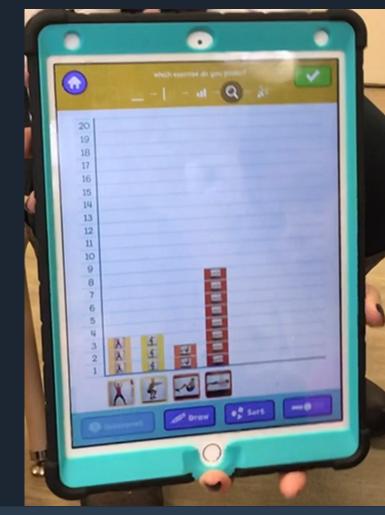
Frame it

Create Your Own Investigations

- Use the app to create your own graph or chart
- Short activities with 1-2 parts
- Build on existing activities, such as
 - Books
 - Literacy activities
 - Outdoor play
- Personalize the use of graphs for the needs of your students and classroom

Create Your Own Investigation - Examples

- Question of the day
- Graph preferred exercises to build on an exercise unit
- Measured a space with three different sized objects



Design your own Data Story

 Continue to Personalize & use the app to create your own graph or chart

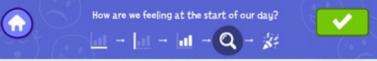
Theme-based set of activities with several parts

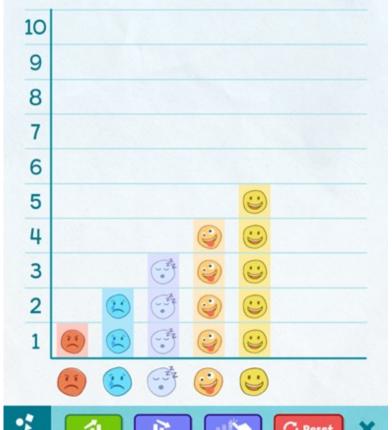
 Design a Book about this theme using graphs and narrative elements

Preschool Data Collection And Analysis

Annotate & Sort Features

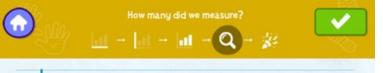


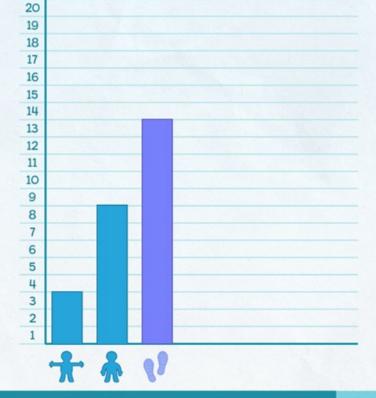




Slider Feature













Investigation #5 – The Hungry Caterpillar



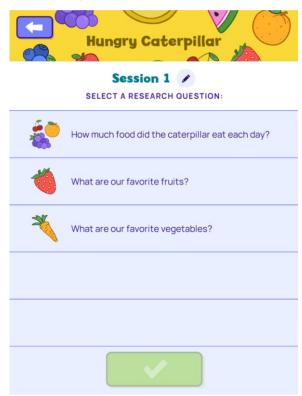
The Hungry Caterpillar – Investigation Goals

This investigation

- Math Goals: Sorting, classifying, counting, comparing
- CT Goals: Representing, comparing, and interpreting data

Preparation

- Floor grid
- Food toys and cards



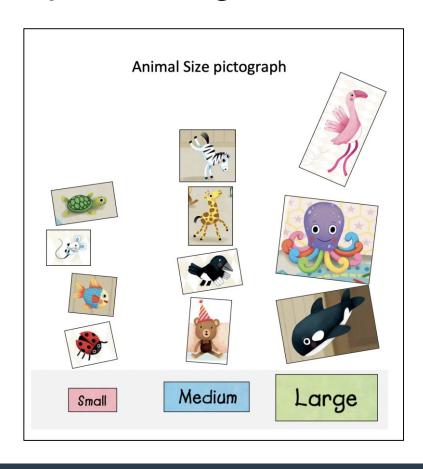
What do you notice about this object graph?



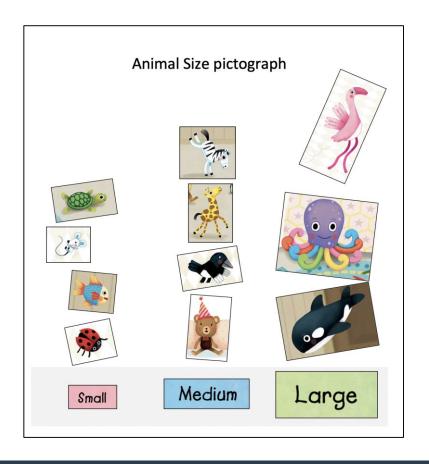
Object Graph Make lines with tape so children can compare how many in each column

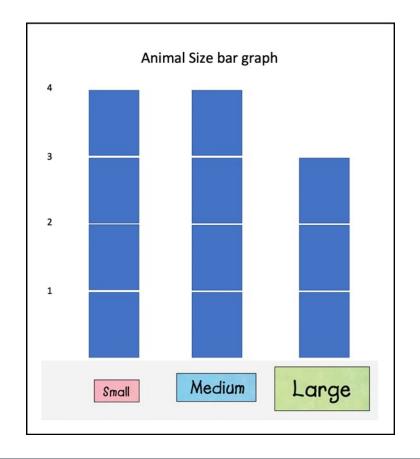


Representing data in visual displays



Representing data in visual displays





Preschool Data Collection And Analysis

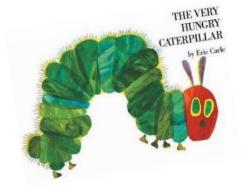
The Hungry Caterpillar - Part 1

Materials:

- The Very Hungry Caterpillar by Eric Carle
- Masking tape: use this to make a 5x5 floor grid
- Fruit cards (15) only use: 1 apple, 2 pears, 3 plums, 4 strawberries, 5 oranges
- Labels: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday,
 Friday
- Tablet: Photo

Preparation:

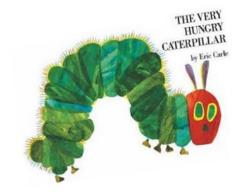
Use masking tape to make a 5x5 grid (5 columns/5 rows) on the floor.





The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 1

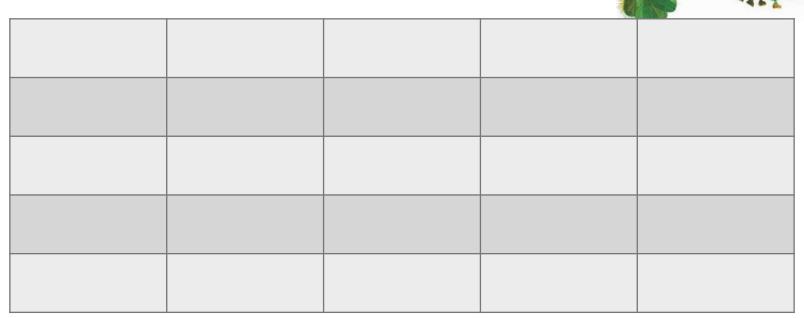
Use masking tape to make a 5x5 grid (5 columns/5 rows) on the floor.





The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 1

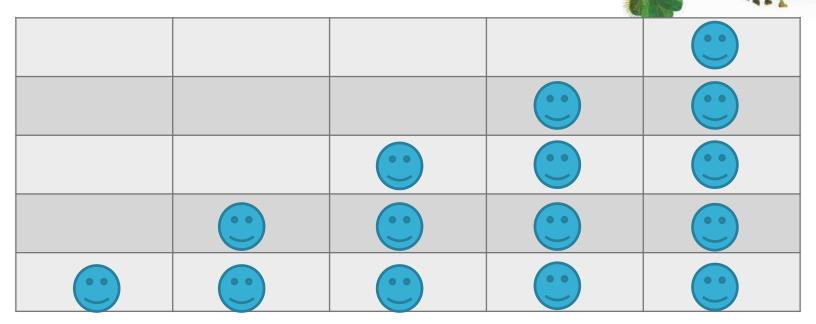
Research Question. How much food did the caterpillar eat each day (Monday-Friday)?



Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 1

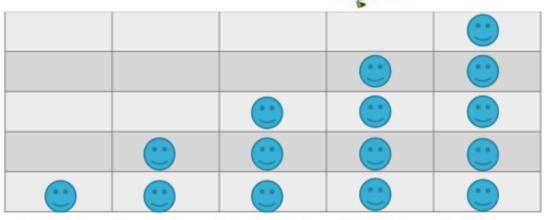
Create Body Graph Take Photo



Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

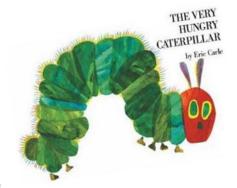
The Hungry Caterpillar – Body Graph Data Talk

- Display the photo of the body graph for all to see
- Data talk: Ask questions to help the data scientists understand the information displayed

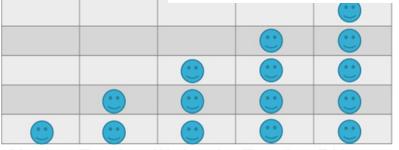


Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 2: Create Object Graph, Compare to Body Graph







Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

Children understand that there are different ways to represent data. Children can create simple visual representations of the data they collect, with scaffolding. Children can make comparisons between individual parts of data visualizations.

The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 2: Extend Object Graph, Have Data Talk

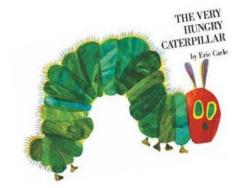
Extend the graph to include Saturday and Sunday

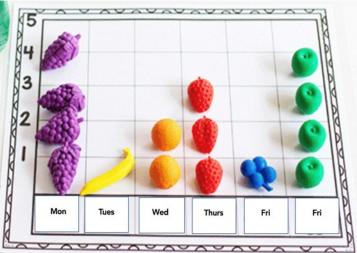
Use the grid with toys/pictures to make a graph

 How many bites of food would you expect the caterpillar to eat on Saturday?

 How many bites of food did the caterpillar actually eat on Saturday?

What happened on Sunday?





The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 2: Recreate object graph in App

- Have the children enter the data into the app
- Compare the object graph with the digital pictograph from the app



The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 2 Data Talk

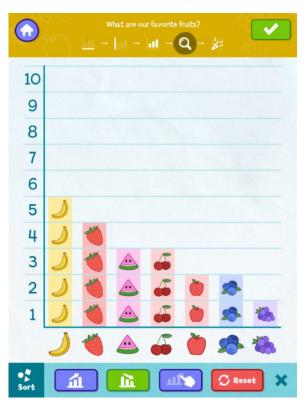
- Have children enter the data from the object graph into the app
- Create a pictograph
- Data talk: Ask questions to help the data scientists understand the information displayed



The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 2 Data Talk

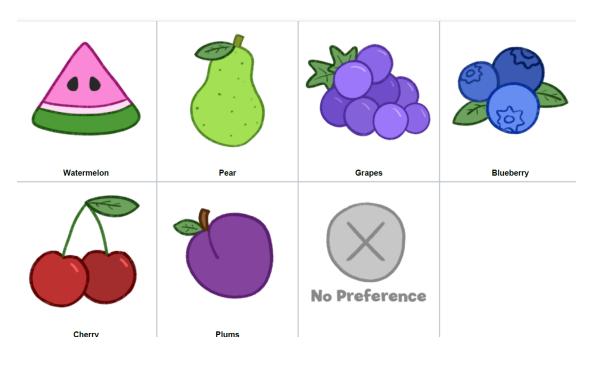
- How many more foods did the caterpillar eat on Saturday than on Friday?
- Why didn't the caterpillar feel well on Saturday?
- Why do you think the caterpillar ate so little on Sunday?
- Which food did the caterpillar eat the most of during the week?
- Which food did the caterpillar eat the least of during the week?
- Are there any foods that the caterpillar ate the same amount of?
- What are some of the differences between the body graph we made yesterday and this graph with pictures? What things are the same?

The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 3



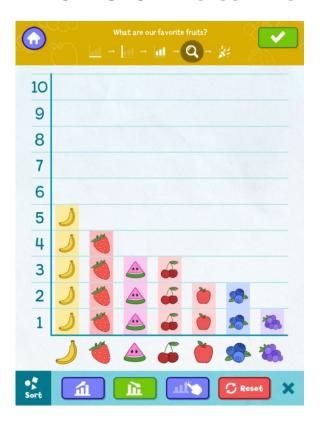
- Data scientists (children) vote on their preferred fruits.
- They then interpret graphs to find out the classroom's most preferred and least preferred fruits.

The Hungry Caterpillar – Part 3—Preferred Fruit



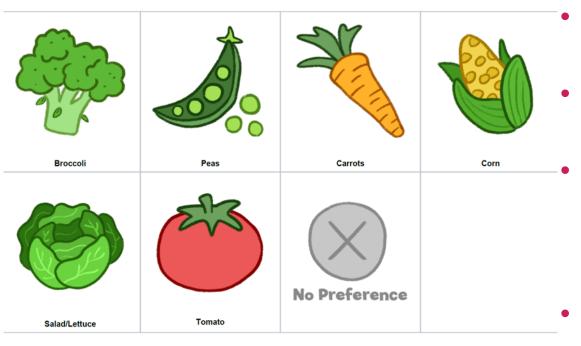
- Brainstorm a list of fruits.
- Write down the top 6 that children identify.
- Create a preferred fruit graph in the app and record children's votes.
- Have a data talk!

Have a Data Talk!



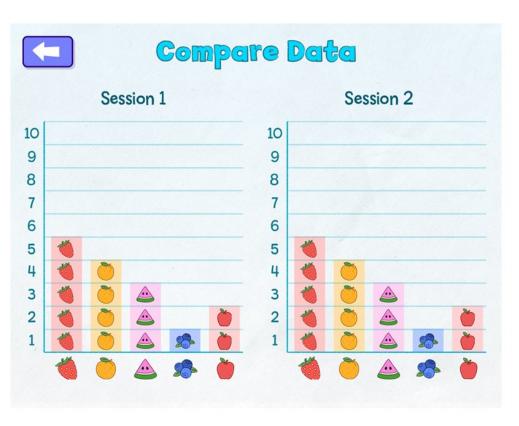
- Which fruit has the most votes?
- Which fruit has the least votes?
 How do you know?
- Where do you see this information on the pictograph?
- Do any fruits have the same number of votes?

The Hungry Caterpillar — Preferred Vegetables



- Brainstorm a list of Vegetables.
- Write down the top 6 that children identify.
- Create a preferred vegetable graph in the app and record children's votes.
- Have a data talk!

Compare Fruits and Vegetable graphs



- What do you notice about these two graphs?
- What does each graph tell us?
- Which fruit/vegetable has the most votes?
- Which fruit/vegetable has the least votes?
- Did any fruits or vegetables get the same number of votes?
- What are some differences

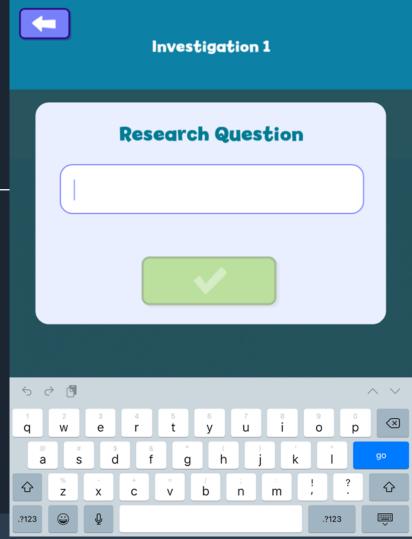
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Questions and Discussion

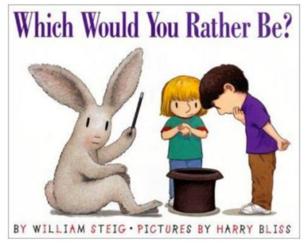
- What questions or concerns do you have about implementing the investigation?
- Are there further adaptations needed due to COVID?
- What additional information or support would be helpful?



Create Your Own Investigations



Creating Activities



Question of the Day



What do you notice in this book?

Would you rather this activity or that one?

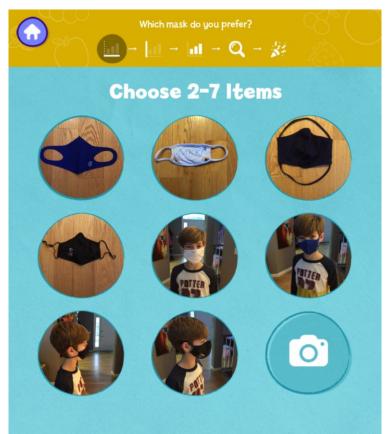
How many children have...?



What is the theme of the week and what questions do we have about it?

Part 1

- What time of day?
- Group size?
- Hands-on materials needed?
- Draft instructions (keep in mind categories and data collection)
- Practice graphing it in the app
- Draft Data Talk questions



Part 1 Data Talk

- Which mask type was most preferred?
- Which mask type was least preferred?
- How many children prefer over the head masks? How do you know? Where on the graph do you see this information?
- How many fewer children prefer over the head masks to behind the ear masks?



Design Your Own Data Story



Step 1: Choose Question

Step 2: Select Categories

Step 3: Collect Data

Step 4: Create Graph

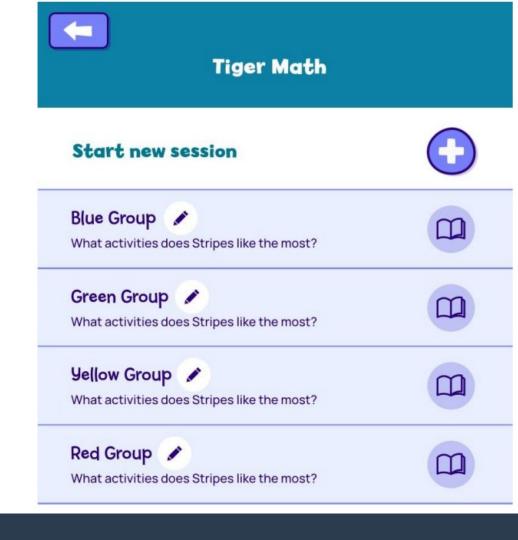
Step 5: Data Talk

Step 6: Answer Question



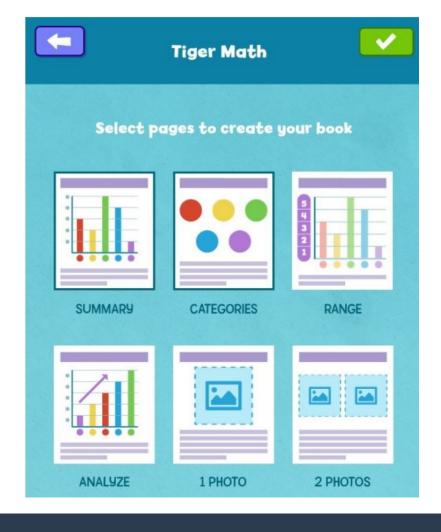
For each theme, there are multiple sessions:

- Repeat the same research question for multiple small groups OR
- Each group investigates a different question

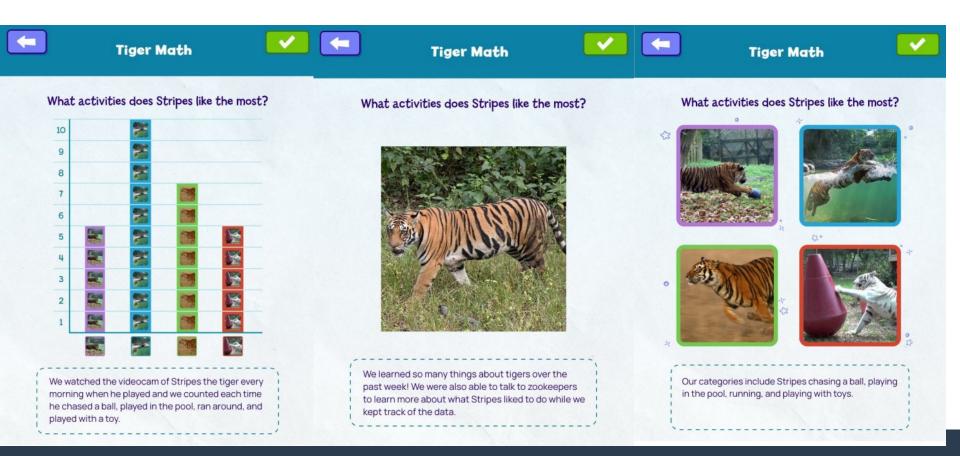


Select different page formats to make your data story.

Add short, narrative text to tell the story of what the investigation is about, how data was collected, and what the children discovered.



Display visuals along with a narrative textbox



Save as each page as a photo for printing.

Or display as a slideshow on the app.

Tiger Math













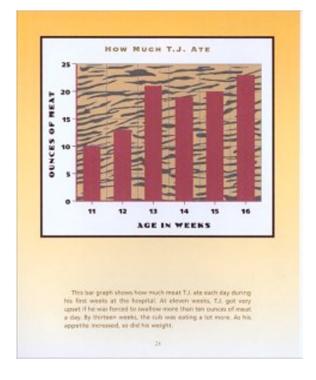
Part 1

- Select a theme or topic to learn more about
- Consider reading a book about it to spur thinking and spark ideas
- Brainstorm questions and evaluate them to ensure they use DCA to answer them (Note: Data could come from research or observation)
- Select research questions (perhaps through anonymous voting) that will help to learn about the topic, extend the theme, and/or tell a story



Question: What activities do tigers like to do?

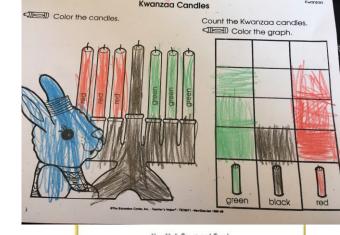
Question: How many whiskers do tigers have?



Question: How much does a baby tiger eat?

Part 2

- Selecting research questions & create activities around each one
- Create categories and graphs in the app so that a storybook can be generated to be printed and shared with students at the end of the investigation
- Data Talk!
- What new questions arose or what questions remain?





Next Steps

- What ideas do you have for topics or themes to investigate?
- What questions or concerns do you have about implementing the investigations?
- Are there further adaptations needed due to COVID?
- What additional information or support would be helpful?

Example virtual assessment items

- Conducted via zoom
- Children used tablets & headphones with speaker
- Responses were verbal, not pointing at the screen
- Orientations ensured that children could identify (1) colors and (2) top/middle/ bottom, as these categories were used to provide responses
- Animation used throughout to help keep activities fun and interesting.

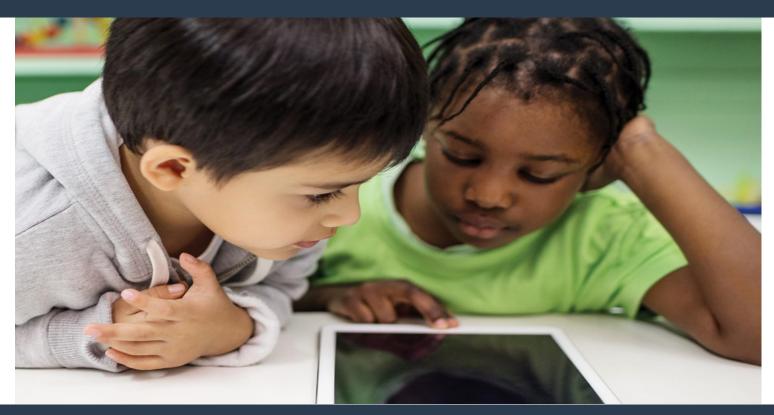
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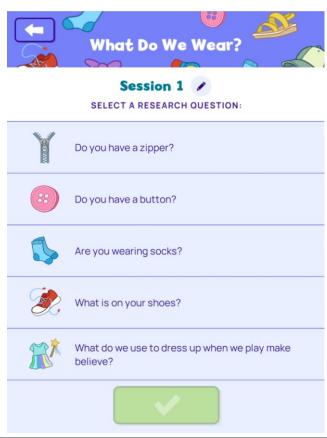
Investigation #1 – What Do We Wear?



What Do We Wear? - Investigation Goals

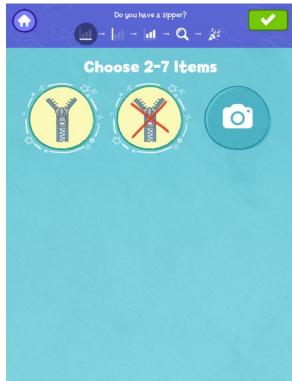
This investigation uses attributes (or characteristics) of clothing to sort groups that are then graphed and discussed.

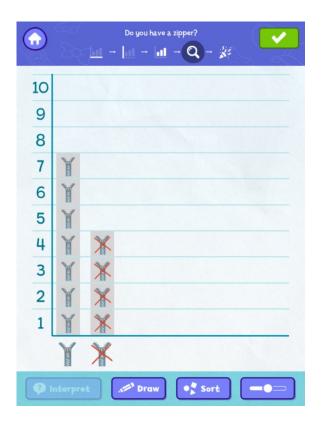
- Math Goals: sorting and classifying, counting, comparing
- CT Goals: organizing and representing data in order to compare and analyze it



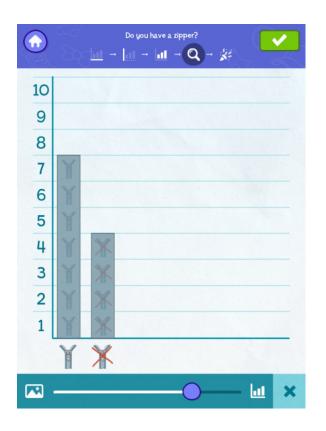
What Do We Wear? - Part 1







What Do We Wear? - Data Talks



After the data for each question is graphed:

- The group observes the graph
- Have a data talk: Ask questions to help the data scientists understand the information displayed
- Photograph non-app graphs for future reference

What Do We Wear?

Sample *Data Talk* questions for Part 1:

- How many data scientists have a zipper? How many do not?
- Which group has more? How many more? How do you know? Where on the graph do you see this information?
- How could we show this information using numbers? Could we use tally marks? Could we use names?
- What does this graph not tell us? For example, do we know how many children will have zippers tomorrow? Does the graph tell us who has zippers and who does not?

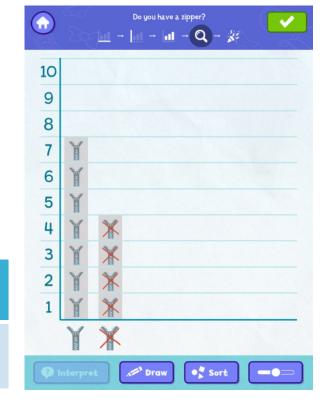
What Do We Wear? - Comparing Graphs

NO

ZIPPER

Ш

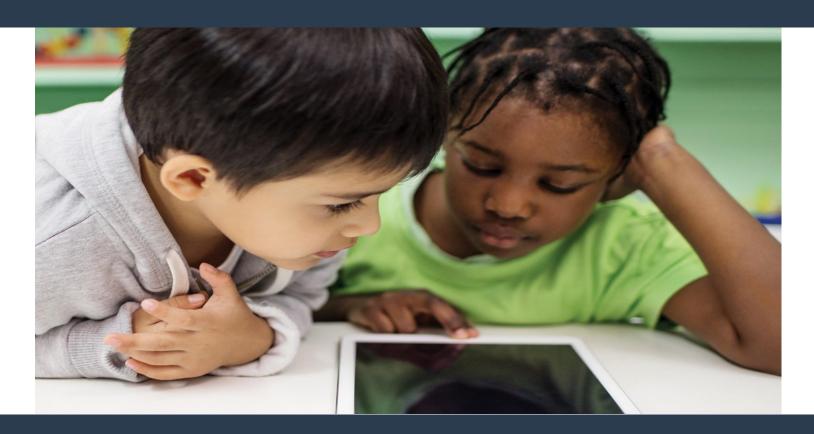
- Display multiple graphs created during Parts 1 & 2
- Have a data talk: reflect on the data, interpret the findings, and draw conclusions.
 - Have children explain what they see in each graph. Help them compare and contrast the graphs and describe what the similarities and differences in the data mean.
- Choose 1-2 graphs to focus on at a time. If you choose two graphs, use graphs that contain the same data in different representations.



Questions and Discussion

- What questions or concerns do you have about implementing the investigation?
- Are there further adaptations needed due to COVID?
- What additional information or support would be helpful?

Investigation #2 – Animal Data Shuffle



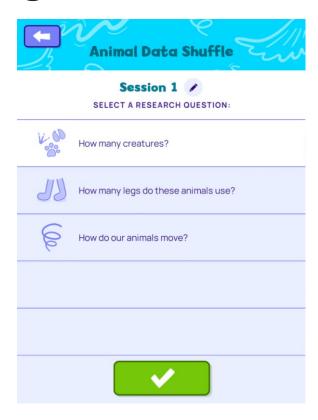
Animal Data Shuffle – Investigation Goals

This investigation

- Math Goals: Sorting, classifying, counting, comparing
- CT Goals: Representing, comparing, and interpreting data

Preparation

- Floor grid
- Animal cards
- App



Animal Data Shuffle – Part 1 Whole Class

- Read and make pictographs based on <u>Five Creatures</u>
- How many creatures?



Animal Data Shuffle – Part 2 Small Group/ Circle Time

Use floor grid to sort kids by animal cards

- "How many legs does your animal use?"
- "How does your animal move?"



Example Body Graph

Animal Data Shuffle – Part 2 Small Group/ Circle Time

 Then recreate in the app



"How does your animal move?"



"How many legs does your animal use?"

Animal Data Shuffle - Data Talks



After the data for each question is graphed:

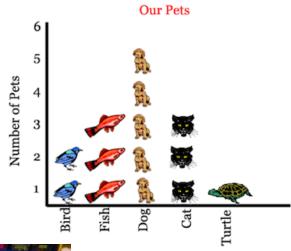
- The group observes the graph
- Data talk: Ask questions to help the data scientists understand the information displayed

Repeat with another sorting question!

Animal Data Shuffle – Sorting Data

"How does your animal move?"

Data talk: Ask
 questions to help the
 data scientists
 understand the
 information displayed





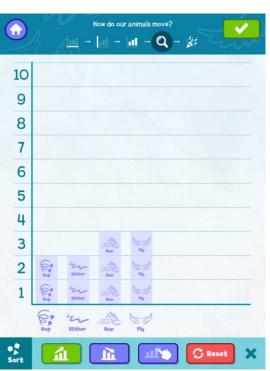
Example of an object graph

Animal Data Shuffle - Sorting Data

"How does your animal move?"

Data talk: Ask
 questions to help the
 data scientists
 understand the
 information displayed

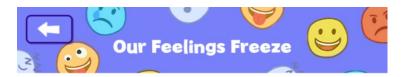




Questions and Discussion

- What questions or concerns do you have about implementing the investigation?
- Are there further adaptations needed due to COVID?
- What additional information or support would be helpful?

Investigation #3 – Our Feelings Freeze



feelings at end of day 📝



SELECT A RESEARCH QUESTION:



Our Feelings Freeze

- Children record feelings at different time points and then compare graphs from different time points.
- Preparation: Emoji face cards or printed photographs of child expressions, and a basket for storage



Our Feelings Freeze – Part 1

- Examine and discuss emoji cards
- Which face best matches how you are feeling right now?
- Select matching card and deposit in basket
- Graph it in the app!
- Data Talk!



Part 1 Data Talk

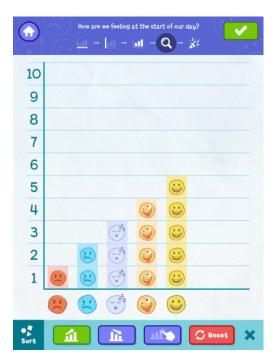
- How are most friends feeling right now? How do you know?
 Where on the graph did you look?
- The graph tells us that the most common feeling in our class is _____. Was this what you expected? Why?
- What other feelings do friends have right now?
- How many friends are feeling each emotion? Can you show us on the graph?
- Put the feelings in order from most to least. Why do you think this order of feelings is happening at this time of the day?

Our Feelings Freeze – Part 2

- Later in the same day, set up a new graph in the app with the same categories
- Freeze! How do you feel right now?
- Walk around the class and have each child input their emotion in the app
- Display the graph and discuss



Part 2 Data Talk: Graph Comparison





- How are these two graphs similar? Different? Why might that be?
- We made a graph of our feelings this morning and most of our friends were feeling Then we made a graph of our feelings this afternoon and most of our friends were feeling . What if we did this activity at bedtime? What do you think most of our friends feel at bedtime?

Our Feelings Freeze – Part 3 (Day 2)

- Freeze! Strike a silly pose!
- How are we feeling when we strike a silly pose?
- Walk around the class and have each child input their emotion in the app
- Data Talk!



Questions and Discussion

- What questions or concerns do you have about implementing the investigation?
- Are there further adaptations needed due to COVID?
- What additional information or support would be helpful?

Investigation #4 – *Measure with Me*





Measure with Me – Preparation

- Select a unit of measurement (e.g., shoe tracings, hand tracings, rulers, paint brushes, building blocks)
- Create units of measurement (tracings) and perhaps let children decorate them
- Set up graph for use throughout Activities 1 3 with units of measurement as categories
- Select 2 small items to demonstrate what distance (between) means



Measure with Me - Part 1

What is measurement? What is distance?

Let's measure the rug with our bodies!

 Children use outstretched arms (social distance!), starting with 2 children and adding children until they reach all the way across the

rug

 Count the children and record in the graph



Measure with Me – Part 2

- Let's measure the rug in a new way!
- Children stand right next to each other, taking up only a little bit of space
- Do you think we will need the same number of friends on the rug to measure it this way?
- Count the children and record in the graph



Measurement with Me – Part 2 Data Talk

- How many friends with arms outstretched were there? Where on the graph did you look to find out?
- How many friends with arms by their sides were there? Where on the graph did you look to find out?
- Which number is bigger?
- Which number is smaller?



Measurement with Me – Part 3

- Let's measure the rug in a new way!
- Line up shoe tracings, heel-to-toe
- Prediction: How many shoes do you think we will count? More or less than 5? Why?
- Count and record in the graph





Measurement with Me – Part 3 Data Talk

- Which bar on the graph is tallest? Which bar is smallest? Which bar is in the middle?
- What happened when we measured using narrow bodies? Why did we count a bigger number? Why could more friends fit on the rug when they had narrow bodies?
- What happened when we used shoes to measure the rug? Is a shoe bigger or smaller than a narrow body?
- What if we used something else to measure the rug?
 How many bicycles do you think it would take to measure from one end of the rug to the other? Why?
- What about pennies? A lot of pennies or just a few?



Questions and Discussion

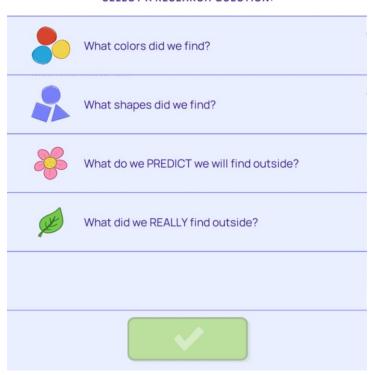
- What questions or concerns do you have about implementing the investigation?
- Are there further adaptations needed due to COVID?
- What additional information or support would be helpful?

Investigation #6 – *Frame It*



Session 2 📝

SELECT A RESEARCH QUESTION:



Frame It – Part 1

Whole Class: Introduce the frame and two white boards

Give time to explore with the frame in the classroom

- What do you see inside the frame?
- What colors do you see? How many of that color?
- What shapes do you see? How many squares?

Choose an activity center (e.g., the art table) to be investigated

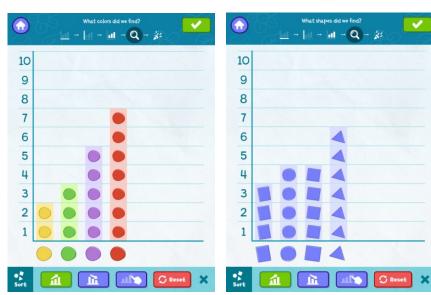
- Place frame down and have children look inside and identify the colors of the objects they see. Count, graph, and discuss.
- Without moving the frame, repeat, this time graphing data about the shapes inside the frame.

Part 1 Data Talk

- Which color/shape do we have the most of inside the frame?
- Which color/shape do we have the least of?
- Are there any two colors/shapes that have the same number (including zero)?

Look at the two graphs side-by-side:

- What do you notice?
- Which categories have the most in each of the graphs? Is there any overlap in the items in these groups?



Part 2 Data Talk

- Red is the tallest bar in our art center color graph. What does that mean? It means that red was the most common color in the art center. Now let's look at our blocks center color graph. Is red the most common color in the blocks center too?
- How do you know? Can you show us where on the graph you looked?
- Why do you think blue was the most common color in the blocks center?
- When you looked inside the frame, did you see any colors or shapes that we don't have in our graph?

Part 2 Continued

Prediction: What kinds of things do we think we will see outside tomorrow in the special spot where we'll place the frame? How many do you think we will see?

Graph the predictions in the app.



Frame It – Part 3

Go to the outdoor spot you selected yesterday

 Place frame down and have children look inside and identify the objects they see. Count, graph, and discuss.

Sample data talk questions:

- What did we find the most of? Where on the graph did you look to answer this question?
- What did we find the least of? Where on the graph did you look to answer this question?
- Why do you think we have lots of _____? (E.g., "There are lots of flower petals because it's spring time, and spring time is when new flowers grow.")

Part 3 Data Talk: Comparing Predictions with Findings

- How many leaves did we see today?
- Did our prediction about the leaves come true?
- How do you know? Were there more or fewer leaves outside than we had predicted?
- Why do you think that our prediction didn't come true?
- What do you think we would find in our special spot in [another season]? Why do you think that?



Frame It – Part 4: Research Walk

Display graphs from the 3 prior parts of this investigation.

Children revisit each of the 3 spots where they collected data from inside their frames.

Ask questions that require using the related graph to answer:

- What color did we see the most of at the art table? How many items of that color were there?
- What color did we see the least of at the art table? How many of that color were there?
- Where on the graph did you look to answer these questions?

Questions and Discussion

- What questions or concerns do you have about implementing the investigation?
- Are there further adaptations needed due to COVID?
- What additional information or support would be helpful?

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