

# Search for long-lived particles decaying to jets with displaced vertices in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

A. M. Sirunyan *et al.*<sup>\*</sup>  
(CMS Collaboration)



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A search is presented for long-lived particles produced in pairs in proton-proton collisions at the LHC operating at a center-of-mass energy of 13 TeV. The data were collected with the CMS detector during the period from 2015 through 2018, and correspond to a total integrated luminosity of  $140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . This search targets pairs of long-lived particles with mean proper decay lengths between 0.1 and 100 mm, each of which decays into at least two quarks that hadronize to jets, resulting in a final state with two displaced vertices. No significant excess of events with two displaced vertices is observed. In the context of  $R$ -parity violating supersymmetry models, the pair production of long-lived neutralinos, gluinos, and top squarks is excluded at 95% confidence level for cross sections larger than  $0.08 \text{ fb}$ , masses between 800 and 3000 GeV, and mean proper decay lengths between 1 and 25 mm.

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## I. INTRODUCTION

Particles with lifetimes corresponding to macroscopically long decay lengths are common in models of physics beyond the standard model (SM). Models predicting the production of long-lived particles at the CERN LHC include  $R$ -parity violating (RPV) supersymmetry (SUSY) [1–4], split SUSY [5–11], hidden-valley models [12–14], stealth SUSY [15,16], and other models giving rise to dark matter candidates [17–24]. Searches for long-lived particles, therefore, probe a large beyond-the-SM parameter space.

The broad parameter space calls for an inclusive and model-independent search. This analysis searches for long-lived particles that are produced in pairs and decay into final states with multiple jets containing charged particles. Specifically, the analysis looks for a unique experimental signature consisting of two vertices, each formed from the intersection of multiple charged-particle trajectories and displaced from the interaction region but within the radius of the beam pipe (22 mm).

This analysis uses as benchmarks two signal models with distinct final states. The first is a minimal flavor violating model of RPV SUSY [2] in which the lightest SUSY particle (LSP) is a long-lived neutralino or gluino, either of which is pair produced. The long-lived particle then decays

into top, bottom, and strange quarks, as shown in Fig. 1 (upper), resulting in a “multijet” final-state signal topology. The second benchmark model is another RPV model in which the pair-produced top squark is the long-lived LSP [3]. Each squark decays into a pair of down-type quarks, resulting in a “dijet” final state signature, shown in Fig. 1 (lower).

The displaced vertices are reconstructed from charged-particle tracks using a custom vertex reconstruction algorithm. To discriminate the signal from SM backgrounds, we use the separation between the vertex pairs in the plane transverse to the beam direction. Signal events tend to have well-separated vertex pairs, while background events, whose vertices originate from track misreconstruction and therefore tend to cluster near the beam axis, typically exhibit little vertex separation.

We target signals with lifetimes corresponding to mean proper decay lengths ( $c\tau$ ) in the range from 0.1 to 100 mm. This search is primarily sensitive to models in which the mass of each long-lived particle exceeds approximately 600 GeV because of a trigger requiring large total jet transverse momentum.

The previous CMS displaced vertex search [25] was based on data collected in 2015 and 2016. This analysis is an extension of that search, utilizing events collected in 2017 and 2018, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $101 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . We then determine results based on the full Run-2 dataset, which spans from 2015 to 2018 and corresponds to a total integrated luminosity of  $140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . The CMS Collaboration upgraded its pixel tracking detector during the winter technical stop between the 2016 and 2017 running periods [26], providing improvements that benefit this analysis, which relies on high-quality tracks in

<sup>\*</sup>Full author list given at the end of the article.

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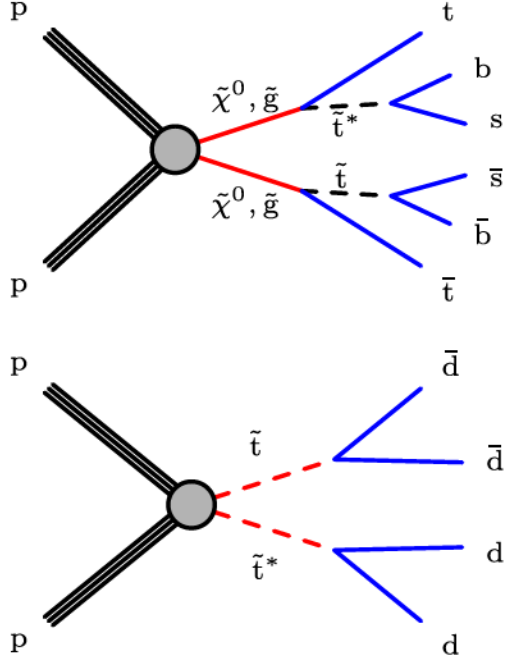


FIG. 1. Diagrams of the multijet signal model (upper) showing long-lived neutralinos ( $\tilde{\chi}^0$ ) or gluinos ( $\tilde{g}$ ) decaying into top, bottom, and strange quarks via virtual top squarks ( $\tilde{t}$ ), and the dijet signal model (lower) showing long-lived top and anti-top squarks decaying into two down-type quarks. In both cases, the long-lived particles are the LSPs in their respective models.

order to form vertices. While the overall analysis strategy remains the same as in the earlier analysis, the improved techniques used here further reduce background and improve estimations of systematic uncertainties. For example, a new technique to suppress background vertices arising from accidental track intersections from additional proton-proton ( $pp$ ) interaction vertices has been employed to reduce the number of background vertices by 40%; the uncertainty due to the presence of  $b$  quarks in the background template construction has been reduced from 41% to 6%; and new procedures provide a more accurate evaluation of signal efficiencies and their corresponding systematic uncertainties.

This analysis complements other searches for long-lived particles by the ATLAS and CMS experiments [27–29] in that it is highly sensitive to mean proper decay lengths between 0.1 and 15 mm. By requiring two reconstructed vertices inside the beam pipe, this search uniquely probes this region of parameter space using a set of stringent vertex and event selection criteria that results in a background-free search while retaining high signal efficiency for events containing pairs of long-lived particles.

The following sections address the CMS detector and event reconstruction (Sec. II), event samples and event preselection (Sec. III), vertex reconstruction (Sec. IV), the search strategy (Sec. V), determination of the signal efficiency (Sec. VI), construction of the background

template (Sec. VII), systematic uncertainties (Sec. VIII), results and statistical interpretation (Sec. IX), and, finally, a summary of our findings (Sec. X). An Appendix provides a method for applying these results to other models that predict long-lived particles decaying to final states with two or more jets. Tabulated results are provided in HEPData [30].

## II. THE CMS DETECTOR AND EVENT RECONSTRUCTION

The central feature of the CMS apparatus [31] is a superconducting solenoid of 6 m internal diameter, providing a magnetic field of 3.8 T. Within the solenoid volume are a silicon pixel and strip tracker, a lead tungstate crystal electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL), and a brass and scintillator hadron calorimeter (HCAL), each composed of a barrel and two endcap sections. Forward calorimeters extend the pseudorapidity ( $\eta$ ) coverage provided by the barrel and endcap detectors. Muons are detected in gas-ionization chambers embedded in the steel flux-return yoke outside the solenoid. Reference [31] provides a more detailed description of the CMS detector, together with a definition of the coordinate system used and the relevant kinematic variables.

The vertex reconstruction at the crux of this analysis relies on the innermost detector surrounding the beam pipe, the upgraded silicon tracker. The tracker detects charged particles with  $|\eta| < 3$ . Its innermost layer has a radius of 29 mm, and in total it has 1856 silicon pixel and 15148 silicon strip detector modules covering a total area of over 200 m<sup>2</sup>, making it the largest silicon detector ever constructed. For nonisolated particles with transverse momentum  $p_T$  in the range  $1 < p_T < 10$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 3$ , the track resolutions are typically 1.5% in  $p_T$  and 20–75  $\mu$ m in the transverse impact parameter ( $d_{xy}$ ), defined as the distance of closest approach in the  $x$ - $y$  plane with respect to the center of the luminous region [32,33]. The  $d_{xy}$  resolution is approximately 25% smaller than in earlier data sets, thanks to the silicon pixel tracker upgrade.

Events of interest are selected using a two-tiered trigger system [34]. The first level is composed of custom hardware processors used to select events at a rate of approximately 100 kHz, while the second level consists of a farm of processors running a version of the full event reconstruction software optimized for fast processing, and is used to reduce the event rate to about 1 kHz before data storage.

A particle-flow algorithm [35] aims to reconstruct and identify each individual particle in an event, with an optimized combination of information from the various elements of the CMS detector. The energy of photons is obtained from the ECAL measurement. The energy of electrons is determined from a combination of the electron momentum at the primary interaction vertex as determined by the tracker, the energy of the corresponding ECAL



cluster, and the energy sum of all bremsstrahlung photons spatially compatible with originating from the electron track. The energy of muons is obtained from their  $p_T$  and polar angle. The energy of charged hadrons is determined from a combination of their momenta measured in the tracker and the matching ECAL and HCAL energy deposits, corrected for the response function of the calorimeters to hadronic showers. Finally, the energy of neutral hadrons is obtained from the corresponding corrected ECAL and HCAL energies.

Jets are reconstructed offline from particle-flow candidates clustered using the anti- $k_T$  algorithm [36,37] with a distance parameter of 0.4. The jet momentum is determined as the vectorial sum of all particle momenta in the jet, and is found from simulation to be, on average, within 5% to 10% of the true momentum over the whole  $p_T$  spectrum and detector acceptance. Additional proton-proton interactions within the same or nearby bunch crossings (pileup) can contribute extra tracks and calorimetric energy depositions, increasing the apparent jet momentum. To mitigate this effect, tracks identified to be originating from pileup vertices are discarded and an offset correction is applied to correct for remaining contributions. Jet energy corrections are derived from simulation studies so that the average measured response of jets becomes identical to that of particle-level jets. In situ measurements of the momentum balance in dijet, photon + jet,  $Z$  + jet, and multijet events are used to determine any residual differences between the jet energy scales in data and simulation, and appropriate corrections are made [38]. We reject jets with parameters consistent with misidentified leptons, which may include misreconstructed electron or muon candidates [39]. To identify jets originating from  $b$  quark fragmentation ( $b$  jets), the “tight” working point of the DeepJet tagging algorithm is used, which has an identification efficiency for  $b$  jets from top quark decays with  $p_T > 30$  GeV of about 58% and a misidentification probability for light-flavor jets (from the fragmentation of  $u$ ,  $d$ ,  $s$  quarks and gluons) of about 0.1% [40–42].

Proton-proton interaction vertices are identified using high-quality tracks, and the one with the largest total physics-object  $p_T^2$  is taken to be the primary  $pp$  vertex, where the physics objects are the jets and missing transverse momentum associated with the vertex. The beam spot is identified with the mean position of the  $pp$  interaction vertices.

### III. EVENT SAMPLES AND EVENT PRESELECTION

Events in both data and simulation are selected using a trigger requiring  $H_T > 1050$  GeV, where  $H_T$  is the scalar sum of the jet  $p_T$  for jets with  $p_T > 40$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ . An offline requirement of  $H_T > 1200$  GeV is imposed, and for both data and simulated events satisfying this requirement, the trigger efficiency is greater than 98%. We also

require at least four reconstructed jets, each with  $p_T > 20$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ . Together, these requirements define the event preselection criteria.

Signal events were simulated using PYTHIA8.230 [43] with the NNPDF3.1LO [44] set of parton distribution functions (PDFs), and the CP2 tune [45] is used to model the underlying event. The samples are produced with ranges of masses (400–3000 GeV) and of  $c\tau$  (0.1–100 mm). The event preselection efficiency is greater than 96% for signal models where the mass of the long-lived particle is 1200 GeV or larger. For masses near 600 GeV, the event preselection efficiency is approximately 30%–50%.

Background events arising from SM processes that contain enough jet activity to satisfy the  $H_T$  trigger requirements come entirely from events with two or more jets produced through the strong interaction and events with pair-produced top quarks. These background samples are simulated using MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO2.4.2 [46] with the NNPDF3.0 [47] PDF set at leading order and with the MLM prescription [48] for combining matrix-element generators with parton showers. Simulation of the hadronization and showering is done with PYTHIA8.230 [43], with the CP5 [45] tune.

Both background and signal samples use a GEANT4-based [49] simulation for the CMS detector response. Simulated minimum-bias events are superimposed on the hard interaction in simulated events to match the observed pileup distribution in data.

### IV. VERTEX RECONSTRUCTION

The displaced vertices are formed from charged-particle “seed” tracks. To ensure that reconstructed tracks are of high quality, we require tracks to satisfy several criteria:  $p_T$  of at least 1 GeV; at least one associated signal measured in the innermost layer of the pixel detector and at least one signal in an additional pixel layer; and signals measured in at least six layers of the silicon strip detector. These requirements result in a mean uncertainty in the transverse impact parameter of the tracks with respect to the beam spot of around 72  $\mu\text{m}$ . Finally, the magnitude of the impact parameter in the transverse plane divided by its uncertainty, denoted  $d_{xy}/\sigma_{d_{xy}}$ , is required to be at least 4. This condition favors tracks with large impact parameters, thereby suppressing the SM background from tracks originating from the primary vertex.

The next step in the vertex reconstruction procedure is to generate seed vertices from all pairs of seed tracks. The Kalman filter method [50–52] is used to form a vertex from two or more tracks. The vertex is considered valid if its  $\chi^2$  per degree of freedom is less than 5. If two vertices share a track and the three-dimensional distance between the vertex pair is less than 4 times the uncertainty in that distance, a vertex fit is applied to the complete set of tracks from both

TABLE I. Event yields in the control samples in data. The “one-vertex” events correspond to events containing exactly one vertex with the specified number of tracks. The “two-vertex” events have two or more vertices containing the specified numbers of tracks. We seek the signal in the  $\geq 5$ -track two-vertex sample.

| Event category | 3-track | 4-track + 3-track | 4-track | $\geq 5$ -track |
|----------------|---------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|
| One-vertex     | 61818   | ...               | 14730   | 2211            |
| Two-vertex     | 185     | 101               | 12      | See Section IX  |

vertices. If the resulting fit satisfies the  $\chi^2$  requirement, the two vertices are replaced by one single merged vertex. Otherwise, the two vertices remain separated, requiring a track arbitration step to decide which vertex is assigned the shared track. The track arbitration depends on the value of the track’s three-dimensional impact parameter significance with respect to each of the vertices. If both impact parameters are within 1.5 standard deviations of both vertices, the shared track is assigned to the vertex with the larger number of tracks already; if the track has an impact parameter that is more than 5 standard deviations from either vertex, the shared track is removed from that vertex; otherwise, the shared track is assigned to the vertex to which it has the smaller impact parameter significance. When a track is dropped from a vertex, that vertex is refitted with its remaining tracks and replaced with a new vertex if the fit satisfies the  $\chi^2$  requirement; otherwise the vertex is removed entirely. Pairs of vertices are merged iteratively following this algorithm until no two vertices share a track.

Occasionally, a vertex is formed from the accidental intersection of tracks that originate from separate pileup vertices. To suppress these, we consider each track associated with a vertex and calculate the shift in vertex position after refitting the vertex with that track removed. If the vertex position shifts by at least  $50 \mu\text{m}$  along the beam axis, the track is permanently removed and the original vertex is replaced with this new refit vertex. This additional procedure is a new refinement in this analysis with respect to the previous CMS result and removes more than 40% of background vertices in simulation with minimal impact on signal efficiency.

We select vertices with features consistent with a signal vertex by requiring two vertices to satisfy several criteria: at least five tracks; an  $x$ - $y$  displacement from the beam axis, defined as  $d_{\text{BV}}$ , of at least  $100 \mu\text{m}$  to suppress background from displaced  $pp$  interaction vertices; an  $x$ - $y$  position within a radius of  $20.9 \text{ mm}$  to suppress background vertices arising from interactions with material; and an uncertainty in  $d_{\text{BV}}$  of less than  $25 \mu\text{m}$  to select vertices with a well-measured displacement and whose tracks have a large opening angle. This requirement on the  $d_{\text{BV}}$  uncertainty suppresses vertices from  $b$  jets, which tend to have narrow opening angles between the associated tracks due to the large boost of  $b$  hadrons relative to that of the massive

particles in the signal. The efficiency of the signal vertex reconstruction and selection criteria is discussed in Sec. VI.

Since the search focuses on signal models with pair-produced long-lived particles, we require that events have two vertices. Few events in the background contain one reconstructed displaced vertex; occurrences of higher vertex multiplicity events are even rarer. Simulations of background predict fewer than one event in the two-vertex search region for a data set corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $101 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . However, a reliable extraction of signal in data requires a more precise estimation of the background, which we evaluate using data as described in Sec. VII.

While signal vertices must have at least five tracks in order to suppress background, vertices composed of three or four tracks function as useful control samples to validate the background estimation method. As seen in Table I, events with a single 3- or 4-track vertex are more common than events with a  $\geq 5$ -track vertex by a factor of 30 or 6, respectively; moreover, the large background yield reduces the impact of any potential contamination by signal, so they provide a nearly pure background sample. As an example, for a multijet signal of mass  $1600 \text{ GeV}$  and mean proper decay length  $10 \text{ mm}$ , the expected signal contamination at the currently excluded cross section of  $0.15 \text{ fb}$  is below  $0.1\%$ , with about one event in the 3-track one-vertex sample and about two events in the  $\geq 5$ -track one-vertex sample. Distributions of event-level variables (e.g.,  $H_{\text{T}}$ , jet multiplicity) and vertex-level variables (e.g.,  $d_{\text{BV}}$ , uncertainty in  $d_{\text{BV}}$ ) are similar for background events with 3-, 4-, and  $\geq 5$ -track vertices in both simulation and data. Therefore, vertices with lower track multiplicity provide a reliable sample for validation of the analysis procedure applied to the  $\geq 5$ -track two-vertex sample.

## V. SEARCH STRATEGY

We select events that contain at least two vertices each with five or more tracks to search for pair-produced long-lived particles. We use the distance between two vertices in the  $x$ - $y$  plane, defined as  $d_{\text{VV}}$  and shown in Fig. 2, as the discriminating variable between signal and the SM background. In signal events, the pair-produced long-lived particles tend to be emitted back-to-back in the  $x$ - $y$  plane, resulting in larger vertex separations than in the

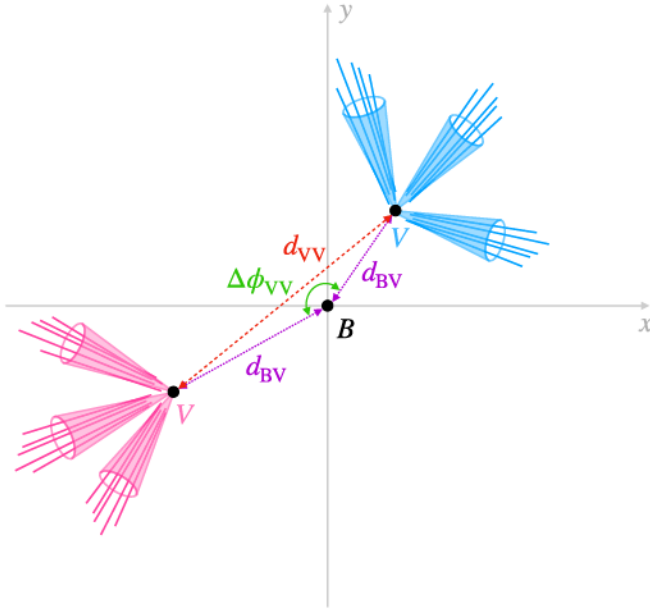


FIG. 2. Schematic diagram of an event with two signal vertices with the beam spot  $B$  at the origin. The beam direction is perpendicular to the  $x$ - $y$  plane shown. The distance between the vertices is defined as  $d_{VV}$ . The distance from the beam spot to the vertices is defined as  $d_{BV}$  and the angle between the vertex displacement vectors is defined as  $\Delta\phi_{VV}$ .

background, where  $d_{VV}$  tends to be small. In events with three or more vertices, the two vertices with the highest number of tracks are chosen for the  $d_{VV}$  calculation. If the number of tracks is equal, a mass value is assigned to the vertex, reconstructed from the momenta of the tracks associated with the vertex, and the one with the higher mass is chosen. However, in the 2017 and 2018 data, we observe no events with three or more vertices.

The  $d_{VV}$  distribution of the background cannot be reliably ascertained from simulations. The simulated SM samples are smaller than the data samples, and background vertices are sensitive to the misreconstruction of tracks, which is difficult to accurately replicate in simulation. Thus we construct a  $d_{VV}$  background template using one-vertex events in data, as described in Sec. VII, and validate the background estimate using the two-vertex control samples. Figure 3 compares the  $d_{VV}$  distributions for simulated multijet signals of various mean proper decay lengths and an LSP mass of 1600 GeV overlaid with the background template. The background peaks near 0.3 mm and has a 3% probability of appearing above 0.7 mm, where the signal yield would be significant.

Ultimately, the background and signal templates are fit to the  $d_{VV}$  distribution observed in data to extract the signal yield. The fit uses three  $d_{VV}$  bins: 0–0.4, 0.4–0.7, and 0.7–40 mm. This binning scheme maximizes the signal significance in models with mean proper decay lengths in the 0.1 to 100 mm range.

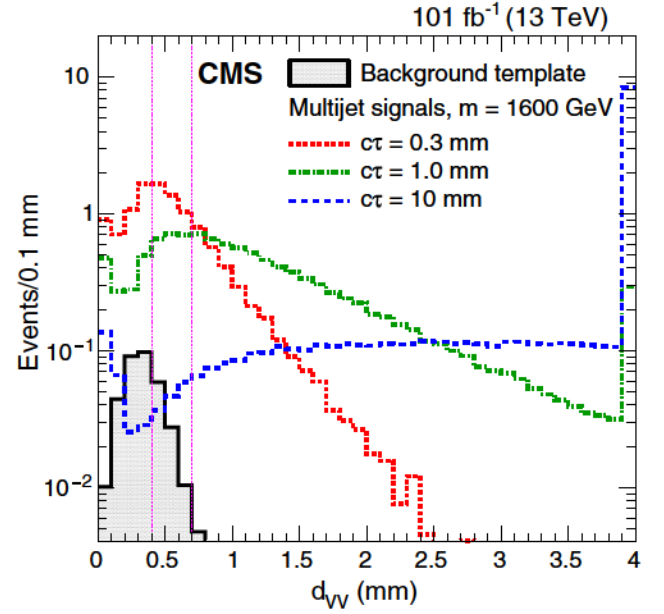


FIG. 3. The distribution of distances between vertices in the  $x$ - $y$  plane,  $d_{VV}$ , for three simulated multijet signals each with a mass of 1600 GeV, with the background template distribution overlaid. The production cross section for each signal model is assumed to be the lower limit excluded by Ref. [25], corresponding to values of 0.8, 0.25, and 0.15 fb for the samples with  $c\tau = 0.3$ , 1.0, and 10 mm, respectively. The last bin includes the overflow events. The two vertical pink dashed lines separate the regions used in the fit.

## VI. SIGNAL EFFICIENCY

To study the signal vertex reconstruction efficiency, we manually displace tracks from the primary vertex to produce artificial signal-like vertices in data and simulated SM events and then apply the reconstruction procedure. Starting from events with a well-reconstructed primary vertex that satisfy the trigger and offline preselection requirements, we randomly select reconstructed light-flavor parton or  $b$  quark jets that have  $p_T > 50$  GeV and at least four matched particle-flow candidate tracks. The jets are identified as light-flavor or  $b$  quark jets based on whether or not they satisfy the  $b$ -tagging criteria. The tracks associated with the selected jets are then displaced by a configurable distance in approximately the same direction as the vector sum of the selected jet momenta. The track impact parameter resolution in simulation is scaled to match data as a function of  $p_T$  and  $\eta$ . After track selection, vertex reconstruction, and vertex selection, we compute the fraction of events that contain a vertex reconstructed within  $84 \mu\text{m}$  of the expected location, a condition that is satisfied by 95% of vertices in signal simulation. This efficiency to reconstruct artificial vertices is comparable in simulated SM events to the vertex reconstruction efficiency in signal simulation, and reproduces the lifetime-dependence of the latter. The efficiency measured in data takes into account



the track selection efficiency, which evolved with changes to the operating conditions such as temporary inefficiencies in the pixel detector [53]. Any loss of efficiency to reconstruct tracks with large displacements is reproduced in the simulation within a few percent based on a study of  $K_S^0$  mesons. This small discrepancy is incorporated into the systematic uncertainties described in Sec. VIII.

For the dijet signals, we replicate the signal by displacing the tracks associated with two light-flavor jets. The efficiency is suppressed in events where the two jet momentum vectors are back-to-back and parallel to the displacement because of the large resulting uncertainty in vertex position. We therefore reweight the efficiency of these events relative to the others based on their relative proportions in the signal simulation. The differences in vertex reconstruction efficiency between data and simulation arise mainly from the modeling of the number of tracks satisfying the impact parameter requirement. These differences range from 5% for the longest lifetimes to 16% for the shortest.

For multijet signals, we displace the tracks associated with three light-flavor jets and two  $b$  quark jets, which replicates the most common neutralino or gluino final state. Here, the reconstruction efficiency reaches 50% in both data and simulation when six or seven seed tracks emanate from the vertex, and is over 90% efficient for a vertex with at least 12 seed tracks. Vertices with large displacements typically have more seed tracks than those near the beam axis, because tracks with large displacements are more likely to pass the track impact parameter significance requirement. This leads to vertex reconstruction efficiencies of approximately 50% (95%) for samples with mean proper decay lengths of 100  $\mu\text{m}$  (10 mm). On average, artificial vertices produced from data have two fewer seed tracks than those produced from simulated SM events, resulting in a lower vertex reconstruction efficiency in data for the short-lifetime samples. In the multijet case, after correcting for small differences in the track distributions of simulated events in the study and the signal, the vertex reconstruction efficiency difference between the data and simulation is between 0.1 and 14%, with better agreement at longer lifetimes. For simulated multijet signals with LSP mass of 1600 GeV that satisfy the event preselection requirements and decay within the fiducial region considered, the efficiency to reconstruct two vertices in an event ranges from about 60 to 95% for mean proper decay lengths of 0.3–30 mm, respectively.

The differences in the vertex reconstruction efficiencies between data and simulated SM events are used to correct the efficiency associated with each of the two displaced vertices in the signal events, resulting in a correction to the signal yield that primarily depends on the signal lifetime. A sample of these efficiency correction factors is provided in the Appendix.

Figure 4 shows the signal efficiency in both multijet and dijet signals after applying all event and vertex

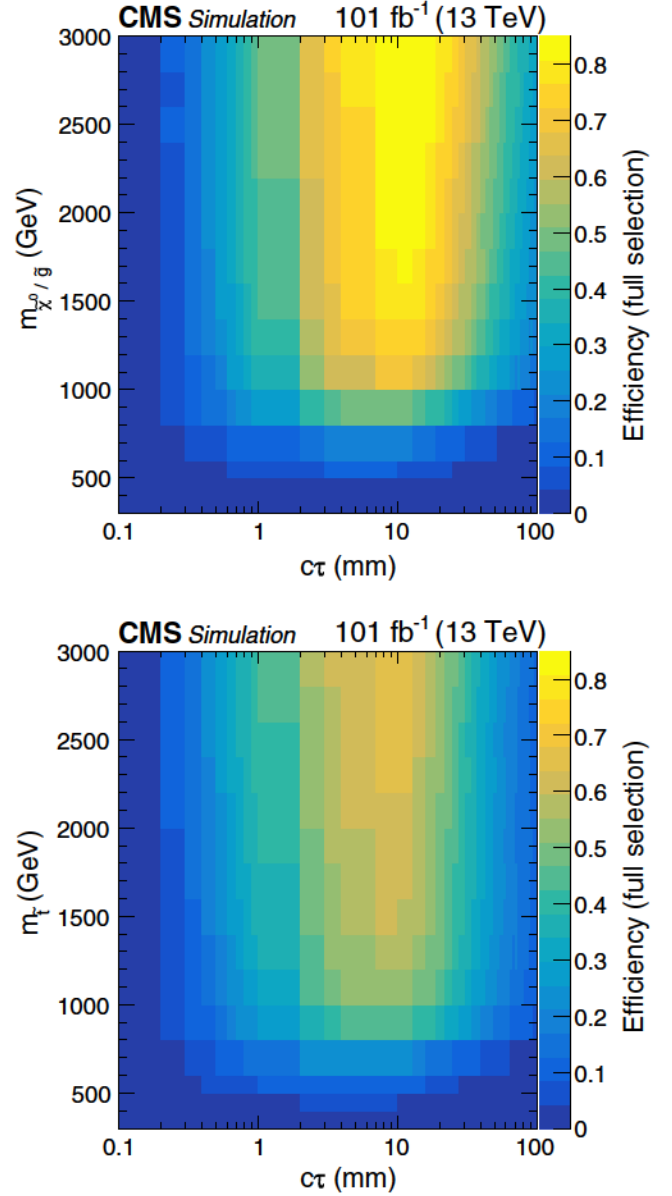


FIG. 4. Multijet (upper) and dijet (lower) signal efficiencies as a function of the signal mass and lifetime for events satisfying all event and vertex requirements, with corrections based on systematic differences in the vertex reconstruction efficiency between data and simulation.

requirements. The increase in the efficiency with mass comes from the higher probability of satisfying the trigger and offline  $H_T$  requirements, in addition to higher track multiplicity from the decay vertex. At small  $c\tau$ , the efficiency increases with lifetime while moving away from the prompt region, but decreases for large lifetimes because of the requirement that vertices lie within the beam pipe.

## VII. BACKGROUND TEMPLATE

In the background, most displaced vertices are spurious and include at least one poorly reconstructed track that

endows the vertex with a displacement away from the interaction point. Individual well-reconstructed  $b$  jets do not contribute a significant number of background vertices because of the stringent requirement on the vertex  $d_{\text{BV}}$  uncertainty. As a result, the primary background to this search comes from events containing two spurious displaced vertices. The displacements of these vertices are independent of one another, except for correlations due to events with  $b$  quarks. These correlations are handled with separate treatments of events with and without  $b$ -tagged jets. The independence of the two vertex displacements is a crucial feature, as it offers a method to predict the shape of the search variable distribution,  $d_{\text{VV}}$ , in two-vertex events by using information from events containing only one vertex. The constructed template, denoted as  $d_{\text{VV}}^{\text{C}}$ , provides the predicted two-vertex yields in each of the three  $d_{\text{VV}}$  search bins. Events with one vertex are more common than two-vertex events by a factor of 100 to 1000, as shown in Table I. This abundance of one-vertex events is used to create a template with high statistical precision.

A single value of  $d_{\text{VV}}^{\text{C}}$  is constructed from two values of  $d_{\text{BV}}$  randomly chosen from the  $d_{\text{BV}}$  distribution in one-vertex events, along with a random value of  $\Delta\phi_{\text{VV}}$ , which specifies the azimuthal angle between the vertex displacement vectors, as shown in Fig. 2. The sampling repeats until the number of entries in the  $d_{\text{VV}}^{\text{C}}$  template is 20 times the number of one-vertex events in data. The large sample size reduces the statistical uncertainty and increases the probability of adequately probing the tail of the  $d_{\text{BV}}$  distribution; further sampling provides no additional reduction to the statistical uncertainty. The details of the input variables to the  $d_{\text{VV}}^{\text{C}}$  template, along with corrections, are described in the following paragraphs.

The distributions of  $d_{\text{BV}}$  in  $\geq 5$ -track one-vertex events for data and for simulated signal samples of varying lifetimes are shown in Fig. 5. The effects of signal contamination at the maximum level consistent with existing upper limits on the signal cross sections are negligible because of the much larger one-vertex background at low  $d_{\text{BV}}$ .

The distribution of azimuthal angles between all possible pairs of jets in an event, denoted as  $\Delta\phi_{\text{JJ}}$ , has a preference for high-angle separations and roughly corresponds to the distribution of  $\Delta\phi_{\text{VV}}$  for events with two low-track-multiplicity vertices. Since the  $\Delta\phi_{\text{JJ}}$  distribution is consistent across events containing vertices with different track multiplicities, the  $\Delta\phi_{\text{JJ}}$  distribution for the large sample of 3-track one-vertex events is used to sample a  $\Delta\phi_{\text{VV}}$  angle for the  $d_{\text{VV}}^{\text{C}}$  template construction.

The vertex reconstruction procedure merges nearby vertices, suppressing small values of  $d_{\text{VV}}$ . To capture this behavior in the template, we correct the  $d_{\text{VV}}^{\text{C}}$  template using the survival efficiency of vertex pairs as a function of their separation. This efficiency is estimated in data from the

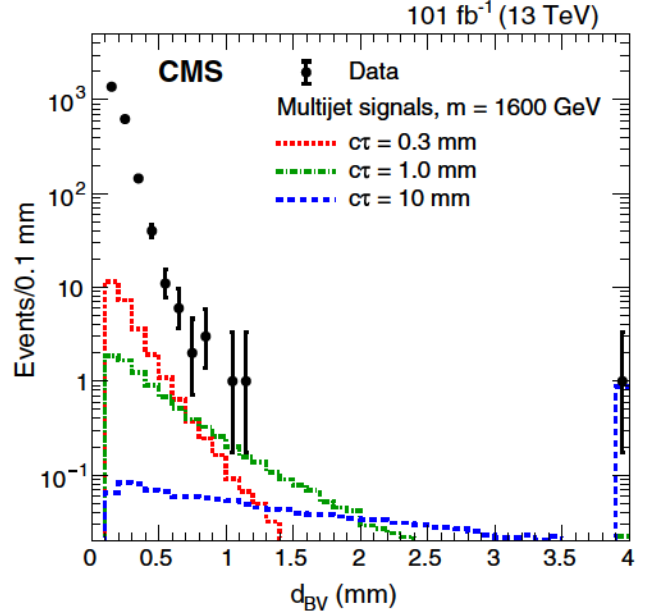


FIG. 5. The distribution of  $d_{\text{BV}}$  for  $\geq 5$ -track one-vertex events in data and three simulated multijet signal samples each with a mass of 1600 GeV. The production cross section for each signal model is assumed to be the lower limit excluded by Ref. [25], corresponding to values of 0.8, 0.25, and 0.15 fb for the samples with  $c\tau = 0.3, 1.0$ , and 10 mm, respectively. The last bin includes the overflow events. This bin includes one event in data with a vertex with large  $d_{\text{BV}}$  that appears to arise from tracks originating from separate  $pp$  interaction vertices, consistent with background.

fraction of initial 3-track vertex pairs that remain after merging.

Single  $b$  jet vertices rarely satisfy the requirement on the  $d_{\text{BV}}$  uncertainty because the narrow collimation of tracks from the  $b$  jet results in poor  $d_{\text{BV}}$  resolution. However, events with  $b$  quarks are four times more likely to have a displaced vertex than those without because the  $b$  jet tracks are more likely to satisfy the  $d_{xy}/\sigma_{d_{xy}}$  requirement. Moreover, in simulated background samples,  $b$  quark events are observed to have vertices with larger  $d_{\text{BV}}$  on average by 10%–20%. Thus, events with  $b$  quark pairs introduce correlations in the  $d_{\text{BV}}$  of vertex pairs that are not captured in the template construction, which pairs vertices associated with light-flavor or  $b$  quark jets at random. This effect is handled by constructing separate  $d_{\text{VV}}^{\text{C}}$  templates for events with and without a  $b$ -tagged jet. These templates are combined into a single template by weighting them according to the expected fraction of two-vertex events with and without  $b$  quarks. The percentage of  $b$  quark events is determined in simulation by using the  $b$  jet identification efficiencies and misidentification probabilities (58% and 0.1% on average, respectively), along with their corresponding data-to-simulation correction factors, to relate  $b$ -tagged events to  $b$  quark events. The percentages of  $b$  quark events are 85, 89, and 95% in 3-, 4-, and



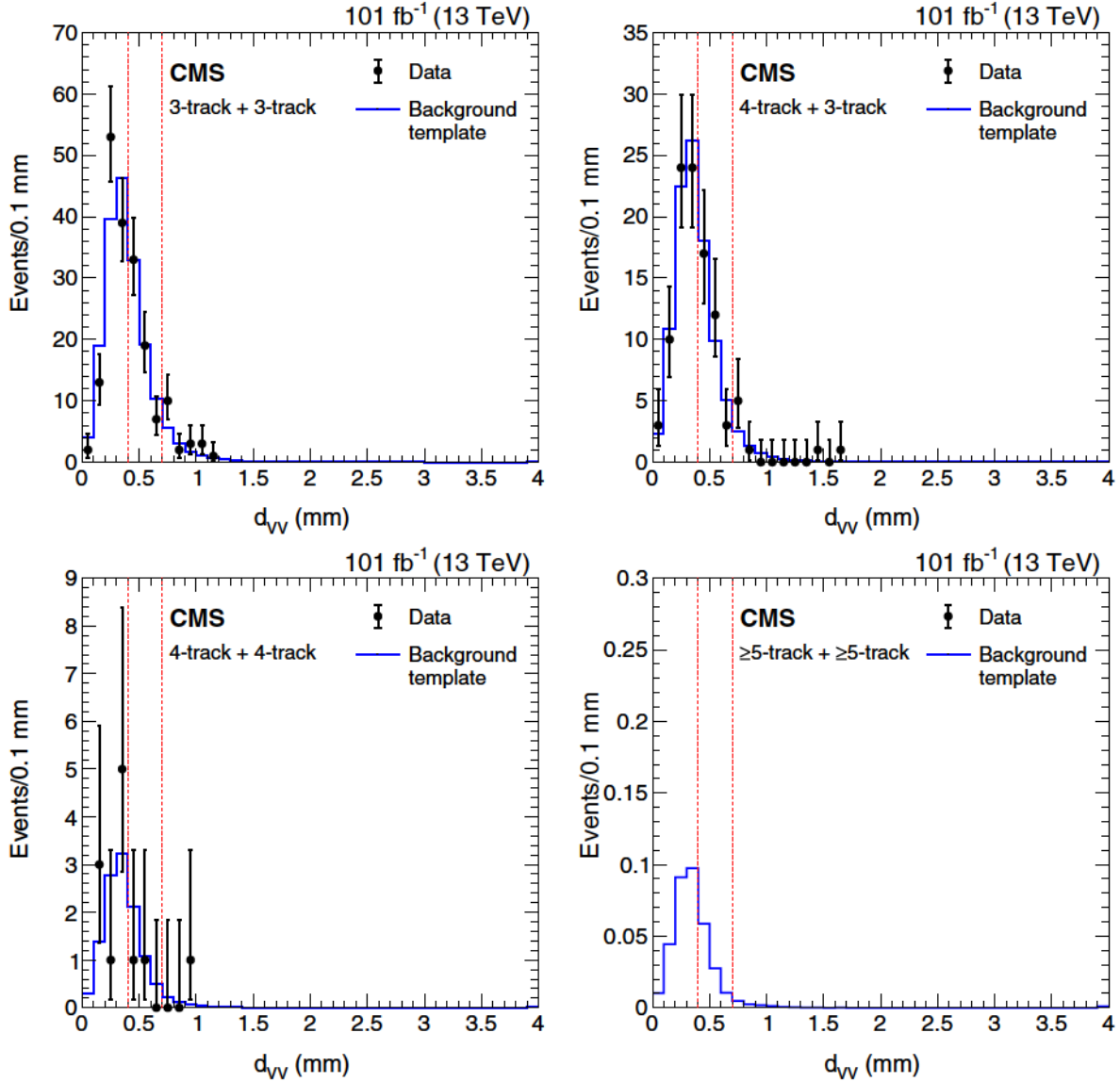


FIG. 6. Distribution of the  $x$ - $y$  distances between vertices,  $d_{VV}$ , for 2017 and 2018 data. The background distribution  $d_{VV}^C$  (blue continuous line) is constructed from one-vertex events in data, and is normalized to the number of two-vertex events in data with two 3-track vertices (upper left), events which have exactly one 4-track vertex and one 3-track vertex (upper right), and events with two 4-track vertices (lower left). The background distribution  $d_{VV}^C$  for  $\geq 5$ -track two-vertex events (lower right) is normalized using one-vertex event information. The two vertical red dashed lines separate the regions used in the fit.

$\geq 5$ -track two-vertex events, respectively. This procedure leads to a 53% enhancement in the yield in the third  $d_{VV}^C$  bin (0.7–40 mm).

For the normalizations of the signal and background templates, we extract the signal yield from a fit to the observed  $d_{VV}$  distribution. In the background-only fit, which is also used to fit data in the control samples, the template is normalized to the total two-vertex event yield observed in data, thus providing a background prediction in each of the three  $d_{VV}$  bins. In situations in which no two-vertex events are observed, the template is normalized using a procedure similar to that used to construct the template shape; this relies on information from one-vertex

events and the assumption that displaced vertices in background events are independent of one another. The normalization is then calculated by combining the trigger and preselection efficiencies with the squared vertex reconstruction efficiency for events with and without  $b$  quarks, corrected for the survival efficiency of nearby vertex pairs. We validate this procedure using the control samples, where the ratios of the observed yields to the predicted yields are  $1.02^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$ ,  $1.11^{+0.12}_{-0.11}$ , and  $1.05^{+0.40}_{-0.30}$  for events with two 3-track vertices, exactly one 4- and one 3-track vertex, and two 4-track vertices, respectively.

Figure 6 compares the background templates to the observed two-vertex  $d_{VV}$  distributions. In the control



samples, the yields in each of the three  $d_{VV}^C$  bins in data are consistent with predictions from the template. The results in the signal region are discussed in Sec. IX.

## VIII. SYSTEMATIC UNCERTAINTIES

### A. Systematic uncertainties in signal reconstruction

Since the fit uses signal  $d_{VV}$  templates from simulation, potential differences between data and simulation give rise to systematic uncertainties. The dominant uncertainty comes from the vertex reconstruction efficiency, with other effects such as the PDF and strong coupling constant  $\alpha_s$  uncertainties in the simulation, pileup, jet energy resolution and scale, integrated luminosity, trigger efficiency, and run conditions providing smaller contributions.

We assign a systematic uncertainty associated with the correction to the signal vertex reconstruction efficiency described in Sec. VI based on the following considerations: sensitivity to the number and flavor of selected jets, the distribution of vertex displacements, the fraction of selected jets with back-to-back momentum vectors for dijet signals, and other smaller effects. This systematic uncertainty, which is always equal to or larger than the size of the correction, falls within the ranges of 11%–41% for dijet signals and 1%–36% for multijet signals, with the largest uncertainties at low masses and short mean proper decay lengths.

The remaining systematic uncertainties related to the signal efficiency are much smaller. The impact of the PDF uncertainty is estimated using simulation samples generated with reweighted NNPDF replica sets [54] and the parton shower  $\alpha_s$  uncertainty is evaluated using variations of the renormalization scale and nonsingular terms, separately for initial- and final-state radiation [55]. Together, the PDF and  $\alpha_s$  uncertainties yield a range of uncertainty between 1% and 8%, depending primarily on the signal mass because of the underlying uncertainty in the parton luminosities, which varies with the particle mass [44]. Variations to the renormalization and factorization scales at

the matrix-element level have a negligible impact on the signal efficiency.

The uncertainty in the integrated luminosity is 2.3% in 2017 [56] and 2.5% in 2018 [57]. Uncertainties in the jet energy scale can affect the probability of satisfying the offline  $H_T$  and jet  $p_T$  requirements. Variations of the jet energy scale result in changes in the signal efficiency of 5% or less for all signal sample masses and lifetimes. Similarly, variations of the jet energy resolution result in differences of 2% or less in the signal efficiency. The uncertainty in the signal efficiency due to pileup is 2%. The trigger efficiency differences between data and simulation contribute an uncertainty of 1%. Certain run conditions during the data collection led to inefficiencies in the electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters affecting jets in parts of the detector, ultimately contributing 1% uncertainty for each separate issue.

Table II summarizes the systematic uncertainties related to the signal models. We assume no correlations between the different contributions and obtain an overall systematic uncertainty by adding each value in quadrature.

### B. Systematic uncertainties in the background template

Systematic uncertainties in the background template come from effects that modify the shape of the constructed  $d_{VV}^C$  distribution away from the shape of the true two-vertex  $d_{VV}$  distribution. The 3-track vertex control sample provides a statistically precise way to assess these differences. Thus, within each of the three bins in the  $d_{VV}^C$  template in the 3-track vertex control sample, we evaluate the ratio of the yield predicted by the template to the observed 3-track two-vertex yield in data, referred to as the closure. The deviation from unity, added in quadrature with its statistical uncertainty, is used as a measure of the systematic uncertainty for each  $d_{VV}^C$  bin. We find that the  $d_{VV}/d_{VV}^C$  ratios are  $0.99 \pm 0.10$  in the 0–0.4 mm bin,  $0.93 \pm 0.12$  in the 0.4–0.7 mm bin, and  $1.38 \pm 0.32$  in the 0.7–40 mm bin.

TABLE II. Signal-related systematic uncertainties for dijet and multijet signal models. The total uncertainty is the sum in quadrature of the individual components. The ranges presented reflect differences among the various signal mass and lifetime hypotheses, as well as differences between the 2017 and 2018 data.

| Systematic effect              | Dijet uncertainty (%) | Multijet uncertainty (%) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Vertex reconstruction          | 11–41                 | 1–36                     |
| PDF and $\alpha_s$ uncertainty | 1–8                   | 1–8                      |
| Integrated luminosity          | 2–3                   | 2–3                      |
| Jet energy scale               | 5                     | 5                        |
| Jet energy resolution          | 2                     | 2                        |
| Pileup                         | 2                     | 2                        |
| Trigger efficiency             | 1                     | 1                        |
| Changes in run conditions      | 1                     | 1                        |
| Total                          | 13–42                 | 7–36                     |

TABLE III. Systematic uncertainties in the background prediction in each  $d_{VV}^C$  bin arising from varying the construction of the  $d_{VV}^C$  template. The total systematic uncertainty in each bin is the sum in quadrature of the values, assuming no correlations among the sources.

| Systematic effect                                             | Systematic uncertainty (%) |            |           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|
|                                                               | 0–0.4 mm                   | 0.4–0.7 mm | 0.7–40 mm |
| Closure in 3-track control sample                             | 10                         | 14         | 50        |
| $\geq 5$ -track template normalization factor                 | 24                         | 24         | 24        |
| Difference from 3-track vertices to $\geq 5$ -track vertices: |                            |            |           |
| Modeling of vertex pair survival efficiency                   | 9                          | 20         | 25        |
| Modeling of $\Delta\phi_{VV}$                                 | 3                          | 6          | 6         |
| Variation of $b$ quark fraction                               | 1                          | 3          | 6         |
| Variation of $b$ tagging correction factors                   | 0.5                        | 0.5        | 1         |
| Total                                                         | 28                         | 35         | 61        |

The normalization of the background template is calculated following the same principle as the template itself. Thus, the same variations are taken to assess the systematic uncertainty in the normalization factor. The dominant contributor driving the size of this uncertainty is the vertex pair survival efficiency correction. This systematic uncertainty is assigned equally to all three bins.

The assumption that the closure in 3-track events implies closure in  $\geq 5$ -track events is tested with variations of the different inputs and corrections to the template. The template shape is particularly sensitive to the vertex pair survival efficiency correction, which uses the  $d_{VV}$ -dependent efficiency for vertex pairs to survive. To vary this procedure and derive an alternative efficiency curve, we consider seed vertices formed from all possible combinations of five tracks. We construct the  $d_{VV}^C$  template with the resulting efficiency curve using this variation and assign the relative difference per bin of the template as the systematic uncertainty.

When constructing the background template, the angular separation between vertices  $\Delta\phi_{VV}$  is modeled from the  $\Delta\phi_{JJ}$  distribution in 3-track vertices. The  $\Delta\phi_{JJ}$  distributions in  $\geq 5$ -track one-vertex events and 3-track one-vertex events are consistent, but this does not exclude differences in the angles between jets and vertices. To gauge this effect, we construct the template by sampling

the  $\Delta\phi_{VV}$  value from a uniform distribution. The relative difference of the resulting template from the nominal template in each  $d_{VV}^C$  bin is taken as the systematic uncertainty.

The  $b$  tagging efficiencies and misidentification probabilities are determined using simulated events in the phase space relevant to this analysis, and efficiency correction factors are applied to match those observed in data. We vary these corrections within the limits allowed by measurements of the  $p_T$ -dependent  $b$  tagging efficiency [41] and take the relative difference between the resulting templates as the systematic uncertainty. Similarly, we vary the  $b$  quark fraction in  $\geq 5$ -track vertex events within the ranges observed in 3- and 4-track vertex events, assigning the systematic uncertainty as the relative difference in the resulting template.

Table III summarizes the systematic uncertainty for each of these components for each  $d_{VV}$  bin. We assume no correlations between these different effects and add all values in quadrature to obtain the overall systematic uncertainty in each bin. To preserve the normalization of the template, the limits are computed assuming that the first bin, which contains most of the background events, has a background systematic uncertainty that is anti-correlated with those in the second and third bins. Additionally, each bin is fully correlated across the different data taking

TABLE IV. Predicted yields for the background-only normalized template, predicted yields for three simulated multijet signals each with a mass of 1600 GeV, and the observed yield in each  $d_{VV}$  bin. The production cross section for each signal model is assumed to be the lower limit excluded by Ref. [25], corresponding to values of 0.8, 0.25, and 0.15 fb for samples with  $c\tau = 0.3, 1.0$ , and 10 mm, respectively. The uncertainties in the signal yields and the systematic uncertainties in the background prediction reflect the systematic uncertainties given in Tables II and III, respectively.

| $d_{VV}$ range | Predicted background yield                            | Predicted multijet signal yields |               |                 | Observed |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|
|                |                                                       | 0.3 mm                           | 1.0 mm        | 10 mm           |          |
| 0–0.4 mm       | $0.243 \pm 0.003(\text{stat}) \pm 0.061(\text{syst})$ | $4.4 \pm 0.5$                    | $1.5 \pm 0.1$ | $0.26 \pm 0.02$ | 0        |
| 0.4–0.7 mm     | $0.097 \pm 0.003(\text{stat}) \pm 0.032(\text{syst})$ | $4.1 \pm 0.5$                    | $2.1 \pm 0.2$ | $0.14 \pm 0.01$ | 0        |
| 0.7–40 mm      | $0.012 \pm 0.001(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst})$ | $3.0 \pm 0.3$                    | $7.6 \pm 0.7$ | $12 \pm 1$      | 0        |



periods, with the statistical components of each bin assumed to be uncorrelated.

## IX. RESULTS AND STATISTICAL INTERPRETATION

Table IV summarizes the predicted  $\geq 5$ -track two-vertex event yields in each of the three  $d_{VV}$  bins from the background and signal templates for three multijet signal lifetime points, as well as the observation in data. No  $\geq 5$ -track two-vertex events were observed in the 2017 and 2018 data.

To extract the signal yield from the data, we perform a binned shape fit using an extended maximum likelihood with three  $d_{VV}$  bins. Signal  $d_{VV}$  templates come directly from simulation with a template for each signal model, mass, and lifetime point. The background  $d_{VV}^C$  template is constructed from the one-vertex events in data. The overall normalizations of the signal and background templates are free parameters of the fit under the constraint that the signal yield is not negative. The results obtained from the fit depend on the relative yields in the three  $d_{VV}$  bins and their systematic uncertainties. The 2017 and 2018 data sets are treated independently and combined in the fit.

The upper limits on the signal cross section are determined by first assuming a uniform Bayesian prior for the cross section. For each signal mass and lifetime point, the signal efficiency is constrained by a log-normal prior with a

corresponding width as determined from the overall systematic uncertainty in the signal processes as summarized in Table II. The shape uncertainty in the signal template arises from the statistical uncertainty in the simulation. For the background template, a log-normal prior is taken for each  $d_{VV}^C$  bin for each year with widths specified in Table III.

The final fit combines the observed yields and background templates from the 2015–2018 data sets to achieve the full Run-2 result. The correlations between the old and new data sets are treated in the same way as the correlations between the 2017 and 2018 data sets. Figure 7 shows, for the full Run-2 result, the 95% confidence level (C.L.) upper limits on the product of the pair-production cross section and the square of the branching fraction ( $\sigma B^2$ ), as a function of mass and mean proper decay length. The exclusion curves overlaid use the neutralino production cross sections computed at next-to-leading-order (NLO) and next-to-leading-logarithm (NLL) precision in a limit of mass-degenerate higgsino states  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , with all of the other sparticles assumed to be heavy and decoupled [58,59]. For the gluino and top squark, the mass-dependent production cross sections are computed at next-to-NLO<sub>approx</sub> and next-to-NLL precision [60–62]. For all models, we assume a 100% branching fraction to the specified decay mode.

For the long-lived gluino, neutralino, and top squark in the RPV models described, pair-production cross sections

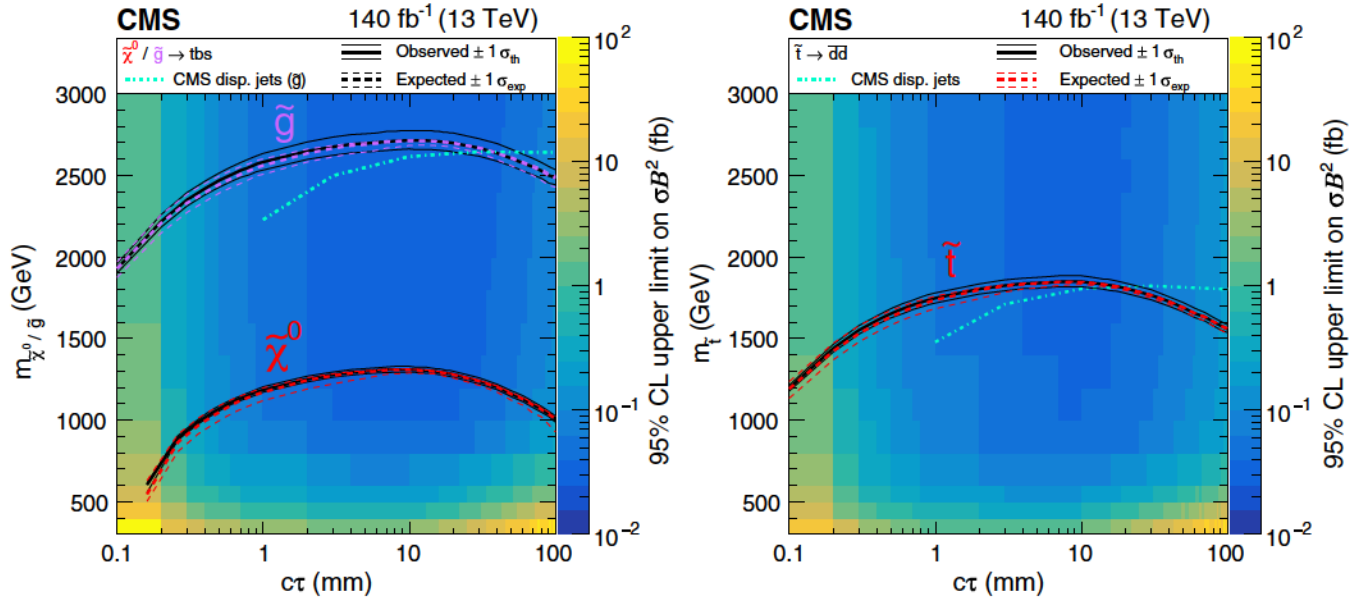


FIG. 7. Observed 95% C.L. upper limits on the product of cross section and branching fraction squared for the multijet (left) and dijet (right) signals, as a function of mass and  $c\tau$ . The overlaid mass-lifetime exclusion curves assume pair-production cross sections for the neutralino (red) and gluino (purple) in multijet signals and top squark cross sections for the dijet signals with 100% branching fraction to each model's respective decay mode specified. The solid black (dashed colored) lines represent the observed (median expected) limits at 95% C.L.. The thin black lines represent the variation of the observed limit within theoretical uncertainties of the signal cross section. The thin dashed colored lines represent the region containing 68% of the expected limit distribution under the background-only hypothesis. The observed limits from the CMS displaced jets search [29] are also shown in teal for comparison.

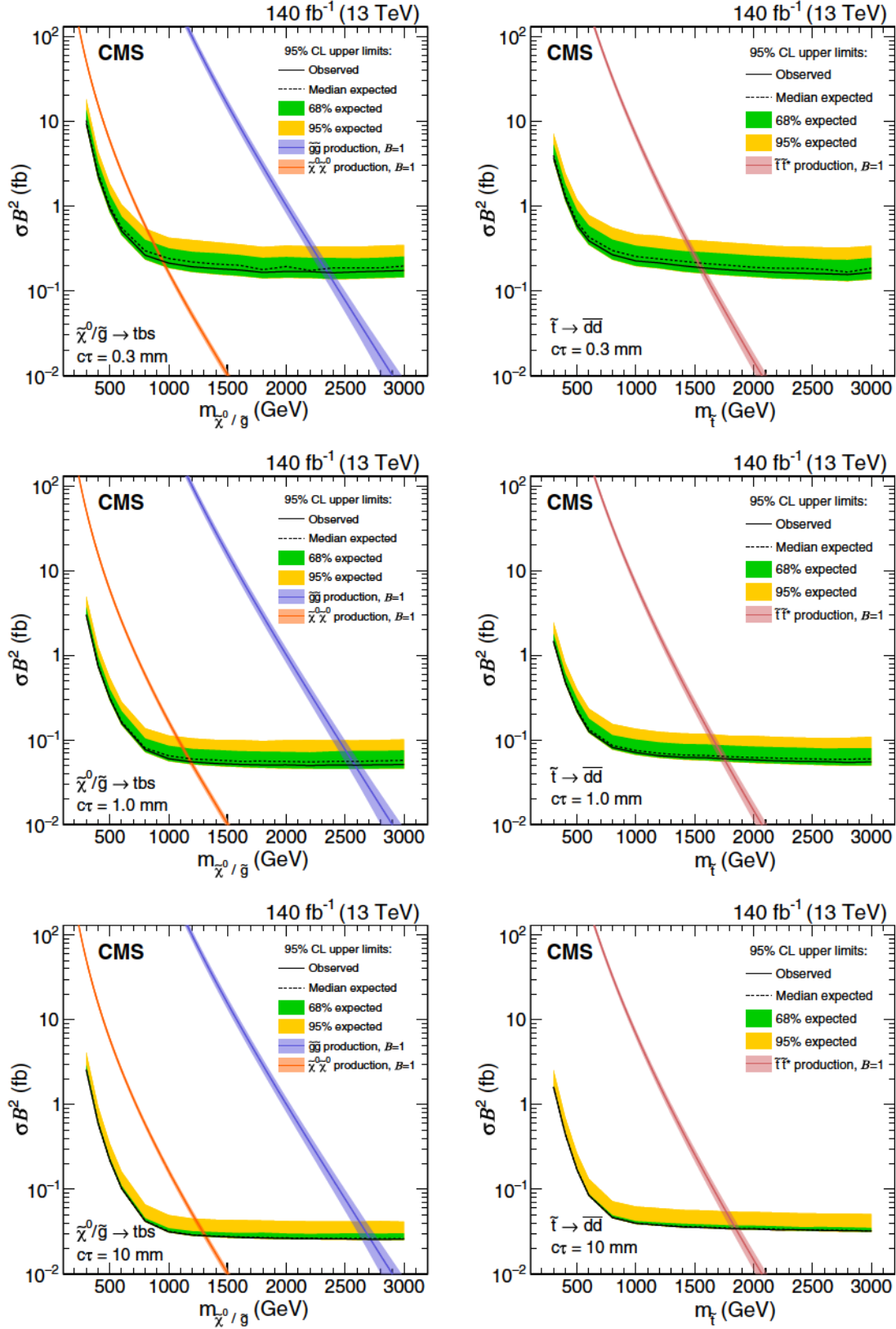


FIG. 8. Observed and expected 95% C.L. upper limits on the product of cross section and branching fraction squared, as a function of mass for multijet signals (left) and dijet signals (right), for a fixed  $c\tau$  of 0.3 mm (upper), 1 mm (middle), and 10 mm (lower) in the full Run-2 data set. The neutralino and gluino pair production cross sections are shown for the multijet signals, and the top squark pair-production cross section is shown for the dijet signals.

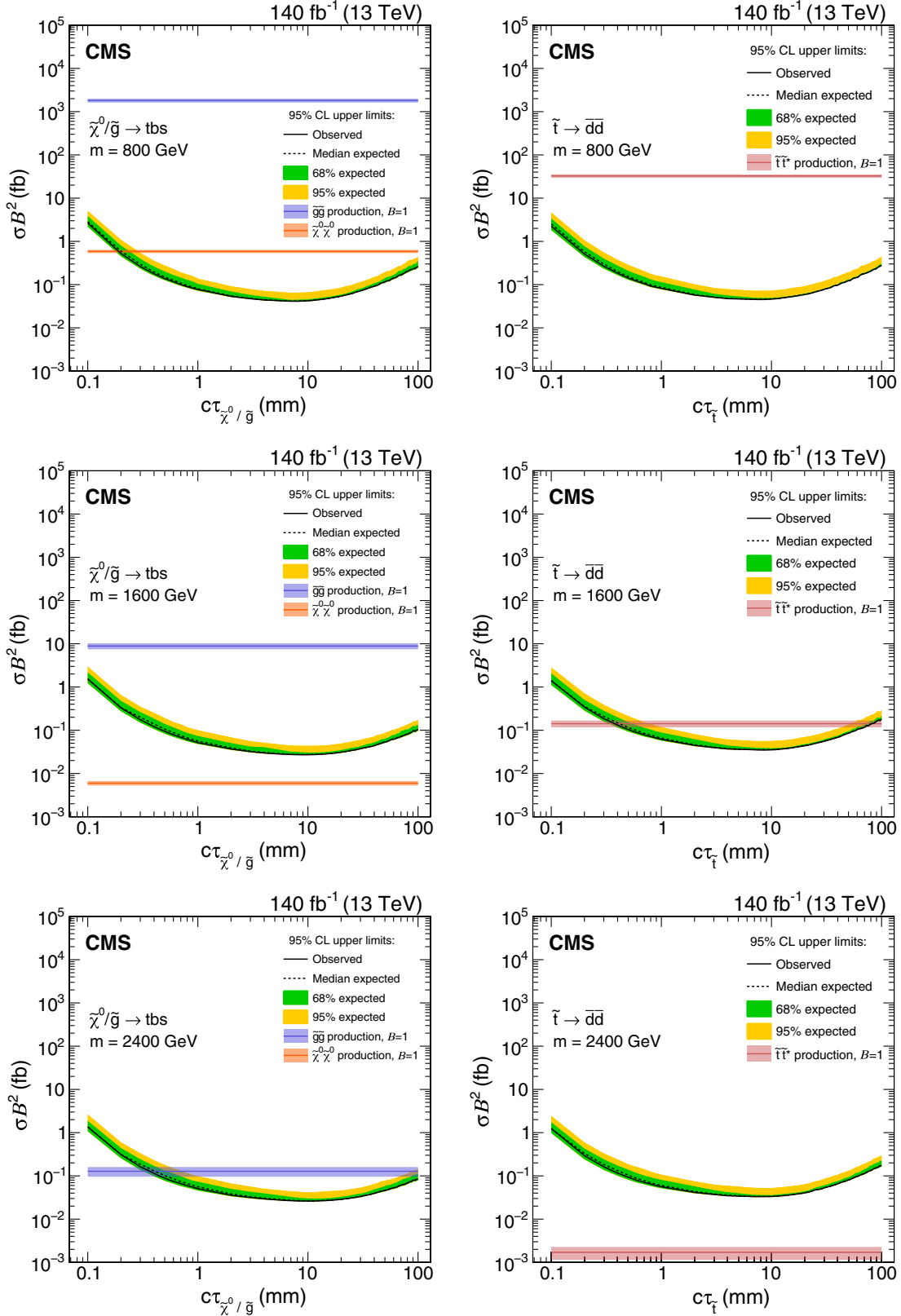


FIG. 9. Observed and expected 95% C.L. upper limits on the product of cross section and branching fraction squared, as a function of  $c\tau$  for multijet signals (left) and dijet signals (right), for a fixed mass of 800 GeV (upper), 1600 GeV (middle), and 2400 GeV (lower) in the full Run-2 data set. The neutralino and gluino pair production cross sections are shown for the multijet signals, and the top squark pair-production cross section is shown for the dijet signals. For  $m = 2400$  GeV, the expected neutralino cross section is  $\approx 8 \times 10^{-5}$  fb and is not shown.



larger than 0.08 fb are excluded for masses between 800 and 3000 GeV and mean proper decay lengths between 1 and 25 mm. For mean proper decay lengths between 0.6 and 90 mm, the data exclude gluino masses up to 2500 GeV; for mean proper decay lengths between 0.6 and 70 mm, the data exclude neutralino masses up to 1100 GeV; and for mean proper decay lengths between 0.4 and 80 mm, the data exclude top squark masses up to 1600 GeV. These exclusions are 250–300 GeV higher than in the previous analysis [25] and are the most stringent bounds on these models for mean proper decay lengths between 0.1 and 15 mm for all masses considered. In contrast, prompt searches have only excluded pair-produced prompt gluinos decaying into trijet final states for masses up to 1500 GeV and prompt top squarks decaying into dijet final states for masses up to 520 GeV [63,64]. The potential long lifetime of the particle provides a handle to reduce the background and allows this search to have better sensitivity to larger masses.

Figure 8 shows one-dimensional slices of the upper limit as a function of mass for several values of  $c\tau$ . Similarly, Fig. 9 shows the upper limit as a function of  $c\tau$  for a selection of masses.

At a specific signal point, with a gluino with mass 1600 GeV and mean proper decay length  $c\tau$  of 10 mm, the computed 95% C.L. upper limit on  $\sigma\mathcal{B}^2$  in the 2017 and 2018 data set alone is 0.04 fb, compared with the limit from the 2015 and 2016 data set of about 0.15 fb. The improvements arise primarily from the increase in statistical precision because of the increased integrated luminosity of  $101\text{ fb}^{-1}$  compared with  $38.5\text{ fb}^{-1}$ , in addition to the larger background estimated in the 2015 and 2016 data set due to the  $\geq 5$ -track two-vertex event observed in that data set. By combining these two data sets, the 95% C.L. upper limit for the same signal point is lowered to 0.03 fb.

These RPV SUSY models provide an illustrative interpretation of the data. However, the results may be applied to other models in which pairs of long-lived particles each decay into two or more jets in their final state. A set of instructions is contained in the Appendix, providing a method for applying the results of this analysis to other signal models.

## X. SUMMARY

A search for pair-produced long-lived particles decaying into multijet and dijet final states in proton-proton collisions collected with the CMS detector at a center-of-mass energy of 13 TeV has been described. No events in the signal region in the 2017 and 2018 data sets, and no excess yield beyond the standard model prediction in the full Run-2 data set, which corresponds to an integrated luminosity of  $140\text{ fb}^{-1}$ , are observed. This analysis extends a previous CMS search that used the 2015 and 2016 data sets, with improvements in background rejection, background estimation techniques, and uncertainty estimation.

At 95% confidence level, upper limits are set on an  $R$ -parity violating (RPV) supersymmetry (SUSY) model in which a long-lived neutralino or gluino decays into a multijet final state with top, bottom, and strange quarks. Signal pair-production cross sections larger than 0.08 fb are excluded for long-lived neutralino, gluino, and top squark masses between 800 and 3000 GeV and mean proper decay lengths between 1 and 25 mm. For the range of mean proper decay lengths between 0.6 and 90 mm, the data exclude gluino masses up to 2500 GeV. For the case where the lightest SUSY particle is a neutralino, the data exclude neutralino masses up to 1100 GeV for mean proper decay lengths between 0.6 and 70 mm. Additionally, limits are placed for an RPV SUSY model in which a long-lived top squark decays into a dijet final state with two down-type quarks. The data exclude top squark masses up to 1600 GeV for mean proper decay lengths between 0.4 and 80 mm. These results, which supersede those in Ref. [25], are the most stringent bounds on these models for mean proper decay lengths between 0.1 and 15 mm for all masses considered, and complement the results of the CMS displaced jets search [29]. While the search directly constrains these two RPV SUSY models, the techniques and methodology are generic and, as described in the Appendix, the results are applicable to other models of pair-produced long-lived particles that decay into jets.

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## APPENDIX: APPLYING THE RESULTS TO DIFFERENT MODELS

While the search presented specifically addresses two models of RPV SUSY, the results may be applied to other models in which the pair-produced long-lived particles each decay into two or more jets in the final state. Conversion of the upper limit on signal events to an upper limit on the corresponding signal cross section depends on the reconstruction efficiency for that model. In this section, we present a set of generator-level selection requirements that, when applied, approximate the reconstruction-level efficiency of this analysis and allow for reinterpretation of the results.

Event selection is based on the properties of generated jets in the event, as well as quarks and leptons produced in the decays of the long-lived particles. We assume that the generated jets are clustered from all final-state particles, excluding neutrinos, using the anti- $k_T$  algorithm with a distance parameter of 0.4. A jet is rejected if the fraction of energy shared by electrons is greater than 0.9, or similarly if the muon energy fraction is greater than 0.8. We apply additional kinematic requirements at the parton level to the  $u$ ,  $d$ ,  $s$ ,  $c$ , and  $b$  quarks in addition to the electron, muon, and tau leptons from the long-lived particle decay. These daughter particles must have a transverse impact parameter with respect to the origin of at least 0.1 mm. To be selected, generated jets and the daughter particles must satisfy  $p_T > 20$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ .

The following generator-level selection requirements approximate the reconstruction-level criteria:

- (i) Each event must contain at least four generated jets.
- (ii)  $H_T$  must be greater than 1200 GeV, where  $H_T$  is the scalar  $p_T$  sum of generated jets with  $p_T > 40$  GeV.
- (iii) The distance of the decay point from the origin in the  $x$ - $y$  plane of each generated long-lived particle must be within 0.1 and 20 mm.
- (iv) The  $\Sigma p_T$  of the daughter particles of each long-lived particle must exceed 350 GeV to ensure sufficiently small uncertainty in  $d_{BV}$  and sufficiently large number of tracks per vertex. However, if the daughter particle is a bottom quark, its  $\Sigma p_T$  is scaled down

TABLE V. Data-to-simulation efficiency correction factors, shown for multijet and dijet signal topologies in several ranges of  $c\tau$ . Note that these correction factors account for the two long-lived particles in the simulated events, and are therefore the total correction factors used to scale event yields rather than the correction factors one would apply to individual vertices.

|                                        | 0.1–0.3 mm | 0.3–1 mm | 1–10 mm | 10–100 mm |
|----------------------------------------|------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| Correction factor for multijet signals | 0.92       | 0.94     | 0.97    | 0.98      |
| Correction factor for dijet signals    | 0.75       | 0.79     | 0.82    | 0.84      |

by a factor of 0.65. This corrects for reduced reconstruction efficiency for bottom quarks due to their lifetime, which can inhibit the association of their decay products with the reconstructed vertex.

- (v) The transverse distance between the decay points of each long-lived particle must be greater than 0.4 mm.

Following this prescription, the generator-level efficiency approximates the reconstruction-level efficiency

with 20% accuracy for a wide variety of models. Finally, to correct for differences between data and simulation, the event yields must be scaled by the data-to-simulation efficiency correction factors provided in Table V, which approximate those described in Sec. VI. This was tested for models with both dijet and multijet final states for masses of 400–3000 GeV and mean proper decay lengths of 0.1–30 mm. This prescription has been validated only for models with efficiency greater than 10%.

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E. A. De Wolf,<sup>4</sup> X. Janssen,<sup>4</sup> T. Kello,<sup>4,d</sup> A. Lelek,<sup>4</sup> H. Rejeb Sfar,<sup>4</sup> P. Van Mechelen,<sup>4</sup> S. Van Putte,<sup>4</sup> N. Van Remortel,<sup>4</sup> F. Blekman,<sup>5</sup> E. S. Bols,<sup>5</sup> J. D'Hondt,<sup>5</sup> J. De Clercq,<sup>5</sup> S. Lowette,<sup>5</sup> S. Moortgat,<sup>5</sup> A. Morton,<sup>5</sup> D. Müller,<sup>5</sup> A. R. Sahasransu,<sup>5</sup> S. Tavernier,<sup>5</sup> W. Van Doninck,<sup>5</sup> P. Van Mulders,<sup>5</sup> D. Beghin,<sup>6</sup> B. Bilin,<sup>6</sup> B. Clerbaux,<sup>6</sup> G. De Lentdecker,<sup>6</sup> B. Dorney,<sup>6</sup> L. Favart,<sup>6</sup> A. Grebenyuk,<sup>6</sup> A. K. Kalsi,<sup>6</sup> K. Lee,<sup>6</sup> I. Makarenko,<sup>6</sup> L. Moureaux,<sup>6</sup> L. Pétré,<sup>6</sup> A. Popov,<sup>6</sup> N. Postiau,<sup>6</sup> E. Starling,<sup>6</sup> L. Thomas,<sup>6</sup> C. Vander Velde,<sup>6</sup> P. Vanlaer,<sup>6</sup> D. Vannerom,<sup>6</sup> L. 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Karimäki,<sup>34</sup> M. S. Kim,<sup>34</sup> R. Kinnunen,<sup>34</sup> T. Lampén,<sup>34</sup> K. Lassila-Perini,<sup>34</sup> S. Lehti,<sup>34</sup> T. Lindén,<sup>34</sup> H. Siikonen,<sup>34</sup> E. Tuominen,<sup>34</sup> J. Tuominiemi,<sup>34</sup> P. Luukka,<sup>35</sup> T. Tuuva,<sup>35</sup> C. Amendola,<sup>36</sup> M. Besancon,<sup>36</sup> F. Couderc,<sup>36</sup> M. Dejardin,<sup>36</sup> D. Denegri,<sup>36</sup> J. L. Faure,<sup>36</sup> F. Ferri,<sup>36</sup> S. Ganjour,<sup>36</sup> A. Givernaud,<sup>36</sup> P. Gras,<sup>36</sup> G. Hamel de Monchenault,<sup>36</sup> P. Jarry,<sup>36</sup> B. Lenzi,<sup>36</sup> E. Locci,<sup>36</sup> J. Malcles,<sup>36</sup> J. Rander,<sup>36</sup> A. Rosowsky,<sup>36</sup> M. Ö. Sahin,<sup>36</sup> A. Savoy-Navarro,<sup>36,r</sup> M. Titov,<sup>36</sup> G. B. Yu,<sup>36</sup> S. Ahuja,<sup>37</sup> F. Beaudette,<sup>37</sup> M. Bonanomi,<sup>37</sup> A. Buchot Perraguin,<sup>37</sup> P. Busson,<sup>37</sup> C. Charlot,<sup>37</sup> O. Davignon,<sup>37</sup> B. Diab,<sup>37</sup> G. Falgagne,<sup>37</sup> R. Granier de Cassagnac,<sup>37</sup> A. Hakimi,<sup>37</sup> I. Kucher,<sup>37</sup> A. Lobanov,<sup>37</sup> C. Martin Perez,<sup>37</sup> M. Nguyen,<sup>37</sup> C. Ochando,<sup>37</sup> P. Paganini,<sup>37</sup> J. Rembser,<sup>37</sup> R. Salerno,<sup>37</sup> J. B. Sauvan,<sup>37</sup> Y. Sirois,<sup>37</sup> A. Zabi,<sup>37</sup> A. Zghiche,<sup>37</sup> J.-L. Agram,<sup>38,s</sup> J. Andrea,<sup>38</sup> D. Apparú,<sup>38</sup> D. Bloch,<sup>38</sup> G. Bourgatte,<sup>38</sup> J.-M. Brom,<sup>38</sup> E. C. Chabert,<sup>38</sup> C. Collard,<sup>38</sup> D. Darej,<sup>38</sup> J.-C. Fontaine,<sup>38,s</sup> U. Goerlach,<sup>38</sup> C. Grimault,<sup>38</sup> A.-C. Le Bihan,<sup>38</sup> P. Van Hove,<sup>38</sup> E. Asilar,<sup>39</sup> S. Beauceron,<sup>39</sup> C. Bernet,<sup>39</sup> G. Boudoul,<sup>39</sup> C. Camen,<sup>39</sup> A. Carle,<sup>39</sup> N. Chanon,<sup>39</sup> D. Contardo,<sup>39</sup> P. Depasse,<sup>39</sup> H. El Mamouni,<sup>39</sup> J. Fay,<sup>39</sup> S. Gascon,<sup>39</sup> M. Gouzevitch,<sup>39</sup> B. Ille,<sup>39</sup> Sa. Jain,<sup>39</sup> I. B. Laktineh,<sup>39</sup> H. Lattaud,<sup>39</sup> A. Lesauvage,<sup>39</sup> M. Lethuillier,<sup>39</sup> L. Mirabito,<sup>39</sup> K. Shchablo,<sup>39</sup> L. Torterotot,<sup>39</sup> G. Touquet,<sup>39</sup> M. Vander Donckt,<sup>39</sup> S. Viret,<sup>39</sup> A. Khvedelidze,<sup>40,n</sup> Z. Tsamalaidze,<sup>40,n</sup> L. Feld,<sup>41</sup> K. Klein,<sup>41</sup> M. Lipinski,<sup>41</sup> D. Meuser,<sup>41</sup> A. Pauls,<sup>41</sup> M. P. Rauch,<sup>41</sup> J. Schulz,<sup>41</sup> M. Teroerde,<sup>41</sup> D. Eliseev,<sup>42</sup> M. Erdmann,<sup>42</sup> P. Fackeldey,<sup>42</sup> B. Fischer,<sup>42</sup> S. Ghosh,<sup>42</sup> T. Hebbeker,<sup>42</sup> K. Hoepfner,<sup>42</sup> H. Keller,<sup>42</sup> L. Mastrolorenzo,<sup>42</sup> M. Merschmeyer,<sup>42</sup> A. Meyer,<sup>42</sup> G. Mocellin,<sup>42</sup> S. Mondal,<sup>42</sup> S. Mukherjee,<sup>42</sup> D. Noll,<sup>42</sup> A. Novak,<sup>42</sup> T. Pook,<sup>42</sup> A. Pozdnyakov,<sup>42</sup> Y. Rath,<sup>42</sup> H. Reithler,<sup>42</sup> J. Roemer,<sup>42</sup> A. Schmidt,<sup>42</sup> S. C. Schuler,<sup>42</sup> A. Sharma,<sup>42</sup> S. Wiedenbeck,<sup>42</sup> S. Zaleski,<sup>42</sup> C. Dziwok,<sup>43</sup> G. Flügge,<sup>43</sup> W. Haj Ahmad,<sup>43,t</sup> O. Hlushchenko,<sup>43</sup> T. Kress,<sup>43</sup> A. Nowack,<sup>43</sup> C. Pistone,<sup>43</sup> O. Pooth,<sup>43</sup> D. Roy,<sup>43</sup> H. Sert,<sup>43</sup> A. Stahl,<sup>43,u</sup> T. Ziemons,<sup>43</sup> H. Aarup Petersen,<sup>44</sup> M. Aldaya Martin,<sup>44</sup> P. Asmuss,<sup>44</sup> I. Babounikau,<sup>44</sup> S. Baxter,<sup>44</sup> O. Behnke,<sup>44</sup> A. Bermúdez Martínez,<sup>44</sup> A. A. Bin Anuar,<sup>44</sup> K. Borras,<sup>44,v</sup> V. Botta,<sup>44</sup> D. Brunner,<sup>44</sup> A. Campbell,<sup>44</sup> A. Cardini,<sup>44</sup> P. Connor,<sup>44</sup> S. Consuegra Rodríguez,<sup>44</sup> V. Danilov,<sup>44</sup>

M. M. Defranchis,<sup>44</sup> L. Didukh,<sup>44</sup> D. Domínguez Damiani,<sup>44</sup> G. Eckerlin,<sup>44</sup> D. Eckstein,<sup>44</sup> L. I. Estevez Banos,<sup>44</sup> E. Gallo,<sup>44,w</sup> A. Geiser,<sup>44</sup> A. Giralaldi,<sup>44</sup> A. Grohsjean,<sup>44</sup> M. Guthoff,<sup>44</sup> A. Harb,<sup>44</sup> A. Jafari,<sup>44,x</sup> N. Z. Jomhari,<sup>44</sup> H. Jung,<sup>44</sup> A. Kasem,<sup>44,v</sup> M. Kasemann,<sup>44</sup> H. Kaveh,<sup>44</sup> C. Kleinwort,<sup>44</sup> J. Knolle,<sup>44</sup> D. Krücker,<sup>44</sup> W. Lange,<sup>44</sup> T. Lenz,<sup>44</sup> J. Lidrych,<sup>44</sup> K. Lipka,<sup>44</sup> W. Lohmann,<sup>44,y</sup> T. Madlener,<sup>44</sup> R. Mankel,<sup>44</sup> I.-A. Melzer-Pellmann,<sup>44</sup> J. Metwally,<sup>44</sup> A. B. Meyer,<sup>44</sup> M. Meyer,<sup>44</sup> J. Mnich,<sup>44</sup> A. Mussgiller,<sup>44</sup> V. Myronenko,<sup>44</sup> Y. Otari,<sup>44</sup> D. Pérez Adán,<sup>44</sup> S. K. Pflitsch,<sup>44</sup> D. Pitzl,<sup>44</sup> A. Raspereza,<sup>44</sup> A. Saggio,<sup>44</sup> A. Saibel,<sup>44</sup> M. Savitskiy,<sup>44</sup> V. Scheurer,<sup>44</sup> C. Schwanenberger,<sup>44</sup> A. Singh,<sup>44</sup> R. E. Sosa Ricardo,<sup>44</sup> N. Tonon,<sup>44</sup> O. Turkot,<sup>44</sup> A. Vagnerini,<sup>44</sup> M. Van De Klundert,<sup>44</sup> R. Walsh,<sup>44</sup> D. Walter,<sup>44</sup> Y. Wen,<sup>44</sup> K. Wichmann,<sup>44</sup> C. Wissing,<sup>44</sup> S. Wuchterl,<sup>44</sup> O. Zenaiev,<sup>44</sup> R. Zlebicki,<sup>44</sup> R. Aggleton,<sup>45</sup> S. Bein,<sup>45</sup> L. Benato,<sup>45</sup> A. Benecke,<sup>45</sup> K. De Leo,<sup>45</sup> T. Dreyer,<sup>45</sup> M. Eich,<sup>45</sup> F. Feindt,<sup>45</sup> A. Fröhlich,<sup>45</sup> C. Garbers,<sup>45</sup> E. Garutti,<sup>45</sup> P. Gunnellini,<sup>45</sup> J. Haller,<sup>45</sup> A. Hinzmann,<sup>45</sup> A. Karavdina,<sup>45</sup> G. Kasieczka,<sup>45</sup> R. Klanner,<sup>45</sup> R. Kogler,<sup>45</sup> V. Kutzner,<sup>45</sup> J. Lange,<sup>45</sup> T. Lange,<sup>45</sup> A. Malara,<sup>45</sup> C. E. N. Niemeyer,<sup>45</sup> A. Nigamova,<sup>45</sup> K. J. Pena Rodriguez,<sup>45</sup> O. Rieger,<sup>45</sup> P. Schleper,<sup>45</sup> M. Schröder,<sup>45</sup> J. Schwandt,<sup>45</sup> D. Schwarz,<sup>45</sup> J. Sonneveld,<sup>45</sup> H. Stadie,<sup>45</sup> G. Steinbrück,<sup>45</sup> A. Tews,<sup>45</sup> B. Vormwald,<sup>45</sup> I. Zoi,<sup>45</sup> J. Bechtel,<sup>46</sup> T. Berger,<sup>46</sup> E. Butz,<sup>46</sup> R. Caspart,<sup>46</sup> T. Chwalek,<sup>46</sup> W. De Boer,<sup>46</sup> A. Dierlamm,<sup>46</sup> A. Droll,<sup>46</sup> K. El Morabit,<sup>46</sup> N. Faltermann,<sup>46</sup> K. Flöh,<sup>46</sup> M. Giffels,<sup>46</sup> J. o. Gosewisch,<sup>46</sup> A. Gottmann,<sup>46</sup> F. Hartmann,<sup>46,u</sup> C. Heidecker,<sup>46</sup> U. Husemann,<sup>46</sup> I. Katkov,<sup>46,z</sup> P. Keicher,<sup>46</sup> R. Koppenhöfer,<sup>46</sup> S. Maier,<sup>46</sup> M. Metzler,<sup>46</sup> S. Mitra,<sup>46</sup> Th. Müller,<sup>46</sup> M. Musich,<sup>46</sup> M. Neukum,<sup>46</sup> G. Quast,<sup>46</sup> K. Rabbertz,<sup>46</sup> J. Rauser,<sup>46</sup> D. Savoie,<sup>46</sup> D. Schäfer,<sup>46</sup> M. Schnepf,<sup>46</sup> D. Seith,<sup>46</sup> I. Shvetsov,<sup>46</sup> H. J. Simonis,<sup>46</sup> R. Ulrich,<sup>46</sup> J. Van Der Linden,<sup>46</sup> R. F. Von Cube,<sup>46</sup> M. Wassmer,<sup>46</sup> M. Weber,<sup>46</sup> S. Wieland,<sup>46</sup> R. Wolf,<sup>46</sup> S. Wozniowski,<sup>46</sup> S. Wunsch,<sup>46</sup> G. Anagnostou,<sup>47</sup> P. Asenov,<sup>47</sup> G. Daskalakis,<sup>47</sup> T. Gerasis,<sup>47</sup> A. Kyriakis,<sup>47</sup> D. Loukas,<sup>47</sup> G. Paspalaki,<sup>47</sup> A. Stakia,<sup>47</sup> M. Diamantopoulou,<sup>48</sup> D. Karasavvas,<sup>48</sup> G. Karathanasis,<sup>48</sup> P. Kontaxakis,<sup>48</sup> C. K. Koraka,<sup>48</sup> A. Manousakis-Katsikakis,<sup>48</sup> A. Panagiotou,<sup>48</sup> I. Papavergou,<sup>48</sup> N. Saoulidou,<sup>48</sup> K. Theofilatos,<sup>48</sup> E. Tziaferi,<sup>48</sup> K. Vellidis,<sup>48</sup> E. Vourliotis,<sup>48</sup> G. Bakas,<sup>49</sup> K. Kousouris,<sup>49</sup> I. Papakrivopoulos,<sup>49</sup> G. Tsipolitis,<sup>49</sup> A. Zacharopoulou,<sup>49</sup> I. Evangelou,<sup>50</sup> C. Foudas,<sup>50</sup> P. Gianneios,<sup>50</sup> P. Katsoulis,<sup>50</sup> P. Kokkas,<sup>50</sup> N. Manthos,<sup>50</sup> I. Papadopoulos,<sup>50</sup> J. Strolgas,<sup>50</sup> M. Csanad,<sup>51</sup> M. M. A. Gadallah,<sup>51,aa</sup> S. Lökös,<sup>51,bb</sup> P. Major,<sup>51</sup> K. Mandal,<sup>51</sup> A. Mehta,<sup>51</sup> G. Pasztor,<sup>51</sup> O. Surányi,<sup>51</sup> G. I. Veres,<sup>51</sup> M. Bartók,<sup>52,cc</sup> G. Bencze,<sup>52</sup> C. Hajdu,<sup>52</sup> D. Horvath,<sup>52,dd</sup> F. Sikler,<sup>52</sup> V. Veszpremi,<sup>52</sup> G. Vesztergombi,<sup>52,ee</sup> S. Czellar,<sup>53</sup> J. Karancsi,<sup>53,cc</sup> J. Molnar,<sup>53</sup> Z. Szillasi,<sup>53</sup> D. Teyssier,<sup>53</sup> P. Raics,<sup>54</sup> Z. L. Trocsanyi,<sup>54,ee</sup> B. Ujvari,<sup>54</sup> T. Csorgo,<sup>55,ff</sup> F. Nemes,<sup>55,ff</sup> T. Novak,<sup>55</sup> S. Choudhury,<sup>56</sup> J. R. Komaragiri,<sup>56</sup> D. Kumar,<sup>56</sup> L. Panwar,<sup>56</sup> P. C. Tiwari,<sup>56</sup> S. Bahinipati,<sup>57,gg</sup> D. Dash,<sup>57</sup> C. Kar,<sup>57</sup> P. Mal,<sup>57</sup> T. Mishra,<sup>57</sup> V. K. Muraleedharan Nair Bindhu,<sup>57,hh</sup> A. Nayak,<sup>57,hh</sup> N. Sur,<sup>57</sup> S. K. Swain,<sup>57</sup> S. Bansal,<sup>58</sup> S. B. Beri,<sup>58</sup> V. Bhatnagar,<sup>58</sup> G. Chaudhary,<sup>58</sup> S. Chauhan,<sup>58</sup> N. Dhingra,<sup>58,ii</sup> R. Gupta,<sup>58</sup> A. Kaur,<sup>58</sup> S. Kaur,<sup>58</sup> P. Kumari,<sup>58</sup> M. Meena,<sup>58</sup> K. Sandeep,<sup>58</sup> J. B. Singh,<sup>58</sup> A. K. Virdi,<sup>58</sup> A. Ahmed,<sup>59</sup> A. Bhardwaj,<sup>59</sup> B. C. Choudhary,<sup>59</sup> R. B. Garg,<sup>59</sup> M. Gola,<sup>59</sup> S. Keshri,<sup>59</sup> A. Kumar,<sup>59</sup> M. Naimuddin,<sup>59</sup> P. Priyanka,<sup>59</sup> K. Ranjan,<sup>59</sup> A. Shah,<sup>59</sup> M. Bharti,<sup>60,ji</sup> R. Bhattacharya,<sup>60</sup> S. Bhattacharya,<sup>60</sup> D. Bhowmik,<sup>60</sup> S. Dutta,<sup>60</sup> S. Ghosh,<sup>60</sup> B. Gomber,<sup>60,kk</sup> M. Maity,<sup>60,ll</sup> S. Nandan,<sup>60</sup> P. Palit,<sup>60</sup> P. K. Rout,<sup>60</sup> G. Saha,<sup>60</sup> B. Sahu,<sup>60</sup> S. Sarkar,<sup>60</sup> M. Sharan,<sup>60</sup> B. Singh,<sup>60,ji</sup> S. Thakur,<sup>60,ji</sup> P. K. Behera,<sup>61</sup> S. C. Behera,<sup>61</sup> P. Kalbhor,<sup>61</sup> A. Muhammad,<sup>61</sup> R. Pradhan,<sup>61</sup> P. R. Pujahari,<sup>61</sup> A. Sharma,<sup>61</sup> A. K. Sikdar,<sup>61</sup> D. Dutta,<sup>62</sup> V. Jha,<sup>62</sup> V. Kumar,<sup>62</sup> D. K. Mishra,<sup>62</sup> K. Naskar,<sup>62,mm</sup> P. K. Netrakanti,<sup>62</sup> L. M. Pant,<sup>62</sup> P. Shukla,<sup>62</sup> T. Aziz,<sup>63</sup> S. Dugad,<sup>63</sup> G. B. Mohanty,<sup>63</sup> U. Sarkar,<sup>63</sup> S. Banerjee,<sup>64</sup> S. Bhattacharya,<sup>64</sup> S. Chatterjee,<sup>64</sup> R. Chudasama,<sup>64</sup> M. Guchait,<sup>64</sup> S. Karmakar,<sup>64</sup> S. Kumar,<sup>64</sup> G. Majumder,<sup>64</sup> K. Mazumdar,<sup>64</sup> S. Mukherjee,<sup>64</sup> D. Roy,<sup>64</sup> S. Dube,<sup>65</sup> B. Kansal,<sup>65</sup> S. Pandey,<sup>65</sup> A. Rane,<sup>65</sup> A. Rastogi,<sup>65</sup> S. Sharma,<sup>65</sup> H. Bakhshiansohi,<sup>66,nn</sup> M. Zeinali,<sup>66,oo</sup> S. Chenarani,<sup>67,pp</sup> S. M. Etesami,<sup>67</sup> M. Khakzad,<sup>67</sup> M. Mohammadi Najafabadi,<sup>67</sup> M. Felcini,<sup>68</sup> M. Grunewald,<sup>68</sup> M. Abbrescia,<sup>69a,69b</sup> R. Aly,<sup>69a,69b,qq</sup> C. Aruta,<sup>69a,69b</sup> A. Colaleo,<sup>69a</sup> D. Creanza,<sup>69a,69c</sup> N. De Filippis,<sup>69a,69c</sup> M. De Palma,<sup>69a,69b</sup> A. Di Florio,<sup>69a,69b</sup> A. Di Pilato,<sup>69a,69b</sup> W. Elmetenawee,<sup>69a,69b</sup> L. Fiore,<sup>69a</sup> A. Gelmi,<sup>69a,69b</sup> M. Gul,<sup>69a</sup> G. Iaselli,<sup>69a,69c</sup> M. Ince,<sup>69a,69b</sup> S. Lezki,<sup>69a,69b</sup> G. Maggi,<sup>69a,69c</sup> M. Maggi,<sup>69a</sup> I. Margjeka,<sup>69a,69b</sup> V. Mastrapasqua,<sup>69a,69b</sup> J. A. Merlin,<sup>69a</sup> S. My,<sup>69a,69b</sup> S. Nuzzo,<sup>69a,69b</sup> A. Pompili,<sup>69a,69b</sup> G. Pugliese,<sup>69a,69c</sup> A. Ranieri,<sup>69a</sup> G. Selvaggi,<sup>69a,69b</sup> L. Silvestris,<sup>69a</sup> F. M. Simone,<sup>69a,69b</sup> R. Venditti,<sup>69a</sup> P. Verwilligen,<sup>69a</sup> G. Abbiendi,<sup>70a</sup> C. Battilana,<sup>70a,70b</sup> D. Bonacorsi,<sup>70a,70b</sup> L. Borgonovi,<sup>70a</sup> S. Braibant-Giacomelli,<sup>70a,70b</sup> R. Campanini,<sup>70a,70b</sup> P. Capiluppi,<sup>70a,70b</sup> A. Castro,<sup>70a,70b</sup> F. R. Cavallo,<sup>70a</sup> C. Ciocca,<sup>70a</sup> M. Cuffiani,<sup>70a,70b</sup> G. M. Dallavalle,<sup>70a</sup> T. Diotallevi,<sup>70a,70b</sup> F. Fabbri,<sup>70a</sup> A. Fanfani,<sup>70a,70b</sup> E. Fontanesi,<sup>70a,70b</sup> P. Giacomelli,<sup>70a</sup> L. Giommi,<sup>70a,70b</sup> C. Grandi,<sup>70a</sup> L. Guiducci,<sup>70a,70b</sup> F. Iemmi,<sup>70a,70b</sup> S. Lo Meo,<sup>70a,rr</sup> S. Marcellini,<sup>70a</sup> G. Masetti,<sup>70a</sup> F. L. Navarra,<sup>70a</sup> A. Perrotta,<sup>70a</sup> F. Primavera,<sup>70a,70b</sup> A. M. Rossi,<sup>70a,70b</sup> T. Rovelli,<sup>70a,70b</sup> G. P. Siroli,<sup>70a,70b</sup> N. Tosi,<sup>70a</sup> S. Albergo,<sup>71a,71b,ss</sup> S. Costa,<sup>71a,71b,ss</sup> A. Di Mattia,<sup>71a</sup> R. Potenza,<sup>71a,71b</sup> A. Tricomi,<sup>71a,71b,ss</sup> C. Tuve,<sup>71a,71b</sup> G. Barbagli,<sup>72a</sup> A. Cassese,<sup>72a</sup> R. Ceccarelli,<sup>72a,72b</sup> V. Ciulli,<sup>72a,72b</sup>



C. Civinini,<sup>72a</sup> R. D'Alessandro,<sup>72a,72b</sup> F. Fiori,<sup>72a</sup> E. Focardi,<sup>72a,72b</sup> G. Latino,<sup>72a,72b</sup> P. Lenzi,<sup>72a,72b</sup> M. Lizzo,<sup>72a,72b</sup> M. Meschini,<sup>72a</sup> S. Paoletti,<sup>72a</sup> R. Seidita,<sup>72a,72b</sup> G. Sguazzoni,<sup>72a</sup> L. Viliani,<sup>72a</sup> L. Benussi,<sup>73</sup> S. Bianco,<sup>73</sup> D. Piccolo,<sup>73</sup> M. Bozzo,<sup>74a,74b</sup> F. Ferro,<sup>74a</sup> R. Mulargia,<sup>74a,74b</sup> E. Robutti,<sup>74a</sup> S. Tosi,<sup>74a,74b</sup> A. Benaglia,<sup>75a</sup> A. Beschi,<sup>75a,75b</sup> F. Brivio,<sup>75a,75b</sup> F. Cetorelli,<sup>75a,75b</sup> V. Ciriolo,<sup>75a,75b,u</sup> F. De Guio,<sup>75a,75b</sup> M. E. Dinardo,<sup>75a,75b</sup> P. Dini,<sup>75a</sup> S. Gennai,<sup>75a</sup> A. Ghezzi,<sup>75a,75b</sup> P. Govoni,<sup>75a,75b</sup> L. Guzzi,<sup>75a,75b</sup> M. Malberti,<sup>75a</sup> S. Malvezzi,<sup>75a</sup> A. Massironi,<sup>75a</sup> D. Menasce,<sup>75a</sup> F. Monti,<sup>75a,75b</sup> L. Moroni,<sup>75a</sup> M. Paganoni,<sup>75a,75b</sup> D. Pedrini,<sup>75a</sup> S. Ragazzi,<sup>75a,75b</sup> T. Tabarelli de Fatis,<sup>75a,75b</sup> D. Valsecchi,<sup>75a,75b,u</sup> D. Zuolo,<sup>75a,75b</sup> S. Buontempo,<sup>76a</sup> N. Cavallo,<sup>76a,76c</sup> A. De Iorio,<sup>76a,76b</sup> F. Fabozzi,<sup>76a,76c</sup> F. Fienga,<sup>76a</sup> A. O. M. Iorio,<sup>76a,76b</sup> L. Lista,<sup>76a,76b</sup> S. Meola,<sup>76a,76d,u</sup> P. Paolucci,<sup>76a,u</sup> B. Rossi,<sup>76a</sup> C. Sciacca,<sup>76a,76b</sup> P. Azzi,<sup>77a</sup> N. Bacchetta,<sup>77a</sup> D. Bisello,<sup>77a,77b</sup> P. Bortignon,<sup>77a</sup> A. Bragagnolo,<sup>77a,77b</sup> R. Carlin,<sup>77a,77b</sup> P. Checchia,<sup>77a</sup> P. De Castro Manzano,<sup>77a</sup> T. Dorigo,<sup>77a</sup> F. Gasparini,<sup>77a,77b</sup> U. Gasparini,<sup>77a,77b</sup> S. Y. Hoh,<sup>77a,77b</sup> L. Layer,<sup>77a,tt</sup> M. Margoni,<sup>77a,77b</sup> A. T. Meneguzzo,<sup>77a,77b</sup> M. Presilla,<sup>77a,77b</sup> P. Ronchese,<sup>77a,77b</sup> R. Rossin,<sup>77a,77b</sup> F. Simonetto,<sup>77a,77b</sup> G. Strong,<sup>77a</sup> M. Tosi,<sup>77a,77b</sup> H. Yarar,<sup>77a,77b</sup> M. Zanetti,<sup>77a,77b</sup> P. Zotto,<sup>77a,77b</sup> A. Zucchetta,<sup>77a,77b</sup> G. Zumerle,<sup>77a,77b</sup> C. Aime',<sup>78a,78b</sup> A. Braghieri,<sup>78a</sup> S. Calzaferri,<sup>78a,78b</sup> D. Fiorina,<sup>78a,78b</sup> P. Montagna,<sup>78a,78b</sup> S. P. Ratti,<sup>78a,78b</sup> V. Re,<sup>78a</sup> M. Ressegotti,<sup>78a,78b</sup> C. Riccardi,<sup>78a,78b</sup> P. Salvini,<sup>78a</sup> I. Vai,<sup>78a</sup> P. Vitulo,<sup>78a,78b</sup> G. M. Bilei,<sup>79a</sup> D. Ciangottini,<sup>79a,79b</sup> L. Fanò,<sup>79a,79b</sup> P. Lariccia,<sup>79a,79b</sup> G. Mantovani,<sup>79a,79b</sup> V. Mariani,<sup>79a,79b</sup> M. Menichelli,<sup>79a</sup> F. Moscatelli,<sup>79a</sup> A. Piccinelli,<sup>79a,79b</sup> A. Rossi,<sup>79a,79b</sup> A. Santocchia,<sup>79a,79b</sup> D. Spiga,<sup>79a</sup> T. Tedeschi,<sup>79a,79b</sup> K. Androsov,<sup>80a</sup> P. Azzurri,<sup>80a</sup> G. Bagliesi,<sup>80a</sup> V. Bertacchi,<sup>80a,80c</sup> L. Bianchini,<sup>80a</sup> T. Boccali,<sup>80a</sup> E. Bossini,<sup>80a</sup> R. Castaldi,<sup>80a</sup> M. A. Ciocci,<sup>80a,80b</sup> R. Dell'Orso,<sup>80a</sup> M. R. Di Domenico,<sup>80a,80d</sup> S. Donato,<sup>80a</sup> A. Giassi,<sup>80a</sup> M. T. Grippo,<sup>80a</sup> F. Ligabue,<sup>80a,80c</sup> E. Manca,<sup>80a,80c</sup> G. Mandorli,<sup>80a,80c</sup> A. Messineo,<sup>80a,80b</sup> F. Palla,<sup>80a</sup> G. Ramirez-Sanchez,<sup>80a,80c</sup> A. Rizzi,<sup>80a,80b</sup> G. Rolandi,<sup>80a,80c</sup> S. Roy Chowdhury,<sup>80a,80c</sup> A. Scribano,<sup>80a</sup> N. Shafiei,<sup>80a,80b</sup> P. Spagnolo,<sup>80a</sup> R. Tenchini,<sup>80a</sup> G. Tonelli,<sup>80a,80b</sup> N. Turini,<sup>80a,80d</sup> A. Venturi,<sup>80a</sup> P. G. Verdini,<sup>80a</sup> F. Cavallari,<sup>81a</sup> M. Cipriani,<sup>81a,81b</sup> D. Del Re,<sup>81a,81b</sup> E. Di Marco,<sup>81a</sup> M. Diemoz,<sup>81a</sup> E. Longo,<sup>81a,81b</sup> P. Meridiani,<sup>81a</sup> G. Organtini,<sup>81a,81b</sup> F. Pandolfi,<sup>81a</sup> R. Paramatti,<sup>81a,81b</sup> C. Quaranta,<sup>81a,81b</sup> S. Rahatlou,<sup>81a,81b</sup> C. Rovelli,<sup>81a</sup> F. Santanastasio,<sup>81a,81b</sup> L. Soffi,<sup>81a,81b</sup> R. Tramontano,<sup>81a,81b</sup> N. Amapane,<sup>82a,82b</sup> R. Arcidiacono,<sup>82a,82c</sup> S. Argiro,<sup>82a,82b</sup> M. Arneodo,<sup>82a,82c</sup> N. Bartosik,<sup>82a</sup> R. Bellan,<sup>82a,82b</sup> A. Bellora,<sup>82a,82b</sup> J. Berenguer Antequera,<sup>82a,82b</sup> C. Biino,<sup>82a</sup> A. Cappati,<sup>82a,82b</sup> N. Cartiglia,<sup>82a</sup> S. Cometti,<sup>82a</sup> M. Costa,<sup>82a,82b</sup> R. Covarelli,<sup>82a,82b</sup> N. Demaria,<sup>82a</sup> B. Kiani,<sup>82a,82b</sup> F. Legger,<sup>82a</sup> C. Mariotti,<sup>82a</sup> S. Maselli,<sup>82a</sup> E. Migliore,<sup>82a,82b</sup> V. Monaco,<sup>82a,82b</sup> E. Monteil,<sup>82a,82b</sup> M. Monteno,<sup>82a</sup> M. M. Obertino,<sup>82a,82b</sup> G. Ortona,<sup>82a</sup> L. Pacher,<sup>82a,82b</sup> N. Pastrone,<sup>82a</sup> M. Pelliccioni,<sup>82a</sup> G. L. Pinna Angioni,<sup>82a,82b</sup> M. Ruspa,<sup>82a,82c</sup> R. Salvatico,<sup>82a,82b</sup> F. Siviero,<sup>82a,82b</sup> V. Sola,<sup>82a</sup> A. Solano,<sup>82a,82b</sup> D. Soldi,<sup>82a,82b</sup> A. Staiano,<sup>82a</sup> M. Tornago,<sup>82a,82b</sup> D. Trocino,<sup>82a,82b</sup> S. Belforte,<sup>83a</sup> V. Candelise,<sup>83a,83b</sup> M. Casarsa,<sup>83a</sup> F. Cossutti,<sup>83a</sup> A. Da Rold,<sup>83a,83b</sup> G. Della Ricca,<sup>83a,83b</sup> F. Vazzoler,<sup>83a,83b</sup> S. Dogra,<sup>84</sup> C. Huh,<sup>84</sup> B. Kim,<sup>84</sup> D. H. Kim,<sup>84</sup> G. N. Kim,<sup>84</sup> J. Lee,<sup>84</sup> S. W. Lee,<sup>84</sup> C. S. Moon,<sup>84</sup> Y. D. Oh,<sup>84</sup> S. I. Pak,<sup>84</sup> B. C. Radburn-Smith,<sup>84</sup> S. Sekmen,<sup>84</sup> Y. C. Yang,<sup>84</sup> H. Kim,<sup>85</sup> D. H. Moon,<sup>85</sup> B. Francois,<sup>86</sup> T. J. Kim,<sup>86</sup> J. Park,<sup>86</sup> S. Cho,<sup>87</sup> S. Choi,<sup>87</sup> Y. Go,<sup>87</sup> B. Hong,<sup>87</sup> K. Lee,<sup>87</sup> K. S. Lee,<sup>87</sup> J. Lim,<sup>87</sup> J. Park,<sup>87</sup> S. K. Park,<sup>87</sup> J. Yoo,<sup>87</sup> J. Goh,<sup>88</sup> A. Gurtu,<sup>88</sup> H. S. Kim,<sup>89</sup> Y. Kim,<sup>89</sup> J. Almond,<sup>90</sup> J. H. Bhyun,<sup>90</sup> J. Choi,<sup>90</sup> S. Jeon,<sup>90</sup> J. Kim,<sup>90</sup> J. S. Kim,<sup>90</sup> S. Ko,<sup>90</sup> H. Kwon,<sup>90</sup> H. Lee,<sup>90</sup> S. Lee,<sup>90</sup> K. Nam,<sup>90</sup> B. H. Oh,<sup>90</sup> M. Oh,<sup>90</sup> S. B. Oh,<sup>90</sup> H. Seo,<sup>90</sup> U. K. Yang,<sup>90</sup> I. Yoon,<sup>90</sup> D. Jeon,<sup>91</sup> J. H. Kim,<sup>91</sup> B. Ko,<sup>91</sup> J. S. H. Lee,<sup>91</sup> I. C. Park,<sup>91</sup> Y. Roh,<sup>91</sup> D. Song,<sup>91</sup> I. J. Watson,<sup>91</sup> S. Ha,<sup>92</sup> H. D. Yoo,<sup>92</sup> Y. Choi,<sup>93</sup> C. Hwang,<sup>93</sup> Y. Jeong,<sup>93</sup> H. Lee,<sup>93</sup> Y. Lee,<sup>93</sup> I. Yu,<sup>93</sup> Y. Maghrbi,<sup>94</sup> V. Veckalns,<sup>95,u</sup> M. Ambrozas,<sup>96</sup> A. Juodagalvis,<sup>96</sup> A. Rinkevicius,<sup>96</sup> G. Tamulaitis,<sup>96</sup> A. Vaitkevicius,<sup>96</sup> W. A. T. Wan Abdullah,<sup>97</sup> M. N. Yusli,<sup>97</sup> Z. Zolkapli,<sup>97</sup> J. F. Benitez,<sup>98</sup> A. Castaneda Hernandez,<sup>98</sup> J. A. Murillo Quijada,<sup>98</sup> L. Valencia Palomo,<sup>98</sup> G. Ayala,<sup>99</sup> H. Castilla-Valdez,<sup>99</sup> E. De La Cruz-Burelo,<sup>99</sup> I. Heredia-De La Cruz,<sup>99,vv</sup> R. Lopez-Fernandez,<sup>99</sup> C. A. Mondragon Herrera,<sup>99</sup> D. A. Perez Navarro,<sup>99</sup> A. Sanchez-Hernandez,<sup>99</sup> S. Carrillo Moreno,<sup>100</sup> C. Oropeza Barrera,<sup>100</sup> M. Ramirez-Garcia,<sup>100</sup> F. Vazquez Valencia,<sup>100</sup> I. Pedraza,<sup>101</sup> H. A. Salazar Ibarguen,<sup>101</sup> C. Uribe Estrada,<sup>101</sup> J. Mijuskovic,<sup>102,e</sup> N. Raicevic,<sup>102</sup> D. Krofcheck,<sup>103</sup> S. Bheesette,<sup>104</sup> P. H. Butler,<sup>104</sup> A. Ahmad,<sup>105</sup> M. I. Asghar,<sup>105</sup> A. Awais,<sup>105</sup> M. I. M. Awan,<sup>105</sup> H. R. Hoorani,<sup>105</sup> W. A. Khan,<sup>105</sup> M. A. Shah,<sup>105</sup> M. Shoaib,<sup>105</sup> M. Waqas,<sup>105</sup> V. Avati,<sup>106</sup> L. Grzanka,<sup>106</sup> M. Malawski,<sup>106</sup> H. Bialkowska,<sup>107</sup> M. Bluj,<sup>107</sup> B. Boimska,<sup>107</sup> T. Frueboes,<sup>107</sup> M. Górski,<sup>107</sup> M. Kazana,<sup>107</sup> M. Szleper,<sup>107</sup> P. Traczyk,<sup>107</sup> P. Zalewski,<sup>107</sup> K. Bunkowski,<sup>108</sup> K. Doroba,<sup>108</sup> A. Kalinowski,<sup>108</sup> M. Konecki,<sup>108</sup> J. Krolikowski,<sup>108</sup> M. Walczak,<sup>108</sup> M. Araujo,<sup>109</sup> P. Bargassa,<sup>109</sup> D. Bastos,<sup>109</sup> A. Boletti,<sup>109</sup> P. Faccioli,<sup>109</sup> M. Gallinaro,<sup>109</sup> J. Hollar,<sup>109</sup> N. Leonardo,<sup>109</sup> T. Niknejad,<sup>109</sup> J. Seixas,<sup>109</sup> K. Shchelina,<sup>109</sup> O. Toldaiev,<sup>109</sup> J. Varela,<sup>109</sup> S. Afanasiev,<sup>110</sup> D. Budkouski,<sup>110</sup> P. Bunin,<sup>110</sup> M. Gavrilenko,<sup>110</sup> I. Golutvin,<sup>110</sup> I. Gorbunov,<sup>110</sup> A. Kamenev,<sup>110</sup> V. Karjavine,<sup>110</sup> A. Lanev,<sup>110</sup> A. Malakhov,<sup>110</sup> V. Matveev,<sup>110,ww,xx</sup> V. Palichik,<sup>110</sup> V. Perelygin,<sup>110</sup> M. Savina,<sup>110</sup> D. Seitova,<sup>110</sup> V. Shalaev,<sup>110</sup> S. Shmatov,<sup>110</sup> S. Shulha,<sup>110</sup> V. Smirnov,<sup>110</sup> O. Teryaev,<sup>110</sup> N. Voytishin,<sup>110</sup> A. Zarubin,<sup>110</sup> I. Zhizhin,<sup>110</sup> G. Gavrilo,<sup>111</sup>

V. Golovtsov,<sup>111</sup> Y. Ivanov,<sup>111</sup> V. Kim,<sup>111,yy</sup> E. Kuznetsova,<sup>111,zz</sup> V. Murzin,<sup>111</sup> V. Oreshkin,<sup>111</sup> I. Smirnov,<sup>111</sup> D. Sosnov,<sup>111</sup> V. Sulimov,<sup>111</sup> L. Uvarov,<sup>111</sup> S. Volkov,<sup>111</sup> A. Vorobyev,<sup>111</sup> Yu. Andreev,<sup>112</sup> A. Dermenev,<sup>112</sup> S. Gninenko,<sup>112</sup> N. Golubev,<sup>112</sup> A. Karneyeu,<sup>112</sup> M. Kirsanov,<sup>112</sup> N. Krasnikov,<sup>112</sup> A. Pashenkov,<sup>112</sup> G. Pivovarov,<sup>112</sup> D. Tlisov,<sup>112,a</sup> A. Toropin,<sup>112</sup> V. Epshteyn,<sup>113</sup> V. Gavrilov,<sup>113</sup> N. Lychkovskaya,<sup>113</sup> A. Nikitenko,<sup>113,aaa</sup> V. Popov,<sup>113</sup> G. Safronov,<sup>113</sup> A. Spiridonov,<sup>113</sup> A. Stepenov,<sup>113</sup> M. Toms,<sup>113</sup> E. Vlasov,<sup>113</sup> A. Zhokin,<sup>113</sup> T. Aushev,<sup>114</sup> O. Bychkova,<sup>115</sup> M. Chadeeva,<sup>115,bbb</sup> D. Philippov,<sup>115</sup> E. Popova,<sup>115</sup> V. Rusinov,<sup>115</sup> V. Andreev,<sup>116</sup> M. Azarkin,<sup>116</sup> I. Dremin,<sup>116</sup> M. Kirakosyan,<sup>116</sup> A. Terkulov,<sup>116</sup> A. Belyaev,<sup>117</sup> E. Boos,<sup>117</sup> V. Bunichev,<sup>117</sup> M. Dubinin,<sup>117,ccc</sup> L. Dudko,<sup>117</sup> A. Ershov,<sup>117</sup> V. Klyukhin,<sup>117</sup> O. Kodolova,<sup>117</sup> I. Lokhtin,<sup>117</sup> S. Obraztsov,<sup>117</sup> M. Perfilov,<sup>117</sup> S. Petrushanko,<sup>117</sup> V. Savrin,<sup>117</sup> V. Blinov,<sup>118,ddd</sup> T. Dimova,<sup>118,ddd</sup> L. Kardapoltsev,<sup>118,ddd</sup> I. Ovtin,<sup>118,ddd</sup> Y. Skovpen,<sup>118,ddd</sup> I. Azhgirey,<sup>119</sup> I. Bayshev,<sup>119</sup> V. Kachanov,<sup>119</sup> A. Kalinin,<sup>119</sup> D. Konstantinov,<sup>119</sup> V. Petrov,<sup>119</sup> R. Ryutin,<sup>119</sup> A. Sobol,<sup>119</sup> S. Troshin,<sup>119</sup> N. Tyurin,<sup>119</sup> A. Uzunian,<sup>119</sup> A. Volkov,<sup>119</sup> A. Babaev,<sup>120</sup> A. Iuzhakov,<sup>120</sup> V. Okhotnikov,<sup>120</sup> L. Sukhikh,<sup>120</sup> V. Borchsh,<sup>121</sup> V. Ivanchenko,<sup>121</sup> E. Tcherniaev,<sup>121</sup> P. Adzic,<sup>122,eee</sup> M. Dordevic,<sup>122</sup> P. Milenovic,<sup>122</sup> J. Milosevic,<sup>122</sup> M. Aguilar-Benitez,<sup>123</sup> J. Alcaraz Maestre,<sup>123</sup> A. Álvarez Fernández,<sup>123</sup> I. Bachiller,<sup>123</sup> M. Barrio Luna,<sup>123</sup> Cristina F. Bedoya,<sup>123</sup> C. A. Carrillo Montoya,<sup>123</sup> M. Cepeda,<sup>123</sup> M. Cerrada,<sup>123</sup> N. Colino,<sup>123</sup> B. De La Cruz,<sup>123</sup> A. Delgado Peris,<sup>123</sup> J. P. Fernández Ramos,<sup>123</sup> J. Flix,<sup>123</sup> M. C. Fouz,<sup>123</sup> O. Gonzalez Lopez,<sup>123</sup> S. Goy Lopez,<sup>123</sup> J. M. Hernandez,<sup>123</sup> M. I. Josa,<sup>123</sup> J. León Holgado,<sup>123</sup> D. Moran,<sup>123</sup> Á. Navarro Tobar,<sup>123</sup> A. Pérez-Calero Yzquierdo,<sup>123</sup> J. Puerta Pelayo,<sup>123</sup> I. Redondo,<sup>123</sup> L. Romero,<sup>123</sup> S. Sánchez Navas,<sup>123</sup> M. S. Soares,<sup>123</sup> L. Urda Gómez,<sup>123</sup> C. Willmott,<sup>123</sup> C. Albajar,<sup>124</sup> J. F. de Trocóniz,<sup>124</sup> R. Reyes-Almanza,<sup>124</sup> B. Alvarez Gonzalez,<sup>125</sup> J. Cuevas,<sup>125</sup> C. Erice,<sup>125</sup> J. Fernandez Menendez,<sup>125</sup> S. Folgueras,<sup>125</sup> I. Gonzalez Caballero,<sup>125</sup> E. Palencia Cortezon,<sup>125</sup> C. Ramón Álvarez,<sup>125</sup> J. Ripoll Sau,<sup>125</sup> V. Rodríguez Bouza,<sup>125</sup> A. Trapote,<sup>125</sup> J. A. Brochero Cifuentes,<sup>126</sup> I. J. Cabrillo,<sup>126</sup> A. Calderon,<sup>126</sup> B. Chazin Quero,<sup>126</sup> J. Duarte Campderros,<sup>126</sup> M. Fernandez,<sup>126</sup> C. Fernandez Madrazo,<sup>126</sup> P. J. Fernández Manteca,<sup>126</sup> A. García Alonso,<sup>126</sup> G. Gomez,<sup>126</sup> C. Martinez Rivero,<sup>126</sup> P. Martinez Ruiz del Arbol,<sup>126</sup> F. Matorras,<sup>126</sup> J. Piedra Gomez,<sup>126</sup> C. Prieels,<sup>126</sup> F. Ricci-Tam,<sup>126</sup> T. Rodrigo,<sup>126</sup> A. Ruiz-Jimeno,<sup>126</sup> L. Scodellaro,<sup>126</sup> N. Trevisani,<sup>126</sup> I. Vila,<sup>126</sup> J. M. Vizan Garcia,<sup>126</sup> M. K. Jayananda,<sup>127</sup> B. Kailasapathy,<sup>127,fff</sup> D. U. J. Sonnada,<sup>127</sup> D. D. C. Wickramaratna,<sup>127</sup> W. G. D. Dharmaratna,<sup>128</sup> K. Liyanage,<sup>128</sup> N. Perera,<sup>128</sup> N. Wickramage,<sup>128</sup> T. K. Aarrestad,<sup>129</sup> D. Abbaneo,<sup>129</sup> E. Auffray,<sup>129</sup> G. Auzinger,<sup>129</sup> J. Baechler,<sup>129</sup> P. Baillon,<sup>129</sup> A. H. Ball,<sup>129</sup> D. Barney,<sup>129</sup> J. Bendavid,<sup>129</sup> N. Beni,<sup>129</sup> M. Bianco,<sup>129</sup> A. Bocci,<sup>129</sup> E. Brondolin,<sup>129</sup> T. Camporesi,<sup>129</sup> M. Capeans Garrido,<sup>129</sup> G. Cerminara,<sup>129</sup> S. S. Chhibra,<sup>129</sup> L. Cristella,<sup>129</sup> D. d'Enterria,<sup>129</sup> A. Dabrowski,<sup>129</sup> N. Daci,<sup>129</sup> A. David,<sup>129</sup> A. De Roeck,<sup>129</sup> M. Deile,<sup>129</sup> R. Di Maria,<sup>129</sup> M. Dobson,<sup>129</sup> M. Dünser,<sup>129</sup> N. Dupont,<sup>129</sup> A. Elliott-Peisert,<sup>129</sup> N. Emriskova,<sup>129</sup> F. Fallavollita,<sup>129,ggg</sup> D. Fasanella,<sup>129</sup> S. Fiorendi,<sup>129</sup> A. Florent,<sup>129</sup> G. Franzoni,<sup>129</sup> J. Fulcher,<sup>129</sup> W. Funk,<sup>129</sup> S. Giani,<sup>129</sup> D. Gigi,<sup>129</sup> K. Gill,<sup>129</sup> F. Glege,<sup>129</sup> L. Gouskos,<sup>129</sup> M. Haranko,<sup>129</sup> J. Hegeman,<sup>129</sup> Y. Iiyama,<sup>129</sup> V. Innocente,<sup>129</sup> T. James,<sup>129</sup> P. Janot,<sup>129</sup> J. Kaspar,<sup>129</sup> J. Kieseler,<sup>129</sup> M. Komm,<sup>129</sup> N. Kratochwil,<sup>129</sup> C. Lange,<sup>129</sup> S. Laurila,<sup>129</sup> P. Lecoq,<sup>129</sup> K. Long,<sup>129</sup> C. Lourenço,<sup>129</sup> L. Malgeri,<sup>129</sup> S. Mallios,<sup>129</sup> M. Mannelli,<sup>129</sup> F. Meijers,<sup>129</sup> S. Mersi,<sup>129</sup> E. Meschi,<sup>129</sup> F. Moortgat,<sup>129</sup> M. Mulders,<sup>129</sup> S. Orfanelli,<sup>129</sup> L. Orsini,<sup>129</sup> F. Pantaleo,<sup>129,u</sup> L. Pape,<sup>129</sup> E. Perez,<sup>129</sup> M. Peruzzi,<sup>129</sup> A. Petrilli,<sup>129</sup> G. Petrucciani,<sup>129</sup> A. Pfeiffer,<sup>129</sup> M. Pierini,<sup>129</sup> M. Pitt,<sup>129</sup> T. Quast,<sup>129</sup> D. Rabady,<sup>129</sup> A. Racz,<sup>129</sup> M. Rieger,<sup>129</sup> M. Rovere,<sup>129</sup> H. Sakulin,<sup>129</sup> J. Salfeld-Nebgen,<sup>129</sup> S. Scarfi,<sup>129</sup> C. Schäfer,<sup>129</sup> C. Schwick,<sup>129</sup> M. Selvaggi,<sup>129</sup> A. Sharma,<sup>129</sup> P. Silva,<sup>129</sup> W. Snoeys,<sup>129</sup> P. Sphicas,<sup>129,hhh</sup> S. Summers,<sup>129</sup> V. R. Tavolaro,<sup>129</sup> D. Treille,<sup>129</sup> A. Tsiro,<sup>129</sup> G. P. Van Onsem,<sup>129</sup> M. Verzetti,<sup>129</sup> K. A. Wozniak,<sup>129</sup> W. D. Zeuner,<sup>129</sup> L. Caminada,<sup>130,iii</sup> A. Ebrahimi,<sup>130</sup> W. Erdmann,<sup>130</sup> R. Horisberger,<sup>130</sup> Q. Ingram,<sup>130</sup> H. C. Kaestli,<sup>130</sup> D. Kotlinski,<sup>130</sup> U. Langenegger,<sup>130</sup> M. Missiroli,<sup>130</sup> T. Rohe,<sup>130</sup> M. Backhaus,<sup>131</sup> P. Berger,<sup>131</sup> A. Calandri,<sup>131</sup> N. Chernyavskaya,<sup>131</sup> A. De Cosa,<sup>131</sup> G. Dissertori,<sup>131</sup> M. Dittmar,<sup>131</sup> M. Donegà,<sup>131</sup> C. Dorfer,<sup>131</sup> T. Gadek,<sup>131</sup> T. A. Gómez Espinosa,<sup>131</sup> C. Grab,<sup>131</sup> D. Hits,<sup>131</sup> W. Lustermann,<sup>131</sup> A.-M. Lyon,<sup>131</sup> R. A. Manzoni,<sup>131</sup> M. T. Meinhard,<sup>131</sup> F. Micheli,<sup>131</sup> F. Nessi-Tedaldi,<sup>131</sup> J. Niedziela,<sup>131</sup> F. Pauss,<sup>131</sup> V. Perovic,<sup>131</sup> G. Perrin,<sup>131</sup> S. Pigazzini,<sup>131</sup> M. G. Ratti,<sup>131</sup> M. Reichmann,<sup>131</sup> C. Reissel,<sup>131</sup> T. Reitenspiess,<sup>131</sup> B. Ristic,<sup>131</sup> D. Ruini,<sup>131</sup> D. A. Sanz Becerra,<sup>131</sup> M. Schönenberger,<sup>131</sup> V. Stampf,<sup>131</sup> J. Steggemann,<sup>131,jjj</sup> R. Wallny,<sup>131</sup> D. H. Zhu,<sup>131</sup> C. Amsler,<sup>132,kkk</sup> C. Botta,<sup>132</sup> D. Brzhechko,<sup>132</sup> M. F. Canelli,<sup>132</sup> A. De Wit,<sup>132</sup> R. Del Burgo,<sup>132</sup> J. K. Heikkilä,<sup>132</sup> M. Huwiler,<sup>132</sup> A. Jofrehei,<sup>132</sup> B. Kilminster,<sup>132</sup> S. Leontsinis,<sup>132</sup> A. Macchiolo,<sup>132</sup> P. Meiring,<sup>132</sup> V. M. Mikuni,<sup>132</sup> U. Molinatti,<sup>132</sup> I. Neutelings,<sup>132</sup> G. Rauco,<sup>132</sup> A. Reimers,<sup>132</sup> P. Robmann,<sup>132</sup> S. Sanchez Cruz,<sup>132</sup> K. Schweiger,<sup>132</sup> Y. Takahashi,<sup>132</sup> C. Adloff,<sup>133,lll</sup> C. M. Kuo,<sup>133</sup> W. Lin,<sup>133</sup> A. Roy,<sup>133</sup> T. Sarkar,<sup>133,ll</sup> S. S. Yu,<sup>133</sup> L. Ceard,<sup>134</sup> P. Chang,<sup>134</sup> Y. Chao,<sup>134</sup> K. F. Chen,<sup>134</sup> P. H. Chen,<sup>134</sup> W.-S. Hou,<sup>134</sup> Y. y. Li,<sup>134</sup> R.-S. Lu,<sup>134</sup> E. Paganis,<sup>134</sup> A. Psallidas,<sup>134</sup> A. Steen,<sup>134</sup> E. Yazgan,<sup>134</sup> B. Asavapibhop,<sup>135</sup>

- C. Asawatangtrakuldee,<sup>135</sup> N. Srimanobhas,<sup>135</sup> M. N. Bakirci,<sup>136,mmm</sup> F. Boran,<sup>136</sup> S. Damarseckin,<sup>136,nnn</sup> Z. S. Demiroglu,<sup>136</sup> F. Dolek,<sup>136</sup> C. Dozen,<sup>136,ooo</sup> I. Dumanoglu,<sup>136,ppp</sup> E. Eskut,<sup>136</sup> G. Gokbulut,<sup>136</sup> Y. Guler,<sup>136</sup> E. Gurpinar Guler,<sup>136,qqq</sup> I. Hos,<sup>136,rrr</sup> C. Isik,<sup>136</sup> O. Kara,<sup>136</sup> A. Kayis Topaksu,<sup>136</sup> U. Kiminsu,<sup>136</sup> G. Onengut,<sup>136</sup> A. Polatoz,<sup>136</sup> A. E. Simsek,<sup>136</sup> B. Tali,<sup>136,sss</sup> U. G. Tok,<sup>136</sup> H. Topakli,<sup>136,ttt</sup> S. Turkcapar,<sup>136</sup> I. S. Zorbakir,<sup>136</sup> C. Zorbilmez,<sup>136</sup> B. Isildak,<sup>137,uuu</sup> G. Karapinar,<sup>137,vvv</sup> K. Ocalan,<sup>137,www</sup> M. Yalvac,<sup>137,xxx</sup> B. Akgun,<sup>138</sup> I. O. Atakisi,<sup>138</sup> E. Gülmez,<sup>138</sup> M. Kaya,<sup>138,yyy</sup> O. Kaya,<sup>138,zzz</sup> Ö. Özçelik,<sup>138</sup> S. Tekten,<sup>138,aaaa</sup> E. A. Yetkin,<sup>138,bbbb</sup> A. Cakir,<sup>139</sup> K. Cankocak,<sup>139,ppp</sup> Y. Komurcu,<sup>139</sup> S. Sen,<sup>139,cccc</sup> F. Aydogmus Sen,<sup>140</sup> S. Cerci,<sup>140,sss</sup> B. Kaynak,<sup>140</sup> S. Ozkorucuklu,<sup>140</sup> D. Sunar Cerci,<sup>140,sss</sup> B. Grynyov,<sup>141</sup> L. Levchuk,<sup>142</sup> E. Bhal,<sup>143</sup> S. Bologna,<sup>143</sup> J. J. Brooke,<sup>143</sup> A. Bundock,<sup>143</sup> E. Clement,<sup>143</sup> D. Cussans,<sup>143</sup> H. Flacher,<sup>143</sup> J. Goldstein,<sup>143</sup> G. P. Heath,<sup>143</sup> H. F. Heath,<sup>143</sup> L. Kreczko,<sup>143</sup> B. Krikler,<sup>143</sup> S. Paramesvaran,<sup>143</sup> T. Sakuma,<sup>143</sup> S. Seif El Nasr-Storey,<sup>143</sup> V. J. Smith,<sup>143</sup> N. Stylianou,<sup>143,dddd</sup> J. Taylor,<sup>143</sup> A. Titterton,<sup>143</sup> K. W. Bell,<sup>144</sup> A. Belyaev,<sup>144,eeee</sup> C. Brew,<sup>144</sup> R. M. Brown,<sup>144</sup> D. J. A. Cockerill,<sup>144</sup> K. V. Ellis,<sup>144</sup> K. Harder,<sup>144</sup> S. Harper,<sup>144</sup> J. Linacre,<sup>144</sup> K. Manolopoulos,<sup>144</sup> D. M. Newbold,<sup>144</sup> E. Olaiya,<sup>144</sup> D. Petyt,<sup>144</sup> T. Reis,<sup>144</sup> T. Schuh,<sup>144</sup> C. H. Shepherd-Themistocleous,<sup>144</sup> A. Thea,<sup>144</sup> I. R. Tomalin,<sup>144</sup> T. Williams,<sup>144</sup> R. Bainbridge,<sup>145</sup> P. Bloch,<sup>145</sup> S. Bonomally,<sup>145</sup> J. Borg,<sup>145</sup> S. Breeze,<sup>145</sup> O. Buchmuller,<sup>145</sup> V. Cepaitis,<sup>145</sup> G. S. Chahal,<sup>145,fff</sup> D. Colling,<sup>145</sup> P. Dauncey,<sup>145</sup> G. Davies,<sup>145</sup> M. Della Negra,<sup>145</sup> G. Fedi,<sup>145</sup> G. Hall,<sup>145</sup> M. H. Hassanshahi,<sup>145</sup> G. Iles,<sup>145</sup> J. Langford,<sup>145</sup> L. Lyons,<sup>145</sup> A.-M. Magnan,<sup>145</sup> S. Malik,<sup>145</sup> A. Martelli,<sup>145</sup> V. Milosevic,<sup>145</sup> J. Nash,<sup>145,gggg</sup> V. Palladino,<sup>145</sup> M. Pesaresi,<sup>145</sup> D. M. Raymond,<sup>145</sup> A. Richards,<sup>145</sup> A. Rose,<sup>145</sup> E. Scott,<sup>145</sup> C. Seez,<sup>145</sup> A. Shtipliyski,<sup>145</sup> A. Tapper,<sup>145</sup> K. Uchida,<sup>145</sup> T. Virdee,<sup>145,u</sup> N. Wardle,<sup>145</sup> S. N. Webb,<sup>145</sup> D. Winterbottom,<sup>145</sup> A. G. Zecchinelli,<sup>145</sup> J. E. Cole,<sup>146</sup> A. Khan,<sup>146</sup> P. Kyberd,<sup>146</sup> C. K. Mackay,<sup>146</sup> I. D. Reid,<sup>146</sup> L. Teodorescu,<sup>146</sup> S. Zahid,<sup>146</sup> S. Abdullin,<sup>147</sup> A. Brinkerhoff,<sup>147</sup> B. Caraway,<sup>147</sup> J. Dittmann,<sup>147</sup> K. Hatakeyama,<sup>147</sup> A. R. Kanuganti,<sup>147</sup> B. McMaster,<sup>147</sup> N. Pastika,<sup>147</sup> S. Sawant,<sup>147</sup> C. Smith,<sup>147</sup> C. Sutantawibul,<sup>147</sup> J. Wilson,<sup>147</sup> R. Bartek,<sup>148</sup> A. Dominguez,<sup>148</sup> R. Uniyal,<sup>148</sup> A. M. Vargas Hernandez,<sup>148</sup> A. Buccilli,<sup>149</sup> O. Charaf,<sup>149</sup> S. I. Cooper,<sup>149</sup> D. Di Croce,<sup>149</sup> S. V. Gleyzer,<sup>149</sup> C. Henderson,<sup>149</sup> C. U. Perez,<sup>149</sup> P. Rumerio,<sup>149</sup> C. West,<sup>149</sup> A. Akpinar,<sup>150</sup> A. Albert,<sup>150</sup> D. Arcaro,<sup>150</sup> C. Cosby,<sup>150</sup> Z. Demiragli,<sup>150</sup> D. Gastler,<sup>150</sup> J. Rohlf,<sup>150</sup> K. Salyer,<sup>150</sup> D. Sperka,<sup>150</sup> D. Spitzbart,<sup>150</sup> I. Suarez,<sup>150</sup> S. Yuan,<sup>150</sup> D. Zou,<sup>150</sup> G. Benelli,<sup>151</sup> B. Burkle,<sup>151</sup> X. Coubez,<sup>151,v</sup> D. Cutts,<sup>151</sup> Y. t. Duh,<sup>151</sup> M. Hadley,<sup>151</sup> U. Heintz,<sup>151</sup> J. M. Hogan,<sup>151,hhhh</sup> K. H. M. Kwok,<sup>151</sup> E. Laird,<sup>151</sup> G. Landsberg,<sup>151</sup> K. T. Lau,<sup>151</sup> J. Lee,<sup>151</sup> J. Luo,<sup>151</sup> M. Narain,<sup>151</sup> S. Sagir,<sup>151,iiii</sup> E. Usai,<sup>151</sup> W. Y. Wong,<sup>151</sup> X. Yan,<sup>151</sup> D. Yu,<sup>151</sup> W. Zhang,<sup>151</sup> R. Band,<sup>152</sup> C. Brainerd,<sup>152</sup> R. Breedon,<sup>152</sup> M. Calderon De La Barca Sanchez,<sup>152</sup> M. Chertok,<sup>152</sup> J. Conway,<sup>152</sup> R. Conway,<sup>152</sup> P. T. Cox,<sup>152</sup> R. Erbacher,<sup>152</sup> C. Flores,<sup>152</sup> F. Jensen,<sup>152</sup> O. Kukral,<sup>152</sup> R. Lander,<sup>152</sup> M. Mulhearn,<sup>152</sup> D. Pellett,<sup>152</sup> M. Shi,<sup>152</sup> D. Taylor,<sup>152</sup> M. Tripathi,<sup>152</sup> Y. Yao,<sup>152</sup> F. Zhang,<sup>152</sup> M. Bachtis,<sup>153</sup> R. Cousins,<sup>153</sup> A. Dasgupta,<sup>153</sup> A. Datta,<sup>153</sup> D. Hamilton,<sup>153</sup> J. Hauser,<sup>153</sup> M. Ignatenko,<sup>153</sup> M. A. Iqbal,<sup>153</sup> T. Lam,<sup>153</sup> N. Mccoll,<sup>153</sup> W. A. Nash,<sup>153</sup> S. Regnard,<sup>153</sup> D. Saltzberg,<sup>153</sup> C. Schnaible,<sup>153</sup> B. Stone,<sup>153</sup> V. Valuev,<sup>153</sup> K. Burt,<sup>154</sup> Y. Chen,<sup>154</sup> R. Clare,<sup>154</sup> J. W. Gary,<sup>154</sup> G. Hanson,<sup>154</sup> G. Karapostoli,<sup>154</sup> O. R. Long,<sup>154</sup> N. Manganeli,<sup>154</sup> M. Olmedo Negrete,<sup>154</sup> W. Si,<sup>154</sup> S. Wimpenny,<sup>154</sup> Y. Zhang,<sup>154</sup> J. G. Branson,<sup>155</sup> P. Chang,<sup>155</sup> S. Cittolin,<sup>155</sup> S. Cooperstein,<sup>155</sup> N. Deelen,<sup>155</sup> J. Duarte,<sup>155</sup> R. Gerosa,<sup>155</sup> L. Giannini,<sup>155</sup> D. Gilbert,<sup>155</sup> V. Krutelyov,<sup>155</sup> J. Letts,<sup>155</sup> M. Masciovecchio,<sup>155</sup> S. May,<sup>155</sup> S. Padhi,<sup>155</sup> M. Pieri,<sup>155</sup> V. Sharma,<sup>155</sup> M. Tadel,<sup>155</sup> A. Vartak,<sup>155</sup> F. Würthwein,<sup>155</sup> A. Yagil,<sup>155</sup> N. Amin,<sup>156</sup> C. Campagnari,<sup>156</sup> M. Citron,<sup>156</sup> A. Dorsett,<sup>156</sup> V. Dutta,<sup>156</sup> J. Incandela,<sup>156</sup> M. Kilpatrick,<sup>156</sup> B. Marsh,<sup>156</sup> H. Mei,<sup>156</sup> A. Ovcharova,<sup>156</sup> H. Qu,<sup>156</sup> M. Quinlan,<sup>156</sup> J. Richman,<sup>156</sup> U. Sarica,<sup>156</sup> D. Stuart,<sup>156</sup> S. Wang,<sup>156</sup> A. Bornheim,<sup>157</sup> O. Cerri,<sup>157</sup> I. Dutta,<sup>157</sup> J. M. Lawhorn,<sup>157</sup> N. Lu,<sup>157</sup> J. Mao,<sup>157</sup> H. B. Newman,<sup>157</sup> J. Ngadiuba,<sup>157</sup> T. Q. Nguyen,<sup>157</sup> M. Spiropulu,<sup>157</sup> J. R. Vlimant,<sup>157</sup> C. Wang,<sup>157</sup> S. Xie,<sup>157</sup> Z. Zhang,<sup>157</sup> R. Y. Zhu,<sup>157</sup> J. Alison,<sup>158</sup> M. B. Andrews,<sup>158</sup> T. Ferguson,<sup>158</sup> T. Mudholkar,<sup>158</sup> M. Paulini,<sup>158</sup> I. Vorobiev,<sup>158</sup> J. P. Cumalat,<sup>159</sup> W. T. Ford,<sup>159</sup> E. MacDonald,<sup>159</sup> R. Patel,<sup>159</sup> A. Perloff,<sup>159</sup> K. Stenson,<sup>159</sup> K. A. Ulmer,<sup>159</sup> S. R. Wagner,<sup>159</sup> J. Alexander,<sup>160</sup> Y. Cheng,<sup>160</sup> J. Chu,<sup>160</sup> D. J. Cranshaw,<sup>160</sup> S. Hogan,<sup>160</sup> K. McDermott,<sup>160</sup> J. Monroy,<sup>160</sup> J. R. Patterson,<sup>160</sup> D. Quach,<sup>160</sup> J. Reichert,<sup>160</sup> A. Ryd,<sup>160</sup> W. Sun,<sup>160</sup> S. M. Tan,<sup>160</sup> Z. Tao,<sup>160</sup> J. Thom,<sup>160</sup> J. Tucker,<sup>160</sup> P. Wittich,<sup>160</sup> M. Zientek,<sup>160</sup> M. Albrow,<sup>161</sup> M. Alyari,<sup>161</sup> G. Apollinari,<sup>161</sup> A. Apresyan,<sup>161</sup> A. Apyan,<sup>161</sup> S. Banerjee,<sup>161</sup> L. A. T. Bauerdick,<sup>161</sup> A. Beretvas,<sup>161</sup> D. Berry,<sup>161</sup> J. Berryhill,<sup>161</sup> P. C. Bhat,<sup>161</sup> K. Burkett,<sup>161</sup> J. N. Butler,<sup>161</sup> A. Canepa,<sup>161</sup> G. B. Cerati,<sup>161</sup> H. W. K. Cheung,<sup>161</sup> F. Chlebana,<sup>161</sup> M. Cremonesi,<sup>161</sup> K. F. Di Petrillo,<sup>161</sup> V. D. Elvira,<sup>161</sup> J. Freeman,<sup>161</sup> Z. Gecse,<sup>161</sup> L. Gray,<sup>161</sup> D. Green,<sup>161</sup> S. Grünendahl,<sup>161</sup> O. Gutsche,<sup>161</sup> R. M. Harris,<sup>161</sup> R. Heller,<sup>161</sup> T. C. Herwig,<sup>161</sup> J. Hirschauer,<sup>161</sup> B. Jayatilaka,<sup>161</sup> S. Jindariani,<sup>161</sup> M. Johnson,<sup>161</sup> U. Joshi,<sup>161</sup> P. Klabbers,<sup>161</sup> T. Klijnsma,<sup>161</sup> B. Klima,<sup>161</sup> M. J. Kortelainen,<sup>161</sup> S. Lammel,<sup>161</sup> D. Lincoln,<sup>161</sup> R. Lipton,<sup>161</sup> T. Liu,<sup>161</sup> J. Lykken,<sup>161</sup> C. Madrid,<sup>161</sup> K. Maeshima,<sup>161</sup> C. Mantilla,<sup>161</sup> D. Mason,<sup>161</sup> P. McBride,<sup>161</sup> P. Merkel,<sup>161</sup> S. Mrenna,<sup>161</sup> S. Nahn,<sup>161</sup> V. O'Dell,<sup>161</sup> V. Papadimitriou,<sup>161</sup>



K. Pedro,<sup>161</sup> C. Pena,<sup>161,ccc</sup> O. Prokofyev,<sup>161</sup> F. Ravera,<sup>161</sup> A. Reinsvold Hall,<sup>161</sup> L. Ristori,<sup>161</sup> B. Schneider,<sup>161</sup> E. Sexton-Kennedy,<sup>161</sup> N. Smith,<sup>161</sup> A. Soha,<sup>161</sup> L. Spiegel,<sup>161</sup> S. Stoynev,<sup>161</sup> J. Strait,<sup>161</sup> L. Taylor,<sup>161</sup> S. Tkaczyk,<sup>161</sup> N. V. Tran,<sup>161</sup> L. Uplegger,<sup>161</sup> E. W. Vaandering,<sup>161</sup> H. A. Weber,<sup>161</sup> D. Acosta,<sup>162</sup> P. Avery,<sup>162</sup> D. Bourilkov,<sup>162</sup> L. Cadamuro,<sup>162</sup> V. Cherepanov,<sup>162</sup> F. Errico,<sup>162</sup> R. D. Field,<sup>162</sup> D. Guerrero,<sup>162</sup> B. M. Joshi,<sup>162</sup> M. Kim,<sup>162</sup> J. Konigsberg,<sup>162</sup> A. Korytov,<sup>162</sup> K. H. Lo,<sup>162</sup> K. Matchev,<sup>162</sup> N. Menendez,<sup>162</sup> G. Mitselmakher,<sup>162</sup> D. Rosenzweig,<sup>162</sup> K. Shi,<sup>162</sup> J. Sturdy,<sup>162</sup> J. Wang,<sup>162</sup> E. Yigitbasi,<sup>162</sup> X. Zuo,<sup>162</sup> T. Adams,<sup>163</sup> A. Askew,<sup>163</sup> D. Diaz,<sup>163</sup> R. Habibullah,<sup>163</sup> S. Hagopian,<sup>163</sup> V. Hagopian,<sup>163</sup> K. F. Johnson,<sup>163</sup> R. Khurana,<sup>163</sup> T. Kolberg,<sup>163</sup> G. Martinez,<sup>163</sup> H. Prosper,<sup>163</sup> C. Schiber,<sup>163</sup> R. Yohay,<sup>163</sup> J. Zhang,<sup>163</sup> M. M. Baarmand,<sup>164</sup> S. Butalla,<sup>164</sup> T. Elkafrawy,<sup>164,jjjj</sup> M. Hohlmann,<sup>164</sup> R. Kumar Verma,<sup>164</sup> D. Noonan,<sup>164</sup> M. Rahmani,<sup>164</sup> M. Saunders,<sup>164</sup> F. Yumiceva,<sup>164</sup> M. R. Adams,<sup>165</sup> L. Apanasevich,<sup>165</sup> H. Becerril Gonzalez,<sup>165</sup> R. Cavanaugh,<sup>165</sup> X. Chen,<sup>165</sup> S. Dittmer,<sup>165</sup> O. Evdokimov,<sup>165</sup> C. E. Gerber,<sup>165</sup> D. A. Hangal,<sup>165</sup> D. J. Hofman,<sup>165</sup> C. Mills,<sup>165</sup> G. Oh,<sup>165</sup> T. Roy,<sup>165</sup> M. B. Tonjes,<sup>165</sup> N. Varelas,<sup>165</sup> J. Viinikainen,<sup>165</sup> X. Wang,<sup>165</sup> Z. Wu,<sup>165</sup> Z. Ye,<sup>165</sup> M. Alhusseini,<sup>166</sup> K. Dilsiz,<sup>166,kkkk</sup> S. Durgut,<sup>166</sup> R. P. Gandrajula,<sup>166</sup> M. Haytmyradov,<sup>166</sup> V. Khristenko,<sup>166</sup> O. K. Köseyan,<sup>166</sup> J.-P. Merlo,<sup>166</sup> A. Mestvirishvili,<sup>166,llll</sup> A. Moeller,<sup>166</sup> J. Nachtman,<sup>166</sup> H. Ogul,<sup>166,mmmm</sup> Y. Onel,<sup>166</sup> F. Ozok,<sup>166,nnnn</sup> A. Penzo,<sup>166</sup> C. Snyder,<sup>166</sup> E. Tiras,<sup>166,oooo</sup> J. Wetzel,<sup>166</sup> O. Amram,<sup>167</sup> B. Blumenfeld,<sup>167</sup> L. Corcodilos,<sup>167</sup> M. Eminizer,<sup>167</sup> A. V. Gritsan,<sup>167</sup> S. Kyriacou,<sup>167</sup> P. Maksimovic,<sup>167</sup> J. Roskes,<sup>167</sup> M. Swartz,<sup>167</sup> T. Á. Vámi,<sup>167</sup> C. Baldenegro Barrera,<sup>168</sup> P. Baringer,<sup>168</sup> A. Bean,<sup>168</sup> A. Bylinkin,<sup>168</sup> T. Isidori,<sup>168</sup> S. Khalil,<sup>168</sup> J. King,<sup>168</sup> G. Krintiras,<sup>168</sup> A. Kropivnitskaya,<sup>168</sup> C. Lindsey,<sup>168</sup> N. Minafra,<sup>168</sup> M. Murray,<sup>168</sup> C. Rogan,<sup>168</sup> C. Royon,<sup>168</sup> S. Sanders,<sup>168</sup> E. Schmitz,<sup>168</sup> J. D. Tapia Takaki,<sup>168</sup> Q. Wang,<sup>168</sup> J. Williams,<sup>168</sup> G. Wilson,<sup>168</sup> S. Duric,<sup>169</sup> A. Ivanov,<sup>169</sup> K. Kaadze,<sup>169</sup> D. Kim,<sup>169</sup> Y. Maravin,<sup>169</sup> T. Mitchell,<sup>169</sup> A. Modak,<sup>169</sup> F. Rebassoo,<sup>170</sup> D. Wright,<sup>170</sup> E. Adams,<sup>171</sup> A. Baden,<sup>171</sup> O. Baron,<sup>171</sup> A. Belloni,<sup>171</sup> S. C. Eno,<sup>171</sup> Y. Feng,<sup>171</sup> N. J. Hadley,<sup>171</sup> S. Jabeen,<sup>171</sup> R. G. Kellogg,<sup>171</sup> T. Koeth,<sup>171</sup> A. C. Mignerey,<sup>171</sup> S. Nabili,<sup>171</sup> M. Seidel,<sup>171</sup> A. Skuja,<sup>171</sup> S. C. Tonwar,<sup>171</sup> L. Wang,<sup>171</sup> K. Wong,<sup>171</sup> D. Abercrombie,<sup>172</sup> R. Bi,<sup>172</sup> S. Brandt,<sup>172</sup> W. Busza,<sup>172</sup> I. A. Cali,<sup>172</sup> Y. Chen,<sup>172</sup> M. D'Alfonso,<sup>172</sup> G. Gomez Ceballos,<sup>172</sup> M. Goncharov,<sup>172</sup> P. Harris,<sup>172</sup> M. Hu,<sup>172</sup> M. Klute,<sup>172</sup> D. Kovalskyi,<sup>172</sup> J. Krupa,<sup>172</sup> Y.-J. Lee,<sup>172</sup> P. D. Luckey,<sup>172</sup> B. Maier,<sup>172</sup> A. C. Marini,<sup>172</sup> C. Mironov,<sup>172</sup> X. Niu,<sup>172</sup> C. Paus,<sup>172</sup> D. Rankin,<sup>172</sup> C. Roland,<sup>172</sup> G. Roland,<sup>172</sup> Z. Shi,<sup>172</sup> G. S. F. Stephans,<sup>172</sup> K. Tatar,<sup>172</sup> D. Velicanu,<sup>172</sup> J. Wang,<sup>172</sup> T. W. Wang,<sup>172</sup> Z. Wang,<sup>172</sup> B. Wyslouch,<sup>172</sup> R. M. Chatterjee,<sup>173</sup> A. Evans,<sup>173</sup> P. Hansen,<sup>173</sup> J. Hiltbrand,<sup>173</sup> Sh. Jain,<sup>173</sup> M. Krohn,<sup>173</sup> Y. Kubota,<sup>173</sup> Z. Lesko,<sup>173</sup> J. Mans,<sup>173</sup> M. Revering,<sup>173</sup> R. Rusack,<sup>173</sup> R. Saradhy,<sup>173</sup> N. Schroeder,<sup>173</sup> N. Strobbe,<sup>173</sup> M. A. Wadud,<sup>173</sup> J. G. Acosta,<sup>174</sup> S. Oliveros,<sup>174</sup> K. Bloom,<sup>175</sup> M. Bryson,<sup>175</sup> S. Chauhan,<sup>175</sup> D. R. Claes,<sup>175</sup> C. Fangmeier,<sup>175</sup> L. Finco,<sup>175</sup> F. Golf,<sup>175</sup> J. R. González Fernández,<sup>175</sup> C. Joo,<sup>175</sup> I. Kravchenko,<sup>175</sup> J. E. Siado,<sup>175</sup> G. R. Snow,<sup>175,a</sup> W. Tabb,<sup>175</sup> F. Yan,<sup>175</sup> G. Agarwal,<sup>176</sup> H. Bandyopadhyay,<sup>176</sup> L. Hay,<sup>176</sup> I. Iashvili,<sup>176</sup> A. Kharchilava,<sup>176</sup> C. McLean,<sup>176</sup> D. Nguyen,<sup>176</sup> J. Pekkanen,<sup>176</sup> S. Rappoccio,<sup>176</sup> G. Alverson,<sup>177</sup> E. Barberis,<sup>177</sup> C. Freer,<sup>177</sup> Y. Haddad,<sup>177</sup> A. Hortiangtham,<sup>177</sup> J. Li,<sup>177</sup> G. Madigan,<sup>177</sup> B. Marzocchi,<sup>177</sup> D. M. Morse,<sup>177</sup> V. Nguyen,<sup>177</sup> T. Orimoto,<sup>177</sup> A. Parker,<sup>177</sup> L. Skinnari,<sup>177</sup> A. Tishelman-Charny,<sup>177</sup> T. Wamorkar,<sup>177</sup> B. Wang,<sup>177</sup> A. Wisecarver,<sup>177</sup> D. Wood,<sup>177</sup> S. Bhattacharya,<sup>178</sup> J. Bueghly,<sup>178</sup> Z. Chen,<sup>178</sup> A. Gilbert,<sup>178</sup> T. Gunter,<sup>178</sup> K. A. Hahn,<sup>178</sup> N. Odell,<sup>178</sup> M. H. Schmitt,<sup>178</sup> K. Sung,<sup>178</sup> M. Velasco,<sup>178</sup> R. Bucci,<sup>179</sup> N. Dev,<sup>179</sup> R. Goldouzian,<sup>179</sup> M. Hildreth,<sup>179</sup> K. Hurtado Anampa,<sup>179</sup> C. Jessop,<sup>179</sup> K. Lannon,<sup>179</sup> N. Loukas,<sup>179</sup> N. Marinelli,<sup>179</sup> I. Mcalister,<sup>179</sup> F. Meng,<sup>179</sup> K. Mohrman,<sup>179</sup> Y. Musienko,<sup>179,ww</sup> R. Ruchti,<sup>179</sup> P. Siddireddy,<sup>179</sup> M. Wayne,<sup>179</sup> A. Wightman,<sup>179</sup> M. Wolf,<sup>179</sup> L. Zygala,<sup>179</sup> J. Alimena,<sup>180</sup> B. Bylsma,<sup>180</sup> B. Cardwell,<sup>180</sup> L. S. Durkin,<sup>180</sup> B. Francis,<sup>180</sup> C. Hill,<sup>180</sup> A. Lefeld,<sup>180</sup> B. L. Winer,<sup>180</sup> B. R. Yates,<sup>180</sup> F. M. Addesa,<sup>181</sup> B. Bonham,<sup>181</sup> P. Das,<sup>181</sup> G. Dezoort,<sup>181</sup> P. Elmer,<sup>181</sup> A. Frankenthal,<sup>181</sup> B. Greenberg,<sup>181</sup> N. Haubrich,<sup>181</sup> S. Higginbotham,<sup>181</sup> A. Kalogeropoulos,<sup>181</sup> G. Kopp,<sup>181</sup> S. Kwan,<sup>181</sup> D. Lange,<sup>181</sup> M. T. Lucchini,<sup>181</sup> D. Marlow,<sup>181</sup> K. Mei,<sup>181</sup> I. Ojalvo,<sup>181</sup> J. Olsen,<sup>181</sup> C. Palmer,<sup>181</sup> D. Stickland,<sup>181</sup> C. Tully,<sup>181</sup> S. Malik,<sup>182</sup> S. Norberg,<sup>182</sup> A. S. Bakshi,<sup>183</sup> V. E. Barnes,<sup>183</sup> R. Chawla,<sup>183</sup> S. Das,<sup>183</sup> L. Gutay,<sup>183</sup> M. Jones,<sup>183</sup> A. W. Jung,<sup>183</sup> S. Karmarkar,<sup>183</sup> M. Liu,<sup>183</sup> G. Negro,<sup>183</sup> N. Neumeister,<sup>183</sup> C. C. Peng,<sup>183</sup> S. Piperov,<sup>183</sup> A. Purohit,<sup>183</sup> J. F. Schulte,<sup>183</sup> M. Stojanovic,<sup>183,r</sup> J. Thieman,<sup>183</sup> F. Wang,<sup>183</sup> R. Xiao,<sup>183</sup> W. Xie,<sup>183</sup> J. Dolen,<sup>184</sup> N. Parashar,<sup>184</sup> A. Baty,<sup>185</sup> S. Dildick,<sup>185</sup> K. M. Ecklund,<sup>185</sup> S. Freed,<sup>185</sup> F. J. M. Geurts,<sup>185</sup> A. Kumar,<sup>185</sup> W. Li,<sup>185</sup> B. P. Padley,<sup>185</sup> R. Redjimi,<sup>185</sup> J. Roberts,<sup>185,a</sup> W. Shi,<sup>185</sup> A. G. Stahl Leiton,<sup>185</sup> A. Bodek,<sup>186</sup> P. de Barbaro,<sup>186</sup> R. Demina,<sup>186</sup> J. L. Dulemba,<sup>186</sup> C. Fallon,<sup>186</sup> T. Ferbel,<sup>186</sup> M. Galanti,<sup>186</sup> A. Garcia-Bellido,<sup>186</sup> O. Hindrichs,<sup>186</sup> A. Khukhunaishvili,<sup>186</sup> E. Ranken,<sup>186</sup> R. Taus,<sup>186</sup> B. Chiarito,<sup>187</sup> J. P. Chou,<sup>187</sup> A. Gandrakota,<sup>187</sup> Y. Gershtein,<sup>187</sup> E. Halkiadakis,<sup>187</sup> A. Hart,<sup>187</sup> M. Heindl,<sup>187</sup> E. Hughes,<sup>187</sup> S. Kaplan,<sup>187</sup> O. Karacheban,<sup>187,y</sup> I. Laflotte,<sup>187</sup> A. Lath,<sup>187</sup> R. Montalvo,<sup>187</sup> K. Nash,<sup>187</sup> M. Osherson,<sup>187</sup> S. Salur,<sup>187</sup> S. Schnetzer,<sup>187</sup> S. Somalwar,<sup>187</sup> R. Stone,<sup>187</sup> S. A. Thayil,<sup>187</sup> S. Thomas,<sup>187</sup> H. Wang,<sup>187</sup> H. Acharya,<sup>188</sup> A. G. Delannoy,<sup>188</sup> S. Spanier,<sup>188</sup>

O. Bouhali,<sup>189,pppp</sup> M. Dalchenko,<sup>189</sup> A. Delgado,<sup>189</sup> R. Eusebi,<sup>189</sup> J. Gilmore,<sup>189</sup> T. Huang,<sup>189</sup> T. Kamon,<sup>189,qqqq</sup> H. Kim,<sup>189</sup> S. Luo,<sup>189</sup> S. Malhotra,<sup>189</sup> R. Mueller,<sup>189</sup> D. Overton,<sup>189</sup> D. Rathjens,<sup>189</sup> A. Safonov,<sup>189</sup> N. Akchurin,<sup>190</sup> J. Damgov,<sup>190</sup> V. Hegde,<sup>190</sup> S. Kunori,<sup>190</sup> K. Lamichhane,<sup>190</sup> S. W. Lee,<sup>190</sup> T. Mengke,<sup>190</sup> S. Muthumuni,<sup>190</sup> T. Peltola,<sup>190</sup> S. Undleeb,<sup>190</sup> I. Volobouev,<sup>190</sup> Z. Wang,<sup>190</sup> A. Whitbeck,<sup>190</sup> E. Appelt,<sup>191</sup> S. Greene,<sup>191</sup> A. Gurrola,<sup>191</sup> W. Johns,<sup>191</sup> C. Maguire,<sup>191</sup> A. Melo,<sup>191</sup> H. Ni,<sup>191</sup> K. Padeken,<sup>191</sup> F. Romeo,<sup>191</sup> P. Sheldon,<sup>191</sup> S. Tuo,<sup>191</sup> J. Velkovska,<sup>191</sup> M. W. Arenton,<sup>192</sup> B. Cox,<sup>192</sup> G. Cummings,<sup>192</sup> J. Hakala,<sup>192</sup> R. Hirosky,<sup>192</sup> M. Joyce,<sup>192</sup> A. Ledovskoy,<sup>192</sup> A. Li,<sup>192</sup> C. Neu,<sup>192</sup> B. Tannenwald,<sup>192</sup> E. Wolfe,<sup>192</sup> P. E. Karchin,<sup>193</sup> N. Poudyal,<sup>193</sup> P. Thapa,<sup>193</sup> K. Black,<sup>194</sup> T. Bose,<sup>194</sup> J. Buchanan,<sup>194</sup> C. Caillol,<sup>194</sup> S. Dasu,<sup>194</sup> I. De Bruyn,<sup>194</sup> P. Everaerts,<sup>194</sup> C. Galloni,<sup>194</sup> H. He,<sup>194</sup> M. Herndon,<sup>194</sup> A. Hervé,<sup>194</sup> U. Hussain,<sup>194</sup> A. Lanaro,<sup>194</sup> A. Loeliger,<sup>194</sup> R. Loveless,<sup>194</sup> J. Madhusudanan Sreekala,<sup>194</sup> A. Mallampalli,<sup>194</sup> A. Mohammadi,<sup>194</sup> D. Pinna,<sup>194</sup> A. Savin,<sup>194</sup> V. Shang,<sup>194</sup> V. Sharma,<sup>194</sup> W. H. Smith,<sup>194</sup> D. Teague,<sup>194</sup> S. Trembath-Reichert,<sup>194</sup> and W. Vetens<sup>194</sup>

(CMS Collaboration)

<sup>1</sup>*Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia*

<sup>2</sup>*Institut für Hochenergiephysik, Wien, Austria*

<sup>3</sup>*Institute for Nuclear Problems, Minsk, Belarus*

<sup>4</sup>*Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium*

<sup>5</sup>*Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium*

<sup>6</sup>*Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium*

<sup>7</sup>*Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium*

<sup>8</sup>*Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium*

<sup>9</sup>*Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Físicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil*

<sup>10</sup>*Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil*

<sup>11</sup>*Universidade Estadual Paulista, Universidade Federal do ABC, São Paulo, Brazil*

<sup>11a</sup>*Universidade Estadual Paulista, São Paulo, Brazil*

<sup>11b</sup>*Universidade Federal do ABC, São Paulo, Brazil*

<sup>12</sup>*Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria*

<sup>13</sup>*University of Sofia, Sofia, Bulgaria*

<sup>14</sup>*Beihang University, Beijing, China*

<sup>15</sup>*Department of Physics, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China*

<sup>16</sup>*Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China*

<sup>17</sup>*State Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Technology, Peking University, Beijing, China*

<sup>18</sup>*Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou, China*

<sup>19</sup>*Institute of Modern Physics and Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Ion-beam Application (MOE)—Fudan University, Shanghai, China*

<sup>20</sup>*Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China*

<sup>21</sup>*Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia*

<sup>22</sup>*Universidad de Antioquia, Medellin, Colombia*

<sup>23</sup>*University of Split, Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering and Naval Architecture, Split, Croatia*

<sup>24</sup>*University of Split, Faculty of Science, Split, Croatia*

<sup>25</sup>*Institute Rudjer Boskovic, Zagreb, Croatia*

<sup>26</sup>*University of Cyprus, Nicosia, Cyprus*

<sup>27</sup>*Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic*

<sup>28</sup>*Escuela Politecnica Nacional, Quito, Ecuador*

<sup>29</sup>*Universidad San Francisco de Quito, Quito, Ecuador*

<sup>30</sup>*Academy of Scientific Research and Technology of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Egyptian Network of High Energy Physics, Cairo, Egypt*

<sup>31</sup>*Center for High Energy Physics (CHEP-FU), Fayoum University, El-Fayoum, Egypt*

<sup>32</sup>*National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia*

<sup>33</sup>*Department of Physics, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland*

<sup>34</sup>*Helsinki Institute of Physics, Helsinki, Finland*

<sup>35</sup>*Lappeenranta University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland*

<sup>36</sup>*IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France*

<sup>37</sup>*Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, CNRS/IN2P3, Ecole Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau, France*

<sup>38</sup>*Université de Strasbourg, CNRS, IPHC UMR 7178, Strasbourg, France*

- <sup>39</sup>*Institut de Physique des 2 Infinis de Lyon (IP2I), Villeurbanne, France*  
<sup>40</sup>*Georgian Technical University, Tbilisi, Georgia*  
<sup>41</sup>*RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Aachen, Germany*  
<sup>42</sup>*RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany*  
<sup>43</sup>*RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut B, Aachen, Germany*  
<sup>44</sup>*Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany*  
<sup>45</sup>*University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany*  
<sup>46</sup>*Karlsruher Institut fuer Technologie, Karlsruhe, Germany*  
<sup>47</sup>*Institute of Nuclear and Particle Physics (INPP), NCSR Demokritos, Aghia Paraskevi, Greece*  
<sup>48</sup>*National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece*  
<sup>49</sup>*National Technical University of Athens, Athens, Greece*  
<sup>50</sup>*University of Ioánnina, Ioánnina, Greece*  
<sup>51</sup>*MTA-ELTE Lendület CMS Particle and Nuclear Physics Group, Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary*  
<sup>52</sup>*Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary*  
<sup>53</sup>*Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary*  
<sup>54</sup>*Institute of Physics, University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary*  
<sup>55</sup>*Eszterhazy Karoly University, Karoly Robert Campus, Gyongyos, Hungary*  
<sup>56</sup>*Indian Institute of Science (IISc), Bangalore, India*  
<sup>57</sup>*National Institute of Science Education and Research, HBNI, Bhubaneswar, India*  
<sup>58</sup>*Panjab University, Chandigarh, India*  
<sup>59</sup>*University of Delhi, Delhi, India*  
<sup>60</sup>*Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, HBNI, Kolkata, India*  
<sup>61</sup>*Indian Institute of Technology Madras, Madras, India*  
<sup>62</sup>*Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India*  
<sup>63</sup>*Tata Institute of Fundamental Research-A, Mumbai, India*  
<sup>64</sup>*Tata Institute of Fundamental Research-B, Mumbai, India*  
<sup>65</sup>*Indian Institute of Science Education and Research (IISER), Pune, India*  
<sup>66</sup>*Department of Physics, Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran*  
<sup>67</sup>*Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Tehran, Iran*  
<sup>68</sup>*University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland*  
<sup>69a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Bari, Bari, Italy*  
<sup>69b</sup>*Università di Bari, Bari, Italy*  
<sup>69c</sup>*Politecnico di Bari, Bari, Italy*  
<sup>70</sup>*INFN Sezione di Bologna, Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy*  
<sup>70a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Bologna, Bologna, Italy*  
<sup>70b</sup>*Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy*  
<sup>71</sup>*INFN Sezione di Catania, Università di Catania, Catania, Italy*  
<sup>71a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Catania, Catania, Italy*  
<sup>71b</sup>*Università di Catania, Catania, Italy*  
<sup>72</sup>*INFN Sezione di Firenze, Università di Firenze, Firenze, Italy*  
<sup>72a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Firenze, Firenze, Italy*  
<sup>72b</sup>*Università di Firenze, Firenze, Italy*  
<sup>73</sup>*INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy*  
<sup>74</sup>*INFN Sezione di Genova, Università di Genova, Genova, Italy*  
<sup>74a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Genova, Genova, Italy*  
<sup>74b</sup>*Università di Genova, Genova, Italy*  
<sup>75</sup>*INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca, Università di Milano-Bicocca, Milano, Italy*  
<sup>75a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca, Milano, Italy*  
<sup>75b</sup>*Università di Milano-Bicocca, Milano, Italy*  
<sup>76</sup>*INFN Sezione di Napoli, Università di Napoli 'Federico II', Napoli, Italy, Università della Basilicata, Potenza, Italy, Università G. Marconi, Roma, Italy*  
<sup>76a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Napoli, Napoli, Italy*  
<sup>76b</sup>*Università di Napoli 'Federico II', Napoli, Italy*  
<sup>76c</sup>*Università della Basilicata, Potenza, Italy*  
<sup>76d</sup>*Università G. Marconi, Roma, Italy*  
<sup>77</sup>*INFN Sezione di Padova, Università di Padova, Padova, Italy, Università di Trento, Trento, Italy*  
<sup>77a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Padova, Padova, Italy*  
<sup>77b</sup>*Università di Padova, Padova, Italy*  
<sup>77c</sup>*Università di Trento, Trento, Italy*



- <sup>78a</sup>INFN Sezione di Pavia, Pavia, Italy  
<sup>78b</sup>Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy  
<sup>79</sup>INFN Sezione di Perugia, Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy  
<sup>79a</sup>INFN Sezione di Perugia, Perugia, Italy  
<sup>79b</sup>Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy  
<sup>80</sup>INFN Sezione di Pisa, Università di Pisa, Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa, Pisa Italy, Università di Siena, Siena, Italy  
<sup>80a</sup>INFN Sezione di Pisa, Pisa, Italy  
<sup>80b</sup>Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy  
<sup>80c</sup>Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa, Pisa, Italy  
<sup>80d</sup>Università di Siena, Siena, Italy  
<sup>81</sup>INFN Sezione di Roma, Sapienza Università di Roma, Rome, Italy  
<sup>81a</sup>INFN Sezione di Roma, Roma, Italy  
<sup>81b</sup>Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy  
<sup>82</sup>INFN Sezione di Torino, Università di Torino, Torino, Italy, Università del Piemonte Orientale, Novara, Italy  
<sup>82a</sup>INFN Sezione di Torino, Torino, Italy  
<sup>82b</sup>Università di Torino, Torino, Italy  
<sup>82c</sup>Università del Piemonte Orientale, Novara, Italy  
<sup>83</sup>INFN Sezione di Trieste, Università di Trieste, Trieste, Italy  
<sup>83a</sup>INFN Sezione di Trieste, Trieste, Italy  
<sup>83b</sup>Università di Trieste, Trieste, Italy  
<sup>84</sup>Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea  
<sup>85</sup>Chonnam National University, Institute for Universe and Elementary Particles, Kwangju, Korea  
<sup>86</sup>Hanyang University, Seoul, Korea  
<sup>87</sup>Korea University, Seoul, Korea  
<sup>88</sup>Kyung Hee University, Department of Physics, Seoul, Republic of Korea  
<sup>89</sup>Sejong University, Seoul, Korea  
<sup>90</sup>Seoul National University, Seoul, Korea  
<sup>91</sup>University of Seoul, Seoul, Korea  
<sup>92</sup>Yonsei University, Department of Physics, Seoul, Korea  
<sup>93</sup>Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon, Korea  
<sup>94</sup>College of Engineering and Technology, American University of the Middle East (AUM), Egaila, Kuwait  
<sup>95</sup>Riga Technical University, Riga, Latvia  
<sup>96</sup>Vilnius University, Vilnius, Lithuania  
<sup>97</sup>National Centre for Particle Physics, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia  
<sup>98</sup>Universidad de Sonora (UNISON), Hermosillo, Mexico  
<sup>99</sup>Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico City, Mexico  
<sup>100</sup>Universidad Iberoamericana, Mexico City, Mexico  
<sup>101</sup>Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla, Puebla, Mexico  
<sup>102</sup>University of Montenegro, Podgorica, Montenegro  
<sup>103</sup>University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand  
<sup>104</sup>University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand  
<sup>105</sup>National Centre for Physics, Quaid-I-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan  
<sup>106</sup>AGH University of Science and Technology Faculty of Computer Science, Electronics and Telecommunications, Krakow, Poland  
<sup>107</sup>National Centre for Nuclear Research, Swierk, Poland  
<sup>108</sup>Institute of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland  
<sup>109</sup>Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, Lisboa, Portugal  
<sup>110</sup>Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia  
<sup>111</sup>Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina (St. Petersburg), Russia  
<sup>112</sup>Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia  
<sup>113</sup>Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics named by A.I. Alikhanov of NRC 'Kurchatov Institute', Moscow, Russia  
<sup>114</sup>Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology, Moscow, Russia  
<sup>115</sup>National Research Nuclear University 'Moscow Engineering Physics Institute' (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia  
<sup>116</sup>P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia  
<sup>117</sup>Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia  
<sup>118</sup>Novosibirsk State University (NSU), Novosibirsk, Russia

- <sup>119</sup>*Institute for High Energy Physics of National Research Centre ‘Kurchatov Institute’, Protvino, Russia*  
<sup>120</sup>*National Research Tomsk Polytechnic University, Tomsk, Russia*  
<sup>121</sup>*Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia*  
<sup>122</sup>*University of Belgrade: Faculty of Physics and VINCA Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia*  
<sup>123</sup>*Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, Spain*  
<sup>124</sup>*Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain*  
<sup>125</sup>*Universidad de Oviedo, Instituto Universitario de Ciencias y Tecnologías Espaciales de Asturias (ICTEA), Oviedo, Spain*  
<sup>126</sup>*Instituto de Física de Cantabria (IFCA), CSIC-Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain*  
<sup>127</sup>*University of Colombo, Colombo, Sri Lanka*  
<sup>128</sup>*University of Ruhuna, Department of Physics, Matara, Sri Lanka*  
<sup>129</sup>*CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland*  
<sup>130</sup>*Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland*  
<sup>131</sup>*ETH Zurich—Institute for Particle Physics and Astrophysics (IPA), Zurich, Switzerland*  
<sup>132</sup>*Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland*  
<sup>133</sup>*National Central University, Chung-Li, Taiwan*  
<sup>134</sup>*National Taiwan University (NTU), Taipei, Taiwan*  
<sup>135</sup>*Chulalongkorn University, Faculty of Science, Department of Physics, Bangkok, Thailand*  
<sup>136</sup>*Çukurova University, Physics Department, Science and Art Faculty, Adana, Turkey*  
<sup>137</sup>*Middle East Technical University, Physics Department, Ankara, Turkey*  
<sup>138</sup>*Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey*  
<sup>139</sup>*Istanbul Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey*  
<sup>140</sup>*Istanbul University, Istanbul, Turkey*  
<sup>141</sup>*Institute for Scintillation Materials of National Academy of Science of Ukraine, Kharkov, Ukraine*  
<sup>142</sup>*National Scientific Center, Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology, Kharkov, Ukraine*  
<sup>143</sup>*University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom*  
<sup>144</sup>*Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom*  
<sup>145</sup>*Imperial College, London, United Kingdom*  
<sup>146</sup>*Brunel University, Uxbridge, United Kingdom*  
<sup>147</sup>*Baylor University, Waco, Texas, USA*  
<sup>148</sup>*Catholic University of America, Washington, DC, USA*  
<sup>149</sup>*The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Alabama, USA*  
<sup>150</sup>*Boston University, Boston, Massachusetts, USA*  
<sup>151</sup>*Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island, USA*  
<sup>152</sup>*University of California, Davis, Davis, California, USA*  
<sup>153</sup>*University of California, Los Angeles, California, USA*  
<sup>154</sup>*University of California, Riverside, Riverside, California, USA*  
<sup>155</sup>*University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California, USA*  
<sup>156</sup>*University of California, Santa Barbara—Department of Physics, Santa Barbara, California, USA*  
<sup>157</sup>*California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California, USA*  
<sup>158</sup>*Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA*  
<sup>159</sup>*University of Colorado Boulder, Boulder, Colorado, USA*  
<sup>160</sup>*Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, USA*  
<sup>161</sup>*Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, Illinois, USA*  
<sup>162</sup>*University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida, USA*  
<sup>163</sup>*Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida, USA*  
<sup>164</sup>*Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, Florida, USA*  
<sup>165</sup>*University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC), Chicago, Illinois, USA*  
<sup>166</sup>*The University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, USA*  
<sup>167</sup>*Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland, USA*  
<sup>168</sup>*The University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas, USA*  
<sup>169</sup>*Kansas State University, Manhattan, Kansas, USA*  
<sup>170</sup>*Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California, USA*  
<sup>171</sup>*University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland, USA*  
<sup>172</sup>*Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA*  
<sup>173</sup>*University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA*  
<sup>174</sup>*University of Mississippi, Oxford, Mississippi, USA*  
<sup>175</sup>*University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, Nebraska, USA*  
<sup>176</sup>*State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, New York, USA*  
<sup>177</sup>*Northeastern University, Boston, Massachusetts, USA*

- <sup>178</sup>*Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, USA*  
<sup>179</sup>*University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA*  
<sup>180</sup>*The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, USA*  
<sup>181</sup>*Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey, USA*  
<sup>182</sup>*University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico, USA*  
<sup>183</sup>*Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA*  
<sup>184</sup>*Purdue University Northwest, Hammond, Indiana, USA*  
<sup>185</sup>*Rice University, Houston, Texas, USA*  
<sup>186</sup>*University of Rochester, Rochester, New York, USA*  
<sup>187</sup>*Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, New Jersey, USA*  
<sup>188</sup>*University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee, USA*  
<sup>189</sup>*Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas, USA*  
<sup>190</sup>*Texas Tech University, Lubbock, Texas, USA*  
<sup>191</sup>*Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tennessee, USA*  
<sup>192</sup>*University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia, USA*  
<sup>193</sup>*Wayne State University, Detroit, Michigan, USA*  
<sup>194</sup>*University of Wisconsin—Madison, Madison, WI, Wisconsin, USA*

<sup>a</sup>Deceased.

<sup>b</sup>Also at TU Wien.

<sup>c</sup>Also at Institute of Basic and Applied Sciences, Faculty of Engineering, Arab Academy for Science, Technology and Maritime Transport, Alexandria, Egypt.

<sup>d</sup>Also at Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium.

<sup>e</sup>Also at IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France.

<sup>f</sup>Also at Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Campinas, Brazil.

<sup>g</sup>Also at Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, Brazil.

<sup>h</sup>Also at Universidade Federal do Mato Grosso do Sul, Nova Andradina, Mato Grosso do Sul, Brazil.

<sup>i</sup>Also at The University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, USA.

<sup>j</sup>Also at Nanjing Normal University Department of Physics, Nanjing, China.

<sup>k</sup>Also at University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China.

<sup>l</sup>Also at University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China.

<sup>m</sup>Also at Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics named by A.I. Alikhanov of NRC ‘Kurchatov Institute’, Moscow, Russia.

<sup>n</sup>Also at Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia.

<sup>o</sup>Also at British University in Egypt, Cairo, Egypt.

<sup>p</sup>Also at Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt.

<sup>q</sup>Also at Zewail City of Science and Technology, Zewail, Egypt.

<sup>r</sup>Also at Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA.

<sup>s</sup>Also at Université de Haute Alsace, Mulhouse, France.

<sup>t</sup>Also at Erzincan Binali Yildirim University, Erzincan, Turkey.

<sup>u</sup>Also at CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland.

<sup>v</sup>Also at RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany.

<sup>w</sup>Also at University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany.

<sup>x</sup>Also at Department of Physics, Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran.

<sup>y</sup>Also at Brandenburg University of Technology, Cottbus, Germany.

<sup>z</sup>Also at Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia.

<sup>aa</sup>Also at Physics Department, Faculty of Science, Assiut University.

<sup>bb</sup>Also at Eszterhazy Karoly University, Karoly Robert Campus, Gyongyos, Hungary.

<sup>cc</sup>Also at Institute of Physics, University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary.

<sup>dd</sup>Also at Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary.

<sup>ee</sup>Also at MTA-ELTE Lendület CMS Particle and Nuclear Physics Group, Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary.

<sup>ff</sup>Also at Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary.

<sup>gg</sup>Also at IIT Bhubaneswar, Bhubaneswar, India.

<sup>hh</sup>Also at Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar, India.

<sup>ii</sup>Also at G.H.G. Khalsa College, Punjab, India.

<sup>jj</sup>Also at Shoolini University, Solan, India.

<sup>kk</sup>Also at University of Hyderabad, Hyderabad, India.

<sup>ll</sup>Also at University of Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, India.

<sup>mm</sup>Also at Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Mumbai, India.

<sup>nn</sup>Also at Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany.



- <sup>oo</sup> Also at Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran.
- <sup>pp</sup> Also at Department of Physics, University of Science and Technology of Mazandaran, Behshahr, Iran.
- <sup>qq</sup> Also at INFN Sezione di Bari, Università di Bari, Politecnico di Bari, Bari, Italy.
- <sup>rr</sup> Also at Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development, Roma, Italy.
- <sup>ss</sup> Also at Centro Siciliano di Fisica Nucleare e di Struttura Della Materia, Catania, Italy.
- <sup>tt</sup> Also at Università di Napoli 'Federico II', Napoli, Italy.
- <sup>uu</sup> Also at Riga Technical University, Riga, Latvia.
- <sup>vv</sup> Also at Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología, Mexico City, Mexico.
- <sup>ww</sup> Also at Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia.
- <sup>xx</sup> Also at National Research Nuclear University 'Moscow Engineering Physics Institute' (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia.
- <sup>yy</sup> Also at St. Petersburg State Polytechnical University, St. Petersburg, Russia.
- <sup>zz</sup> Also at University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida, USA.
- <sup>aaa</sup> Also at Imperial College, London, United Kingdom.
- <sup>bbb</sup> Also at P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia.
- <sup>ccc</sup> Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California, USA.
- <sup>ddd</sup> Also at Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, Novosibirsk, Russia.
- <sup>eee</sup> Also at Faculty of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia.
- <sup>fff</sup> Also at Trincomalee Campus, Eastern University, Sri Lanka.
- <sup>ggg</sup> Also at INFN Sezione di Pavia, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy.
- <sup>hhh</sup> Also at National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece.
- <sup>iii</sup> Also at Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland.
- <sup>jjj</sup> Also at Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland.
- <sup>kkk</sup> Also at Stefan Meyer Institute for Subatomic Physics, Vienna, Austria.
- <sup>lll</sup> Also at Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique des Particules, IN2P3-CNRS, Annecy-le-Vieux, France.
- <sup>mmm</sup> Also at Gaziosmanpasa University, Tokat, Turkey.
- <sup>nnn</sup> Also at Şırnak University, Şırnak, Turkey.
- <sup>ooo</sup> Also at Department of Physics, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China.
- <sup>ppp</sup> Also at Near East University, Research Center of Experimental Health Science, Nicosia, Turkey.
- <sup>qqq</sup> Also at Beykent University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- <sup>rrr</sup> Also at Istanbul Aydın University, Application and Research Center for Advanced Studies (App. & Res. Cent. for Advanced Studies), Istanbul, Turkey.
- <sup>sss</sup> Also at Adiyaman University, Adiyaman, Turkey.
- <sup>ttt</sup> Also at Tarsus University, Tarsus, Turkey.
- <sup>uuu</sup> Also at Ozyegin University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- <sup>vvv</sup> Also at Izmir Institute of Technology, Izmir, Turkey.
- <sup>www</sup> Also at Necmettin Erbakan University, Konya, Turkey.
- <sup>xxx</sup> Also at Bozok Universitetesi Rektörlüğü, Yozgat, Turkey.
- <sup>yyy</sup> Also at Marmara University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- <sup>zzz</sup> Also at Milli Savunma University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- <sup>aaa</sup> Also at Kafkas University, Kars, Turkey.
- <sup>bbb</sup> Also at Istanbul Bilgi University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- <sup>ccc</sup> Also at Hacettepe University, Ankara, Turkey.
- <sup>ddd</sup> Also at Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium.
- <sup>eee</sup> Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom.
- <sup>fff</sup> Also at IPPP Durham University, Durham, UK.
- <sup>ggg</sup> Also at Monash University, Faculty of Science, Clayton, Australia.
- <sup>hhh</sup> Also at Bethel University, St. Paul, Minneapolis, USA.
- <sup>iii</sup> Also at Karamanoğlu Mehmetbey University, Karaman, Turkey.
- <sup>jjj</sup> Also at Ain Shams University, Cairo, Egypt.
- <sup>kkk</sup> Also at Bingol University, Bingol, Turkey.
- <sup>lll</sup> Also at Georgian Technical University, Tbilisi, Georgia.
- <sup>mmm</sup> Also at Sinop University, Sinop, Turkey.
- <sup>nnn</sup> Also at Mimar Sinan University, Istanbul, Istanbul, Turkey.
- <sup>ooo</sup> Also at Erciyes University, Kayseri, Turkey.
- <sup>ppp</sup> Also at Texas A&M University at Qatar, Doha, Qatar.
- <sup>qqq</sup> Also at Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea.