



$$\begin{aligned} & , \\ & , \\ & , \qquad \rho \\ & \rho \qquad \rho \end{aligned}$$

$$\geq \qquad \qquad \geq$$

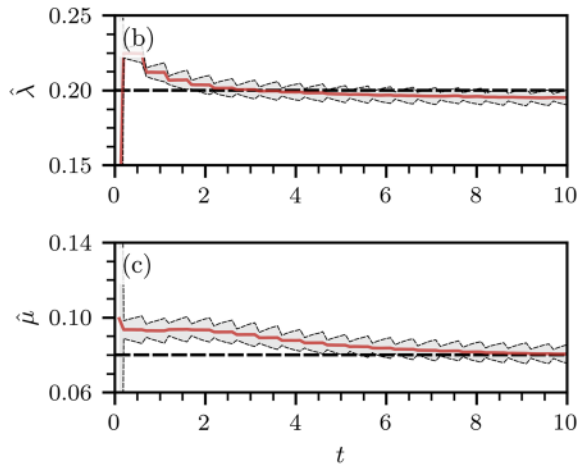
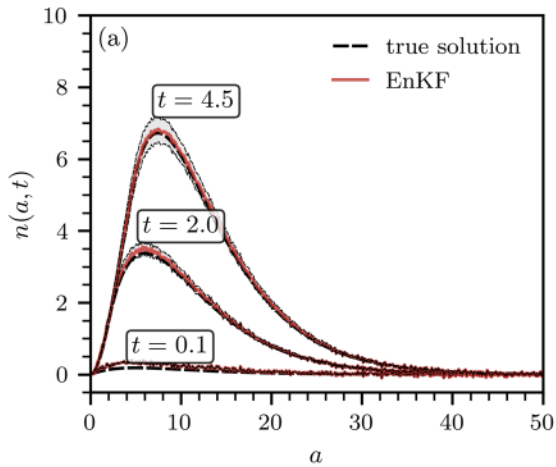
$$, \qquad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \rho \\ f \end{array} \right. , \qquad - \qquad - \qquad , \qquad f \qquad , \qquad - \qquad - \qquad , \qquad \geq$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \rho \\ & , \qquad - \\ & \lambda^- \end{aligned}$$

$$, \qquad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{- \quad a -}{-} \left[\begin{array}{l} - \\ \lambda \end{array} \right] \qquad \lambda \qquad - \end{array} \right] \qquad \geq$$

$$\begin{aligned} & - \\ & \lambda^- \\ & \lambda^- \\ & \lambda^- \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & - \qquad - \end{aligned} \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} & - \qquad - \end{aligned}} \right] , \qquad , \qquad , \qquad , \qquad ,$$



$$, \quad , \quad \hat{a}^-, \hat{a}^+, \quad , \quad$$

σ

—

$\hat{a}^-$

$$\hat{a}^- = - \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{1}{K} \hat{a}_k^-$$

$$\hat{a}^- \equiv - \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{1}{K} \hat{a}_k^- - \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{1}{K} \hat{a}_k^+$$

$$- \quad \frac{1}{K} \sum_{k=1}^K \left[\hat{a}_k^- - \hat{a}^- \right]$$

$$\left[\hat{a}_k^- - \hat{a}^- \right]$$

$$- \quad \frac{1}{K} \sum_{k=1}^K \left[\hat{a}_k^- - \hat{a}^- \right]$$

$$\left[\hat{a}_k^- - \hat{a}^- \right]$$

$$K \quad - \quad - \quad -$$

$$\frac{1}{K} \left\{ \hat{a}_k^- - \hat{a}^- \right\} \geq$$

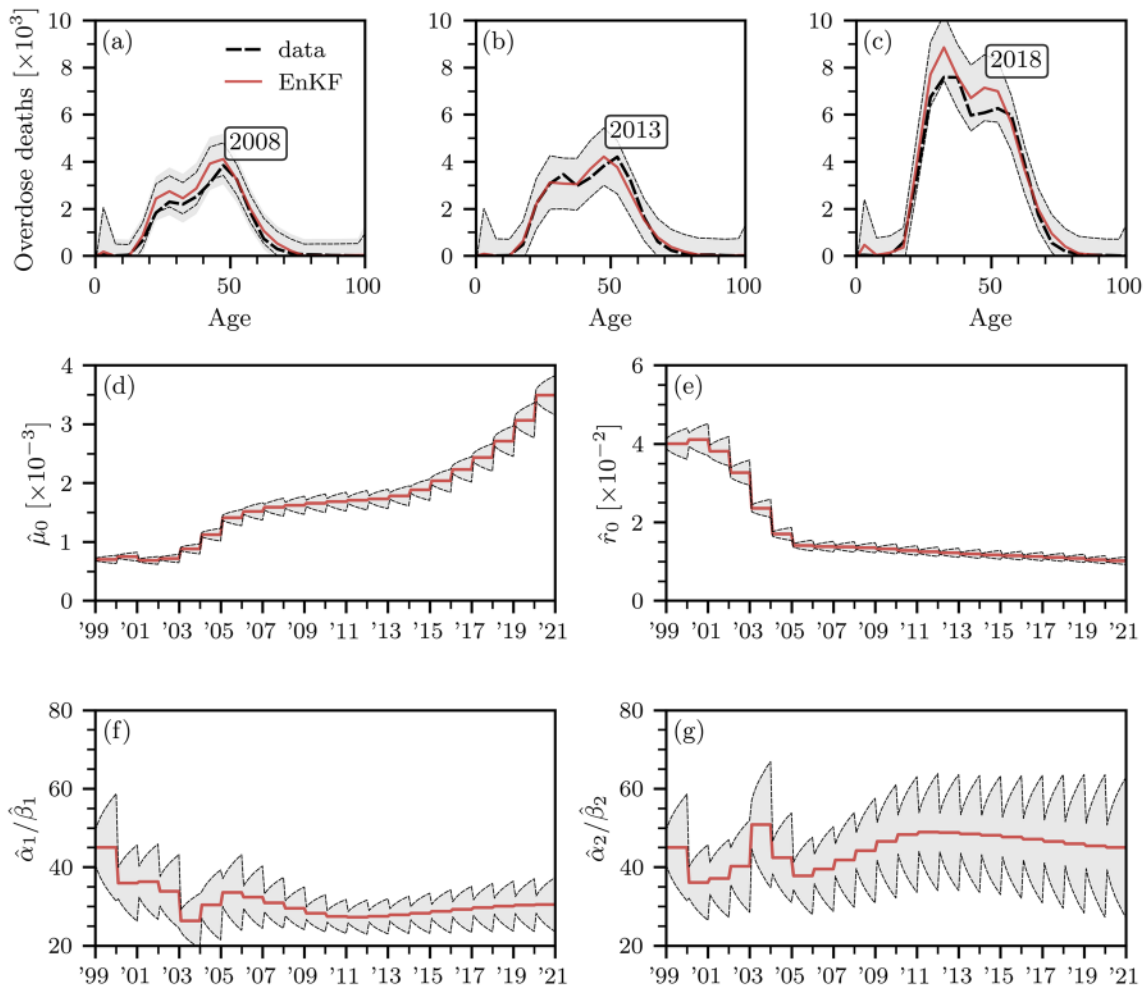
$$- \quad K \quad \eta \quad - \quad],$$

$$, \lambda, \quad , \quad , \quad a^-, \quad , \lambda,$$

$$\eta \sim \mathcal{N} \quad ,$$

$$\lambda$$

$$, \lambda, \quad , \lambda,$$



$$\hat{\alpha} \quad \hat{\beta} \, , \hat{\alpha} \quad \hat{\beta}$$

$$\sigma$$

$$\Delta$$

$$\alpha \, , \beta \quad , \quad \alpha \, , \beta$$

$$,$$

$$\alpha \, , \beta$$

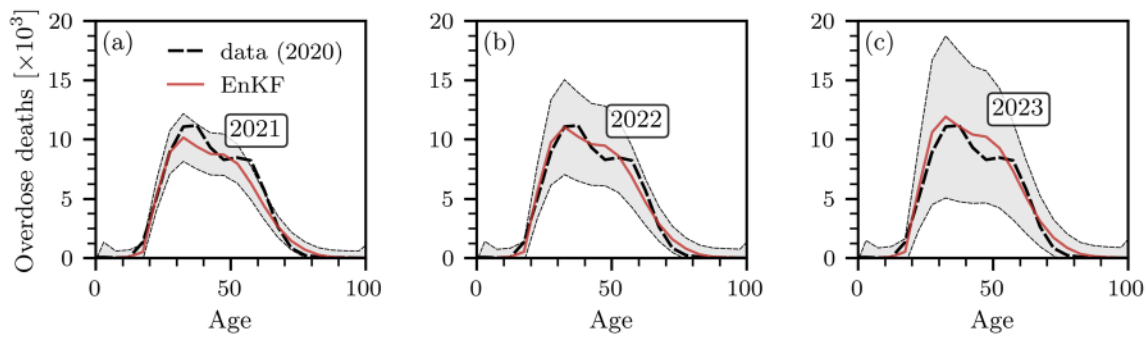
$$\alpha \, , \beta$$

$$,\quad \int \quad , ' \quad , ' \quad ' \quad \leq \leq \quad ,$$

$$,\quad \equiv \quad - \quad \alpha \, , \beta \quad \alpha \, , \beta \quad ,$$

$$,$$

$$,$$



σ

,

,

$$, \equiv \Delta, \quad \alpha, \beta \quad \alpha, \beta$$

$$\frac{\rho'}{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \rho(x) dx} = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \rho(x) dx \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta(x) dx} = \frac{1}{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta(x) dx}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \rho(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \rho(x) dx$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta x} dx = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \Gamma(\alpha, \beta) = \Gamma(\alpha, \beta)$$

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x} dx$$

$$\rho_{\alpha, \beta} = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta x}$$

