

Introduction

Traditional tools often cannot handle extensive datasets, creating bottlenecks in data analysis and visualization. We present a groundbreaking visualization dashboard designed to address these issues by enabling progressive streaming and visualization.

- Scalable Visualization Framework:** An innovative, scalable dashboard framework that enables progressive visualization with advanced analytical tools
- Efficient Data Reduction and Optimization:** We enable efficient storage and the transfer of large-scale data with analysis-ready cloud-optimized format
- Data Democratization:** Successfully converted and migrated more than a Petabyte of raw data from Pleiades, a NASA Supercomputer, to the cloud, enhancing public access and collaborative opportunities.

Interactive Visualization and Dashboards

- We worked on two large-scale climate simulation datasets: the DYAMOND global atmospheric model and global ocean model dataset and the LLC4320 Ocean Dataset, including several fields like **ocean velocity, salinity, and sea surface temperature**.
- We developed an innovative data conversion pipeline to convert more than a **Petabyte** of this data to OpenVisus IDX format, known for its fast and progressive streaming capabilities. We also tested various compression algorithms, both lossy and lossless, on these datasets
- To make the data publicly available, we uploaded over **600TB of compressed data** to SealStorage, a decentralized cloud storage service. We deployed several **dashboards and Jupyter notebooks** to fetch the data from cloud storage.

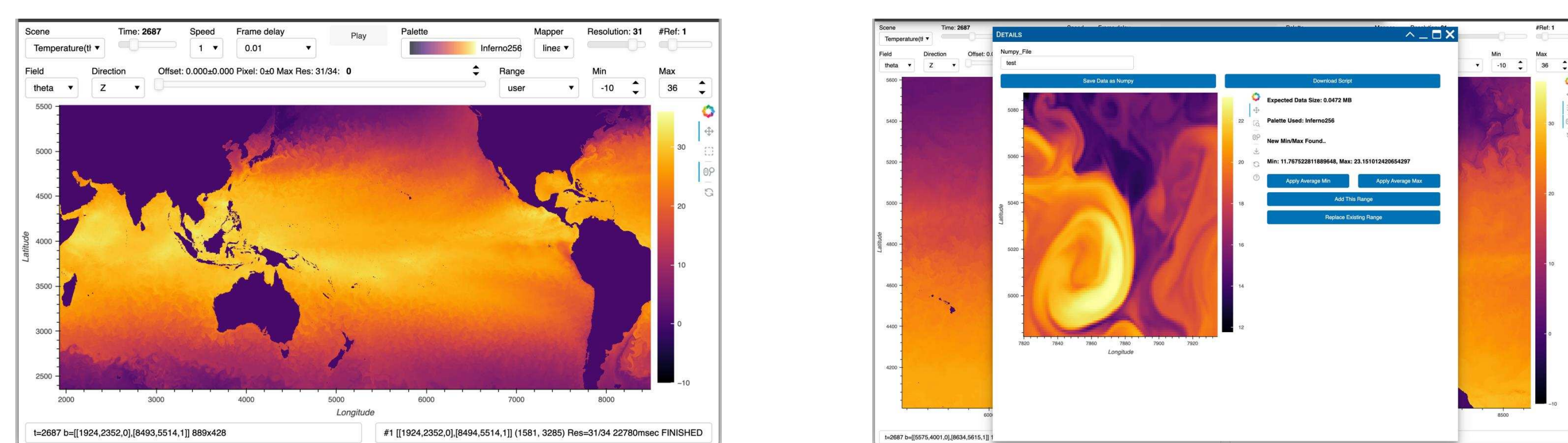


Fig. 1: Interactive visualization of sea surface temperature, along with inset for selecting the regions of interest (left). The dashboard provides the ability to directly download the data locally or to download a Python script that fetches the region from the cloud (right).

Workflow

- Our dashboards are dynamically adjusted to fetch the data from the appropriate source.
- For NASA scientists with access to Pleiades, a NASA supercomputer, the dashboard will fetch the data from their file system.
- Other users will be fetching the data from the cloud, and this data will be cached as needed to reduce data transmission over networks.

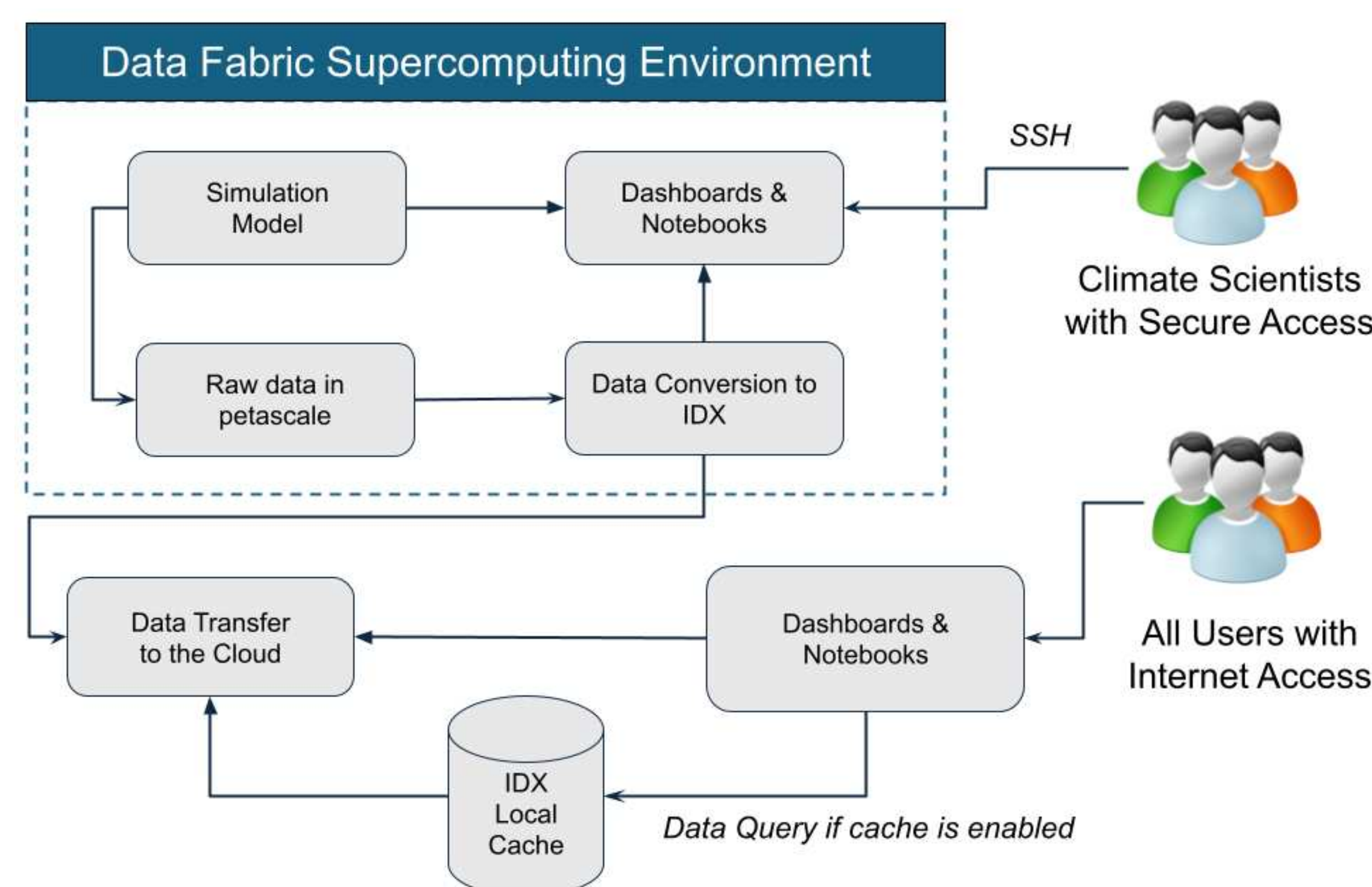


Fig 2: An example workflow showing data conversion and retrieval pipeline for Jupyter notebooks and dashboards from a supercomputing environment. Simulation data is typically restrictive due to being in raw format and requiring credentials, which impacts real-time capabilities. Our framework makes the data readily available for on-the-fly analysis and provides users with access to the data as needed through interactive dashboards and Jupyter notebooks.

Examples

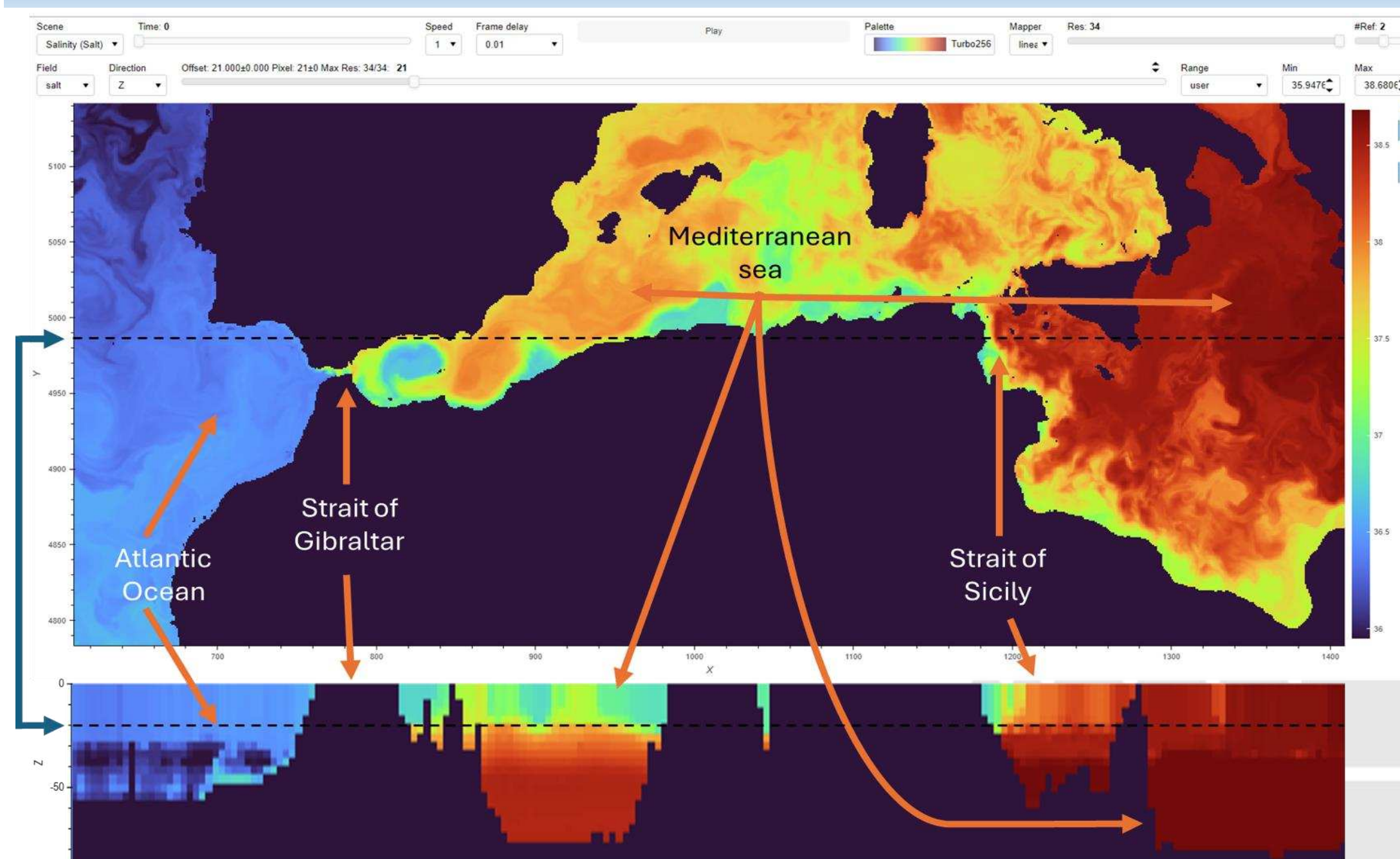


Fig 3: Zoomed-in view of the general water circulation through the Strait of Gibraltar connecting the Mediterranean with the Atlantic Ocean. The low-salinity water enters the Mediterranean Sea from the Atlantic through the Strait of Gibraltar. The salinity increases, and the water sinks as the current moves east. This type of on-the-fly selection of interesting regions from a massive dataset and playing through the time facilitates a deeper understanding of complex climatic phenomena, which was not practically accessible before the implementation of our framework.

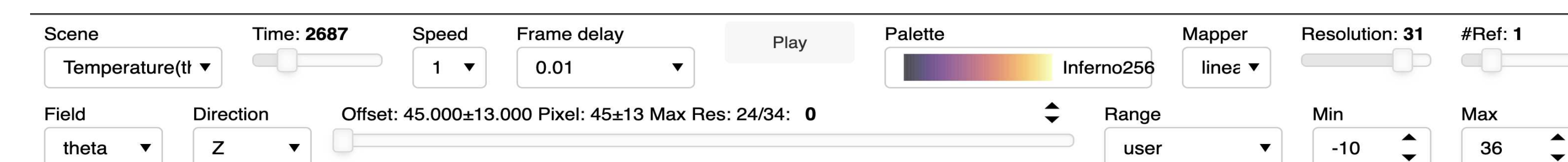


Fig4: Interactive features available from the dashboards

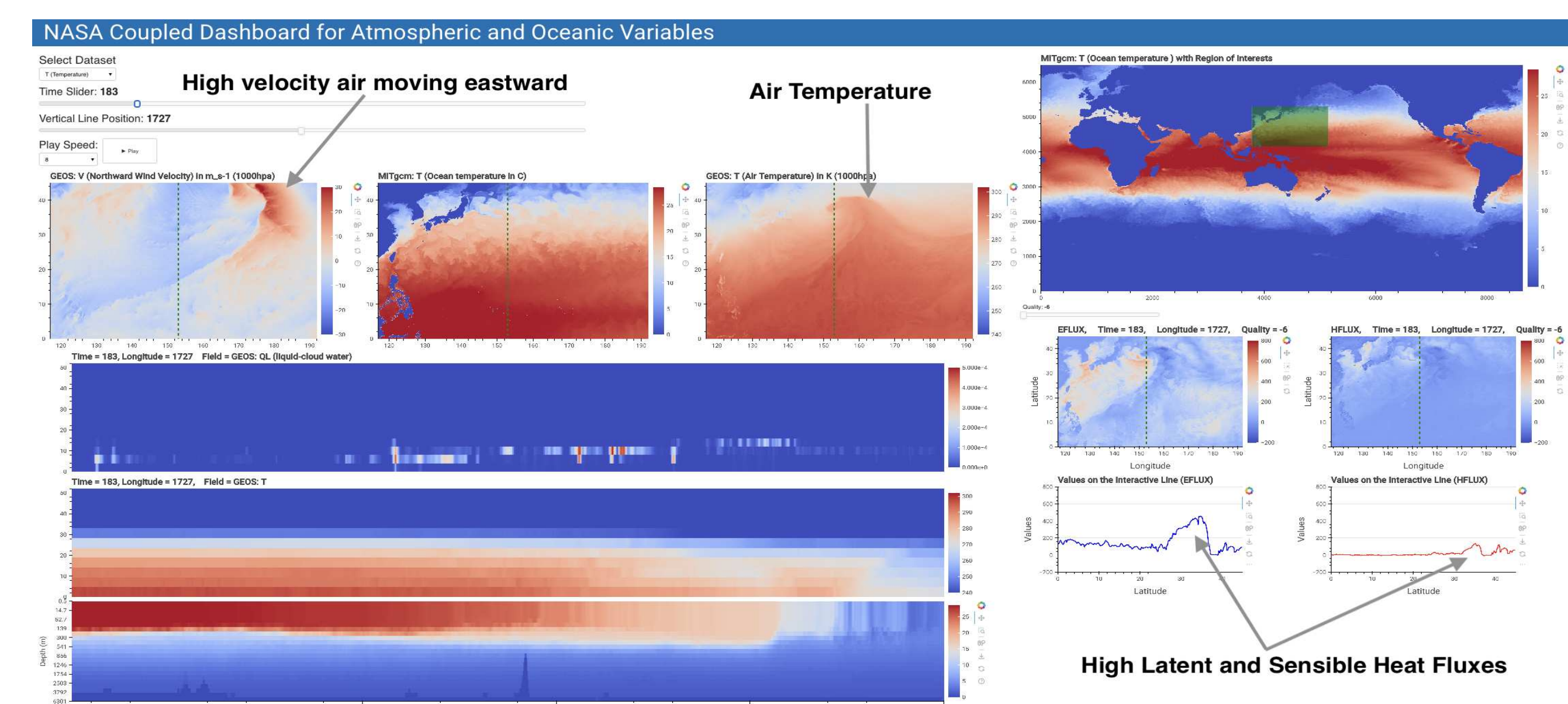


Fig. 5: Increasing heat fluxes (two plots and images at the bottom right) and air temperature (image at top middle) creating a high-velocity wind (image at top left) in the atmosphere moving eastward for the Kuroshio region

2026 IEEE SciVis Contest

- Challenge:** Visualize NASA's petascale climate data, including DYAMOND LLC2160, ECCO LLC4320, and NEX GDDP CMIP6, for climate prediction and environmental insights.
- Tools:** Leverage open-source platforms like OpenVisus, ParaView, Python, VTK, or anything you know.
- Prize:** Compete for a **\$1000 cash prize** and showcase cutting-edge visualization techniques!
- All data are publicly available! Link to the contest here: <https://sciviscontest2026.github.io/>

or Scan this:



Try our Dashboards

Scan these from your phone to access the interactive dashboards with petabytes of climate data

